

the prize articles at the late Provincial Fair. Difficulty has been experienced in some instances in obtaining articles of the kind required, in consequence of the active demand for all classes of home manufacture. It is believed that the specimens sent will be as fair an evidence of the material progress of Upper Canada as can be made. The cereals shown are the choicest productions in sections unequalled in grain growing by any other portion of the globe. The assortment, together with that from Lower Canada, will prove instructive abroad, where this country is too commonly regarded as a vast region of frost and snow. The following is the list:—

ARTICLES SENT BY THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

- One-half barrel winter wheat from Francis Barclay, Innisfil, county Simcoe.
- One-half barrel winter wheat, John Mitchell, Mono, county Simcoe.
- One-half barrel red winter wheat, M. M. Bell, Toronto township, county Peel.
- Fife spring wheat, Thos. Brownlee, York.
- Club spring wheat, Jas. Carruthers, township of Haldimand.
- Spring wheat, M. M. Bell, Toronto township.
- Two rowed barley, John L. Patterson, Scarborough.
- Six rowed barley, John Mitchell, Mono.
- Winter rye, James Pile, Whitby, Ontario.
- White oats, Walter Riddell, Cobourg.
- Black oats, Philip Bartholomew, Markham.
- Black oats, Alex. Kerr, Westminster, county of Middlesex.
- Small field peas, John Shaw, Nissouri, Oxford.
- White marrowfat peas, A. Shaw, Toronto, York.
- Black-eyed marrowfat peas, James Tran, Markham, York.
- Yellow Indian corn, Alex. Shaw, Toronto, York.
- White Indian corn, H. J. Brown, Niagara, Lincoln.
- Timothy seed, James Fleming, Toronto, York.
- Flaxseed, G. D. Martin, Bradford, Simcoe.
- Hops, Samuel Conover, Springfield, Peel.
- Tares, Walter Riddell, Cobourg, Northumberland.
- Barley, Philip Bartholomew, Markham.
- Millet, Philip Bartholomew, Markham.
- Hungarian grass seed, A. W. Goldsmith, St. Catharines.
- Onion, Geo. McLean, Aberfoyle, Wellington.
- Groats, one barrel, Geo. McLean, Aberfoyle, Wellington.
- Barrel wheat flour, J. B. Bickle, Brooklyn, Ontario.
- Two barrels flour, Wm. Lukes, Newmarket, York.
- Buckwheat flour, Lawrence Rose, Georgetown, Haldimand.
- Indian corn meal, Lawrence Rose, Georgetown, Haldimand.
- Pot barley, J. King, Hamilton, Wentworth.
- Split peas, J. King, Hamilton, Wentworth.
- Cheary, Geo. Pears, Toronto.
- Assortment of prepared spices, Geo. Pears, Toronto.
- Swede turnip seed, Chas. Holt, Ontario.
- Field carrot seed, Chas. Holt, Ontario.
- Collection of seeds, James Fleming & Co., Toronto.
- Combined mower and reaper, H. A. Massey, Newcastle, Durham.
- Iron plough, Alex. Duncan, Markham, York.
- Wood plough, John Gray, Egmondville, Huron.
- Chaff cutter, Maxwell & Whitelaw, Paris, Brant.
- Root cutter and slicer, Maxwell and Whitelaw, Paris, Brant.
- Assortment of scythes, hay and manure forks, hoes, rakes, &c., A. S. Whiting & Co., Oshawa.
- Collection of agricultural tools, D. F. Jones & Co., Gananoque.
- Assortment of draining tiles, Thos. Nightingale, Yorkville.
- White mustard seed, J. J. Robson, Newcastle.
- Mangel wurtzel seed, John Pratt, Cobourg.
- Fanning mill, Patterson Bros., Richmond Hill.
- Chaff cutter, Patterson Bros., Richmond Hill.
- Six-rowed barley, Wm. Cleland, Glanford.
- Hopton oats, Wm. Cleland, Glanford.
- Wooden plough, Wm. Mahaffey, Brampton.

Agricultural Intelligence.

Agriculture in Newfoundland.

To the Editor of THE CANADA FARMER.

SIR,—Enclosed is the report to be found in the St. John's Daily News of the Annual Exhibition of the Newfoundland Agricultural Society.

That Society takes through your agent here many copies of your very useful and valuable publication, superior for our requirements to any periodical of a similar character to be had elsewhere, adapted as it is to the climate and circumstances of the B. N. A. Colonies.

I observe that Agricultural information from any of the Provinces appears to be gladly received by you, and perhaps an occasional communication from this Colony may be of interest, particularly in view of the anticipated alliance under Confederation, which seems to be such a cherished object with the Canadian people.

The Agricultural means and resources of this Island are infinitely better than they are generally supposed to be, and are being turned to very profitable account in aid of the fisheries. In fact the culture of the ground has become indispensably necessary in connection with the culture of our waters, which, teeming with wealth as they are, are not so certain in their returns as the land is in its productions.—

R. J. PINSENT, President.

St. John's, Newfoundland, Oct 27, 1866.

NOTE BY EDITOR C. F.—We are glad to receive such a communication as the above, and are not a little gratified to find THE CANADA FARMER so highly appreciated at the Ultima Thule of the Confederation that is to be. From the St. John's Daily News of Oct. 19, sent by our correspondent, we cull the following extracts in relation to the Annual Exhibition of the Newfoundland farmers:

The Exhibition of the Newfoundland Agricultural Society held yesterday was, upon the whole, about the best that we have ever witnessed here, and, by many persons of judgment in such matters, was thought to have excelled all our former Exhibitions. A very large concourse of people was present throughout the forenoon and afternoon, and at half-past one o'clock His Excellency the Governor arrived upon the ground, accompanied by the President of the Society, Hon. R. J. Pinsent, Q. C. His Excellency manifested the deepest interest in the Exhibition, and examined the samples on view, expressing himself highly pleased with everything excepting the breed of horses, which, he considered, required great improvement. With this opinion we heartily coincide, and we are glad to know that the necessary steps have been taken by the Agricultural Society in that particular. The dairy stock exhibited yesterday would do credit to any part of the world; and the vegetables, generally, could not be surpassed. The poultry was also excellent. We are glad to see that the prize-list has been largely increased, and especially that amongst the novelties the wool and fleeces exhibited offer such conclusive evidence of the capabilities of this country for the raising of sheep and the manufacture of wool of the very best kind. Some very handsome samples of fleeces "dyed in the wool," were exhibited by Mr. J. F. Robinson, and have been secured for transmission to the Paris Exhibition.

His Excellency distributed the prizes at half-past two o'clock, the President initiating the ceremony with a neat reference to His Excellency's presence, and the interest manifested by him in the operations of the Society. He then referred to the success of the exhibition, remarking that while there was much to deplore in the almost total failure of the potato, by disease, and the partial failure of the oat crop from the long continued wetness of the season, he still felt that the exhibition was more than usually satisfactory, and was therefore a subject of so much the greater congratulation. Reference was also made to the extension of sheep-farming, and the good results likely to flow from it, especially with the extermination of the dogs, and the substitution of the hardy mule in their place, so far as they were useful at all.

His Excellency replied, expressing the interest which he felt in the operations of a Society of such importance,—one, indeed, which promoted branches of industry hardly second to the fisheries. He spoke

particularly on the subject of sheep-raising, and referred to the cultivation of flax, some very fine specimens of which were on exhibition in various stages of manufacture—especially the specimens of a Mr. Murray, grown, prepared, and manufactured into twine on his own premises.

The President then called the names of the successful competitors, to whom the Governor in turn handed their several prizes, addressing to each congratulatory and encouraging remarks."

At a Cattle Show at held Northampton, Mass., the cow which took the first premium had given 471 pounds of milk, yielding 26 pounds of butter, in two weeks. Her feed was hay and grass. Two other cows produced 280½ pounds of butter in 136 days. Another cow had given 40 pounds of milk per day, and produced 14 lbs. of butter in a week.

THE PRICE OF A FILLY-FOAL.—A filly-foal "by Wallace, out of Tebare, by Little David, her dam Tambourine, by Bay Middleton, her dam Concertina, by Actæon—Brocard, by Whalebone," was sold by auction at Tattersall's recently for £3 10s. The Sporting Life, commenting on the same subject, says: "The pedigree of this 'little bit of Whalebone' is long and respectable enough to please the chief disciple of the 'Satanic School'; yet it went for the price of a Smithfield donkey. It is worth recording, as an incident of the present season, that a yearling was sold at Middle Park for 2,500 guineas, and a foal at Albert Gate for £3 10s., the Messrs. Tattersall breaking through their established rule and selling for sovereigns—or rather half-sovereigns—and not guineas. It was well said that there is but one step from the sublime to the ridiculous! Mr. Claridge was the enterprising purchaser of this foal, and it was said that it was contemplated to serve it up as a *bonne bouche* at some of the Parisian hippophagist banquets!"

CROPS IN TORONTO GORE.—A correspondent sends the following memoranda respecting the crops in this township:—"I have taken some trouble to collect the following for the township of Toronto Gore, in which I reside. Fall Wheat (Midge Proof), severely winter killed, 6 bushels to the acre on an average; in some places where it was sheltered there were from 18 to 20 bushels. I am sorry to say the midge was in it though in small quantities. Other kinds of Fall Wheat little if any sown. Spring Wheat—that which was sown early was almost completely destroyed, late sown about 20 bushels to the acre. Barley a good crop, average to the acre 33 bushels. Several had 35 and a few had 40 bushels. Peas a fair average crop, late fields rather damaged with the wet, oats a splendid crop, 60 bushels on an average to the acre, in some places as high as 80 bushels. In late fields some damage was done by the wet. Potatoes would have been a good crop had it not been for the rot which has taken half the crop on an average. Turnips a fair average crop. Mangel Wurzel a good crop. Apples have been an excellent crop this year. Plums, some varieties a middling crop, but of what is commonly called the Blue Plum (which is most extensively grown) the trees are all dying with the black knot. Whole gardens are wasted by this plague in one year."

HORS.—The New York Journal of Commerce, of the 7th, says:—"The market is steady at 30c to 65c for new American; other qualities are nearly nominal. The following is from the circular of Emmet Wells:—"The better feeling noticed last week still rules an improving market, stimulated as it has been by extreme light receipts, and a steady consumptive demand, which has reduced the stock to a point below that of any preceding week since the opening of the season's trade in September. An export order by telegraph from Europe has just been received for 200 bales; but if the present consumptive demand continues without more liberal receipts, our present stock will not admit of the execution of further shipping orders to any considerable amount. Stringency in the money market the past week tended somewhat to check cash operations, but it has led to no concessions whatever, and the same feeling of firmness which has characterized the trade from the beginning of the season still exists, and is likely to continue and increase as the stock gradually becomes reduced. Old American 20c to 45c; old foreign 40c to 55c; new American inferior to fair 30c to 45c; do prime 50c; do fancy 60c to 65c."