

having got in unmolested, she was of opinion that to get out in the same way was equally possible, and she therefore urged her lover to the undertaking. "I look upon my own danger as of no consequence," was Robert's reply to this entreaty; "indeed, until you appeared, I regarded the whole affair as matter of amusement. But now, with my dear Agnes under my protection, the case is altered. I cannot think of placing you in danger, where the odds is so much against me."

"They will not harm a woman," returned she; and neither shall they you, if prayers and tears have any avail, should we happen to be caught."

"Before you utter prayers or shed tears for me," said Robert proudly, "I shall be past the power of hearing them. Come! for you are in so faint and agitated a state, that there is much danger in remaining here, as in facing the mean fellows who have shown so much enmity towards me."

With his arms round her waist to support her, he now left his hiding-place, and with some difficulty reached the brow of the linn. "Ho, watch there!" cried the spy from the opposite side, "I see him; he's beside you." A moment's time was not to be lost. Robert placed the fainting Agnes on the ground, and springing forward upon the two fellows as they started from their lair, he with one push precipitated them both over the precipice into the deep pool beneath.

A loud angry exclamation was heard from their companion across the linn, while the loud plunge of the hapless wights half drowned his voice; "you have killed them! Their blood be on your head!"

"I have only ducked them well, as you should also be," replied Robert, in a half-merry and half-angry tone, then watching up his Agnes, who was not yet so far recovered as to know what had passed, he made for the top of the hill with all speed. When there, a cry or two brought the whole of Mr Hawthorn's distressed family around him, to whom, as they proceeded towards the house, he related the whole of the adventure, and frankly avowed his love for the fond and faithful Agnes. The parents were unable to reprove the romantic pair, while rejoicing at the recovery of their daughter; and though Mrs Hawthorn once or twice endeavoured to knit her brows, and utter something to each of a "serious and weighty nature," she was obliged to content herself with remarking, "Weel, weel, bairns, young folk maun hae their daffin' out; an' if ye like ane anither as ye say, dinna keep your meeting ony langer secret, to be rinnin' ye'reel's into plishies o' this sort again." Her advice was gratefully received and faithfully followed; and in a few months more, Robert had only to remain by his own fireside when he wished to enjoy the company and conversation of his Agnes.

UNITED STATES.

From the Emigrant and Old Countryman.

The number of steerage passengers reported among the European arrivals on these two days was truly startling; they amount to nearly thirteen hundred, and this too, at the very beginning of the season. If these strangers have endeavoured to escape from the pressure existing in the Old Country, it is greatly to be feared, according to the familiar adage, they have "leaped out of frying-pan into the fire;" for surely nothing can be more appalling than the present state of affairs here.

Here they are however; and report speaks of many among them as being possessed of small capitals. If such be the case, we cannot either too early or too earnestly bid them Beware! Specie is vanishing from current use, as if by magic, and that of strangers will doubtless be caught at with avidity by the designing, of whom there are always a fearful abundance in every seaport. It will be wrenched

from them by every art, unless they take rigid care; and they will find themselves, before they are aware, either penniless, or, that which is as bad, the possessors of useless paper money, issued from obscure and distant banks, the proceeds whereof they will never be able to realize.

At this crisis also, there are thousands and thousands, in N. York alone, who have not an hour's employment before them, and are upon the very verge of starvation. Whilst at the same time there is plenty to do, of every kind of manual labor, in the interior of the United States, and in the British Colonies. The agriculturist, the mechanic, the active and industrious laborer,—all such are in the most vehement request; yet the working man of the Atlantic cities is so exhausted in his finances, that he cannot go west or north, if he would; and too many have so corrupted their habits by a long residence in town, that they would not go, if they could.

We therefore earnestly,—we would say affectionately—implore our newly arrived countrymen, to hold fast the little property which they may have brought out with them; and guard, even the watchfulness of the house-dog, the outgoings of every sixpence of their specie. But this is not all; we advise them, we would urge them by all means to depart from the sea-board with the utmost dispatch, as they would shun a vortex which would be sure to engulf and destroy them; and to get hundreds of miles into the interior or into Upper Canada, if they wish to assure themselves the plenty and independence which doubtless they came to seek. The summer is before them, choice of location is extensive, they are wanted and loudly called for in the heart of the new continent, but starvation and destruction await them if they delay.

We call upon all settled Old Countrymen, to give salutary warning to the strangers with whom they may commune, and to forward the true interests of those who must necessarily be ignorant of the details of affairs. Let them remember that once they would have been thankful for a similar assistance; and remember too that we are bound "to do unto all men as we would they should do unto us."

PROGRESS OF TEMPERANCE.—It appeared at the late anniversary of the American Temperance Union, in New York, says the Newark Advertiser, that during the last ten years, the consumption of ardent spirits in the United States has lessened one-half, notwithstanding the vast increase of our population—that the foreign importation of spirits has been at most, not more than one half what it was before, while the home manufacture has been diminished at least three fourths—that at least one half the fires burning in distilleries have been put out, and that in the State of New York, alone, not more than 200 out of 1,149 establishments of this kind, which existed ten years ago, are now in operation; that notwithstanding many undeniable cases of relapse, 15,000 reformed inebriates are among the monuments of the benign effects of the spread of temperance principles.

FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.—By Captain Woodbury, of the brig Thatches, 22 days from San Juan de Nicaragua, the New-York Gazette has received advices that the revolution which broke out at Leon, Feb. 1st. was of momentous duration; ending with its object, which was the shooting of the Governor, and of Seniors Berrios, Bavaderes, Rocas, and others of the Senate. The Lieut Governor was installed in office the next day, and the city remained tranquil. The instigators of an attempted conspiracy in San Salvador, against the President, General Morzan, were thrown into pri-

son. Guatemala was perfectly quiet, and determined to preserve her neutrality in respect to the province of Chiapas, belonging to Mexico. President Morzan is very popular. He has now been eight years in that office. In the approaching election, Seniors Valdez and Don Diego Vigil are prominent candidates for the Presidency.—The canal project across the isthmus is revived, and a survey has been completed of the route via the river San Juan and Lake Nicaragua.

SMOKY CHIMNEYS.—It has been clearly demonstrated by science and practical experiment, that this great drawback upon domestic comfort, is remedied by an unerring and simple process, viz: a slight but continued enlargement, commencing at the bottom of the flue, and extending to the top. This is sure to produce a draft, and it is presumed that in most instances of defective chimneys, an inattention to this simple rule, in the original construction, would be found the cause of the evil.—*Niag. Dem.*

TO BE SOLD,

BY JAMES DAWSON, AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

Before the Court House in Pictou, on Friday, the 23d day of June, at ten o'clock, a.m.

SEVEN LOTS, marked A, C, D, E, F, G, and H, on a plan of the late Mr Mortimer's Estate to be seen at Mr Dawson's, and exhibited at the sale. They contain about

TWO ACRES EACH,

and as they lie within a short distance of the Town, are well adapted for building or gardens. Possession will be given at the end of the year. The title is unexceptionable.

Terms—A deposit of ten per cent at the sale; 25 per cent more on delivery of the deed; the remainder with interest, in two years, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

AT THE SAME TIME,

Will be offered for Sale:—

FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND,

Belonging to the heirs of the late John Tulles, lying on the northern side of River John, and bounded by lands granted to Robert Patterson and others.

Terms—A deposit of ten per cent at the sale; the remainder on delivery of the deed.

Wm. YOUNG.

Pictou, May 1837.

CARD.

Mr JAMES FOGO, Attorney at Law, has opened office in Mr Robert Dawson's new stone building, opposite the establishment of Messrs Ross & Primrose, where he will be prepared to transact business in the various branches of his profession.

Entrance to the office, by the Western end of the Building.

May 31st. if

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale by the Subscriber,
A GUIDE TO TOWN OFFICERS,
Showing their Appointment, Duties, Liabilities and Privileges;

BY DANIEL DICKSON.

May 31. JAMES DAWSON.

EX "MARION," FROM BOSTON.

CORN MEAL in barrels,
CORN in 2 bushel bags,
AND
A FEW BARRELS PITCH AND TAR,
For sale by

ROSS & PRIMROSE.

May 24.

WANTED,

A SMART Young Man, as a

FARM SERVANT.

Apply to George Craig, 10 Mile House, West River. if [June 5.]