



VOL II, NO 404.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1896

QUESTIONS THE LIBERALS WILL HAVE 10 SETTLE.

WORLD.

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H. Montgomery, Burwi k. McCurdy, Wm. of Yarmouth. J. A. McLean, Mary E. Moffat.

to Martha M.

Rev. Mr. Farns Mary A. Camp

n, 68. 1, 88. er, 20. y, 86. ker, 20. opp, 70. orse, 57. cook, 77. onnell, 77. Sishop, 67. guan, 75. matter, 87. Warren, 87.

nnamore, 58. of Truro, 27. ton Browr, 47. id McGilvary.

Ann Copp. 70. McLellan, 92.

Iona Owen, 94. ws of N. B., 36. of Jacob Miller, 75

of Jacob Miller, 75. G. Freeman, 62. John Carrol, 79. Dallas of Halifax David Pearson, 77. oner McNutt, 13. w of James Lutes

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ab, widow of Dr

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rs. Margaret Mc

aughter of Rober

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. Codd. formerly of , wife of Cookso

wife of Dr. W. A.

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a Anderson, widow

A. Son of Philip and

O. Handly, wife of

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James M. Spence

E. daughter of the

ard, eldest daughter

The Live Point of Whether the Man Ought to be Selected by the Committee Which Chose Weldon and Ellia-Reasons on Both Sides of the Question. The liberal candidate to supply the va-cancy caused by the death of Mr. Weldon

is no better known then he was last week, when PROGRESS gave a list of men who were named as available or otherwise. That list, however, by no means exhausted the possibilities, and it may be that the condidate finally selected may not be any me of the number. Much depends on who

mpaign which was then supposed to be se at hand. The executive consisted of The Sun thinks it strange that the name a fusion of what had been the discordant of Mr. Thomas A Rankine, who was a canents of the old and young liberals and resented the patching up of the peace that was made. The gentleman composing . consisted of Messrs. Weldon, Ellis, George McAvity, McKeown and G. Wetmore Merritt. The nominating committee choose Weldon and Ellis as the candidates. This committee was not discharged but was supposed to continue for the purposes of the campaign then expected. The question now is whether this is the committee which ought to be entrusted with the choice of Mr. Weldon's successor. Some affi m that it is. They say that,

never having been relieved of its duties, it exists as much for nomination purposes to day as it did if Mr. Weldon had been taken away the week after he was nominated, in which case there would have been no suggestion that a new committee was needed. There are others who take a difterent view. These latter say that when the committee

presented its report and that report was accepted, its functions as a committee for that special purpose came to an end. In ordinary procedure, the acceptance of a report is the act by which a committee is harged from the duty to which the report relates. A stronger reason, however, in the minds of some, is that the nominations then made were to suit the conditions of that time, with no thought that the comnominations at a late date. Suppose, for instance, that some extraordinary event campaign should be able to take his meals would make a dissolution seem certain when a parliament had existed only for a short a parliament had existed only for a short time, and to at in anticipation of a disolu-tion an opposition convention nominated two men as candidates. Suppose further that the expected dissolution dil not take place, but that parliament existed until the candidates so chosen died or otherwise ceased to be eligible. In those three years encory, relying upon his ability to defeat new issues might arise and the conditiona him." new issues might arise and the conditions of the party be changed in many respects, yet the contention could be that the old committee still had the right to choose can-didates on the basis of the conditions of three years before. In the present instance The and will probably be acted on so soon as and will probably be acted on so soon as Mr. Ellis gets a little leisure after his efforts to elect Hon. Peter Mitchell in Northumberland. only months have intervened, but the point is whether the principle is not the

e, daughter of Willson of Mr and Mrs. aughter of the late 4; Jan. 5, Ethel V. the convention would either confirm his any other people in the world. They are nomination or feel free to choose another in full of jest and merriment, with so many nnie Jane, daughter , 25. tant son of Edward ays. infant son of J. E. apt and expressive national phrases to cast hither and yon that a guest has the rarest his place. He, however, would probably be the choice even were there a wholly enjoyment even it he cannot add to the new nomination, but there might be a e B. daughter of the Donald. merrriment. Of course there were speeches difference in the colleague he would choose and good ones they were ; impromtu toasts through the committee already pledged to ph A. eldest son of hald, 12. followed the formal on's and wit and him, and the colleague the electors would choose for bim through a committee which Grace, 6; Jan. 6, in S McDonald. eloquence reigned supreme. represented their own ideas of the mind of Why He Voted for Mr. Skinner A good story is told of Appraiser Kelly's explanation of why he supported C. N. a man needed in the coming contest. The choice of a man who would not be TT) the selection of the committee which was Skinner as a candidate, regardless of party. pledged to Weldon and Ellis would, say Mr. Kelly was claiming that he should not be opposed in his candidature for the office, as he had always been a good party man. some, give a strength which the latter ticket did not of itself possess. The choice was perhaps as good a one as could co?" "How can you claim to have been a good have been made under the circumstances. party man, when you admit that you voted and indeed it would be difficult to see h for Skinner not only when he was a conser-vative but when he was a grit?' he was asked. "Yes, I did vote for him as a grit," was the reply, "but then I knew he would be a conservative after he got to Ottawa. it could be avoided without creating a hard feeling. There was no good reason for

dropping the old candidates so long as

to say that there was no good reason which

could be openly expressed, though the ac-

coptance of the ticket was not as hearty

as it might have been. Both candidates had been faithful to the the party, and it would have looked like an

ill return for their service to have dropped

In return for their service to have dropped them as a time when, in the opinion of many, nomination meant that the candidates would at least be with the successful party in the general election whether they them-selves were elected or not. Neither Mr. Weldon nor Mr. Ellis could be nominated

ated to run, or perhaps it is better

FINDING A CANDIDATE, without the other. It was either both or neither, so both were taken though there were many who wished that it could have been otherwise. Now that there is a vacancy to be filled, the question of Ir. Weldon's successor is

the question of dr. We don's successful a one of great importance. There is a portion of the party in St. John which has been openly voicing its discontent for some time past, and it is a portion which cannot safely be ignored. Whether this portion is duly represented on the nominating committee is a question. It it is not, there is a current opinion that it ought to be. The name of G. Wetmore Merritt should

have been included in the list given last does the selecting. That is a point upon which there is a chance for debate. The party was called together months ago and organized for the Berryman would not take unkindly to a

> didate in the last contest is not now mentioned as being to the front. The reason is that Mr. Ranking has no desire to engage in the turmoil of another conflict. His nomination in 1891 was not of his own seeking, nor was it brought about by any movement on the part of his personal friends. It was literally a case of office seeking the man. He had not been considered by the party managers until he was sought out by a news-paper man and interviewed on the question of unrestricted reciprocity as applied to his own business. He gave a very clear statement of his ideas on the subject, and the publication of the interview had the

effect of bringing him into notice as an available man. Within twenty-lour hours after the paper appeared he had been de-cided upon as the third standard bearer and when he was approached he consented to come because he believed he was wanted. Politics were not to his taste, however, and it was well understood that he had no desire to again engage in a fight of the kind,

even were there to be an assurance ot much greater measure of success. Mr. Michael Kelly of St. Martins has not yet been mentioned as a candidate. He mentioned himself as an independent one some months ago, but retired after the ticket was named. He now writes a letter telling what kind of a man is needed in the place, but that parliament existed until the end of its team, three years later and that in the meantime both of the puration, warlike and aggressive in his methods, who will court conflict with the

> From the military ring of the latter part of Mr. Kelly's remarks, it is a debateable point whether he has Col. Tucker or Major McLean in mind. The main point of his letter, however, is that a convention should be called at once. The advice is good,

ditions of the local merial party mare changed since a committee favorable to Messrs. Weldon and Ellis made the nomination. Mr. Ellis is and must be the nomine unless, as can hardly be ex-pected, he acts on the idea that the good of the party calls for new action by which are abelter time at a dinner party than of the submedian excellent. Perhaps Sotchmen and their friends can the word. They are the submedian excellent. Perhaps Sotchmen and their friends can the bands of the volum of the word with the word of the water and the water and the standard of the party calls for new action by which are the advinced cities configme bits of the word which the word of the water and the water and

who inadvertently omits to sign his name to the communication, supplies an interest-ing contribution to the literature of stan-dard time, which aids to the General ing contribution to the literature of stan-dard time, which aids to the General Public in giving the readers of PROGRESS a very class jidea on the subject. Ha believes a very clear idea on the subject. He believes Atlantic time to be the right standard for very clear idea on the subject. He believes Atlantic time to be the right standard for St. John, a fact which cannot be denied, but the point is to get the railways to adopt it and thus permit of a uniformity between them and the citizens in this im-portant respect. The correspondent tays:

tion had with some of the residents of your city, and the discussions heard upon the matter, en passant, that the general public matter, en cat the massant, that the general public the time on a good portion of the railway quainted with the facts of the case, to come to a right and unanimous conclusion as to "It the Atlantic standard time had been which of the standard times should be adopted by the railways when leaving the colonial standard, or Eastern standard

"It was in consequence of the continued

time was first proposed. This was after-wards brought into operation, more on account of rai way travel than for any other purpose. The people living in any parti-cular town had no reason to ask for a change of time from what they were accustomed to keep-Mean Solar Time which was correct for purposes of their own business. ...To a certain extent some difficulties

still exist with reference to the time by our still exist with reference to the time of the control of the same as that was buried in rainview control, and no clergy. clocks and will remain so until a uniform city. "This time will also be the same as that was not a single mourner, and no clergy. they pass through. "Even in the same towns, there is at

in consequence of the right standard not being used, and the terms Railway stand-ard, City standard and local time, being

mixed up. "I may state that if the correct standard of time were adopted for each locality, according to its zone, the utmost that any people would have to change their clocks, from the mean solar time of their own meridian, would be 30 minutes, either forward or backward, according to the position in which they were situated, either to east or west of their newly adopted standard, as no city or town could be more than 71 degrees either east or west from the

standard meridian. "Most towns would have to alter the

ABOUT STANDARD TIME. | standard time under the new order of | SAD FATE OF A VETERAN. ABUUT STANDARD TIME. things, tor the railway clocks ought to show the same time as the cities on the ITS BEARINGS. ABD FAIL OF A VEILIGAN, of the country. Perhaps this is untain and a slight upon the veracity of the hurters but in this practical age the

Intercolonial and Eastern Standard-A Cor-respondent who Favors Atlantic-Standard for St. John-Bis Reason for IL-Facts of Interest. A correspondent writing from Halifax, A correspondent writing from Halifax,

an appropriate term. "If the western side of the continent is some degree of fullness in the daily appending the source of the

lantic meridian, at this present time.

portant respect. The correspondent says: "The writers have somewhat differed in their opinions, and I fear, from conversa-tion had with some of the residents of your city, and the discussions heard upon the ronte. "If the Atlantic standard time had been lay for three weeks upon the floor of his

adopted at St. John-the so-called Inter- stations at Halitax and St. John, the railway and city times would have been the

"The C. P. R. wcu'd simply have to intercourse with other people, who came from long distances, and the improved faci-lities for traveling, that a difficulty arcse Matane, on the River St. Lawrence, and by a human eye, lying dead on the floor of from long distances, and the improved faci-lities for travelling, that a difficulty arcse when people were attending to their en gagements, sometimes arranged by tele-graph or letter, and passengers have often missed their trains in consequence of a of the train at Quebec, Montreal, or difference of time existing between that shown by their watches and the local time of the various places, unknown to many, shown by their watches and the local time of the various places, unknown to many, and therefore not allowed for. "In the year 1883, I believe, Standard time was first proposed. This was after-"I am of opinion that for uniformity, "I am of opinion that for uniformity,"

convenience and the saving of time and field their hunger with his firsh. One after-trouble, and for correctness, it would be to noon late isst week when a neighbor enthe great advantage of the people of St. tered the house to satisfy his natural John to adopt the Atlantic standard time curiosity, a horrible sight met his view. of the 60th, meridian, as the hands of The two dogs crouched beside the mangled their clocks and watches will only have to remains of O'Leary, savagely growled at be moved 24 minutes forward from the the intruder. They had gnawed at poor mean solar time they are at present regu-O'Leary till there was little left but the lated for and which is. I presume, the bones. Kind-hearted John Snow took

time that has always been in use in your charge of what there was, and the body

those areas and then run titteen degrees of \$00 geographical miles of difference of for which he will never have other thanks

Mr Cruiksbank Is Trying to Get the Govmont to Da Its Duty.

Mr. Robert Cruikshank, chairman of the Harbor Improvement committee of the Board of Trade, has been calling the attention of Mr. Hazen, M. P., to some things which St. John needs in the interests

sons is set forth in this wise :

PRICE FIVE CENTS delicate flavor of the deer meat in that pair

but in this practical age the best evidence of such facts is the dead Went to Sheep in His Wretched Abude and Never Woke-The Horible Story of the Dogs-An Old Iscuret Which Some St. John Men May Remember. HALIFAN, Jan. 30.—The story of Daniel

O'Connell O'Leary's tragic end to'd with before one ceases to be skeptical. FOR THE HOSPITAL

The Dortors of the City Want the Righ: to Treat Their Patients There.

The doctors of St. John, to the number seige of Sebastopol, and for his serof about 25 are trying to get the commis-sioners of the General Public Hospital to open the doors of that institution to them and their patients. The matter will come before the board in a form of an application signed by all the city physicians outside of the bospital staff, with three exceptions. The doctors who have not signed are understood to lavor the proposition, be have good masons of their own for not wishing to take an aggressive part in a movement which has in the past been vigorously opposed by the honored president of the board, Dr. Wm. Bayard.

The proposition is not a new one, but has never telore assumed such definite poverty-stricken room. The cold snap of last month sent him shape. The matter has been heard of in home one night as usual. He sat on the floor at the edge of a wretched bed and the way of suggestions in the past, but the commissioners, in reply to such suggestions have been able to say they have never been formally asked to take such a step. near the stove. Ho evidently tell asleep, They will have no such excuse after their

next meeting. Under the present rules, a private patient at the hospital can be attended only by members of the staff. A man or woman may be so situated that they should be in the hospital rather than at a private house, but the moment they enter there their own physician is debarred from attending them unless he is one of the dozen or so doctors who are on the staff, or unless he is a homeopathic physician. The latter has a special privilege due to the fact that, years ago, one of the commissioners had a son who was a homeopath, and by his influence the provision was made for a homeopathic bed, though no physicians of that school are or have been on the staff.

A doctor outside the hospital corporat on may have a patient for whom hospital accommodations is an imperative necessity. In such case he has to resign his charge and hand it over to some of the tavored ones, though there may be reasons why he alone is best fitted to treat that special case. If he does not hand it over to the hospital he continues to treat it at a disadvantage, with possibly surroundings which militate greatly against success.

The contention is that the hospital those areas and that he will never nave other than be did what was right. because another hour." should have the right to call in any physiterian. O'Leary had a store of fantastic curios in that death-room. One of them was "an inquisition" taken at the parish of Lon-

For the Civic Election

caster, St. John, August 21, 1857, into the cause of the death of Hugh Carroll. The The civic elections are some distance off paper should be in the custody of the yet, but most of the present incumbents are understood to have made up their minds of the people and the rapidly increasing trade. Mr. Hazen will probably do the best he can, and it is to be hoped he will be rewarded with a fuller measure of suc-cess than has heretofore attended his efforts to get an appraiser appointed. The smallest of these requests may first to get an appraiser do the serve the set forth in this wise: time much more occupied then he supposed year, though no one doubts that he will ton, Nicholas Furlong, Hugh Quinlan, James Hamlin, William Miller, George elected if he comes forward, whoever can Rock properly marked by buoys. This Sanders, Josiah P. Smith, Andrew Springer, may come out to oppose him. As rock is not in the way of ordinary navi- James Keete, Michael Sullivan, William to the mayor's office, it is understood that Mayor Robertson does not want a third rer to There is at least, one thing lacking in term. Ald. Christie is also reported as not anxious to be a candidate, but there is make provision for the burial of the friendless or said to be ground for the belief that Ald. or outcast dead such as O'Leary. Snow McLauchlan will be in the field. There is yet plenty of time for more candidates. interred the body as he has scores of others, without hope of reward, because there was however, and a quiet election may by no no one else who would do it. It Snow had means be taken as a foregone conclusion. New Departure at Fairville Some of the congregation of the church of the Good Shepherd, Fairville, have quietly gone to work to solve the problem caused by their disapproval of the position taken by the rector. They have decided to have a service of their own every Sunday afternoon in the Orange Hall, and have arranged with Mr. Clark, formerly a lay reader in Ontario, to officiate. they point out is not setting up a church or in any way infringing on the rights of the incumbent, as they have their service at an hour which does not conflict with the regular church service. The new move is simply a fquiet secession by those who have been unable to agree with Mr. McKul's views, and they number about 70 adults. This

For thirty years O'Leary managed to gain a living in Halitax, but in the end he was literally devoured by his own dogs as he

was buried in Fairview cemetery, but there

bacconist

t.

pleased.

A Good Representative.

Mr. W. H. Welsh, representing the well known printing press builders Messes R. Hoe & Co. of New York was, in the city this week calling upon his old friends and making new ones. Mr. Welsh always manages to do some business wherever he goes and this is the case with him in St. John. Three of the presses in use in PROGRESS' office were purchased through him, and other firms in the city have also found it to their advantage to buy from the house that he has represented.

"It to the westward of the standard neridian, the hands of the clock must always be moved forward, as in the case of Halifax and St. John, and towns to the astward of the Standard meridian are reuired to move the clocks backwards. "For the purpose of bringing standard time into operation, our continent was divi-ded into five zones, each of such areas to nclude 15 degress of longitude, this being equivalent to une hour of time, and the

difference in longitude 900 miles. "By this is not meant the distance in cailway miles, but the actual distance di rectly east or west of the last meridian where the clock was changed.

"These zones or areas, stretch from the Atlantic to the Pacific and commence at the 60th. meridian, or four hours west of Greenwich, (the 1st. meridian.) They are named as follows :

STANDARD TIME.

60 degrees, or 4 hours west of Greenwich, 3½ degrees East of Halifax. atercolonial or

here

75 degrees, or 5 hours West of Greenwich, between New York and Philadel, his. 90 degrees, or 6 hours West of Greenwich between St. Louis nd New Orle Mountain or

105 degrees, o 7 hours West of Greenwich, passing near Denver, Colorado.

120 degrees, or 8 hours West of Greenwich, 1½ degrees from Sacramento, and in-cluding V.no.uver and most of British Columbia.

"It must here be observed that there should really be no such thing as Railway

clock there long ago had the matter been came to this decision were, James Skiffing-

properly urged. Another request is to have the Amerigation, but there may be times when ves- Keen, and Phillip McCormack sels in moving out may come nearer to it than is desirable. The peculiar torm of the rock would make its removal a costly matter, but the placing of suitable buoys would involve a very

small expense. A third and more important request is

that something be done with a view to retused to perform his merciful work the deepening the north-east entrance to the body would probably have lain for some days longer, in addition to the three weeks it was upon the floor of that deserted house harbor, so th t the largest class of vessels can come in at any time of tide. Mr. the prey of dogs, and then after added Cruikshank recently went to the expense of scandal, the city would have been com-pelled to step in. This scandal was avoided, having an expert from the United States come here to see what could be done, and his opinion is that it would be a very but only because Snow voluntarily put the bones beaeath the ground, without the simple matter with the right kind of slightest hope of even one cent of pecuniary dredge. The presence of a stranger for such a purpose gave one reward.

loyal citizen the idea that some American residents had imported a spy to find out all about our harbor in view of war over the enezuelan question. Mr. Cruikshank has by voice and pen at home and abroad, been for years giving his attention to the harbor of St. John, and the valuable pamphlet prepared through his efforts a tew years ago has done, much to give strangers a more correct impression than they had of both the harbor and the Bay of Fundy.

inclined to listen but doubt, however, when they are entertained with fairy stories of bears-slaughtered, others captured and the tempted.

The Days for Hunters Yarns. These are the days for hunting parties and many of them are in the woods every day. When a company of genial fellows remain away a week or ten days in a section amed for big game their friends are naturally upon the tip tor of expectation in re-gard to the results of their trip. They are inclined to listen but doubt, however, when