War News.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A.M.

A SUGGESTION TO NEUTRALS.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Neutral nations are offered the suggestion that they use the German ships interned in their ports to compensate them for submarine losses, by the shipping correspondent of the Times. Discussing the world shortage in tonnage, the correspondent says: In view of the continued wanton destruction of neutral shipping, British owners are wondering how much longer neutral countries are going to allow German vessels to be idle in their ports. After stating that there are ninety German ships in Chilean harbors, the correspondent continued: While like all neutrals she is suffering from lack of tonnage, therefore, in view of British shipowners, Chile, if she will not use these ships to export her produce to Europe, will be asked to lease them to a power which can employ them and which will indemnify her for loss in port and harbor charges.

A SUCCESSFUL RAID.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

A successful raid has been made on the Mauser works at Oberdorfs, and a large number of British and French naval aeroplanes dropped explosives on rifle works in Wurtemburg. The French aeroplanes dropped three tons of explosives. Six German aeroplanes were brought down. Three British aeroplanes failed to return, according to British and French official reports.

BRITISH GAINS.

LONDON, Oct. 15 (Official.)

Further reports show that enterprises undertaken yesterday in the neighborhood of Stuff Redoubt were highly successful. North of Stuff Redoubt two lines of enemy communication trenches were cleared for a distance of nearly 200 yards. Nearly 300 prisoners were taken in the course of these operations, which were carried out by a single company. In Schwaben redoubt our gain was greater and our line advanced well northwest of the redoubt. Huge losses were inflicted on the enemy. The total prisoners taken in both operations, including these reported last night, is 2 officers and 303 of other ranks. During the night the enemy's trenches were entered west of Seres; north of Rocklincourt, and northeast of Festubert. North of Neuve Chapelle a number of prisoners were taken. Considerable damage was done to the enemys defences.

FRENCH SUCCESS.

PARIS, Oct. 15 (Official.)

South of the Somme we made two attacks, which succeeded brilliantly, one on Santerres, which put us in possession of the German line on a front of more than two kilometres; the other placed us in possession of the hamlet of Cenermont and sugar refinery, 200 metres N.E. of Ablaincourt. We took a large number of prisoners. Up to the present time 8,000 unwounded prisoners, including seventeen officers, have been passed back.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

PARIS, Oct. 15.

An official issued this afternoon by the French war department, says: Last night south of the River Somme, the enemy attempted several counter-attacks against the positions which we had taken possession of in the course of the day. The fire of our artillery dispersed some before they could reach our lines. All the others were broken up by our infantry, which maintained and consolidated our gains.

FINED AND IMPRISONED.

PARIS, Oct. 15.

William Chester Silbermann, of New York, has been sentenced by the Correctional Court to five years in prison and five hundred francs fine on a charge of trading with the enemy. Silbermann, according to the prosecution, came to Paris, armed with papers describing him as a representative of the Knight Rubber Co. On the strength of these papers he obtained several important orders. He was finally denounced by a Serbian who had known him in New York, and who said he was acting for Gottwik, Scheffer and Co., a New York firm with German affiliations.

GREEK CHAMBERS POSTPONED.

ATHENS, Oct. 15.

King Constantine to-day signed a decree, postponing for one month the meeting of the Greek Chambers, which, according to Constantinople, was to be held to-day.

GERMANS DELIVER STRONG ATTACK.

PARIS, Oct. 15.

The Germans delivered a strong attack last night on Ablaincourt, south of the River Somme, and reoccupied part of the village, as well as trenches northeast of it. This was officially announced here to-day. The French immediately launched a counter attack. North of the Somme the French made progress on Malassia ridge, north of Boucahvesnes.

HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.

British attacks on the Somme front north of Thiepval led to a hand-to-hand fight in the German lines. At one point the invaders obtained a foothold, says an official issued today. South of the River Somme, the statement adds, French troops obtained a foothold in the village and sugar factory of Cenermont.

GERMAN SUCCESS.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.

A battle between French and German troops for the French town of Ablaincourt, south of the River Somme, has been revived with German success, says an official to-day. The Germans have gained a portion of Ambos Wood and have taken 400 prisoners.

ALLIED AIR RAIDS.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.

Details of operations of the Entente air squadrons in their raids in Southern Germany on Thursday are given in reports issued to-day by the war office. These attacks are declared to have been carried out by from forty to fifty machines, but it is asserted that no military damage was done at all. Seven persons killed, and more than a score injured were the casualties, says the statement.

RUSSIANS STORM TRENCHES.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 15 (Official.)

Russian troops after a stubborn battle north of Korytnizza, in Volhynia, stormed the Teutonic trenches. Counter attacks were repulsed with heavy losses. Two machine guns were captured and a number of prisoners taken. The German counter attacked fiercely with the bayonet several times but were repulsed with huge losses.

TURKISH TRANSPORT CAPTURED.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 15.

The Russian submarine Tulen, on Oct. 12th, after an engagement near the Bosphorus, captured the Turkish six thousand ton armed war transport Roditsto, says to-day's Russian official. The transport was commanded by a German officer and taken to Sebastopol.

SUCCESSFUL PATROL OPERATIONS

PETROGRAD, Oct. 15.

Successful patrol operations along the Stokhod, further north in Volhynia, are reported in to-day's war office statement. Numerous hostile trenches were occupied as the result of this outpost fighting, says the statement.

ITALIAN OFFICIAL.

ROME, Oct. 15 (Official.)

There were artillery duels in several areas. Enemy artillery was very active in Upper But Valley, southeast of Gorizia. Troops have extended British occupation on Seber ridge; some prisoners were taken, as well as large quantities of arms and ammunition, which were abandoned by the enemy.

BRITISH AND BULGARS CLASH.

SALONIKA, Oct. 15.

British patrols yesterday came in contact with Bulgarian forces on the railway south of Seres in Greek Macedonia, says an official. Seres station and Barskli Juma have been shelled by our artillery. On the railway south of Seres our patrols came in contact with hostile forces. On the Doiran front enemy communications everywhere were shelled. During the night of Oct. 13th several encounters between patrolling detachments occurred. Bombardment continues heavy on both sides.

FERDINAND TAKES COMMAND.

BUCHAREST, Oct. 15.

King Ferdinand, of Roumania, announced to-day that he would personally take supreme command of the Russo-Roumanian armies. Considerable Russian reinforcements are expected in Roumania.

ALONG THE SERBIAN FRONT.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Serious fighting occurred on Saturday along the entire Serbian front, according to a Reuter despatch from Salonika. The Bulgars were expelled from some of their trenches on the left bank of the Cerna. Bulgar counter-attacks were repulsed.

CONSTANTINE'S DECISION.

ATHENS, Oct. 14 (Delayed.)

King Constantine has decided to turn the men of the navy into an army corps, with the officers and crews of the ships which were delivered over to the Entente Allies. They are being formed into a regiment.

MORE STEAMERS SUNK.

London, Oct. 15.

The sinking of the British steamer Gardepee is announced by Lloyds. Twelve members of the crew landed, thirteen are missing. She was of 1,663 tons, and last reported as having sailed from Fraserburg, Scotland, on Aug. 22nd for Archangel.

Lloyds announce the sinking of the Russian steamer Mercator. She was 1,616 tons gross, and sailed from Buenos Ayres on Aug. 8th for Dunkirk. She was last reported leaving St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, Sept. 19th.

REPORT CONTRADICTED.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.

At 10 a.m. the Charlestown radio station contradicted a report that a German submarine was chasing an unknown Dutch liner off the Massachusetts coast radio station. They declared that they had absolutely nothing to say.

FRENCH CRUISERS REPORTED SUNK.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.

The small French cruiser Rigel, built as a submarine destroyer, was sunk in the Mediterranean on October 2nd by two torpedoes fired by a German submarine, it is officially announced to-day. A German submarine on Oct. 4th, the Admiralty statement adds, sank the French auxiliary cruiser Gallia, with Serbian-French troops aboard, bound for Salonika. About 1,000 were drowned.

U-BOAT SIGHTED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.

The nationality of the U-boat was not identified. The Bovic in fear of attack because of being a freight ship, put on full speed and steered directly west. At the time that she passed out of sight of the other two vessels the Danish boat still seemed to be endeavoring to escape from a submarine. The weather was clear and the Helligolar was between two and three miles distance at the moment she was first observed, with the submarine about one mile to the Dane's stern. This was about 8.30 a.m. when the Bovic was approached. The Helligolar left here on Thursday for Copenhagen and other Scandinavian ports, carrying 336 passengers in first class, 37 in second class and steerage passengers. A great many of them in the cabin are Americans. At the time she was sighted by the Bovic the Dane was flying no flag, but she was distinguished by her name and the Danish flag painted along her sides.

THE STEPHANO.

WASHINTON, Oct. 15.

The British steamer Stephano, sunk by the German submarine U-53 off the New England coast last Sunday, was fired on without warning, her captain reported in an affidavit received today by the State Department. Capt. Smith declared that three shots were used, the first of which hit the ship's bow. No evidence corroborating the statement has been received by the State Department, and action will probably not be taken until the U-53 had time to reach home.

ACQUIRE CONTROL.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

An official announcement is made that the Ellerman Line has acquired control of the Hull firm of Thomas Wilson & Co.

CAPTURED AND SHOT.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 15.

General Emilio Orozco, of the Zapata forces, who has caused much trouble in the State of Mexico, was captured in the hills with twelve of his men. They were summarily shot.

TAKEN OVER BY THE FRENCH.

ATHENS, Oct. 15.

Control of the port of Piraeus, a seaport near Athens, has been taken over by the French. No manifests from this port will hereafter be valid without vise by the Allies.

ARMED MERCHANTMEN.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.

The second armed merchant steamer to reach port this year arrived early to-day when the Leyland liner Cambrian, with four-inch guns mounted on the after deck, came in from London. The gun, which was installed for protection against submarines, was manned by members of the crew. On the way across barrels, thrown overboard, were used as targets for practice. Members of the crew said that two weeks ago they saw a Zeppelin brought down in flames over London.

THE HARMONY OFF.— The S. S. Harmony sailed for the Moravian settlements along the Labrador coast on Saturday.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Incandescent Gas Lighting.

Possibly, the feature of incandescent gas lighting most frequently noted by casual observers is the great ease with which tasks, ordinarily arduous under artificial light may be performed under the Welsbach gas mantle. The light has a peculiarly "soft" quality, difficult to describe, but which is readily recognized by those who have had experience with the gas mantle lamp.

In its general effect upon bodily health and comfort, the use of incandescent gas lighting is decidedly favorable. The currents of air set up by the burning gas improves ventilation, tending to expel the air vitiated by respiration and draw in fresh air to replace it. Harmful or dangerous disease germs are instantly destroyed in the flame. The extent to which this effect takes place may be verified by placing a gas lamp close to a ceiling without any provision for interfering with the up-rushing air currents. The charred particles which collect immediately above the lamp are the remains of dust particles which before passing through the flames were laden with germs and microbes. Actual experiments have shown that the burning of gas lamps in rooms previously containing bacteria, resulted in absolute sterilization of the air.

Contrary to the popular notion the temperature of rooms lighted by incandescent gas lamps is seldom markedly greater than under incandescent electric light, even under unfavorable conditions of ventilation, while in rooms provided with the ventilating facilities required by the demands of hygiene, the temperature in gas-lighted rooms is frequently lower.

jly17,m,w,f

Pape's Diapepsin for Indigestion Or Sour, Acid Stomach

In five minutes! No dyspepsia, heartburn or any stomach misery.

Sour, gassy, upset stomach, indigestion, heartburn, dyspepsia; when the food you eat ferments into gases and stubborn lumps; your head aches and you feel sick and miserable, that's when you realize the magic in Pape's Diapepsin. It makes all stomach misery vanish in five minutes.

If your stomach is in a continuous revolt—if you can't get it regulated, please, for your sake, try Pape's Diapepsin. It's so needless to have a bad stomach—make your next meal a favorite food meal, then take a little Diapepsin. There will not be any distress—eat without fear. It's because Pape's Diapepsin "really does" regulate weak, out-of-order stomachs that gives it its millions of sales annually.

Get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. It is the quickest, surest stomach relief and cure known. It acts almost like magic—it is a scientific, harmless and pleasant stomach preparation which truly belongs in every home.

Congregational Church

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.

Yesterday was "Rally Day" at Queen's Road Church, when the postponed Sunday School anniversary services were held. At the morning service the preacher was Rev. D. B. Hemmeon, of Gower Street Church, who, taking as the basis of his remarks Ephesians 6th chapter, delivered a most instructive address on the duties of all young soldiers of the King of Kings. In his remarks the preacher requested the congregation to consider themselves for the time being as boys and girls again; and by relating incidents relative of resistance to temptation—some of them local—which had come under his own observation, deeply impressed his hearers with the obvious fact that the only true safeguards in the battle of life, as set forth by the great apostle are the Shield of Faith, the Helmet of Salvation and the Sword of the Spirit, which is the Word of God.

In the afternoon an open session of the Sunday School was held in the Lecture Hall, at which there was a large gathering of scholars, their parents and friends. Mr. H. E. Cowan, Past Superintendent of the school, presided and in his opening remarks gladly welcomed, on behalf of the school, Rev. Dr. Bond of Cochrane St. Centennial Methodist Church, who was to address the meeting. A splendid programme of solos, duets and recitations were then gone through, in which the scholars of the various classes, from the tiny tot upward, took part; all the performers acquitting themselves in a manner which reflected credit alike on themselves and their teachers.

Rev. Dr. Bond's address was listened to with rapt attention by all present. The rev. gentleman started in by saying that half a century ago he remembered being present—then a boy himself—at old Gower Street Sunday School when a former Congregational minister, Rev. Thos. Hall, had taught some of the boys of that school that well known hymn, "Jesus loves, me," etc. Dr. Bond requested his audience to join in singing the hymn through, which was heartily done by all present, and afterwards the rev. gentleman sung the chorus in Chinese, as he had heard it some 9 years ago sung in China by both young and old. Turning from old memories to present day affairs Dr. Bond related the touching incident of the brave gunner boy, Cornwall, of H. M. S. Chester, who at the Jutland sea battle, although mortally wounded early in the action, remained at the post of duty till the last, proving faithful even unto death and earning the plaudits of the entire British nation for his heroism. It is incidents of this nature, said Dr. Bond, that sends a thrill through the nation; and in closing a masterly address the rev. gentleman wished the school every success and strongly urged fidelity in the ranks of scholars and teachers.

At the evening service the pastor of the church, Rev. W. H. Thomas, delivered an eloquent discourse on the subject of "Contentment as illustrated in the life of the Shunamite Woman," taking for his text 2nd Kings, 4th chap., ver. 13—"I dwell among my own people." The collection taken up at all the services was for the Sunday School Fund and was a fairly liberal one.

J. A C.

Here and There.

Turkeys, Ducks and Chicken at ELLIS'.

WITH FREIGHT.—The S. S. Eagle with a cargo of freight is expected here Wednesday.

Fresh Irish Hams and Bacon at ELLIS'.

A QUICK TRIP—The schr. William C. Smith reached port yesterday afternoon from Louisburg, making the run in two days. She has a cargo of coal for A. Harvey and Co.

St. Ivel Cheese, small tins, at ELLIS'.

FROM ALICANTE—The schr. Lowell F. Parks arrived at Pushthrough, Saturday, from Alicante, making the run across in 33 days.

Partridge Dinners and Suppers supplied at short notice. WATERFORD HALL—sep28,tf

GONE NORTH.—The S. S. Thelma, after discharging her cargo of coal, sailed north yesterday morning to load pit props.

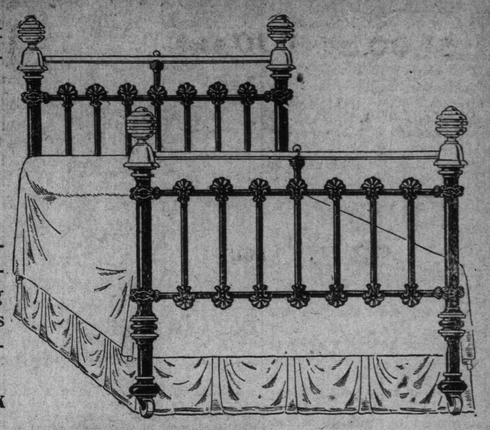
FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel 'OUT of SORTS' 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, FILES, write for FREE INSTRUCTIVE MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1 N.2 N.3 THERAPION and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. No 'follow up' circulars. Send stamp address envelope to Dr. LeCLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG 'THERAPION' either '1' '2' '3'. Price 2/9 LEADING CHEMISTS

DIPHTHERIA SPREADING.— Another case of diphtheria was reported to the Health Officers on Saturday, the sufferer an eleven-year-old girl, is being nursed at home.

Bedsteads & Mattresses.

We have in stock all sizes of Bedsteads in **White Enamel and Colored,** selling at very Low Prices.



We can also supply any grade Mattress, either Spring or Tick, at prices that defy competition.

Call and see our stock

MARTIN HARDWARE Co., Ltd.

ALWAYS THINK OF

Callahan, Glass & Co., Limited,

When you require Furniture for your home, as they are the

CHEAPEST STORE

in St. John's for

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Every day we are having shipments of Furniture and we were very fortunate in buying at the **old prices** therefore **we** can give our **patrons** goods **much cheaper** than any other store in the city.

CALLAHAN, GLASS & CO., Limited,

The Big Furniture Store.

THEATRE HILL DUCKWORTH ST.

Zeppelin Broke in Two As it Fell.

Spectators Saw Blazing Shapes of Men Dropping From Gondolas.

London, October 2.—For the second time within a calendar month people at Potter's Bar have seen a Zeppelin brought down almost at their very doors. Just four weeks ago a German airship came to ruin at Cuffley, which is only about three miles from Potter's Bar. This second visitation, therefore, was not so much a surprise as the first. A man living at Potter's Bar, who watched the coming of the raider from the northeast, gave the following account of its arrival:

"What struck me most about it was the evident uncertainty of the crew as to where they were or where they wanted to go. They stopped; they turned this way and that; they manoeuvred in every direction in order to avoid the searchlights which were darting about all around them—but all to no purpose. The way in which the great beams of light followed the airship in all its desperate efforts to escape was really wonderful.

"A few moments afterwards the guns began to shell the Zeppelin. They burst all around it, some of them so near that it seemed as though hits had been scored. Then in a moment a bright light burst out in the body of the airship, and in another moment she was a mass of flames from end to end. She seemed to turn over on her side and then gradually sink to the earth. While coming down she broke in halves and during the descent threw huge bunches of some flaming material."

"Upended Like a Duck in a Pond."

Another resident of Potter's Bar, who watched the airship through powerful field glasses for eighteen minutes before it fell to the earth, said:

"It was about 11.45 p.m. when I first saw the searchlights pick the raider out. Aeroplanes were humming and climbing in the air, and once I saw them thrown in sharp relief by the sweeping searchlights. Then a tongue of flame ran the whole length of the Zeppelin. The raider upended like a duck in a pond. I distinctly saw the engine in the rear gondola come sliding out of its framework, strike against the fore gondola, and fall to the ground.

"The Zeppelin was now a vertical blaze, with a flare of some 200 feet blazing above the extreme limit of the framework. As the airship began to drop she left a fire-trail behind, and I saw the circling aeroplanes silhouetted in the red glare. Her fall, gradual at first, took the form of a series of jerks; but she finished the last 2,000 feet quickly, little explosions coming from her all the time. Out of the remaining gondola spurts of flame came, and, with the aid of my glasses, I made out these to be either the falling or jumping shapes of men. For the greater part of her descent the Zeppelin was a vertical cage of flame, but before the climax came she began to split almost amidships."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,
T. B. LAVERS,
St. John.

Timely Warning.

Following on the new regulations respecting the lights of the city after sunset and before sunrise we would strongly recommend that parents and guardians keep children off the public streets at night time, helping thereby to minimize accident. How essential this step is was evident last night at a fire on the King's Bridge Road. Boys occupied the middle of the road as well as the fire companies and the wonder is that some one was not killed. We would also suggest in the public interest that infirm and afflicted people remain indoors as much as possible when nightfall comes.

Stafford's Liniment cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia and all Aches and Pains. For sale everywhere.—jly22,tf

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.