

neither to exaggerate nor to underrate the gravity of the situation, but desire to avail themselves of every means at their command, if possible, to prevent its extension.

To that end, they recommend a thorough cleansing of the streets and wharves, an application of disinfectants to tenements and sailors' boarding houses, and the dispersion of cellar populations to more wholesome quarters. They also urge a reissue of a circular to officers and agents of all vessels conveying emigrants from the northern parts of Europe, enforcing the necessity of cleanliness, prompt isolation, and treatment of all cases of diarrhoea, together with the free use of proper disinfectants to soiled clothing, etc. All classes of citizens here, at home, meanwhile, should co-operate for the common good.

The committee also say: "The medical history of the military posts in New York, shows that cholera, yellow fever, and kindred diseases have been brought within the city limits by the recruits taken from the vagrant population of other cities. The refusal of the Secretary of War to require returns to be made to the department of the contagious and infectious diseases occurring among troops at posts within the city limits, leaves the board powerless to protect the city against the introduction of cholera, or other contagious, infectious, or pestilential diseases, through that channel."

We beg to call attention to the following course of Lectures to be delivered in June next:

TO MEDICAL GRADUATES.--Dr. Horatio Robinson Storer (late Professor at the Berkshire Medical College,) will deliver his *Ninth* Private Course of Twelve Lectures, on the Surgical Diseases of Women, during the first fortnight of June, 1872, commencing on Saturday, June 1, at 4 P.M. Fee \$50.

The Course is intended to cover all that is yet known of Pelvic Surgery in the female, and, while interesting both to general and to special practitioners, it commends itself particularly to those teaching, or desiring to teach, gynæcology at hospitals and medical colleges.

Applicants for the certificate of attendance will be required, as in previous years, to furnish evidence of good professional standing, as defined by the American Medical Association.

Boston, March 15, 1872.