

54 GERMAIN STREET. St. John. N. B.

CIRCULARS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS executed on the most reasonable terms

The control of the co

FIRE & MARINE Freeman Job Printing Office, The Weekly Freeman. A Committee of the Common Council The Montreal Witness is a peculiar part of the dreadful proposed that a change be made in the

PROGRAMMES PROGRAMMES The reasonable terms will receive prompt will receive than in 1879, was a threat out of the was at first supposed took passage. On the way down no religious question is involved, not only it took passage. On the way down nor eligious question, its instead of which

Decay---The N. P.

The Weekly Freeman.

Saturday, January 21, 1882

The Week.

The outlook in the old world is by no means as bright as many thought it at the close of 1881. The revolt in Herzigovina is now regarded as much more serious than it was at first supposed in sor favorably received for more serious than it was at first supposed.

A Committee of the Common Council proposed that a change be made in the proposed that a change that their application of the most wanton reckledency of the most w

The people in some districts of the

COMMON COUNCIL

special meeting of the Counci

report of the Assessment Committee Law. Provincial Secretary Wedde and R. J. Ritchie, Esq., M. P. P. present during the sitting.

The Mayor stated that while proved of the principle of the prochanges he did not think it wou to crrry out the suggestions mittee as regards real estate in the present condition of the ci taxed quite as much as it can After carefully considering the r and consulting with citizens rich
poor he had prepared the basis
scheme which he would submit to
Council. Before doing so, howeve
called on the Clerk to read the repo
the Committee, already publi Committee, already pub being done, the scheme prop that incomes up to \$300 be exer from taxation, and that in lieu to there be a poll tax of \$5; that rea personal estate and incomes over \$3 assessed as at present; that in taxin sonal property the debts due the or corporation be included, and the due by the party deducted; that pr comes of corporations whose head are outside the city; and that the fine that the income of such corpo-shall be the gross earnings in the after deducting rents, salaries, &c
Ald. Glasgow, the chairman vance, and Ald. Skinner took He had no decided opinions on tion than real property, which barely sufficient to pay the taxes cost of repairs, and he thought it w better to proceed slowly, and step than to make the radical chang posed. He admitted that the cit ver-taxed one, and said that the ent, and incidentally he attribu loss of trade and population in the ern, which, he said, is the best the city, to the fact that Portland and is driving the bone and sine people from the city. As an emilabor for the past 25 years, makin out of those who worked for him.

personal estate should be taxed value, but there should be son Ald. Troop said the principle was a good one, but it would some alteration. Real estate a ssessed on two-thirds of its val such a character that it canno cealed, while personal property part concealed, should pay of value. Mortgages should pay as other personal property, a should be a first lein on re-which, when three years in should be sold. He thought the poll tax was heavy enough, suggested that incomes from \$1 suggested that incomes from \$1 taxed according to a certain that every person able to read a rately, and when the first was Skinner again spoke, and ramendment exempting \$300 in fixing the poll tax at \$4. Coun. Reynolds asked the Alestate explicitly what he aimed a

pay the greater portion of the would exempt incomes of instead put on a poll tax of \$4.

support of the proposed char showed that the present law b heavily on men with small in that a man with an income onl he may be deprived by sicknes not in as good a position to pa the owner of real or personal He did not think that one ma real estate should be taxed, and bor, who had invested in shippi be exempt. He showed that present law a man having sestate, \$1,000 personal prospection of the proposed law he only \$100.40, and he argued two million dollars worth of property and \$500,000 of in mow assessed at all, would reducing the preportions so the mentioned would have to \$86.85. To ask a man having a year to pay \$25.65, was emuch, and to exercise the control of much, and to exempt all would be unfair, as all shoul man with \$300 income wo \$6.28, instead of \$21.05 a and attention to the subject agreed on what they regard equitable mode of as

accepted.

Ald. Grant said he would and he had heard nothing to him to change his opinion received in the press that the ing unfairly treated he wo on income was so cruelly unj dreds were driven from the were unable to pay, and pro there is assessable propert in the city amounting to last year's assessment the was not in favor of incomes should pay share.
Ald. Brittain spoke in Skinner's amendment, a son opposed the report property.

Ald. Glasgow spoke instanced a number of car

while the poor man we relieved, the man in m stances would be scarcely to bear any additional showed how \$500,000 n small wages are not ta amount of such earning assessors knew it would collect the tax, but un small per centage asked, could be taxed in full. Ald. Grant, to show posed to increase the an property, said that in the in the Assessors' were legally false. In pr law the committee propo

the persons making suc