liamson. The book will contain the names of every individual who has, from time to time, aided in the endowment, and in it will also be chronicled important facts in relation to the history of the University. Dr. Williamson has prepared an appropriate introduction embracing the narrative of the preliminary proceedings from 1831 to the date of the Royal Charter, 16th October, 1841, with records of the founders and first benefactors, some of whom are still alive. It is contemplated to embrace the following chapters:

1. Introductory—1831 to 1841.

2. Comprising events from the date of the Royal Charter to the purchase of the Summer Hill property and the occupation of the old college buildings—1841 to 1854.

3. From 1854 to the appeal by Dr. Snodgrass and Prof. Mackerras for endowment in 1869.

4. From 1869 to the erection of the new buildings in 1880.

 From the occupation of the new buildings to 1890, or as may hereafter be determined.

In it and succeeding volumes it is designed to chronicle the good deeds of every friend of Queen's. The Trustees have further resolved to place memorial tablets in Convocation Hall in honor of the students of 1887-S, and of the subscribers to each separate endowment fund in the years 1840-1869, 1878 and 1887. The subject of tablets of the most fitting character is under consideration, and a committee of the trustees has been appointed to place them in position as soon as practicable.

By the increase of the staff the Senate has been enabled to add to the strength of the curriculum. Material additions have been made to the courses for honors, and special provisions have been made for the steady advancement and careful supervision of extra-mural students. New arrangements have also been made for post-graduate students. The object aimed at is to afford facilities in Canada for extending the attainments of those who have attained the degree of M.A., and encourage them to look forward to reaching a still higher educational rank. The Chancellor hoped that the Board of Trustees would be able to still further extend the usefulness and efficiency of the University. In connection with the question of providing new buildings great inconvenience was experienced by the Women's Medical College, as the rooms used are unadapted for the purpose, and were at a great distance from the arts and science lecture rooms. This allied college, of no small importance in the work it was endeavoring to acc implish, should, as soon as practicable, have similar accommodation to that enjoyed by the Royal Medical College, and should be provided in some position more contiguous to the building occupied by the arts classes.

"It will be remembered," said the Chancellor, "that the proposal of some few years back to move Queen's from Kingston to share the fortunes of a State University at Toronto had the effect of uniting every friend in a common determination that the seat of learning should

remain on its original site. It was also determined that means should be employed to strengthen the endowment: with that object in view 'Queen's University Endowment Association was organized, with active branch associations in many parts of the Province. This association proved advantageous, independently of the immediate purpose for which it was established, in bringing the College authorities at Kingston into direct communication with the many friends throughout the country and providing a channel for the interchange of views and aspirations. It is therefore felt that although the immediate object for which the association was formed has been accomplished, it will be in the interest of the University to continue the organization under the name of 'Queen's University Association,' and it is suggested that the main body and all the branches should hereafter be known by that title."

The Chancellor said that there was reason for gratification with the steady advancement made and the excellent prospects before them. The past two years have been eventful in the history of the institution, but the minds of those who conduct its affairs were no longer weighted with the burdens which at one time pressed upon them. The number of students in all departments is steadily on the increase, and there is the strongest proof that Queen's has gained the confidence of the community. It must be the desire of all that the institution continue to be recognized as indispensable to the moral and intellectual advancement of the Dominion.

Reference was made to the self-denying exertions of Principal Grant, and besides conveying the sentiments of the Trustees, as was done on his return from his trip around the world, his portrait was ordered and this further agreement decided upon: "That all contributions to the Endowment Fund, beyond the minimum of \$250,000, that may be received, be applied, as far as required, to the endowment of a chair which shall bear the name of Principal Grant." The General Secretary says progress has been made in this direction. Dr. Smith speaks hopefully of the prospects of receiving the sum required to endow the Principal Grant chair.

At the conclusion of the address the Chancellor turned to Dr. Grant and said: "And now it is my pleasant duty at this stage of the proceedings to call upon the Chairman of the Board of Trustees to unveil the portrait of the Principal, which will hereafter remain a prized possession of the University."

Rev. Dr. Wardrope, Guelph, in the absence of Hon. Mr. Morris, unveiled the picture. The familiar face, in oil, created applause. Dr. Grant glanced at the portrait, and a naughty medico suggested, "That's the handsomest man you have seen." The students sang, "For he's a jolly good fellow."

The names of the winners of scholarships were read and the cards handed over. When Mr. T. L. Walker walked up to secure the Gowan prize in natural science, for the best collection of Canadian plants, Dr. Grant