

until lately, and had grown rapidly, as it was not larger than a walnut three years before. Its weight was 3 lbs. 11 oz., nothing in comparison to Dr. Wight's case. We can well understand why fatty tumours in this situation are not rare, on considering the amount of fat tissue present at the upper part of the labia, extending to the mons veneris. However, my desire at this moment, is to record a case in the *Chronicle*, which came under my care when practising in Montreal, in 1852, of a fatty tumour situated in a very awkward part of the body, and which was pronounced to contain intestine by several medical men who examined the tumour, and who gave the advice to the patient to let well alone, and have nothing done to it. I removed it; the preparation is to be seen at the present time in the Museum of the French School of Medicine, and marked D. F. 4. *Michel Dodelin*, aged 45, a carter by trade, of nervo-bilious temperament, always in the enjoyment of good health, presented himself before me, at Montreal, on the 26th April, 1852, requesting me to remove at once the tumour upon his left side. I had examined him nearly 3 years before, and at that time wanted to remove this tumour from him, which I diagnosed to be fatty, when it was not larger than a small orange, but he would not consent. Its growth commenced as a very small nodule 17 years before, and remained of minute size for years, but from its situation and the irritation produced by the constant pressure of his trousers, and oftentimes from knocking his side against his truck, it gradually augmented until it attained to the size of a large foetal head.

The tumour was situated over the external flat surface of the left ilium, near the anterior spinous process, and in a line with the outer lip of the crest. It was pendulous, hanging downwards upon the outer part of the thigh, a large part of the hand being capable of being thrust underneath it. Its surface was discoloured and mottled from irritation, and a few large veins coarsed across it. The measurements were $13\frac{1}{2}$ inches in its largest circumference, and $8\frac{1}{2}$ in diameter from above downwards across the tumour. From the peculiar soft, inelastic, woolley feeling it possessed, taken with the history, I had no hesitation whatever in pronouncing it a fatty growth, in which opinion my friend, Dr. Macdonnell, at once coincided. I appointed next morning for its removal.

27th April.—This morning, at 11, I went to the patient's house in St. Felix Street, and with the assistance of my friends, Dr. Geo. E. Fenwick and Mr. (now Dr.) Victor Perrault, proceeded to remove the tumour, which I accomplished with the patient on his right side on a small table, with his back towards the window, without chloroform.