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Russel and Webster, British Counsel, Argued Not in Vain.

BRITAIN AND GANADA WILL WIN

The Behring Sea Tribunal of Arbitration's Deceision.

Every Argument of the British Counsel Approved by the Court-Only One American Contention Admitted -Jones and Harland Strongly Uurged It-The Verdict will be Known Soon.

London, Aug. 2.-A dispatch from Paris to the Pall Mall Gazette says the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration has made good progress, and it is expected a decision will be rendered in a fortnight. The dispatch adds that every point at issue has been adjusted, and that the decision will give entire satisfaction to Great Britain and Canada. In every instance the claims advanced by Sir Chas. The heavy gold imports, the belief that Russell and Sir Richard Webber, counsel for Great Britain, are held to be good. The decision will be unanimous on all points save one, which Justice \$4.80 1-2 contributed to the buoyant John M. Harland and Senator John T. Morgan, American arbitrators, held out for in the American claim. The tribunal is now discussing the question of regulations to govern the seal fisheries.

FRANCE AND SIAM.

Blockade of the Ports Raised To-Day by the French.

Paris, Aug. 2 .-- A semi-official note says: "The various interviews between M. de Velle and Lord Dufferin in the last few days referred exclusively to the upper Mekong question, which has peen pending between France and Great Britain for years, and which was brought into prominence by the Franco-Surnese conflict. Decision in the matter was postponed until Siam unreservedly accepted the French altimatum. Acceptance having been made, France has not nesitated to adhere to the principle of a neutral zone, to be established by means mutual sacrifices between the passessions of the two powers in the regions of the upper Mekong. The delimitation of the zone is reserved for a future

Child of Missant new United State sate. Behind this refusal Satolli is so de to see a determination on the page to kok on the steamer Oceanic.

Activities and the steamer of the steamer parliamentary secretary of foreign affairs, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that the French blockade of Bangkok had been raised to-

Mrs. Maybrick's Property. Richmond, Va., Aug. 2.-The bill in the suit of the Countess Caroline van Rouques of Rouen, France, against David M. Armstrong, of Louisville, Ky., her former attorney, and others, was filed in the chancery court here yester-This action is brought to have annulled a deed made by the countess and her daughter, Mrs. Florence R. Maybrick, conveying to T. Groom 2,500 acres of land in Virginia and Nantucket. The her daughter signed the deed on the eighth day of the latter's trial in London on the charge of poisoning her husdon, while both were in a state of great distress and misery, on the understanding that it conveyed only a part of the property and that the purchase price was stemarket to-day business was firmer \$20,000, of which they were to receive half, the remainder to go to Mr. Armeleight pounds. Woodalls of Liverpool, in strong. She declares that Groom was used as a tool and that the lands were conveyed to other parties for sums aggregating about \$75,000. The original leed, she says, has never been recorded n the states mentioned.

Adventures of Job the Second.

New York, Aug. 2.—Job. Wilson, eldest son of the late Jacob Wilson, a wealthy and well known real estate dealer of this city, is expected to arrive in the city today from the Pacific coast, his coming being for the purpose of bringing suit to recover a share of his father's estates. The trial of the suit promises to be full of romance and sensation. Young Wilconspiracy with her friends to deprive him of the property valued at \$60,000. This being successfully accomplished, she trumped up sufficient evidence to obtain a divorce and while suit was pending had him "shanghaied" while intoxicated and taken aboard the ship. Creemore bound for Australia, in December, 1889. There he landed without a penny in 1890. Finally he drifted to the Pacific coast where he found friends to help him recover his rights. Wilson has been living in San Francisco for some time in destitute circumstances.

SILVER CONVENTION.

No Alarmist Appeal to be Made—Double

Standard Must be Maintained. Chicago, Aug. 2.—The national silver convention was slow in getting down to business this morning, owing to the fact that the committees appointed yesterday were still engaged upon the tasks assigned to them. In the meantime addresses were delivered by several of the delegates. The attendance upon the convention has been considerably increased since vesterday by the arrival of the delayed silver men from Arizona and several points in the southwest. delegates are remarkably pleased over the vigorous manifestation of sentiment at last night's mass meeting in Cen- that the American Linen Co. will close

This evening there will be another pect to make it a big one. Prominent | per cent.

Knights of Labor have charge of the hrrangement, and have obtained permission to erect a temporary platform, a on very rarely granted by the

There is among the delegates a strong feeling adverse to any alarmist appeal to the country, the ground being taken that the more moderate the language in which the element sets forth its case the more support it is likely to win. Advices received from Washington by representative delegates confirm them in the opinion that if the Sherman law is to be repealed its place must be taken Unnecessary Officials and Comwith a substitute that will be satisfac-

tory to the silver people.

The feeling is unanimous that double standard of this country must be maintained, and that the silver men in congress will be able to maintain unbroken front against the repeal of the Sherman law unless accompanied by some measure that will bring relief to the western silver regions. A large number of the delegates will go from the convention to labor with undecided

members of congress.

New York, Aug. 2.-There was sharp advance in prices at the Stock Exchange to-day at the opening, Manhattan jumped from 4 to 110, and the general list moved up 1-2 to 2 per cent. the national banks will continue to take out new circulation, and a reduction in the posted rate for 60-days' bills to

The stock market continued strong af ter opening, purchases having been stimulated by a reported engagement of £200,000 in London for shipment to this side. The feeling in regard to the nature of the money market has improved materially. The shorts were considerably alarmed by the effective support given to the market by the bulls, and made haste to cover. The rise was then 1-2 and 4 1-2 per cent., and the dealings were attended with much animation.

Corrigan's Rebellion. Minneapolis, Aug. 1.—The Journal prints to-day a sensational article on recent developments in American Catholic politics, which it declares comes from the highest authority. Mgr. Satolli, the Papal ablegate, left last night for Washinten after having spent several weeks in the northwest and the Journal declares that the rebellion of Archbishop Cor-The head and front of the offending of the Archbishop of New York, has been his refusal to reinstate Dr. Burtsell in his original parish or one just as good in spite of the fact that he had been admonished to do so by the able

resolve on Archbisi Corrigan's par to resign from the Archdiocese, The Journal says that Mgr. Satolli, after consultation with his close friend, Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, the leader of the Liberal wing of the American Catholic church, has determined to go to Rome soon and lay the matter before the Pope.

Secretly Stole Away. New York, Aug. 2.-The Morning Advertiser publishes this morning the fol-"It was stated last night in lowing: well-informed quarters that Archbishop Corrigan had left the city secretly for Rome, whither he was summoned some time ago by the pope. Corrigan, it is said, has not gone by any steamship countess alleges in her bill that she and from this port, but has taken a northern course and will cross the Atlantic from It is believed he will sail or has sailed from Quebec."

> Canadian Cattle and Apples. London, Aug. 1.—At the Deptford catdiscussing the outlook of the apple trade for the coming season says the prospect cannot be considered brilliant. The English supply is probably ample to meet the demand during the early part of the season and tons will be wanted from Canada before good, well-matured winter stock can be shipped.

McLaughlan's Funeral.

World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, Aug. 1.—Simple and solemn religious services were held this morning in the New York state building in memory of the late exofficer of the board of managers. The American flag over the porch was son charges that his wife entered into a draped, black cloth was twined around the pillars, and the flags on all the state buildings were at half mast. In the banquet hall, where the services were held, the floral offerings attested the esteem in which the Senator was held. Eight commissioner represented the boards of all the states, and many personal friends and acquaintances were present. The services were conducted by Rev. S. J. McPherson, a friend of the deceased, who read from the Scriptures, led in prayer and delivered a touching speech eulogistic of the Senator. The musical part of the service was rendered by the Iowa State band and two of the Schubert quartette.

Closing the Mills.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. 1.-The direc tors of the Seaconnet Mills held a meeting to-day and voted to close next Saturday night until September, or until the cloth market shows signs of improvevoted to shut down Monday for an indefinite period. The directors of the Wampanoag Mills voted to close next week and every alternate week until the market improves. The Anawan, Metacomet, Weetamoe and Fall River factories will shut their doors next week for an indefinite period, and it is expected its mills next Monday or later in the

REDUCING EXPENSES desert from which they were taken. The devastation of the yellow fever in the

Radical Economies Practiced by World's Fair Directors.

SOON BE WORKING AT BED ROCK

mittees Lopped Away.

Russian Day at the Fair-Chinese Who Reached Chicago on Certificates-Whereabouts of the Others Unknown

World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, Aug. 3.-Pruning down expenses continues in active operation at the World's Fair. each day the number of employees is becoming smaller, and it is believed that by the last week of the allotted time the white city will be working on a "bedrock" basis financially. It has been decided to reduce the secret service force, the number of gatemen and ticket sellers, the Columbian guard, and to materially lessen the number of passes. Before the close of the week the committee on ceremonies will be abolished. There is talk that the foreign affairs department may also be done away with, and that the duties now performed by that department will be placed in control of the director-general. In this way the management hopes to save from half to three-quarters of a million dollars during the next three months. It is said on the authority of Lyman J. Gage, member of the finance committee, that the payment of bonds will begin very soon, probably within ten days, and that of itself shows that the finances are down to an economical basis. Expenses, he says, are about \$15,000 a day, which is as close as could be expected in a plant of such magnitude. Of course the attendance will determine the final outcome of the fair financially, but with conservative management bonds ought to be paid out with a possible surplus besides.

THE FAIR'S INDEBTEDNESS.

Statement by President Higginbotham

on the Financial Question. Chicago, Aug. 3.-The council of administration and the national commission, realizing that the fair is half over. have been convinced that heroic measures must be adopted to induce people to come in crowds large enough to make condition of the exposition President Higginbotham has given out the following statement:

this is an impossibility. However, we are now taking our bearings and will be other parties to the concession. ready with the statement this week. When the fair opened there was a great floating indebtedness. Since May 1 we have been compelled to construct several buildings. Now, when we can say, with the best half of the exposition season before us, that we are out of debt. we are doing well. It may be we still owe a little more than we have money to pay, but the liability is of little consequence. Inside of five days we will have all the funds necessary to pay every cent we owe. The assertion that \$1,000,000 will not put us even is false; we owe no such amount or anything

To-day the National Union, numbering 15,000 members throughout the United States, will hold a celebration at the

World's Fair Chinese.

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—A telegram from Chicago announces that out of the 505 Chinese landed on World's Fair certificates as they are called, only 80 are at the World's Fair, Chicago, to-day, and there is no telling when they will scatter out of that city and settle where they please. Six months ago Chun Pak Kwai, A San Francisco Chinaman, and Senator Donald McLaughlin, executive Chou Ball, his partner in China, arranged to bring the Chinese to this port. They brought them over and the customs officers now say that no less that \$300 each, or the sum of \$150,000, was paid by those landed to Kwai.

> Argentina's Troubles. Buenos Ayres, Aug. 3.—News was received to-night that General Rawson repulsed the forces at La Plata commanded by General Coasta, but details of the engagement are not given. It is reported that 100 were killed and 300 wounded during the fighting in and around Rosario and the province of Santa Fe. The vice-governor of that province has assumed control and displaced Governor Cofferat. In the province of San Luis political prisoners have been released by Radicals, who deposed the governor.

Cholera From France. London, Aug. 3.-The barque Elizabeth Macneil, from Cherbourge, arrived at Gravesend with cholera on board. A seaman on the vessel was attacked ment. The directors of the Flint Mill with the disease and was removed to

the hospital. An American Jeremiah. Atchison, Kan., Aug. 3.-Speaking today on the financial question, ex-Senator Ingalls said: "This day is balmy and will be a redistribution of the assets

south was not near so disastrous as the situation in Colorado produced by the closing of the mines. Thousands of people are walking the streets of Denver with no place to lay their heads. On every street corner in Denver goes up the piteous cry for bread. In Wall street the cry goes up for gold, When these two panicky conditions come together in the great Mississippi valley

chaos and anarchy will follow. Leon Trlumphs Over Granada. San Juan del Sur, Aug. 3.-Under the reaty signed by representatives of the eon and Granada parties, the Leon party will assume complete control of the government of Nicaragua, and the term of General Zavala, who was elect--Senator Ingalls Prophesies Bad ed provisional president by the Granada party, has come to an early close. The treaty signed by representatives of the atants in the war which has just I provides that the junta government organized by the Leons shall be recognized as a national government. Thus the Leons have again triumphed over the hated Granadinos and more control the government. The most mportant feature of the treaty is one

> San Jose de Guatemala, Aug. 3 .- There are grave apprehensions of a general war in Central America. Two persons, believed to be agents of San Salvador, and implicated in a plot to assassinate President Barrios of Guatemala, have been shot. It is rumored that these agents made a confession.

constituent asembly are to be chosen by

MUCH REGRETTED.

Death of John James Brown-An Unruly

Sailor Punished. Montreal, Aug. 3.—The mutinous sailor, Charles Meekin, was tried before Judge Dugus this morning on the charge of committing an aggravated assault upon James Fairweather, captain of the steamer State of Alabama, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment, A citizen of Montreal who had rank among the first of the city's professional men, an architect, to the memory of whose genius many model metropolitan buildings stand as monuments, John James Brown, died at his home at 4:10 this morning. Death resulted from an accident caused by a runaway in No-

National Nicaragua Canal Co. Chicago, Aug. 3.—The members of the executive committee of the National Niccaragua Ship Canal association are gathering here to-day in response to a call bill provides that stock eo the value of four million shall be issued to Nicaragua, one and a half millions to Costa Rica, "It is impossible to give any exact fig-Company in payment for concessions, and that the American Company shall Fair. Few people realize how great an return to the Maritime Canal Company institution this is, and many think we all the money it has expended with inshould be able to stop at any moment terest. Fifteen directors are provided and tell exactly how we stand. 'To do for, nine to be named by the president

> Russian Day at the Fair. Chicago, Aug. 3.—The subjects of the Czar of all the Russias had a celebration at the White House to-day in honor of Empress Marie. It was called "Name Day," which Russians hold as of more importance than her birthday, and look forward to it, promising themselves a merry time. The Empress Marie, who was before her marriage Princess Dagmar of Denmark, is very popular in Russia. She attends all public functions and does more mixing with the "common" people than any other member of the royal family. She has established a number of free schools and has many young men attending college at her expense. She takes particular interest, too, in the education of young women. These things endear her to her subjects and this is why her "Name Day," was chosen for the official celebration at the Fair. The celebration began with religious ceremonies in the Russian church on West Madison street, at which Archbishop Nicholas presided. These were followed by a concert in Festival Hall at Jackson Park. The Russian band furnished music, under the leadership of Conductor

Glawatch. The entire Exposition orchestra participated in the orchestra numbers, and supported in the choral selections on the programme the chorus of Russian singers who are residents of Chicago. The celebration of Russian Day concluded with a dinner given to members of the Russian jury of award and to the presidents and vice-presidents of foreign juries of awards, at the Lex-

Busy Silver Men. Chicago, Aug. 3.—The general commit-

ington Hotel.

tee elected by the silver convention met to-day at the Palmer House and effected permanent organization by electing Genand H. E. Taubeneck of Illinois were made honorary members of the committee. The committee on ways and means was elected, consisting of Gen. A. J. Warner of Ohio; Hon. Dennis Sheedy, Colorado; C. B. Matthews, New York; W. A. Clark, Montana; C. E. Allen, Utah; J. L. Johnson, Virginia; and Geo. V. Bryan, Idaho. The following committee on propaganda were appointed:-Hon. J. S. Dougherty, Texas; Col. A. C. Fiske, Colorado; Ignatius Donnelly, Minnesota; I. T. Dean, New York; E. D. Stark, Ohio, and Governor R. F. Kolb, sunshiny in comparison with the storms Alabama. Addresses were delivered by just ahead of us, and the ultimate result | Congressman Bryan of Idaho and other | redeemable in other promises to pay, is | France, is understood to have received of the country. The millionaire of to-day will occupy the pauper hut and the pauper will ride in the chariot of the This evening there will be another week. The Troy and Richard Borden day will occupy the pauper hut and the getter with mambers of the sub-committed and the province of Another week. The Troy and Richard Borden day will occupy the pauper hut and the pauper hut states and added to the great American Congress.

BALFOUR'S OPINION

Important Meeting of Influential Men in London To-Day.

RT. HON. A. J. ON FINANCE AND TRADE

Condemns Isolated Action by Individual States.

Believes There Should be an Interna tional Money Standard-A European War Not an Unmixed Evil-Vote of Thanks for His Address-Fatal Explosion ou a German Warship.

Loudon, Aug. 3.-A meeting was held o-day at the Mansion house to consider the financial and business situation Lord Mayor Sir Stuart Knill presided The gathering was largely attended. Among those present were right Hon. A. J. Balfour, Right Hon. Henry Chaseproviding that an election shall be held lin, formerly president of the board of on Sept. 15th, at which members of the agriculture; Right Hon. Sir John Lubbock, of Robar, Lubbock & Co., bankers; Hon. Thos. F. Bayard, American mbassador to Great Britain; Dr. Daniel Horton and most of the leading bankers of London. Mr. Balfour made an address. He disclaimed political motives for being present, and referred to the anxiety felt throughout the world in connection with the currency changes in India and the action that might be taken by the United States government. The gold standard, Mr. Balfour declared. would never satisfy commercial wants, while a double standard alone could prevent dangerous oscillations in trade. He ondemned isolated action on the part of individual states and recommended an international agreement fixing the ratio of value between gold and silver. the course of his address Mr. Balfour denied that advocates of bi-metallism imed at the inflation of currency. This might be true, he said, of some bi-metallists connected with the western league of America, but it did not apply to the bi-metallists of Europe, who believe the adoption of bi-metallism would prove the safest commercial policy. In the event of a European war the debt standard would, according to Mr. Balfour, be found very advantageous. The meeting adopted a vote of thanks to Mr. Balfour for

his address. Terrible Fatal Explosion. Berlin, Aug. 3 .- A disastrous explosion ook place on board the German armorclad steamer Baden, at Kiel. Olsener and Zembsch and seven seamer to come in crowds large enough to make the enterprise a financial success. Amfrom the president, ex-Congressman Geo.

L. Converse, for the purpose of considering the magazine a grenade other bodies and they declare that no other bodies and they declare that no other bodies are the purpose of considering the bill to be presented to the experimental properties. government ownership of the canal. This Through some cause not yet explained he had heard that the arbitrators had ar the grenade exploded, killing or wound-

ing nearly every person in the immediate neighborhood. The Baden is a vessel of 5000 tons. She was launched in 1880, mounts eight large guns and has armor ten inches thick at the water line.

Certified by Reputable Witnesser. New York, Aug. 3.—There was a great throng of worshippers to-day at the sacred relic of St. Anne in the French Canadian church of St. Jean Baptiste on East 76th street, word having been received that the holy pontiff would grant the indulgence of portnuncle to all visiting the church on this day. This is regarded as a noteworthy action on the part of the pope, the indulgence having usually been confined to Franciscan churches. The relic is alleged to be a piece of the body of St.Anne, grandmother of Jesus Christ, and its genuineness is certified to by Archbishop Corrigan of NewYork and Cardinal Tascher-

eau of Canada. Bayard's Generosity. London, Aug. 3 .- The miners' relief ommittee, which has charge of the disosition of the funds collected for the amilies of the 139 miners who lost their lives in the recent colliery disaster at Thornhill, near Dewsbury, in Yorkshire, has passed a special address of thanks to Hon. T. F. Bayard, United States ambassador to Great Britain, for his letter of sympathy and the cheque for \$25 with which it was accompanied. It is said that this is the first time that a minister from a foreign country has made a contribution towards a miners' relief

SILVER CONVENTION.

Thurman of Ohio and Powderly of the

K. of L. Speak. Chicago, Aug. 2.—In the course of his address yesterday Mayor Carter Harrison of this city said: "I welcome you warmly because I believe you have the good of the country at heart. Some of you may be rather wild. It is said you are silver lunatics. I look down upon you and am rather glad to welcome such lunatics. It is crazy men that march

the world over and make progress a possibility. They said that though you believe in bi-metallism you are crazy. If the action of 1873 should be blotted from the annals of American political A. J. Warner of Ohio president, and action, I believe silver would be worth Geo. F. Washburn of Boston general 139 cents an ounce. Be wise in your secretary. Col. A. C. Fisk of Colorado deliberations, but fearless. Congress is about to meet. Give the benefit of your deliberations to congress and tell Grover Cleveland what the people of the United States want." Allen W. Thurman of Ohio, in assum-

ing the permanent chairmanship, to which he had been elected, said: "Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention-The fight between those who believe that the controlling medium of this country should be hard money, that is, real money, gold and silver, and paper redeemable in the same, and those who believe in the use of soft money, that is, paper promises to pay money, silver advocates, and it was decided that on. The late demand in the east to assurances that the blockade will be imought to make this perfectly apparent to turn to England soon.

every thinking man, for should the Sherman law be repealed without substituting anything in lieu thereof, it means final destruction of silver money as a measure of value, and no man can tell when it will ever be restored again to its former place.

"I am against unredeemable currency in every way, but, however, if it is to be decreed that we must have fiat money, if our circulation is to be based upon fiat alone, then I am in favor of its be ing issued by the government, and not by individuals, because I have more faith in all the people than I have in any particular class of people. But there is no need of flat money, for while it is true that there is not a sufficient amount of gold, yet there is enough real moneygold and silver—upon which our curricy can safely rest, and if the people of this country are only true to the principles of hard money, which were taught them by their fathers, those who seek to now issue fiat money will be doomed to disappointment, for when the people of this country come to the full mport of this demand to destroy silver they will in no uncertain sound let the people know they are for hard money, against paper money still."
When Mr. Thurman concluded his ad-

dress calls of "Powderly" brought him to the platform. After a proposition from an excitable delegate from Nebraska that a committee be appointed to draft a memorial to congress and an address to the people of the United States had been overwhelmingly sat upon, Mr. Powderly said that he was present to represent hundreds of his brethren who could not come themselves. Seventy-five thousand Knights of Labor were standing on the brink of ruin. Ten thousand alone were idle, and 5,000 more in the east would feel bitterly the effort to monetize silver, for the existing danger was not confined to any particular section. The country should be able make its own currency without any dictation from across the water. If there had been any time in history when it was necessary to be deliberate the time

was at hand. Every Knight of Labor

throughout the country who was true

to his constitution, and they all were,

was in favor of free and unlimited coin-

age of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Tupper's Talk. Paris, Aug. 2.—The representative in this city of the United Press had an interview to-day with Hon. C. H. Tupper, Canadian minister of marine, and British agent to the Behring Sea Tribunal of Arbitration, in regard to the alleged decision of the Tribunal of Arbitration. When informed of the statements that had appeared in the London Pall Mall Gazette, Mr. Tupper laughed and said: "You are authorized to say that all forecasts of the tribunal's decision are mere surmises. The arbitrators are sitting in

the strictest secrecy; nobody is allowed to approach them; no protocol has ever been drawn? Mr. Tupper added that rived at a decision in regard to half the points presented; but that they themselves did not know when their work

would terminate. British House of Commons. London, Aug. 1.-In the House of Commons Mr. Howard Vincent, Conservative member for the central division of Sheffield, asked if the commissioner of works and public buildings had considered the bearing of the recent scenes in the House of Commons on the overcrowded bench-

es It was impossible, Mr. Vincent said, for members to find accommodations among their own party and he desired to be informed as to whether plans were being prepared to remedy the evil. Rt. Hon. G. Shaw Lefevre, first commissioner of H. M. works and public buildings, said in reply that he refused to associate the disorders with the accommodations. The House usually was not crowd-At the same time, if the members so desired, the government would appoint a committee for enlarging the area of the

NO FAULT TO FIND.

Unprecedented Admission by the Leaders of the Tories.

London, Aug. 2.-Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, leader of the Conservatives in the House of Commons, to-day assured the government that the opposition did not intend to embarrass the negotiations in regard to Siam. On the contrary, the political opponents of the government generally admitted that little fault could be found with the action of the ministers in the Siamese trouble.

Henry Labouchere, the well known Radical who represents Northampton, complimented Lord Rosebery, the foreign minister, upon his statesmanlike attitude throughout the whole Siamese affair, and expressed the hope that Lord Rosebery would follow the same course in regard to Egypt, so as to remove a natural source of irritation in France.

Sir W. Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, said that he had recognized the moderation in the tone of the leaders of the opposition during the de-bate. He thought that the subject had been sufficiently discussed, and that it ought now to be dropped.

Advices from Bangkok show that no understanding has been reached regarding the delimitation of the territory claimed by France, or at least, that no knowledge to that effect has reached the Siamese capital, neither is it known at Bangkok that the blockade is to be at once raised; on the contrary, dispatches from Bangkok, fully support the reports current last night that much uneasiness as to the final outcome of the trouble is felt in Bangkok and that the anxiety is increasing daily. It is feared an attack will shortly be made on Bangkok, unless the French government sends orders to Vice Admiral Humann not to attack the

Despite alarming telegrams from Bangkok, the opinion here and in the best informed quarters in Paris, is that the whole question will be settled peacefully. Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador to