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The Toronto World

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PROBS— Fresh to strong northerly winds; fair and

TWELVE PAGES—MONDAY MORNING AUGUST 24, 1914—TWELVE PAGES

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RUSSIANS WIN A DECISIVE VICTORY

BATTLE RAGES FROM MONS TO LUXEMBURG, 100 MILES

JAPANESE NAVY AND ARMY DIVISION TO ATTACK KIAOCHAU—SEE PAGE 3

GERMAN MINES WRECK FOUR NEUTRAL VESSELS BRITAIN GIVES WARNING

Danish and Dutch Ships Reported by British Admiralty To Be Victims of Mines Scattered Indiscriminately Upon Trade Routes—No Mines Laid by Britain Yet.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 23, 3.10 a.m.—The British official news bureau makes the following announcement: "The admiralty draws attention to its previous warning to neutrals of the danger of traversing the North Sea. The Germans are continuing their practice of scattering mines indiscriminately upon the ordinary trade routes. These mines do not conform to the conditions of The Hague convention. They are not to become harmless after a certain number of hours, they are not laid in accordance with any definite military scheme such as the closing of a military port, or as a distinct operation against a fighting fleet, but appear to be scattered on the chance of catching individual British war or merchant vessels.

Neutral Ships Destroyed
"In consequence of this policy, neutral ships, whatever their destination, are exposed to the gravest danger. Two Danish vessels, the steamer Maryland and the steamer Broberg have, within the last 24 hours, been destroyed by these deadly engines in the North Sea, while traveling on the ordinary trade routes, and a considerable distance from the British coast. "In addition to this, it is reported that two Dutch steamers clearing from Swedish ports were yesterday blown up by German mines in the Gulf of Finland.

Timely Warning
"In the circumstances, the admiralty desires to impress not only on British but on neutral shipping, the vital importance of touching at British ports before entering the North Sea, to ascertain, according to the latest information, the route and channels which the admiralty is keeping swept, and along which these dangers to neutrals and merchantmen are being removed as far as possible. "The admiralty, while reserving to itself liberty of action against this new form of warfare, announces that it has not so far laid any mines during the present war, and is endeavoring to keep the sea routes open for peaceful commerce."

Ahead of the Procession.
Twenty-fourth of August and one week away from the "Fair." That means early fall is with us and that white ducks and straw hats have been shelved. The Dineen store makes a specialty of the arrival of Stetson's new fall hats. The stock is remarkably complete in block and color. High crown soft hats with contrast bands are quite new, and they are likely to have a very big sale. Stetson's \$4 and \$5. You have a wide choice at Dineen's in new hats made by Henry Heath and in hats of London, Eng., and by other great English makers. There is a complete assortment now on hand, and if you require a new hat—and who does not?—visit Dineen's, 140 Yonge street.

RUSSIANS 30 MILES IN GERMANY

Canadian Press Despatch. PARIS, Aug. 23.—A despatch to the Havas Agency from Vilna, Russia, says an announcement from an authorized source sets forth that the Russians, after their victory at Gumbinnen, successfully pursued the Germans and occupied Insierberg, Germany, 30 miles from the Russian frontier, in the direction of Koenigsberg.

German and Austrian Goods Are Boycotted By People of Britain

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, August 23.—A bitter commercial war against Germany and Austria has been inaugurated in England. It has the loyal support of the press and the public. The London Chamber of Commerce committee held a private meeting today to discuss this anti-German trade campaign. It calls the attention of manufacturers to the following lines which Germans sell heavily in England: Electrical appliances and apparatus, iron and steel, wire, stone and earthenware, chinaware, cutlery, hollow ware, cotton hosiery, woolen and worsted piece goods, cotton prints, furniture, leather, gloves and boots and shoes. It is estimated that \$12,000,000 worth of German dynamos and motors are sold annually in British territory. Patents Suspended. The board of trade has arranged for the suspension of German and Austrian patents in England, wherever manufacturers can make use of them in the public interest. All English chambers of commerce have been advised of this opportunity and urged by the London chamber to interest manufacturers in cornering German business, especially in hosiery. Germany shipped over \$17,000,000 worth of stockings and socks to England last year, as well as much underwear. Furthermore, Germany has enjoyed an extensive Canadian trade in women's suits and cotton goods. The English papers are making an especial attack on the German manufacturers of Christmas cards and toys. All parents are being urged not to buy their children playthings made by the enemies of the empire.

TWO BATHERS DROWN WHILE BEACHES CROWD LOOKS ON EARLSCOURT BABY DROWNED

Heavy Undertow at Balm Beach Sucks Bertram G. Dye and Leslie P. Ede Into Deep Water—Impossible to Launch Rescue Boat—Bobbie Patience Drowned in Rain Barrel.

Within a space of ten minutes two young men bathers lost their lives in the lake waters at the foot of Beech avenue, Balm Beach, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The first victim was Bertram G. Dye, 31, 7 Park avenue, superintendent of the Tait Electric Garage, Church street, who, while bathing in five feet of water, was suddenly swept out by the heavy undertow of water which was running all afternoon. While beachers were making futile efforts to launch a boat to rescue Dye, 19-year-old Leslie P. Ede, 19 McLean avenue, was swept out into the heavy surf. Neither body was recovered until an hour later, when both were washed up on the beach. A third bather, Paul Pillner, 2 Scarborough road, got out beyond his depth. He was rescued by a neighbor, who came out, ten minutes later, she discovered the little tot hanging head down in the rain barrel. Drowned in Rain Barrel. Robert McKenzie Patience, eighteen-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Patience, was drowned in a rain water barrel on Saturday morning in the back yard of Mr. Morion's residence, at 244 Cedar avenue, Oakwood. Mrs. Morton has been ill for some time, and shortly before noon Mrs. Patience, who lives at 250 Cedar avenue, called to assist her, leaving the little boy playing outside. When his mother came out, ten minutes later, she discovered the little tot hanging head down in the rain barrel. Barrel Uncovered. The barrel is about one foot above the level of the ground, and was almost full of rain water, the top being uncovered. Mr. Bailey, a neighbor, worked over the body for about half an hour, until the arrival of Drs. Tandy and Prentice, who brought a palanquin with them from the Toronto Electric Company's premises at Wychwood, but all their efforts were unavailing. Robert McKenzie was the only child of his parents, who are natives of Inverness, Scotland and have been in Canada four years. No inquest will be held.

RUSSIAN ARMY ADVANCES SLOWLY BUT STEADILY TOWARDS BERLIN; ALLIES ATTACK GERMAN FORCES

\$100,000,000 FOR BELGIUM

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 23.—A despatch to the Havas Agency from Paris says that France and Great Britain have agreed to advance Belgium \$100,000,000 francs (\$100,000,000) to enable her to face the necessities arising from the war. France and Great Britain will each provide one-half of this sum.

SERVIANS ROUT ARMY OF 200,000 AUSTRIANS

OFFICIAL COMMUNICATION SHOWS THAT SERVIAN VICTORY ON DRINA WAS COMPLETE—AUSTRIANS, AFTER GREAT LOSSES, FLED IN DISORDER—TWO COMMANDERS KILLED

Canadian Press Despatch. NISH, Serbia, Aug. 23, via London.—The following official communication was made public here today: "After the great Serbian victory the Austrians fled in complete disorder before the Serbian pursuit. "The 91st, the 102nd, the 110th and 28th Austrian regiments were completely routed. The commander-in-chief of the 21st division of Austrian infantry was killed, as was also the commander of the 28th regiment. "Seventeen Austrian river craft have been sunk by the Serbian artillery. "The details of the great battle of Aug. 20 are only now becoming known. The Austrian forces were composed of nine divisions and numbered nearly 200,000 men. The Serbians were much inferior in numbers, but showed greater heroism. Their handling of their artillery, their superior marching and endurance, their discipline and the accuracy of their fire insured them the victory. "During their flight the enemy committed atrocities in the Villages of Bobritsch, Bogossavatz and Aarehatz, slaying women and children."

PRINCESS PRESENTED COLORS TO REGIMENT

Inspiring Addresses Made by Duke of Connaught, Princess Patricia and Col. Farquhar, Commander of New Regiment—Ceremony at Ottawa Viewed by Ten Thousand Spectators.

Canadian Press Despatch. OTTAWA, Aug. 23.—Her Royal Highness Princess Patricia this morning presented camp colors to the Princess Patricia Canadian Light Infantry at church parade at the mobilization ground of the regiment, Lansdowne Park. A crowd of over ten thousand occupied the huge grand stand at the park, while the corps stood in front during the service and presentation ceremonies. His royal highness the governor-general was present and addressed the men as did the princess. "It affords me great pleasure," said his royal highness, "to be present and to think that the first parade of the battalion is a church parade." He said he hoped that his presence on parade and the fact that the name of his daughter was associated with the regiment would show the interest he took in it and would serve as an additional incentive, if incentive were needed, to put the battalion on its mettle. He knew that the words, "Duty, discipline and mercy," were strongly engrained in all British soldiers and the manner in which the battalion has been shaken together in little over a week showed that these principles were strongly marked in the Princess Patricia Infantry. In conclusion, he wished the battalion the best of luck, a distinguished career and a successful campaign. "I have great pleasure in presenting you with these colors, which I have worked myself," said H.R.H. Princess Patricia. "I hope it will be associated with the history of what I feel will be a distinguished corps. I shall follow the fortunes of you all with intense interest, and wish every man good luck and a safe return." Colonel Farquhar's Appreciation. On receiving the colors, Colonel Farquhar, the commander of the regiment, said: "In the name of every officer, non-commissioned officer and man, may I express the great gratification we feel at your royal highness's presence here. The fact that you should have attended the first parade of the battalion, and that you should have been accompanied by their Royal Highnesses the Duchess and Princess Patricia, gives us that touch of honest pride and confidence which does so much to make up the esprit de corps that you are working them for. We should like to thank you for allowing your daughter's name to be associated with the regiment. Our especial thanks are due to the princess herself, not only for presenting us with our camp colors but for working them herself, a distinction, as far as I know, that is held by no other battalion in the service. We can only express our determination to bring back the colors with some little credit attached to it. "Your Royal Highness, we hope to start for England very soon. After we get to Belgium, some rumors may reach Canada of actions being fought on the continent. In these circumstances we should be both heartened and strengthened to feel that your royal highness's thoughts may sometimes turn toward us, and that we may be remembered, not only in your thoughts but in your prayers."

Grand Duke Nicholas Issues Statement Showing That Russians Won Decisive Victory, After Refusing Armistice, and Are Pursuing Germans—Long Expected Battle Commenced Saturday Between Mons and Luxembourg and Also Between Charleroi and Namur—German Offensive Operations Checked—Germans Who Threatened Ghent and Ostend Pass on to Waterloo and Towards French Frontier.

Canadian Press Despatch. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian army, today issued the following statement:

"Battles in east Prussia on Aug. 17, 18, 19 and 20 were fought with the utmost desperation. The spirit of the troops is excellent. Our battle front extends for a distance of over 40 versts (about twenty-six miles). "The Russian troops occupied Moldapp and Ayres. The retreat on Aug. 20 of the German army corps near Lyck resembled a rout. The enemy's troops are evacuating the frontier in the vicinity of Wilenberg. The German population is abandoning the villages and fleeing northward. "On the Austrian frontier up to Aug. 20 no collision occurred. The Russians forced an Austrian battalion to evacuate Burgade and Ravarus. "On Aug. 20 the Germans near Gumbinnen engaged three army corps and tried to envelop the Russian right wing, where the fighting was intensely fierce. The Russians took the offensive in the centre and captured many guns. The enemy asked for an armistice to bury their dead, but were refused. On Aug. 21 victory crowned the efforts of the Russian army. The Germans, having suffered enormous losses, are falling back, pursued by the Russians."

BATTLE RAGING BETWEEN NAMUR AND CHARLEROI

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Aug. 23.—(1.50 a.m.)—An official despatch to the Reuter's Telegram Company from Antwerp, timed 10.50 o'clock Saturday, tends to confirm the reports that a great battle began yesterday morning between the French and Germans. The despatch says: "It is believed that since this morning a great battle commenced between the French and German armies between Namur and Charleroi. It is thought that it will last two or three days. Precise details are lacking."

RIDICULOUS EXAGGERATIONS.

An official despatch from Paris says: "An official German telegram has announced that we suffered a severe reverse in Lorraine on Aug. 20, which was transformed on Aug. 21 into a rout, in the course of which we are said to have lost 10,000 men, who were taken prisoners, and fifty guns. "These are ridiculous exaggerations. The German success in Lorraine does not exceed that gained by us in Alsace. The number of guns left by us in the hands of the Germans is certainly an inferior number to that which we captured in Alsace, and the total of our dead, wounded, prisoners and missing will certainly be far less than 10,000, the figure given as the number of prisoners alone.

"During our retreat, none of our troops crossed the Meurthe River, all remaining in front of Nancy. This momentary withdrawal following the vigorous advance is the only episode in a conflict which will necessarily involve numerous alternations of the flux and reflux. "Our troops in Lorraine remain full of ardor, and are inspired with the determination to conquer and to avenge their dead."

DOESN'T WANT TO FIGHT.

The British official press bureau makes the following announcement: "Orders have been issued by the Austro-Hungarian Government to the cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth, lying in Kiaochau harbor, to disarm, and the crew proceed to Tientsin."

4,000,000 RUSSIANS MOBILIZED.

More than 4,000,000 Russian soldiers are mobilized today in readiness to strike at Germany and Austria in support of movements already begun, according to Captain Dimitri Vassiliev, naval attaché of the Russian embassy in Washington, who is now on his way to that city, having left his native country when the troops were gathering. Captain Vassiliev said that in his opinion the great force would soon begin operations. Already 500,000 Russian troops are said to be on German soil, with reinforcements of more than 300,000 on the march.

THE SLAUGHTER AT LIEGE.
Speaking of the slaughter of Germans at the siege of Liege, a