"It has afforded me the sincerest pleasure to have been able to assist in effecting a reconciliation between France and Mexico.

Intent upon preserving for my subjects the blessings of peace, I gratified when I can avail myself of an opportunity of

moving misunderstandings between other powers.
"I have recently concluded with the king of the French a convention calculated to put an end to differences which have arisen of late years between the fishermen of Great Britain and of France. This convention, by removing causes of dispute, will tend to cement that union between the two countries which is so advantageous to both, and so conducive to the general interests of Europe.

"I shall continue to pursue with perseverance the negociations in which I am engaged, to persuade all the powers of Christendom to unite in a general league, for the entire extinction of the slave trade, and I trust that, with the blessing of Providence, my efforts

in so righteous a cause will be rewarded with success.
"I regret that the differences which led to the withdrawal of my minister from the court of Tehran have not yet been satisfactorily

adjusted by the government of Persia. "In order to fulfil the engagements announced to you at the opening of the present session, the Governor General of India my across the Indus, and I have much satisfaction in being able to inform you, that the advance of that expedition s been hitherto unopposed, and there is every reason to hope that the important obj ects for which these military operations have

een undertaken, will be finally obtained. "I have observed with much approbation the attention which you have bestowed upon the internal state and condition of the country. I entirely concur in the measures which you have framed for the preservation of order, the repression of crime, and better administration of justice in this metropolis, and I have given cordial assent to the bills which you have presented to me for the establishment of a more efficient constabiliary force in those towns which peculiarly required it, and for effecting the important object of generally extending and invigorating the civil power throughout the country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons, "I thank you for the zeal and readiness with which you have

voted the supplies for the service of the year. "It has been with satisfaction that I have given my assent to a reduction of the postage duties. I trust that the act which has passed on the subject will be a relief and an encouragement to trade, and that by facilitating intercourse and correspondence, it will be productive of much social advantage and improvement. I have given directions that the preliminary step should be taken to give effect to the intention of Parliament, as soon as the inquiries and arrangements required for this purpose shall have been completed

The advantageous terms upon which a considerable amount of the unfunded debt has been converted into stock, afford a satisfac tory proof of the reliance placed on the credit and resources of the country, as well as on your determination to preserve inviolate the

"My Lords and Gentlemen,
"It is with great pain that I have found myself compelled.
"It is with great pain that I have found myself compelled their deto enforce the law against those who no longer concealed their design to resist by force the lawful authorities, and of subverting the institutions of the country. The solemn proceedings of courts of justice, and the fearless administration of the law by all who are engaged in that duty, have checked the first attempts at insubordin; and I rely securely upon the good sense of my people, and upon their attachment to the constitution, for the maintenance of wand order, which are as necessary for the protection of the poor, as for the welfare of the wealthier classes of the community."

Then the LORD CHANCELLOR, by Her Majesty's command,

"My Lords and Gentlemen, "It is Her Majesty's royal will and pleasure that this par-liament be prorogued to Thursday, the 24th day of October, next, to be then here holden; and this parliament is accordingly proro-gued to Thursday, the 24th day of October next."

Her Majorita de la particular de la paiorment of health "It is Her Majesty's royal will and pleasure that this par-Her Majesty who appeared to be in the full enjoyment of health

then quitted the house, attended as on her entrance CHANGES IN THE MINISTRY. The Queen held a Court and Privy Council at Buckingham Pa-

lace, on Tuesday the 20th August. The Right Hon, T. S. Rice had an audience of Her Majesty, and resigned his seal of office as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Mr. F. Baring, by command of the Queen, was sworn as a mem ber of the Privy Conneil, and took his seat at the Board. Mr. Baring also received the seal of office, and had the honour to kiss hands on being appointed Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Mr. R. Gordon, of the India Board, is appointed under Secretary of the Treasury, in the place of Mr. F. Baring. Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Duke of Sutherland to be Lord Lieutenant of Shropshire, his Grace took the

oaths appointed to be taken thereupon. On the 20th, Lord Howick tendered his resignation to Her Majesty as Secretary at War, and the resignation was accepted.

In consequence of this movement, Mr. C. Wood, a relation of Lord Howick, resigned the office of under-secretary of the admi-

In the House of Commons, on the 27th, new writs were ordered for Tipperary in the room of Mr. Sheil, who has accepted the office of Vice-President of the Board of Trade, and for Manchester,

Governor-General of Canada. The Globe of August 30th, announces on authority, that the Marquis of Normanby will leave the Colonial office for the Home Department, and that Lord John Russell retires from the Home Office, and will succeed the Marquis of Normanby as Colonial Se cretary. The Morning Post, of September 2nd, contains a column

of very severe remarks upon this interchange of offices. NEW GOVERNOR OF CANADA. Another Court and Privy Council was held on the 28th, at which Mr. Laylor Sheil was, by command of the Queen, sworn by her Majesty's most hon. privy council, and took his place at the board. Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. C. P. Thompson, Captain General and Governor-in-Chief of the Canadas, the right hon. gentleman took the usual oaths ap-Pointed to be taken by the governors of Her Majesty's colonies.

The Right Hon. H. Labouchere, received the appointment of President of the Committee of Council, appointed for the considetation of all matters relating to trade and foreign plantations. Her Majesty was also pleased to appoint the Right Hon. L. Sheil, Vice President of the Board of Trade.

IMPORTANT FROM SPAIN. The Carlist rebellion seems to be drawing to a close. General O'Donnell has gained important successes over Cabrera in Valencia, His last exploit was the capture of the fort of Thales, after a hattle with the Carlists which was kept up for 16 hours. He demolished the fortifications and then returned to Valencia.

There was a rumour in London that Don Carlos had been taken Prisoner, but it was not credited.

The Bermudian of the 7th says that there has been a fearful mortality from yellow fever among the officers and men composing the garrisons of Demarara, St. Lucia and St. Vincent. At Fort All sail handed. 12½ rev. Charlotte upwards of sixty had died, among whom was Lieutenant Hawker of the 70th regiment. At Demarara, Col. Dancy, Ensign Dickenson, had fallen victims to the disease.

IMPORTANT FROM THE EAST: The Morning Post of Sept. 2d, contains the following important annunciation from the

TURKISH EMBASSY. Saturday Monning,
Saturday Monning,
am directed by our Secretary to give you the following Saturday Morning, 9th, 45m. A.M. and stance of a despatch received by a special courier from Paris, where it arrived by telegraph:

The French officer who was commissioned to claim the Turktefusal from Mehemet Ali, unless all his exorbitant demands are rev., running off cheerily. complied with, and the expenses he has been put to defrayed by the Rultan," rev., running on enerry.

Aug. 6.—Rain. No sail set. Sea moderately smooth. Wind E. Shin quiet. Lat. 41 58 long. 58. Dist. 220 miles. Eight

baste, your most obedient servant,

The French and English fleets, according to advices from Tri-P. XASSIMON, Inter. teleg, of August 18th, were at anchor off the Dardanelles, and a Fore and aft sails, foresail, foretop, and foretop-gallant sails set.—

14to 141 rev. The Queen leaning over the billows with infinite

those of the Egyptian at Marasch, were Ibrahim Pacha was at the not the slightest strain.

want of the second of the second of the second

Prince Metternich has been severely sick. Great solicitude was felt for his recovery, not only by the Court, but by the people of Vienna. He was convalescent on the 21st of August.

THE WAR IN CIRCASSIA. It is stated from Constantinople, August 7, that a severe battle had taken place in Circassia, in which, the Russians, as usual, were victorious, but not without having paid dearly for their vic-

The Russians had lost a ship of the line and two frigates, by a severe storm on the coast of Circassia.

EAST INDIES.

Advices from Bombay are to the first of June, and from Jukkar to the 13th of May. An expedition against Baloochee fort had been attended with success. The fort was earried by storm, after a sharp engagement. The Boloochees had forty-eight killed and forty-six wounded. The Company's troops suffered but

MANCHESTER AND LEEDS RAILWAY .- A special general meeting of the shareholders in this important undertaking was held at the company's offices, Hunt's Bank, Manchester, on Wednesday. The meeting was stated to be "For the purpose of deciding upon the issuing and and mode of payment to be made in respect hereof."-The business was purely of a formal nature. The Chairman, (Jas. Wood, Esq.) stated that since that portion of the line from Manchester to Littleborough had been opened, upwards of 2000 passengers per day had been conveyed, and the receipts had averaged £117 14s. per day. The traffic was still progressing, and the receipts had considerably increased. The average receipts of the three preceding days, Friday, Saturday, and Monday, had been £146 14s., and the receipts of Tuesday had amounted to £157 in money. It was to be recollected that these receipts had arisen purely from passenger traffic, with the addition of a few pounds that had been obtained by the carriage of vegetables; and from this a most favourable result might be anticipated, when the line was opened for the transit of goods. In conclusion, he would state that they were already in the receipt of more money per mile per day, than had been realised by passenger traffic by any railway yet opened. The meeting then separated.

PROGRESS OF CONSERVATISM IN CANTERBURY. Twenty-three young men took out their freedom for this city yesterday se'nnight at a Court held at the Guildhall for that purpose. They will be entered upon the forthcoming registry of parliamentary voters. Of the 23, 21 are Conservatives, one is doubtful, and one is a Radical. -Kentish Gazette.

Mr. Maclean, M.P., has purchased Wilton Castle estate, of Sir W. Chaytor, Bart., for £95,000 .- Sunderland

THE NAVAL RESOURCES OF ENGLAND .- It is not generally known that a steamer of very large tonnage is to be launched in a day or two from Chatham Dockyard. It will have been begun and finished within the incredibly short space of eight weeks. We are informed that this extreme expedition is an experiment under direction of the government, in order to ascertain the shortest possible time in which such a vessel can be completed. The number of hands have been unlimited; in fact, the men are working on her at the present moment as thick as bees in a hive, and they are allowed to make as many working hours per day as they can. The sum appor tioned for the labour, we understand, is £4000; and should it not cost that, the overplus is to be divided among the men. The experiment has excited the greatest possible interest in the neighbourhood.—Greenwich

THE CYCLOPS STEAM-FRIGATE.—This magnificent vessel, the largest steam man-of-war in the world, was aunched from Pembroke Dockyard a few days ago .-Her dimensions are as follow :- Length 225 feet, beam between paddles 38 feet, depth of hold 21 feet. Her tonnage is about 1,300, being 200 tons larger than the Gorgon, launched from the same slip about 18 months since. Her equipment, as a man-of-war, will be the same in all respects as a frigate, having a complete gun or main deck, as well as an upper or quarter deck. On the main deck she will carry 18 long 36-pounders, and on in the room of Mr. P. Thompson, who has accepted the office of the upper deck four 48-pounders, and two 96-pounders on swivels, carrying a ball of 10 inches diameter, and sweeping round the horizon 240 degrees.

> FIRST HOMEWARD-BOUND LOG OF THE STEAM-SHIP BRITISH QUEEN.

August 1 .- The British Queen hauled out of dock, in New York, at 2 o'clock, P.M., and fired her guns as the signal of departure. A vast concourse of spectators lined the wharfs, quays, battery and forts, for two or three miles in extent. The weather beautiful in the extreme, and the view of the battery from the ship was grand and cheering. The vast assemblage of spectators, formed in the arch of a circle, filling the foreground—the rich foliage of the trees which adorn the battery, rising in infinite majesty behind—and the joyous city, with its towering spires and splendid domes in the distance, formed one of the most enchanting and picturesque scenes which the eye has witnessed or the imagination conceived. The guns of the forts proclaimed our departure, and the voices of 100,000 spectators threw their acclamations upon the gentle breeze.

The steam-boats Arrow, Passair, Neptune, and several others, with their three decks crowded with all the beauty and elegance of New York, cheered the Queen as she moved slowly and majestically down the narrows, and added splendour to the beauty which decorated the whole line of coast.

At four o'clock she passed the lighthouses of Sandy Hook, and gave a parting cheer to our kind friends who accompanied us thus far, about 22 miles, in their fairy steamers; and so we stood out

Aug. 2.-Wind E, fine cool breeze. 12 rev., running off handsomely. Ten o'clock, A.M. Wind SE. Set fore, trysail and jib. Lat. 40 13, long 70 10. Dist. 178 miles. Afternoon calm.

Aug. 3.—Fine morning. Wind E, calm. Light floating clouds. Capt. Bruce, Lieut. and Adjutant Hopkins, Ensign Phipps and Phic. No sail set. 12½ rev. Lat. 40, 48, long. 65 35. Distance 207 ing. Set sail 9 o'clock. 13 rev., running off in elegant style.-Ship quiet and steady as Time.

breeze. Set sail. $12\frac{1}{2}$ to $12\frac{3}{4}$ rev., running off 10 to $10\frac{1}{2}$ knots who is therefore easily swayed by misrepresentation on by log. Lat. 41 6, long. 60 35. Dist. 230 miles. Six o'clock, such a subject, may abdicate his parish church and join P.M. Wind N, steady. Fore and aft sails, fore and foretop sails some dissenting congregation, but cannot exempt his set. Still 123 rev.

Aug. 5 .- Fine morning. Wind NE. Topsails handed, morev. Lat. 41 17, long. 55 39. Dist. 230 miles. Nine o'clock, church can be in no danger from the disaffected until

and aft sails. 14 rev.

August 18th, were at anchor off the Dardanelles, and a breinforce. Is to 14½ rev. The Queen leaping over the billows with infinite leaping over the billows with the bill a reinforce Admiral Stopford's squadron, already consisting of ten grace, lat. 43 21, long. 46 38. Distance 224 miles. Seven

Aug. 8.—Charming morning. Wind E, dead-a-head; long heavy rolling swell from the east. Nine o'clock A.M., spoke the Kensington, 27 days from Liverpool, bound to New York, full of steerage passengers; sailed from Liverpool before we left Portsmouth; no sail set; running 12 knots by log, rev. 13 a 14, lat. 44 6, long. 40 47. Dist. 250 miles. Ship rolls gently with the sea; too large to give any sudden jerks like a sailing ship in a heavy sea: besides, the constant tendency of the paddles is to maintain an even keel, which gives great stability and quietness to the ship; going a-head with all imaginable dignity.

Aug. 9.—Fine morning. Wind south-easterly, sea smooth. Spoke the Lady Kinnaird; her ladyship is only 38 days from Dundee, bound to New York; 14 rev. lat. 44 47, long 36 14, dis. 202 miles. Fore and aft sails, fore-stay and jib set, no topsails. The engines are an incomparable mass of machinery; work with great ease and exactitude; they may seem to the eye of one not experienced in steam navigation to be unnecessarily massive and ponderous; but it is no trifling affair for the engines to carry against storms and tempests, against head winds and seas, for 1 successive days and nights, 2700 tons upon their backs: a more efficient, powerful and substantial pair of engines never floated upon the vasty deep.

Aug. 10 .- Mild and cheerful morning. Wind SE, moving onward with a steady quiet pace, 141 to 15 rev. lat. 45 57, long. 30 distribution of the new shares, and fixing upon the time | 53. Distance 237 miles. Gentle breezes; the Queen dancing over the waves light-footed as a fox.

Aug. 11.-Wind S, cloudy. Hazy weather. Fresh breeze. Sail set, 14½ rev.; running off with noiseless rapidity; lat. 47 15, long. 25 25. Dist. 238 miles. Afternoon-Wind freshening, 16 rev. Engines work expansively; steam cut off at half stroke .-Ten o'clock. Full 16 rev., running off at a tremendous rate; ship so easy and quiet that one sitting in the saloon would scarcely perceive that she was under way. Not a drop of water shipped luring the passage, no smell of the engines, no smoke of the furnaces upon deck. The height of the chimney carries all off far

The Queen dressed in her fore and aft, trysails, fore, foretop and foretopgallant sails, with her forestaysails and gib, careers over the mighty waters in all the plenitude of majesty.

Aug. 12.-Light clouds, fine rain early in the morning, gentle reeze from the S and S by W, smooth sea, 16 rev. lat. 48 32, long. 19 15. Distance 262 miles. Afternoon, 16 rev. 11 knots by log, going off with a steadiness inconceivable by any one not on board the ship.

Aug. 13 .- The Queen, as she approaches her dominions, quickens her step, always solicitous to let her subjects know that she is still mistress of the seas. Cloudy morning, small rain, fresh breeze from S, sail set, 16 rev., lat. 49 30, long. 12 38. Distance 265 miles. Afternoon, wind increasing, 16 rev., took in foretopgallant sail, foretopsail reefed; engines working expansively, steam cut off at 3ths stroke from 5ths expansion, and yet plenty of

Aug. 14.-Wind S, stiff breeze, light tortoise-shell clouds, 15 to 16 rev, sail set. Lat. 49 34, long. 5 36. Distance 277 miles. One o'clock. Falmoth pilot boat No 4 alongside. Two o'clock, the Lizzard and its lighthouses in full view. Four o'clock, took a Cowes pilot. Twelve days and nineteen hours from pilot to pilot; 131 days to Portsmouth. - London Standard.

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.

Wellington is said to have thirty or forty stars of the first orders n Europe, many of them set most splendidly; but he never years more than two ornaments of this kind, one of which is a plain Waterloo medal.

This little paragraph has lately commenced its round of travel hrough the newspapers, and seems to meet with favour. We do not know how true it is, as to the number of stars, but we can furnish a list of the Duke's titles, offices and honors, and perhaps such a list may be thought good company for the "stars" item.

We will begin at the tip top and thence go down. His grace is Prince of Waterloo, holding that title and estate of £2000 per annum from the King of the Netherlands :-

Duke of Wellington, Marquis of Douro, Marquis of Wellington, Earl of Wellington, Viscount Wellington,

Baron Donro. Duke of Ciudad Rodrigo, Duke of Vittoria, Marquis of Torres Vedras, and Count of Vimiera.

Knight of the Garter,

Grand Cross of the Bath,

Grand Cross of the Guelphic order (Hanover,) Knight of St. Esprit (France,) Knight of the Golden Fleece (Two Sicilies,) Knight of St. Ferdinand and Merit (do.,) Knight of St. Januarius (do., Grand Cross of the order of Maria Theresa (Austria,) Grand Cross of St. Andrew (Russia, Grand Cross of St. George (do.,) Grand Cross of St. Alexander Newski (do.,) Grand Cross of the Black Eagle (Prussia,) Grand Cross of the Tower and Sword, (Portugal,) Grand Cross of the Sword (Sweden,) Grand Cross of the Elephant (Denmark,) Grand Cross of the order of William (Netherlands,) Grand Cross of the Annunciade (Sardinia,)

Grand Cross of the order of Maximilian Joseph (Bavaria,) Field Marshal in the armies of England, Austria, Russia, Prusa. Portugal and the Netherlands. Captain general of the Armies of Spain, A grandee of the first class in Spain, Constable of the Tower, Constable of Dover Castle, Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, Lord Lieutenant of Hampshire,

Colonel of the Grenadier Guards. Colonel in chief of the Rifle Brigade, Master of the Corporation of Trinity House, and Chancellor of the University of Oxford.

COLONIAL.

IRRELIGION OF THE CHARTISTS.

As Britons, it can only be with feelings of the most painful character, that we read of the pointed endeavour of the Chartists to lower in the eyes of the people that respect and esteem due to the clergy of the Established Church, as a body. A systematic traduction of the clerical character, in any country, has always been found a dangerous, though a premonitory symptom of the bad ends which bad men have in view; in England, its danger is even greater than in any other country, because it is an established Church, because it is interwoven with Aug. 4.—Beautiful morning. Wind North, sweet, wholesome the State, and because the man of unfixed principles, property from the contribution of its legal quota, in support of an establishment which he cannot overthrow, alderate sea. Ship getting lighter and more lively. All sail in, 13 though he professes to despise it. In England, the the French officer who was commissioned to claim the Turk-left, in the name of the five great Powers, has received a flat

P.M. Wind ESE. Set jib, fore and aft sails. Smooth sea, 14

they can overthrow the whole social and constitutional compact: compact; but this villainous attempt, vast and impracticable as it appears, is so much the more likely to be un-E. Ship quiet. Lat. 41 58 long. 58. Dist. 220 miles. Eight dertaken, from the moment that a super-abundant po-Thave only to say that our worst anticipations are realized.—In o'clock, P.M. Wind E by N. Rain all day. Queen dancing pulation have been prevailed upon to withdraw their merrily over the seas. Ten o'clock, Wind veers to N. Set fore confidence from those ministers, in whose care and council their best resolves found confirmation, their errors correction, and their evil passions the greatest, and perhaps the only check to which they were liable.

France was not revolutionized and deluged in blood, until the people had been brought openly to despise their o'clock, exchanged numbers with the Monongahela, Liverpool to priesthood, to violate the sanctity of public worship, and at 3s 3d; but we have not heard of any sales higher than our last

The head quarters of the Turkish army were still in Malatia, and Philadelphia; Wind N, heavy sea running. Ship pitches kindly, were thus divested of every principle that could bind quotations, viz. 3s to 3s 2d; for other descriptions we refer to our them to any moral observance. The safeguard of religion once removed, human nature broke forth in all its most revolting depravity. To bring things more immediately under the personal observation of our readers, who may not, like ourselves, be old enough to remember the outbreak of the French revolution, and may not have at hand those means of reference which would enable them to ascertain the truth of what we say, let us (magnis componere parva) look at the Revolt in the Province where we reside. Our own observation enables us to speak with positive assurance as to the number of years it required to corrupt and criminate the once innocent, and moral Canadian people. Misrepresentations, and assurances of existing wrongs, dressed out in the most glowing language of treason and demagoguism, had no effect; they could not be brought to make war upon an oppression they did not feel, although they were unconscious of its non-existence. At length the resolution was taken to borrow a lesson from revolutionized France. The most active measures were taken to infest all the country parishes with infidel emissaries, who were to labour incessantly to traduce their exemplary clergy, to poison the minds of the ignorant populace, and to wean them from their veneration for, and attendance at their church. All this arranged, Papineau himself gave the signal for universal co-operation by bringing forward an attack upon the clergy and the revenues of the Church, in the House of Assembly. This plot to betray the people succeeded but too well; the last anchor was gone, the vessel was drifted to sea, and was presently involved in all the terrible commotion of the political tempest .-Montreal Transcript.

THE CHILDREN OF PEACE.—After sleeping again in my former quarters, I returned with the party through David Wilson's settlement,-a visit to the Temple excited in my mind both disgust and pity, -disgust at the hoary blasphemer, and pity for his miguided followers; but however much these feelings might be excited, I could not but admire the neatness and industry which seem to pervade the township; and the extraordinary fertility of their lands, and the extent of their farms, struck me with astonishment. I should be glad indeed to be a settler in such a country, were it not for the horrid fanaticism which pervades it .- A Correspondent of the Toronto Colonist.

DEATH OF H. CASSADY, Esq.-The town of Kingston has sustained a heavy loss by the death of this much lamented gentleman; in fact, since the decease of Messrs. George M'Kenzie and Robert Drummond, no calamity of the kind can be considered as involving so great a public loss. Mr. Cassady was the Chief Magistrate of the town, and under his auspices the new corporation was making rapid progress in gaining the good will and kindly feeling of the inhabitants. As a lawyer, Mr. Cassady had a most extensive practice, and a rather uncommon feature in the character of a Canadian Attorney was his, viz: -strict integrity, and punctuality in paying over .- At the head of a family, Mr. Cassady's loss will be felt the most, he having left a young and affectionate wife and rising family. - His funeral yesterday afternoon was attended by the respectability of Kingston, including the members of the corporation; and the places of business were closed in the streets where the procession passed .- Kingston

THE LATE FIRE AT CHIPPAWA. - The persons who set fire to the Church at Chippawa have been traced to the American side. It is supposed that Lett was among them, as he was seen at Manchester on the day after the fire. That this man has not been demanded by, and given up to, our government, is a matter which we cannot account for .- Niagara Chron.

It is stated in the Boston papers, and in private accounts from New Brunswick, that a party, who had gained unlawful possession of some British arms, had, on the 9th instant. made an attack on the American post, called Fort Fairfield, on the River Aroostock; but that they had made a precipitate retreat, in consequence of having been detected and fired upon by the sentinel. Their precise object had not transpired .-Montreal Herald.

Da. Holmes, (the murderer.)-We learn from the Burlington that a stay of proceedings until January, in the case of Dr. Holmes, has been obtained from the Supreme Court of the United States-preliminary to a full argument of the question in that Court. - Com. Advertiser.

We have just been informed, by a gentleman direct from Drummondville, that the barn and stables of Ogden Creighton Esa, with their contents, together with some stacks of wheat, were last night burned to the ground,-the work of an incendiary .- Hamilton Journal. An unfortunate accident happened at the race course yesterday.

Ensign Winniet, of the 83d Regiment, rode in the race for the Ladies' Purse, and afterwards, in the rush of the crowd, a dragoon's horse struck the horse which ensign Winniet rode, so that it fell and rolled over him, breaking his thigh bone. He was carried from the course in a litter by the soldiers. In the race for the saddle one of the horses bolted and knocked

down three or four persons. Two artillerymen were considerably hurt; one of them was not expected to recover, but we believe that he is less dangerously hurt than was at first supposed. - U. C. Herald, Sept. 24. From the Montreal Transcript.

MONTREAL MARKETS, For the Week ending Friday, September 20, 1839.

Business has considerably improved since our last report. A number of U. C. merchants have arrived in town this week, but they have not purchased to any extent, as they are holding off till a more general assortment of new goods are in the market. The few auction sales, particularly of dry goods, which have taken place this week have been well attended, and good prices realized. The quantity of goods coming out is great; but it is expected that the demand will be equally so. The demand for some kinds of produce has been more animated this week than last.

Ashes are in demand at an advance of 6d to 9d per cwt at our last quotations. Pots may now be quoted at 25s to 25s 3d for small bills, and 25s 6 a 25s 9d for shipping parcels, and Pearls at

FLOUR .- In the early part of the week this market was very inactive, the demand being confined to small parcels for immediat domestic consumption, and the stock on hand was not to say hea vy. A considerable quantity of American, however, has found its way to this market since our last report; and a reduction of 1s 3d per bbl has taken place upon our last quotations. The nominal price for fine is now 36s 3d per bbl. 90 days. The only sale of consequence this week, was a lot of about 300 bbls. of American fine, which changed hands at 35s 71d cash. There can be very little doubt but that a further reduction will take place, as soon a the news per British Queen is received, provided the crops on the other side turned out as well as was anticipated on the departure of

GRAIN .- No alteration has taken place upon our last quota-

Provisions .- Pork and Beef continue as last quoted. The demand this week for Butter, Lard and Cheese, both American and Canada, has been very good. The quantity brought to market has not been sufficient for the demand; consequently, buyers, in the early part of the week, had to submit to a slight advance upon our last quotations. At this day's market, however, the quantity of Agricultural produce was greater than we have seen offered on any one market day for the last twelve months. Butter in firkins was sold as low as 7 d, which is a reduction of 1 d a 2d per lb. Good cheese was sold at 4d a 6d per lb. Potatoes and all other kinds of vegetables were proportionably cheap; but we could not make our way through the throng in the morning to note prices, &c.; suffice it to say, that the markets are moderate, and that there is every prospect of their continuing so. Sugar.—Refined is stiff at 73d per lb. A farther slight ad-

vance has taken place upon Muscovado, altho' there have been very few sales this week. We have now to quote Dark from 40s. to 42s 6d; Middling 43s to 45s; and Bright 46s to 47s 6d per cwt. Teas.—In the early part of the week a few small sales of Twan-kay transpired at 2s 8½d pr lb. Young Hyson is now held by some

EXCHANGE. - On Tuesday last the banks of Montreal and British North America furnished bills to a considerable amount for transmission per Great Western at 10½ pr ct. prem. on London.— Drafts on New York are still at a premium of 1½ per cent. U.C. Bank notes are taken by the Banks here at a discount of 1 pr et.

PERIODICAL CREDIT SALE BY AUCTION,

Liquors, Wines, Teas, Fruit, and Groceries.

ON TUESDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF OCTOBER. WILL BE SOLD AT THE STORES OF JAMES BROWN, JUNIOR,

At Browne's Wharf, Toronto:

20 pun's strong Jamaica Spirits, 1 @ 217 20 qr. casks do. 10 hhds. Cognac Brandy. 10 do. Bordeaux do. Liquors. 20 gr. casks do. 10 hhds. Genuine Hollands Gin, 15 gr. casks 50 qr. casks do. 50 do. Marseilles Wine, 50 octaves gold coloured Sherry, 5 butts 10 pipes Teneriffe, 10 hhds. Old Port, Wines 10 do. French do. 40 qr. casks do. do. 20 do. sweet Mountain. 25 baskets Champagne, 25 bags East India, 20 hhds. Muscovado, 25 bbts. do. 10 tierces Refined, 50 chests Twankay 25 boxes Young Hyson, 50 catty do. do 50 do. Old Hyson, 50 do. Imperial, 50 do. Gunpowder, 25 frails soft shell Almonds, 10 boxes shelled

200 boxes Bunch Raisius. 25 kegs Smyrna do. 25 bags Filberts, Fruit. 50 matts Figs, 10 kegs Currants. 10 tierces Rice, 20 bbls. Rice, 5 cases Liquorice 10 boxes do. Tobacco 50 half kegs

10 cases Cavendish, 50 jars Maccaboy Snuff, 10 M. Havannah Cigars, 5 do. Prime Regalias, in boxes of 50, cost D50 per M. 50 bags Green Coffee,

25 matts Mocha do. 50 boxes ground do. 10 cases do. Cinnamon, do. Pepper, 10 do. 20 bags Black

10 do. Allspice, 10 do. Cloves 500 lbs. Nutmers

25 baskets Salad Oil. 25 boxes London Sperm Candles, 25 do. American do. 50 do. London Starch,

10 casks Salaratus, 20 kegs do. 100 doz. Manilla Bed Cords, 10 do. very superior Corn Brooms, 150 do. Ordinary 50 do. Patent Pails,

10 cases Tumblers, 10 do. Decanters. 25 boxes Pipes, 50 do. Liverpool Soap,

25 cases White Scented Soap, 250 reams Wrapping Paper, 5 cases Men's Boots, do. do. Shoes. 30 bbls. Turpentine, 50 boxes Window Glass,

50 boxes Fig Blue, 100 bbls. Herrings, WITH OTHER ARTICLES. Sale to commence on Tuesday at one o'clock precisely, and con-tinue the following day at the same hour.

No Postponement. Each Lot offered to be sold Without Reserve. TERMS OF SALE.—Under £25, Cash; from £25 to £100, 3

months; from £100 and upwards, half in 3 months, and half in 4 months, by approved Notes. JAMES M. STRANGE, Auctioneer. Toronto, Sept. 1, 1839.

The Church, Cobourg, and Gazette, Hamilton, are requested to insert the above, and forward their accounts to the Subscriber for payment. J. M. STRANGE, A. & B.

> AUCTION SALE OF Valuable Farming Stock OF SHEEP.

HORSES, HORNED CATTLE, PIGS, FARMING UTEN-SILS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c. N MONDAY, the 7th October next, the following Property will be sold by Auction, at the residence of T. GRUEBER, Esq., Lot 3, Concession B, Hamilton, 3 miles East of Cobourg; viz.: 2 Horses, 2 Cows, 12 Pigs, 36 Sheep; amongst which are

THOROUGH-BRED LEICESTERSHIRE RAM AND TWO EWES,

With several of their offspring, with several of their opportug, and some half-bred Sheep. FARMING UTENSILS,—consisting of Double and Single Waggons, Plough, Harrow, Fanning-Mill, Sleighs, Cart, &c. &c. &c. Household Furnisher.—Tables, Chairs, Chiffonier, Bedsteads, Beds, Bedding, Carpets, Dish-Covers, Glass, Delf and China-ware, Dinner and Dessert Knives, with silver Spoons and Forks; Kitchen Utensils, Stoves, &c. &c. A London made double barrelled fowling-piece; some valuable Books, and a variety of other articles.

TERMS :- Under £20, Cash; above that sum, 90 days, on furnishing approved endorsed paper.

The above sale will be without reserve, and is well worth the atention of intending purchasers.

The interest in the perpetual lease of the above residence, with about one hundred acres of land, sixty of which are cleared and in good order, will be sold by private sale, very cheap. Sale to commence at Eleven o'Clock.

Apply on the Premises, or to F. H. HALL,

Auctioneer and Broker. Cobourg, September 17, 1839.

BIRTHS. On Sunday last, at Montreal, Mrs. Dr. Hall of a daughter.

On Tuesday evening, the 10th inst., Mrs. Capt. Macricol (royal regt.) of a daughter. On the 12th inst., at Peterboro', the lady of Henry Flood Esq. DIED.

after a short illness occasioned by a cold taken during the exertion of harvest, Mr. Charles Wade. He was a young man of estimable character, and his loss will be extensively deplored.

On Tuesday night at the house of his father in Hamilton, aged 16,

At St. Thomas, U.C., on the 7th inst., at the residence of Jas. Blackwood Esq. Helen, daughter of the late Sir John Innes, bart. of Edengight, Banfishire, Scotland.

LETTERS received to Friday, Sept. 27th :-Rev. F. Evans: Major Bolton, R. E.; J. M. Strachan Esq.;

Rev. R. Atthill, rem.; Rev. J. Padfield; Rev. J. G. Geddes; J. Mackelcan Esq.; Postmaster, Clearville, rem.; R. Hughes Esq. add. subs. and rem. ; Mr. J. Dundas; Rev. W. McMurray.

ERRATUM.—In the Charge of the Hon, Justice Jones, published in the Church of the 14th inst., last paragraph but five, last

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