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5 lb. Bags 25c.

DIED.

MUNRO.—On Saturday, the 13th inst., Roy Monro, third son of W. A. Munro, in the 15th year of his age, leaving his father and mother, four brothers and two sisters to mourn their loss.

Funeral from his father's residence, 131 Paradise Row, on Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Service at the house. Interment at Fernhill Cemetery.

McGUIGGAN.—In this city on the 14th inst., Bridget Dolan, wife of Edward McGuiggan, leaving seven children to mourn their sad loss. (Boston, New York and Fall River papers please copy.)

Funeral from the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception on Tuesday morning at 9.15 o'clock, after High Mass of Requiem. Friends are invited to attend.

School Children

suffer from imperfect vision and are called dull in studies. We give careful attention to the fitting of children's study glasses, assuring good results in all cases. D. BOYANER, Exclusive Optician, 38 Dock Street.

Fresh Fish

Fresh Halibut, Gaspereaux, Codfish and Haddock

JAMES PATTERSON, St. John, N. B.

Umbrellas Are Re-Covered

At Duval's Umbrella Shop, 17 Waterloo St.

TRYING TO SAVE SOMETHING FROM SOVEREIGN BANK

Shareholders Present To Representatives Of Canadian Banks a Plan For New Company To Run Bank.

Toronto, May 15.—The organization of shareholders of the defunct Sovereign Bank into a new company to conserve and develop their assets in order to make a better bargain with the creditors than the double liability promised, was under consideration by the representatives of the Canadian banks today.

The object of the meeting was to examine the basis upon which the shareholders desired to make a settlement of their liabilities. As a result a committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Laird, Schofield, Wilkie, Henderson and Braithwaite to take the matter under advisement. A report will be made to the shareholders within a short time.

Regarding a story circulated last week to the effect that the Sovereign Bank was planning to run the Chicago and Milwaukee Railway in which they had stock and to secure some return from their investment, Mr. Aemilius Jarvis said this morning: "The thing is impossible for the reason that the Sovereign Bank is one of the small creditors of the railway and could undertake no such proposition."

CARNEGIE MEDAL FOR A PHYSICIAN VICTIM OF PLAGUE

Dr. Mesny's Heroism Recognized And His Widow Will Get Gold Medal Of Carnegie Foundation.

Paris, May 15.—The Carnegie fund committee of France has awarded the foundation gold medal to the widow of the French doctor, G. E. Mesny, who lost his life while engaged in heroically fighting the plague at Harbin. Dr. Mesny was among the foreign physicians who volunteered their services in combatting the pneumonic plague in the east. His death occurred on January 12 last. When he realized that he was attacked by the plague, he isolated himself in his rooms at a hotel, drafted his will and wrote farewell letters. He begged his friends not to inform his wife of his illness and he died alone.

ONTARIO VILLAGE WIPED OUT BY FIRE

Maynooth, Ont., May 15.—The hamlet known as Lake St. Peter, was on Saturday afternoon destroyed by fire. The Rathburn Company lost all their plant there. There remains only the Banagar's boarding house, the school house and one dwelling house, which were saved by the efforts of William Netterville, fire ranger, and Thomas O'Neil. At four o'clock a relief train came up from Banagar's and picked up the women and children, who were hemmed in by fire and could not get out of danger unaided.

The Building Laborers' Strike.

A largely attended meeting of the Hod Carriers' and Building Laborers' Union was held last evening in their hall in the Opera House. The reports in regard to the strike situation were encouraging. Most of the members of the Union are at work, and it was determined to continue the struggle to induce the government contractor who is building the new armory to pay the Union rate of wages. The minister of labor has been notified that the government contractor is not paying the Union rate, but the replies received from Ottawa have not been satisfactory. It is said the good offices of Mr. Pugsley will be solicited with a view to getting his influence brought to bear upon the problem of making the government contractor pay the Union rate.

DANISH LOCKOUT WILL AFFECT 40,000 MEN.

Copenhagen, May 15.—All efforts to settle the trades union labor troubles, which have become more serious during the past month, have failed. The employers federation has finally declared a lockout to begin tomorrow. Forty thousand men will be affected.

Clapboards and Shingles

—ALSO—

Ruberoid Roofing

Murray & Gregory, Ltd.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Lump Rock Salt

For Horses and Cattle

GANDY AND ALLISON, 16 North Wharf.

THE STENCH OF BURNING CORPSES AS PLAGUE VICTIMS WERE HEAPED ON FUNERAL PYRES FILLED CHINA'S AIR

CHINESE FIREMEN PUMPING KEROSINE INTO PIT FILLED WITH PLAGUE VICTIMS BEFORE THE MATCH WAS APPLIED.

This is the concluding article upon the Chinese pneumonic plague written by Captain Walter Kirton.

By Captain Walter Kirton.

Shanghai, China, via Siberia, April 4.—The Chinese is essentially a fatalist and demurs at any suggestion of interference in the exercise of his prerogative to die if he wants to. He cannot understand why people should trouble themselves about him.

Similarly, a family, the Chinese communal unit, resents any sort of interest that outsiders may evince in its private concerns and in many instances the people have resorted to the cleverest methods in hiding their sick from the sanitary patrols. In one instance, after the whole family had perished, a search revealed a corpse lying on the top of one of the big roof-beams.

It is presumed that the corpse was that of the father of the family and that his children intended to keep it for burial in the ancestral plot. Fire is the great, if not only, sure preventative against contagion, and wherever possible all infected tenements have been thus destroyed. And this opens up another phase in the fearful difficulties that have confronted those charged with the conduct of operations against the pestilence.

It is more or less well known that China is one huge graveyard. To deprive the corpse of a Chinese of its right of burial in the earth is one of the severest punishments known, not only to the individual, but to all his family and relations. To him the fact of death carries no sense of obliteration provided his mortal remains are conserved and can be located by his descendants.

Consequently the authorities, in ordering the burning of the huge number of corpses were up against the most cherished traditions of the people and it was only that in the vast majority of instances the whole family had been wiped out that rendered these wholesale cremations possible.

At the outset of this campaign the complicated political status of Manchuria led to confusion worse confounded in determining a plan of action and carrying it into effect. The Russians did something at their end, the Japanese at theirs, and both seized the opportunity to turn a catastrophe to their own advantage. China was, and is, between the upper and the nether mill-stones.

Briefly, the facts are as follows:—When the plague assumed menacing proportions at Harbin the Russian railway people devised a scheme for palming off their "contacts" on the Japanese. They loaded up a few cars with coolies suspected of contagion and sent them south to Kwangentze—the railway depot which forms the terminal of both systems. On the arrival of this charnel train the Japanese refused to take it over and sent it back on its tracks.

How long this game of battledore and shuttlecock continued nobody can say for certain, but the fact remains that the contagion seized hold on Kwangentze and spread thence to the city of Chanchun, lying in the immediate vicinity. From thence it found its way southward along the line, the Japanese being reluctant to reduce their passenger returns until public opinion compelled them to suspend all "coolie" traffic.

PLAGUE SLAUGHTER TOLD BY CHINESE DOCTOR-HERO.

"This pneumonic plague was new to every man on the medical staff, and the enormous deathrate almost paralyzed every one. The gigantic task seemed hopeless. We found the dead in houses and hovels, dead on the street, roadsides and open spaces. We found the dead stowed away in "kangs" (sleeping places), packed away in cupboards and boxes, on roofs and on ceiling rafters. Whole families and the entire staffs of shops and business places were literally wiped out. It was in the air, in the breath of the man to whom one was speaking—for in a few hours he was dead."—Dr. Wu Tien-leh, Head of the Chinese Medical Staff Fighting the Plague.

STANDARD OIL LOSES ITS FIGHT

Continued from page 1.

"B—Because the prima facie presumption of intent to restrain trade, to monopolize and to bring about monopolization, is made conclusive by considering, (1) the conduct of the persons or corporations mainly instrumental in bringing about the extension of power in the New Jersey corporation before the consummation of that result and prior to the formation of the trust agreements of 1879, and 1882. (2) By considering the proof as to what was done under these agreements and the acts which immediately preceded the vesting of power in the New Jersey corporation as well as by weighing the modes in which the power vested in that corporation had been exerted and the results which have arisen from it."

A Trust in Intent.

"No disinterested mind," said the chief justice, could resist the conclusion that the genius for development and organization manifested from the beginning soon begot the intent to exclude others. Considering the period from the trust agreements of 1879 court recalled the gradual extension of the New Jersey corporation, the court recalled the gradual extension of power over the oil trade, the decision of the Supreme Court of Ohio, the tardiness to conform to that decision, also many signs of the intent at exclusion. The acquisition of every means of development, including transportation agencies confirmed that view. The inference that no attempt to monopolize could have been intended, and that no monopolization resulted from the acts complained of, since it is established that a very small percentage of the crude oil produced was controlled by the combination, is unwarranted," said the court. Finally the Chief Justice came to apply the remedy. He said that ordinarily where the violations of the act were found it would suffice to enjoin further violations. In a case however, where a monopolization or attempt to monopolize was established, or the existence of a combination is proven, which a perennial violation of the statute further relief was called for.

The lower court, he pointed out, had first enjoined the combination and in effect directed its dissolution, second, forbidden the New Jersey corporation from exercising any control by virtue of its stock ownership over the subsidary corporations, and enjoined these corporations from recognizing in any manner the authority or power of the New Jersey corporation by virtue of such ownership; third, enjoined in the sixth section of the decree the subsidiary corporations, after the dissolution from doing any act which could create a like illegal combination; fourth enjoined the New Jersey corporation and all the subsidiary corporations from doing any business in Interstate commerce pending the dissolution of the combination by the accomplishment of the transfer of stocks which the decree in its essence required, and fifth, gave thirty days to carry out the directions of the court.

Missouri Decree Upheld.

The court said this decree was right and should be affirmed except as to what it termed "minor matters." One of these was the extension of the time the decree should be put into effect from one month to six months. The other modification was more important, and had to do with the sixth section of the decree which forbade the formation by the subsidiary corporations or their stockholders of like combinations. "We construe the sixth paragraph of the decree," said the Chief Justice, "not as depriving the stockholders or corporations to leave under the law the land, but compelling obedience to that law." He said it did not follow because an illegal restraint of trade or an attempt to monopolize or a monopolization resulted from the combination of the corporation of the New Jersey corporation that a like restraint or attempt to monopolize or monopolization would necessarily arise from agreements between one or more of the subsidiary corporations after the transfer of the stock by the New Jersey corporation.

No One Will Talk.

New York, N. Y., May 15.—On the steps of the Standard Oil building at No. 26 Broadway, there stood a newsboy this afternoon crying: "Standard Oil loses," inside, not an officer of the company would speak. Wm. Rockefeller seldom talking, did not break his rule, John D. Archibald, is ill at his home at Tarrytown. Mortimer F. Elliot, solicitor general for the company, said that he could have nothing to say until he had read the full text of the decision, not available there tonight. Many brokers offices kept open late into the night for the London accounts. In similar previous decisions handed down after the market closed, the financial powers were able to get together over night and formulate plans for action in the market the following morning.

FRENCH BIRD MAN FLIES AT RATE OF 100 MILES AN HOUR

Remarkable Record Said To Have Been Made In France By Monoplane Operator With One Passenger.

Paris, May 15.—A despatch to La Presse from Rheims says that Lieut. F. Equant, with Lieut. Bley as a passenger, made a flight in his monoplane today from Mourmelon to Rheims in 10 minutes. This was at the rate of 162 kilometers (100.07 miles) an hour. No details of the flight are contained in the despatch, which is somewhat vague, and has not been confirmed from other sources.

THE INTER-COLLEGIATE TRACK MEET AT HALIFAX

Mt. Allison, U. N. B., And Acadia Will Compete In Halifax On May 26th—Teams All Strong.

Special to The Standard.

Halifax, May 15.—It has been definitely decided that the inter-collegiate track meet between Acadia, Mount Allison and the University of New Brunswick will take place on the Wanderers grounds on May 26th. It is four years since the track meet was held here. On that occasion the U.N.B. won from Acadia by one point. It is reported that the teams are all strong. If this is true, the events should all be keenly contested. The colleges will compete for the Halifax Herald's silver cup and gold medal, which will be awarded to the winning team and the athlete who makes the largest number of points.

GREAT OIL GUSHER ON FIRE.

Uralsk, Asiatic Russia, May 15.—An oil gusher of 6,000 barrels capacity daily in the region of the Kirghiz steppe, caught fire and today is blazing furiously.

SMALLPOX SUSPECTED; STEAMER HELD IN GULF

Cunard Liner On First Trip Of New Service To Montreal Held up ot Grosse Isle—Has 500 Passengers.

Montreal, May 15.—The Cunard liner Albina, which inaugurates the new Cunard line service to this port, has been held up in quarantine below Quebec at Gross Isle. She was expected to arrive at Quebec this morning, but a suspected case of smallpox has caused delay. The ship will be thoroughly disinfected and the passengers in the same section as the suspected case, will be disembarked at Gross Isle, and forced to pass several weeks there.

The Albina carried a large number of British immigrants, many of them bound for the northwest.

This is the second vessel to be held up this season, the Dominion being the other ship to have a suspected smallpox case on board.

PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL SEASON PROMISES WELL

St. Johns Signed Nine Men Last Night And Had Good Work Out — Marathons Show Up Well — Harrington May Play In Fredericton — Other Items Of Interest.

The professional baseball situation in the city and in fact all over the province and the state of Maine is becoming warmer as the days go by. Young and old have the ball craze and from the present outlook the fans will see the fastest ball games seen on the local and other diamonds for a long time.

Last evening nine local players were signed on by the manager of the St. Johns and these players are as follows: E. Ramsey, Bovaird, Britt, Harrigan, Chase, Cribbs, F. Mahoney, McGowan, and McNutt.

The St. Johns had their first workout of the season. The weather was cold and a high wind was blowing but despite this the men showed up exceptionally well.

A number of the Marathons including Bradbury, Rootes, Lynch, Riley and Nesbitt were also on the field and had a practice.

The season of 1911 will open on May 24th and both the Marathons and St. Johns will be seen in brand new outfits and will start out in a battle where friendship ceases. In addition to the locals who have been signed on by the two professional teams, there will be imported men and while the managers are not telling all they know, it is safe to say that the St. Johns will have at least an imported battery, while the Marathons in addition to a battery will have a second baseman and a shortstop.

It is probable that the St. Johns and Marathons will open the season on the morning of the 24th and in the afternoon the Marathons will be pitted against the Canadians, of Montreal. On the 25th the Montrealers may play at Fredericton and on their return to this city on the 26th will play a picked team and on Saturday, the 27th, will play a double header taking on both the Marathons and the St. Johns. An effort is being made to have these games take place and it will be definitely announced in a few days.

The work on the Shamrock grounds in the way of putting them in first class order is progressing rapidly and the diamond will be in better shape than ever before. The grandstand is being made a practically new one with a 60 foot addition. The seats and roof are all new and everything is being made up to date. A pile driver is at work driving piles every 20 feet round the grounds, and a fence twelve feet higher than the present one is being erected. The Calais, St. Stephen, Woodstock and Fredericton teams will have very strong line-ups mostly of imported players.

The Fredericton Club has secured first option on the service of Frank Harrington, the pitcher who made such a fine impression with the St. Peters here and in other sections of the province last year. He may go with the Pittsburg club of the National League, who have been after him for some time, but even if he does he expects to get his liberty until fall and in that event has agreed to play at Fredericton.

The Capital fans have given expression to the view that Harrington's services should be secured and the Players' Committee have done everything in their power and with satisfactory results.

Jack Hurley is to play with the St. Stephen club again this season.

Hurley is the big young fellow that held down the initial station for the Thistles last year. He comes from New Bedford with the other High School players early in the season and his natural ability along with the fact that he was always in good shape to give his best services to the team is the reason why Hurley is about the only one of the Thistles' regular team who is asked to return to the Border Town.

MR. AITKEN TREATS STORY AS A JOKE

Canadian Member Of British House Not Inclined To Regard Sir Sanford Fleming's Charge Seriously.

London, May 15.—On his arrival here today Max Aitken, promoter of the Canada Cement Company, was interviewed by the Canadian Associated Press, in regard to Sir Sandford Fleming's inquiry into the Canada Cement Company's thirteen million alleged misappropriation.

Mr. Aitken exclaimed laughingly: "It's a lot of money, I suppose you expected to find some of it knocking about here." He added unseriously, "I have nothing to say. I have ceased treating this gentleman seriously for a long time past." Mr. Aitken added, he had not been a director of the Cement company for some time. The allegations, he added, doubtless referred to the bond shares company, regarding watered stocks.

MRS. TAFT IS BETTER.

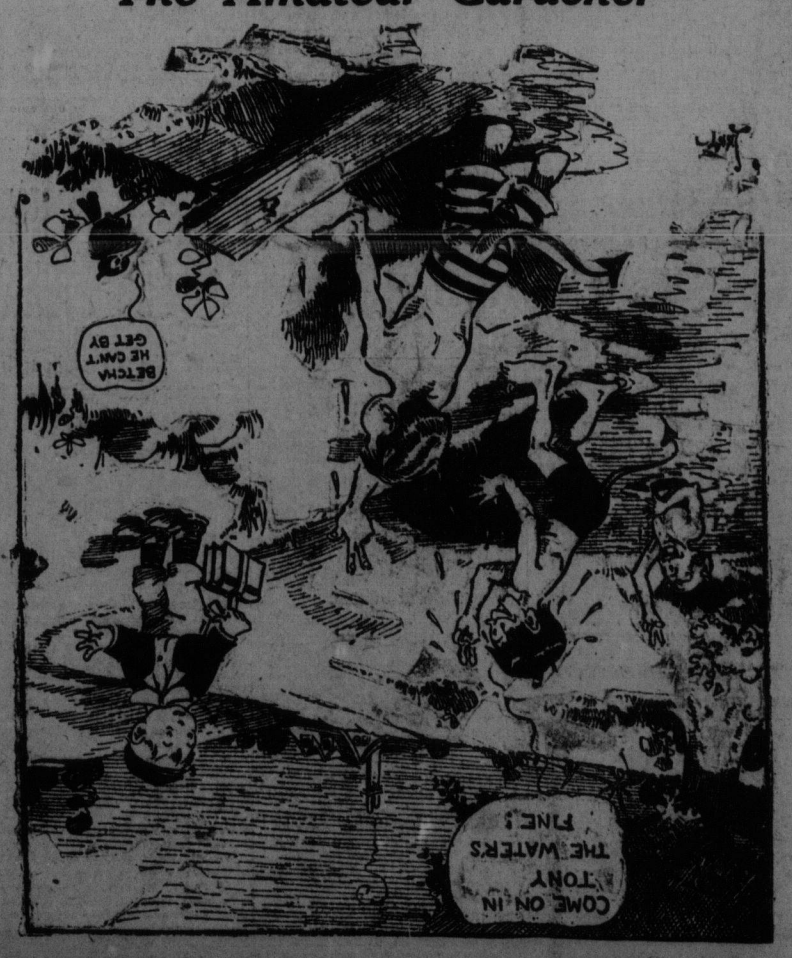
Washington, D. C., May 15.—President Taft received assurance from New York late this afternoon, that the condition of Mrs. Taft had improved so much that she would be able to return to Washington Thursday. The president felt so much relieved at the news that he went to a local theatre tonight. Announcement was made at the White House that the social programme which Mrs. Taft had mapped out for the spring will be adhered to.

THEY WILL ENLARGE THE ST. MICHAEL'S LAUNDRY

Sisters of the Good Shepherd are Planning to Spend $120,000 on new Building and Larger Plant.

Owing to the increase of their laundry business the Sisters of the Good Shepherd have under consideration plans to build an annex to their present laundry building, about 150 feet in length by 44 feet in breadth. If they are able to carry out their plans about $120,000 will be expended in new construction and machinery.

Mr. West, a New York architect, who has made a specialty of planning laundry buildings, has prepared the plans and specifications, and it is understood that Edward Mooney will be engaged to do the construction work, if the Sisters are able to secure the necessary funds.

As yet nothing definite has been decided on owing to the fact that the cost of the proposed building would be greater than was expected; but it is said the Sisters will make an effort to raise sufficient money to carry out their original plans. The plans as prepared call for a brick and concrete structure.

The Amateur Gardener