steel industry, I realize that if war came upon us we would have within our grasp that which we need.

The conditions around the head of the lakes is known well by men such as ex-judge McKay, and I believe it is the duty of the government to give us a bounty on iron ore—I refrain from using the word "protection." "Bounty" is the better word for those who believe in free trade. However, I shall have more to say on this subject at a later time.

So far as unemployment insurance is concerned, I believe the time has come when we must go ahead or, to use the word of another, blast our way through. Unemployment insurance is a necessity, and I have confidence the government will see a way to put it into effect.

I would suggest to the Minister of Pensions and National Health (Mr. Power) that our highways be patrolled by returned men who have served their country well. United States tourists would be drawn to Canada if they knew that while here they would be protected by men who stood shot and shell, but who were spared to come back and have shown a willingness to keep our highways open.

As I began with some observations respecting athletics, I should like to close by saying that in Fort William we have the second greatest ski jump in Canada. In that city in February we are holding the Canadian championship ski contests. The skiing officials have constructed a trail extending 130 miles. Most of it has been constructed this year, and it is paid for. I would suggest that the Prime Minister (Mr. Mackenzie King) and the Leader of the Opposition (Mr. Manion) would do well to take three days off and visit Fort William while the ski jumping contests are in progress. Both gentlemen enjoy thrills and spills, and they would have their fill if they attended the contests. However, if they cannot come, it might be possible for them in some other worthy way to indicate to the executive of the ski club that the efforts of that organization for the benefit of the youth in Canada are appreciated.

Again I express my good wishes to the leader of the opposition. I know he will play fair. He will play hard; he will be honest and he will be true, because any man who has been educated and has practised in Fort William has the ability to fight a good fight and do it fairly.

Mr. W. A. TUCKER (Rosthern): Mr. Speaker, first of all I should like to extend my congratulations to the mover (Mr. Matthews) and the seconder (Mr. Chevrier) of the address in reply to the speech from the [Mr. McIvor.]

throne. I am sure it is the sense of the whole house that those hon. members acquitted themselves very satisfactorily and in a manner which reflected credit upon them.

May I congratulate the Prime Minister (Mr. Mackenzie King) upon arranging for the visit of the king and queen during the coming summer. It has been borne in upon even those of us who are the strongest of democrats that our sovereign represents a useful institution in our system of government. He is a living symbol of a living empire, and I believe the British commonwealth of nations is destined to uphold and make a greater contribution to the cause of world peace than any other organization in existence. Anything which may serve further to symbolize and to cement that unity, and in that must be included the visit of our reigning sovereign, must be welcomed with all our hearts. I am sure our people are also pleased to learn of the proposed visit of the king and queen to the United States. It will be a most historic occasion when a British sovereign sets foot on soil which was once British, over which the British flag once waved, and when he goes there as a friend to welcome them into closer collaboration with our commonwealth, all pledged to the cause of world peace, the ideal for which English-speaking peoples stand the world over. I am sure the king will carry a message of good will from all parts of the British commonwealth, and it would be our wish that his visit in the cause of world peace may be blessed.

I cannot help recalling, when I think of that visit, that were it not for the Tories of an earlier day crying out for what they believed to be right, the British sovereign might be visiting the most important country in the commonwealth instead of a foreign but friendly nation. The whole course of history might have been different had Liberalism instead of Conservatism prevailed at that time.

I should not let this occasion pass without referring to the signal service done for the cause of mankind by the Prime Minister of Great Britain. As one who did some service in the front area and saw something of the horrors of war, I was amazed when I learned that a man who had not seen it seemed fully to sense its horror and was prepared to do almost anything to spare mankind from once more going through those horrors. I do not say that I approve everything done by the British government under its present or previous leaderships in not tending at all times to bring the whole force of the British nation to the support of the League of