| Australia | France | Netherlands | Spain | United States |
|-----------|---------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| Belgium | Germany | Norway | Sweden | A THE THE P |
| Denmark | Italy | Saudi Arabia | United Kingdom | |

2. Fees for Export Permits

Under the authority of the Export and Import Permits and Certificate Fees Order, 1995 a fee is levied for each permit covering most Items in Group 5. Most goods under Group 5, except Items 5400, 5401 and 5500 of the Export Control List, are assessed a \$14 administrative fee for each export permit application submitted. For softwood lumber under Item 5104, a \$9 fee is assessed if export permit applications are completed and submitted electronically (see Notices to Exporters no. 90 and 92). For more information about fee charges please refer to Notices to Exporters No. 83 and No. 87.

Money orders or cheques payable to the Receiver General for Canada are the only acceptable forms of payment, and must be included with your application for an export permit. Exporters who make frequent shipments may prefer to be placed on a monthly billing system. If you would prefer to be billed monthly, rather than for each individual permit, please submit your request to:

Director General
Export and Import Controls Bureau (EPD)
Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade
P.O. Box 481, Station "A"
Ottawa, Ontario
K1N 9K6

3. General Export Permits (GEP)

General Export Permits (GEP) enable an exporter to export certain goods which are subject to control to eligible destinations without the necessity of submitting individual export permit applications. A GEP is a valid export permit which is used to minimize the administrative burden for exporters and to streamline licensing procedures. By using a GEP, exporters do not have to apply to DFAIT for an individual export permit for each shipment of goods. Instead, a simple administrative procedure is used. No additional paperwork is required for exporters, and DFAIT does not become directly involved. However, some GEP's contain conditions which must be adhered to in order to use them. In some cases, the use of a GEP is conditional on exporter undertakings such as reporting on actual volume of exports made against the GEP.

GEP's are available for specific goods, and specific destinations. The following is a list of widely available GEP's:

| GEP 1: | Export of Goods for Special and Personal | GEP 27: | Nuclear-related Dual-use Goods |
|---------------------|--|--|---|
| | Use | | Exports to Angola |
| GEP 3: | Export of Consumable Stores Supplied to | The second secon | Peanut Butter |
| THE PERSON NAMED IN | Vessels and Aircraft | GEP 32: | Cryptographic Products for Personal Use |
| | Export of Logs | | Computers |
| | Exports to Libya | GEP 34: | Telecommunications |
| GEP 12: | United States Origin Goods | GEP 35: | Certain Industrial Goods |
| GEP 26: | Industrial Chemicals | | |

Again, GEPs apply only to these goods or to the destinations of these goods. For details about using a GEP, please contact the Export Controls Division.