NEW ENTOMOLOGICAL WORKS.

THE SUTTERFLIES OF NORTH AMERICA; with colored drawings and descriptions. By Wm. H. Edwards. Philadelphia: The American Entomological Society. Part 2, August, 1868. Price \$2.

The second part of this magnificent work, to which we have already drawn attention, is now before us. It contains five beautifully colored plates, and descriptive letter press; the species figured (none of which are Canadian) are Argynnis callippe, Boisd., taken in California; A. hesperis, Edw., from Colorado; Colias Alexandra, Edw., from Empire City, Colorado, "high up in the mountains, near the Snowy Range;" C. Helena, Edw., from Mackenzie's River; C. Christina, Edw., from Slave River; C. Behrii, Edw., from among the Yo Semite Mountains, California, at an elevation of about 10,000 feet above the sea; Apatura Alicia, Edw. (new species), from New Orleans.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

Proceedings of the Boston Society of Natural History. Taken from the Society's Records. Vol. xii., Oct. 7 and Nov. 4, 1868.

The Maine Farmer. Augusts, Me., Nov. 7, 14, 1868.

From Prof. Townend Glover, Washington, D. C., a series of his admirably executed plates on the cotton plant and the insects injuring it, and on *Diptera*, &c., in all forty-three plates. A valuable addition to the, at present, small library of the Society; and for which we beg the author to accept our best thanks.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Rev. L. P., Port Neuf, P. Q.—The following are all of your Coleoptera that we are able to letermine as yet; we shall endeavour to have the rest named for you shortly. (3) Oxytelus sculptus, Grav. (5) Hylastes pinifex, Fitch. (6) Hylastes? (7) Dinoderus substriatus, Payk. (9) Tacyporus jocosus, Say. (10) Dibolia aerea, Mels. (11) Paria 4 notata, Say. (12) Hallica? (14) Pterostichus lucublandus, Say. (15) we take to be an Amara, not a Pierostichus; the species of this genus are very difficult to determine; your specimen differs from all in our cabinet.

V. S. C., Covington, Ky.—Your letter was received after our article on "Iuminous Larva" was in type. The specimen enclosed which, you say, when taken last June, was luminous, and had power to put out its fire at will, is the larva, we think, of a *Photuris*, but different from any that we have. Your common fire fly is, you state, *Photinus centrata*, Say; it is not taken in Canada, our commonest phosphorescent species being *Photuris pennsylvanica*, DeGeer. Stainton's "Manual," vol. ii. (London, Van Voorst, 1859, price 10s.), contains a synopsis of the genera and species of *British* Micro-Lepidoptera; his "Entomolo-