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# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

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## Teutonic Forces Take Offensive in France, Galicia and Dobrudja

Central Powers Have Again Successfully Taken the Offensive Against Allied Troops and are Holding the Allies in Check in Northern Macedonia — Enemy Troops Continue Their Fighting on the Transylvania-Roumanian Frontier

### RECAPTURE POSITIONS FROM THE BRITISH

Teutons on Eastern Front Storm Russian Positions on Left Bank of Narayuvka River South East of Lemberg and Hold all Conquered Ground Against all Counter Attacks—In Volhynia Fighting Continues with Varying Results—Von Mackenzen Resumes His Drive Towards Constanza-Bucharest Railroad—Fighting There is Described as "Livelier"

LONDON, Oct. 21.—In France and Galicia, and in the Dobrudja region of Roumania the armies of the Central Powers have successfully taken the offensive against their opponents. They are also holding the Entente Allies in check in Northern Macedonia and are continuing their fighting on the Transylvania-Roumanian frontier. Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria assuming the initiative on the Somme front in France has, according to Berlin War Office, recaptured from the British the greater part of the positions won from the Germans on Oct. 18 between Pozieres-Bapaume Road and Gueudecourt towards Beaucourt. The Germans also have successfully withstood British attacks near Conlecle and Le Sars and the Pozieres-Bapaume Road. Paris reports only artillery activity on the Somme front, but London chronicles repulse, with heavy losses, of German attacks on the Thierval region. On the Eastern front the Teutonic

forces have stormed Russian positions on the left bank of the Narayuvka River, south-east of Lemberg, and held the conquered ground against all counter attacks. Fourteen officers, 2,050 men and 11 machine guns were taken here by Prince Leopold's troops. In Volhynia the fighting continues with varying results. Both the Austro-Germans and Russians claim the repulse of attacks in various sectors. To the north of Kiasin, a stubborn battle is being waged with no decision having yet been reached. Field Marshal von Mackenzen has again resumed his drive towards the Constanza-Bucharest railroad and fighting there is described as "livelier." Bucharest admits the Roumanian left wing along the Black Sea coast has been thrown back. Petrograd reports the Teutonic attacks repelled with heavy losses. The battle continues. The Roumanian armies are fighting hard to drive the troops of the Central Empires back through the frontier passes into Transylvania. Bucharest reports the beginning of an offensive in the Ditz Valley, north-east of Kronstadt, and the taking of Mount Surut, east of the Rothenthurn Pass, south of Hermannstadt. Attacks in the Bran defile and the Flotus, Uzal and Alt Valleys were repulsed by the Roumanians. While Paris says the Serbians have captured the town of Velyeselo, north of Brod region marked by a bend in the Cerna River in southern Serbia, Berlin declares the offensive there has come to a halt before the forces of the Central Powers.

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### Steamer Turns Turtle

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The Norwegian steamer Gustav Wigeland has turned turtle on the coast near Berkwick, and was driven on the rocks. The crew are saved.

## OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

Received 11.30 October 21st.

- 1545 Corporal Alphonus Cahill, Colonial Street. Died of gunshot wound arm and buttock.
- 1262 Private Stephen Wiseman, Fortune Harbor, N.D.B. Dangerously ill, gunshot wound arm, 12th General Hospital, Rouen, October 19th.
- 529 James W. Moore, 31 Duckworth St. Seriously ill, gunshot wound, amputation left leg and amputation right foot, 8th General Hospital, Rouen, Oct. 19th.
- 1157 Private Michael F. Costello, Avondale. Dangerously ill, bomb wound face, arms and legs, 1st Australian General Hospital, Rouen, October 19th.
- 457 Corporal George Butler, 79 Pennywell Road. Wounded, at 36th Casualty Clearing Station, France, Oct. 18th; progressing favourably.

JOHN R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

## ENTENTE SEND MORE TROOPS TO SALONIKI

According to Reuters Correspondent Strong Contingents of Infantry Were Landed at Saloniki Yesterday — Greek Provisional Government Sends Committee to New York to Arrange for Transport of Greeks from There

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Additional Entente forces have been sent to Saloniki, according to Reuters correspondent who sends word that further strong contingents of infantry were landed there to-day. Several detachments of Greek troops arrived from Crete to join the Nationalists.

The Provisional Government at Saloniki has received a telegram embodying the resolutions passed at a meeting of Greeks in New York promising men and funds to the Nationalist cause. The Provisional Government, says the despatch, is sending a committee to New York for the purpose of organizing and transporting troops.

### Liberal M.P. In Trouble

LONDON, Oct. 20.—It is announced that Joseph King, Liberal member of Parliament for North Somerset, will appear in Bow Street Police Court to-day to answer a charge made under the Defence of the Realm Act. He has always been a strong peace advocate. Since the outbreak of war, King in the House of Commons has made several attacks on the Government, questioning it concerning its actions.

### Greek King Sore Over Present Conditions

LONDON, Oct. 20.—King Constantine of Greece, in an interview with the British Minister at Athens, complained bitterly of the action of the Allies in recognizing the provisional government at Saloniki. According to an Athens despatch to the Daily Mail, the King told the Minister that as the Allies had deprived him of all power, they had better address their proposals to Venizelos. The Monarch made certain proposals which the British diplomat considered of no importance, and he recommended Constantine to change his entire policy.

### Von Mackensen Active in Eastern Macedonia

PETROGRAD, Oct. 20.—An announcement of the inauguration of an offensive movement in eastern Roumania by the army of Field Marshal Von Mackensen, was made by the war office, which said, the German-Bulgars suffered great losses. The battle continues.

## NATIONALIST M.P. TOOK ISSUE BALKAN POLICY

Col. Arthur Lynch Criticizes the Government's Policy in the Balkans and Greece—Asks if Any Outside Influence Had Been Allowed to Effect British Policy in These Theatres of the War

LONDON, Oct. 20.—During the late hours of the session of the Commons last night, Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, replied vigorously to a speech in which Col. Arthur Lynch, Nationalist, had criticized the Government's policy in the Balkans and Greece. Col. Lynch asked whether any outside influence had been allowed to affect British policy. This reference, which apparently was to former friendship between the royal families, provoked the prompt retort from Lord Robert Cecil that it would be impossible at this stage and under present circumstances to enter into discussion of what we or our allies have said or are going to say about Greece in reference to the present crisis in European affairs. As far as the strategy of the Balkans is concerned it has been guided exclusively by military considerations, and only those who had anything to say in deciding military movements, were the proper military advisers of the Government. The suggestion that any person, whether strictly a member of the Government or not, had used any influence to deflect the policy of this country from the principles of sound strategy, is absolutely baseless and utterly unworthy of this House.

## IS OPPOSED TO RUTHLESS SUB. WARFARE

Berlin Newspaper Germania Says Field Marshal Von Hindenburg Has Come Out Solidly Against a More Ruthless Submarine Campaign—Sends Envoy to Committee With Request That Agitation be Abandoned

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 20.—According to the Berlin newspaper, Germania, Field Marshal von Hindenburg has at last come out solidly against a more ruthless submarine campaign. The Germania says that at last Saturday's sitting of the Independent Committee for German peace terms, Privy Councillor Duienberg appeared before the committee. Saying that he came in in an official capacity, as envoy of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, he added that the Field Marshal requested the committee to abandon all agitation for a more ruthless prosecution of the submarine campaign.

## ENEMY SUBS SINK ALLIED TRANSPORTS

Transports Franconia, Crosshill and Selek Are Sunk in Mediterranean by German Submarines—Later Two Were Bound to Saloniki—Crosshill Had Horses For Latter Port—Franconia Carried No Troops

BERLIN, Oct. 21.—German submarines have sunk in the Mediterranean the following ships:—Oct. 4, the employed British transport steamer Franconia 18,150 tons; Oct. 11, the armed British transport steamer Crosshill, 5,000 tons, with horses and Serbian goods; Oct. 12, the armed British transport steamer 'Sedek', 4,500 tons, deeply laden. The Crosshill and Sedek were bound for Saloniki. On Oct. 16 a German submarine successfully shelled the factories and railroad works near Cantanzaro, Calabria. The sinking of the transport Franconia, a former Cunard liner, was reported officially by the British Admiralty on Oct. 5. The Franconia carried no troops. Twelve of her crew of 392 were reported missing. The British Crosshill was 400 feet long, built in Dumbarton in 1910 and was owned in Glasgow. She was last reported leaving Liverpool for an unnamed destination on Sept. 20th. The Sedek referred to in the official statement, is probably the British steamer Sebek, 4,600 gross tons, owned in Liverpool.

## OFFICIAL BRITISH

LONDON, Oct. 20 (official)—Last evening Stuff and Schwaben Redoubts were heavily shelled by the enemy. During the night two small raids were carried out against the enemy's trenches in the neighbourhood of Loos.

## RUSSIAN.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 20.—Heavy fighting continues in Volhynia and Galicia, but no important changes are recorded in an official statement issued to-day. The struggle is severe north of Kisselina on the front north-west of Lutsk. North of Kupratinka the Germans are attacking fiercely, but the statement says they have gained no advantage.

## GERMAN.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—Two armed British transports, Crosshill and Sedek, were sunk in the Mediterranean by German submarines last week, says an official issued by the German Admiralty on Oct. 16th. The German submarines, it is added, shelled factories and railroad near Cantanzaro, in Calabria, Italy.

## BIG STRIKE THREATENED C. P. R. LINES

Strike Orders Are Now Posted Throughout Canada for Walk-out Next Wednesday Unless Some Way Out of Trouble is Found Meantime—C.P.R. Officials say the Door of Negotiations is Still Open

WINNIPEG, Oct. 21.—Apparently the negotiations between the Canadian Pacific Railway and its conductors and trainmen have reached such an impasse that the men's executive believed a strike is inevitable. It is said strike orders are now posted throughout Canada to take effect on Wednesday, unless, in the meantime a way out is found.

## Swedish Steamer Sunk

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The Swedish steamer Morcuero has been sunk by a German submarine. The crew of 15 were taken to Skagen, Denmark, by the submarine. The Swedish steamer Morcuero was 131 tons, and owned in Stockholm. She was used for salvage work.

## British Steamer Sunk

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Lloyds announce that the British steamer Penlin has been sunk. The Penlin was formerly the Okehampton. She was built in 1906, was 3759 tons, and 340 feet long.

## Roumanian's Left Wing Has Been Forced Back

BUCHAREST, Oct. 20.—Bulgarian and German forces in Dobrudja have taken the offensive along the whole front. They have forced back the Roumanians' left wing, the war office announced to-day.

## Russian Success On Persian Front

PETROGRAD, Oct. 20.—Successes for the Russian troops in Persia are reported in to-day's war office announcement as follows:—On the Russian-Caucasian front of Persia our patrols conducted gallant reconnoitering operations on Bidzar in the same neighbourhood near Dambor Pass they successfully attacked a long transport caravan and captured a large number of horses and arms.

named destination on Sept. 20th. The Sedek referred to in the official statement, is probably the British steamer Sebek, 4,600 gross tons, owned in Liverpool.

## General Haig's Report of Operations on French Front Since Sept. 30th

Tells of Progress made by British Troops in Their Advance Which Has Been Marked by Heavy and Prolonged Fighting—Over 28,000 Prisoners Have Been Taken—British Artillery and Machine Gun Fire Have Done Valuable Work

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Genl. Sir Douglas Haig has sent a report on the operations which have been in progress since the end of September. He says the British forces have advanced well beyond the crest of the main ridge from Thierval to Sully Saillisel. From the line thus held, according to the report, the ground slopes gently to a shallow valley, running north-west from near Sully Saillisel to Bapaume, where it turns westward and joins the valley of the Ancre at Miraumont. From the main Thierval-Morval ridge a series of long, well-marked spurs run down to the valley described above. The most important of the series is a hammer-headed spur immediately west of Fiers, at the western extremity of which stands a tumulus called Butte de Warlencourt, lying across the main trend of the ridge. Another well-marked spur runs from Morval north towards Transloy, passed a thousand yards east of Gueudecourt. Behind this spur lies the German first position, to get within assaulting distance of which it was necessary to carry Le Sars and these two spurs. These were held as intermediate positions by the Germans, every advantage being taken of sunken roads, buildings, and the shrouding nature of the country. On Sept. 29th, continues the report, we carried d'Espionnet Farm, just three miles north of the Albert-Bapaume Road. On the afternoon of October 1st, we advanced our line on a front of three thousand yards, occupying the buildings of Faucourt l'Abbaye, fourteen hundred yards

south-east of Le Sars. The struggle in this neighbourhood continued with great severity during the night and early in the morning. On the afternoon of the 7th, in conjunction with the French on our right, we attacked on a wide front between the Albert-Bapaume Road and Les Boenfs. We drove the enemy from Le Sars and the near-lying positions also east and west of that village, after severe fighting between Gueudecourt and Les Boenfs we forced our way forward 600 to 1,000 yards. The period since that date has been occupied in winning ground between Le Sars and Les Boenfs up to the slopes of the low ridges already mentioned.

In the area between Thierval and Le Sars, we made steady progress, and gradually won a series of strong positions. The fighting has been heavy and prolonged. The enemy resisted stubbornly until surrounded in one place after another, and a large number of prisoners had fallen into our hands. During this period we had to repel repeated counter-attacks. Generally these were stopped by our artillery and machine gun fire. Outside the Somme battle front, our troops have shown great activity. In trench raids between Ypres and Loos, over sixty raids were carried out, in which we secured many prisoners and inflicted heavy casualties. The capture during a fortnight bring the total number of prisoners in the Somme battle since the beginning of July, to 28,918, and in the action of October 7th, one division alone which previously had many days of hard fighting, took eight officers and 474 men of other ranks.

## MACKENSEN STRIKES OUT IN DOBRUDJA

LONDON, Oct. 21.—While General Von Falkenhayne's troops, who are attempting to invade Roumania through the Carpathians, have made little progress during the past forty-eight hours, Field Marshal Von Mackensen has struck heavily in Dobrudja. His offensive extends along the whole front from the Danube to the Black Sea. According to advices thus far received, his only success has been some slight gains on the Black side, but it is believed here that this battle is only in its early stages.

Meanwhile the Cymes and Octuz passes in the Transylvania Alps continue the main points in the Austro-German efforts. From Transylvania, in the Cymes pass, the invaders have reached Cosasa, 12 miles from the frontier in Roumania but in the Octuz pass they have been driven back to the frontier. In the southern passes the situation is unchanged.

## Athens and Pirseus Are Calm

ATHENS, Oct. 21.—To the demands of Admiral Fournt, Commander of the Entente Allied Fleet in the Mediterranean, upon Greece include the right to transfer, dismiss or appoint any police officer or detective in the Greek police. Officials are not to appoint, dismiss or transfer any policemen without the Admiral's consent. The marines now in Athens and Pirseus are to remain there, but no more will be landed for present Greeks are accepting situation as inevitable; Athens and Pirseus are calm.

## All Saved But Two

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The Cunard line announced to-day that word had been received that all but two of the crew of the steamer Alaunia were saved.

## EASTERN FRONT TO BE STAGE OF GREAT BATTLE

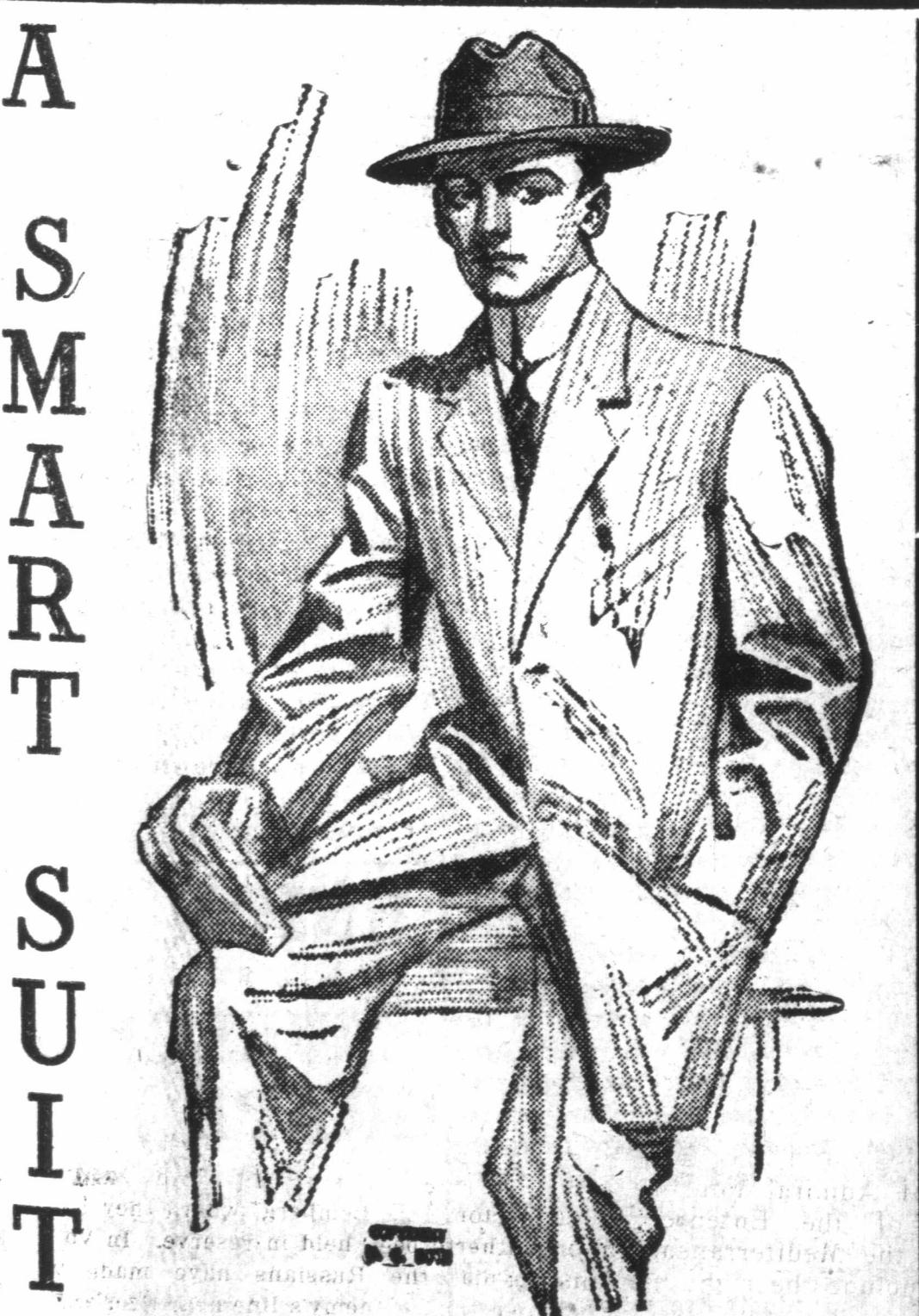
NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The London correspondent of the Tribune cables as follows:

"The greatest battle in the world's history is about to be staged on the Eastern front in the opinion of high military officials here. After months of maneuvering, nearly seven millions of men have come to grips along an almost unbroken front from Riga to the Danube. Hand-to-hand fighting of the most violent character is going on the whole length of this 900 mile front line. The next three weeks will probably see a climax of this struggle. So far there is no indication of any definite result, although the Russians unquestionably are slowly gaining ground. The chief Russian move at the present moment seems to aim at the envelopment of Halicz from the north, and the cutting off the Teuton line of communication between that stronghold and Lemberg. That the attacks of the Czar's troops are succeeding in smashing the enemy's defenses at some points is indicated in no uncertain manner by the sudden and hurried transfer of the German Third Guard Division to the sector from Lemberg, where they had hitherto been held in reserve. In Volhynia, the Russians have made a dent in the enemy's line near Czernian, fifteen miles south-east of Kovel."

## New War Credit

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21.—Advices received here from Berlin are to the effect that a bill had been presented in the Reichstag on Saturday, asking for a new war credit of 12,000,000,000 marks.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The latest list of wounded from France includes the name of Capt. Lionel Hallam Tennyson, oldest son of Baron Tennyson, and grandson of the poet. This is the second time Capt. Tennyson has been wounded.



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