

time from the middle of September till the ground is frozen hard.

Hyacinths should be planted eight inches apart each way, and from three to four inches deep; tulips that are large and late the same, and the early tulips that are smaller should be a little closer and a little less deep.

Crocuses may be planted in masses, and only require to be three inches apart and two inches deep; snowdrops and other small bulbs the same, while the narcissus family need rather deep planting.

In the kitchen garden, if ripe, onions must be gathered and left to dry on boards or in a shed, and all the vegetables that are hardy make good growth after cool weather sets in.

Celery can be hoed and earthed up, taking each plant separately and handling it; that is, grasping the plant with the left hand, holding it close, so that no earth gets into the heart, and drawing the soil around each plant separately with a spade.

Beans must be garnered and shelled, and if not suitable for use will be good to plant another season.

Herbs should be cut when in flower and dried in paper bags in a dry loft, and everything secured that is likely to suffer from frost.