Miscellaneous.

Paper Read Before one of the Sunday School Conventions. by Miss Belle Winwall and Published by Request of Convention.

The subject of Sunday School Work is one which has, ever since the founding of S. Schools, claimed and received a good share of attention from many able minds.

It is therefore with a great degree of shrinking I attempt to write anything upon it. I will, however, give my opinions in a brief way, of some of the things I deem essential to S. S. work, hoping God's blessing may rest upon my effort.

As I have already said S. S. work has received much attention, but where we consider its importance the question arises, has it, and does it, get the attention which its merits and importance demand? The answer will, I think, come from all, no! While it has been, and is, the all absorbing theme of many wise and pious people, yet from the christian world at large, it has never, and does not now, gain the notice and interest which it deserves. Much improvement in this way has marked the last ten or twenty years, and I would say in passing, one of the most fruitful sources of improvement is such gatherings as this and larger conventions, still, there remains room for further advancement in this way. The question very naturally arises, how are we to secure this attention? The answer comes to me, make the S. S. a power which will be felt in its community, which, will compel from its very good, the interest of every right thinking man and woman in the church, or out of it. There, too, comes the query, how is the S. S. to be made this power? One essential seems to me "Thorough organization." All will admit that work of any kind, to be successful, must be methodical in a greater or lesser degree. All departments of secular labor are worked according to a system, and the better the system the better the work done. As a homely illustration, take the work of the farm. What kind of success do you suppose the farmer would have if he were to cultivate the soil without any method. To sow and plant seed first and then plough and harrow the ground. If he allowed his employees to work just as their own fancy dictated, what return could he expect from a farm cultivated in such a manner? Of course, you will say, little or none. Do not misunderstand me, as thinking a S. S. a sort of spiritual or moral farming institution, I merely used the illustration to show that while system is necessary in such things, how much more so in the S. S.

Let each S. S. be organized in such a way that each officer and teacher knows just what his routine work will be, then with a heart depending upon God for strength, to do that duty with his might, and one great step is taken towards securing a successful institution. Nor is this all. Another great and even more essential need in our S. S. is trained teachers. It is an indisputable fact that skilled labor, in any class of workers, is more successful than that which is unskilled, and, if so in temporal matters, why does it not hold good in spiritual things? Some will say, Oh! now you are going too far, the idea of trained teachers is well enough for day schools, but we cannot have them in our S. S.! The thing is impossible! Stop a moment and let me explain what I mean by "Trained Teachers!" In many places and in connection, with many schools there are what are known as Normal classes. What the nature of these classes is I am not prepared to say, as I know very little of them, and while they doubtless do very good work, yet the training given in them is not what I mean. The teacher in the day school must know whereof he teaches. Not only a knowledge gained from the mere reading and reviewing the text books prescribed, but must have a belief in their theories, founded upon practical use and experience. If this sort of knowledge and belief is necessary to the educator in secular things, how much more so to the teacher of spiritual things? I maintain, that none should assume the responsibilities of a S. S. teacher, unless their religious experience is such that they can say from the heart "Jesus is mine, my king and my saviour, because He has saved me from my sins, and I can feel His spirit witnessing with mine and telling me I am born of God." This, then, should be the starting point for, and main part of, the S. S. teacher's training. This fact is being more and more realized as time goes on, yet even in some schools to-day you will find unconverted teachers, and my prayer is, God give our S. S's, converted teachers. This part must come from God and God alone. But must He do all the work? Again, I say, no! While this is necessary, yet the teachers must train themselves. Studying God's word as given in the lesson text is, of course, done more or less by all who teach; but this is not enough. Too much dependence is placed upon lesson helps. They are useful in their place but they should never take the place of the Holy Bible, God's own book, in class work. Let the teacher use them to assist in studying the Bible, but God forbid that they should ever be looked upon as the main source from which mind and spirit food for our classes is to be drawn. The teacher should be trained as I have already said, by God's Holy Spirit and then go prayerfully and carefully to do his part, which consists for one thing in learning as far as possible all the Bible teaches about the subject in hand.

This can only be found out by patient prayerful study, both alone and in the Teacher's Meeting, which is another important feature in the teacher's training. Let him train himself to think his S. S. work the first thing, not the second or third, or may be so far in the background that only a very little time and thought are given to it, until the hour for school arrives, and then he goes to his class unfitted for the work before him. Some will say "God's Spirit can do the whole work of training." I know it can, but I do not believe God ever did anything for mankind that they can do for themselves, and unless one can devote sufficient time to S. S. work to draw out what is in the lesson, I contend they never should undertake the work. We may not be able to get all out of each lesson but enough can be got by each teacher to furnish journey bread for his scholars during the week, that is, for those who take it. With this for training, the teacher is prepared for his work in class. About the manner of teaching I will say nothing, as different classes require different methods.

To continue my illustration of the farm. The farmer must know something of the nature of the soil he works in order to do so successfully. So the teacher must know of the pupils he or she has made his or her care in order to sow the spiritual seed in that from which it will be most likely to take root in their hearts bringing forth fruit for eternal life. Let there be a perfect sympathy between the teacher and the taught. Make each scholar feel you have a personal interest in his or her welfare. If you can in any way possible visit them in their homes, find all you can about them and their surroundings, and when you meet a pupil do not be in too great a hurry to speak a pleasant word. If possible let part of that word be about the interest of the soul, something in connection with the S. S. Teachers, strive to make each member of your class feel that he or she is a necessary part of the great whole, and that you need their co-operation and help, and there is not much danger of not keeping the attention of your pupils on Sunday.

Then, too, we should make the conversation of our class our chief aim. Let our motto be that which I read the other day, "My class for Jesus," do our work in the love and fear of God, leaving the rest in His hands, and we need have no fears as to the result.

The successful teacher must also be regular. Do not let anything, if possible, prevent you from meeting your class every Sunday, and thus in another way you will gain their attention, for they will naturally think you interested in them, and will, therefore, be more regular in their attendance when they know they are pretty certain of meeting a teacher.

There are many qualifications upon which I have not touched, time forbids. I will just say a few words in regard to what I consider another important factor in a S. S., viz., the library. The time has gone by when the little goody-goody books about improbable good little girls and boys who never told a lie, disobeyed their parents, or did any wrong thing, will satisfy the S. S. scholar. If you give nine-tenths of the average scholars books of that stamp to read, the chances are they will be thrown aside in disgust, and some trash which means spiritual destruction and death to the boy or girl who reads it substituted. Do not misunderstand me. It is not the good in the first class of books I mentioned that I descry, but their improbability. Let our S. S. libraries be one means of grace to the scholars, and in order for them to be so, select useful instructive books which have the Spirit of Christ running like a life-giving stream all through them, and while not portraying perfect characters, holding what is good up in such a light as to make it shine in its beauty, and what is bad painted in the dark colors evil always deserves, making use of the mistakes of others to give a lesson to us. Two authors in particular I will mention, whose books I believe should have a prominent place in every S. S. library. One of these is "Pansy." The books written by this author cannot fail to benefit any careful reader. Who can read the Chautauqua series, written by Pansy, without feeling moved to deeper and more earnest Christian work.

The other is Frances Ridley Havergal, the heartfelt Christ-like spirit of whose works I cannot better describe than by quoting the words of one of our Christian papers. "These works bear witness that they have welled up from a heart which has learned, listened, and suffered before attempting to teach or preach or sing. She has learned of the Holy Spirit and she sings of Jesus."

Who, that have read her poem, "Have You not a Word for Jesus," have not felt their hearts stirred to their depths by the matchless power with which the writer expresses her love for the Christ who has done and suffered so much for us all. Nor are her best works confined to the poetical. What better thought food can one find than in her "Thy King, or Thoughts for the King's Children," or where better rules and hints concerning the ownership which Christ possesses, or should possess, of all our powers, both mental and physical, than in her book 'Kept for the Master's use.' But I must close, my paper is already too long, much more could be said, but some one else must do it. In closing let me say, dear friends and fellow workers in this part of God's vineyard, let us consecrate ourselves more fully to the great object for which we are all working, winning souls for Christ. Let the earnest prayer and request made by us be "Lord what will thou have me to do?" Let us not forget to sow beside all waters, doing with our might what our hands find to do for the Lord, prayerfully and earnestly. Let us remember that the Great Commission to tell the story to all, was given to each of us, as well as to the disciples of old, and also the reward our Great Leader has promised if we prove faithful. Then leave our work in the hands of God, ever having in mind the words of St. Paul.

'Paul may plant and Apostles may water, but God alone giveth the increase.'

Things Worth Knowing.

It is astonishing how many little bits of practical scientific knowledge a young-ster picks up when he is learning his trade,' said a workman in a New York shop to a *Mail & Express* reporter. 'For instance,' he continued, 'most people think the only way to make a hole in glass is to break it or cut it with a diamond, but it isn't. There are two or three ways of doing it. The neatest to my mind, is to warm the glass and spread it over with wax. Cut the wax down to the place where you want the hole, and drop a little fluoric acid on the glass with a piece of wire. The acid will eat through the glass and you can shape the hole afterwards with a copper wire and some rotten stone and oil.

'The handy man in a shop will make many of his own tools. A whalebone bow is often necessary in using a fine saw, but many people don't know how to handle the whalebone. If it is too stiff, or unequally stiff, it can be scraped down easily with a bit of broken glass. These bows usually have brass hooks at the end, but you can make a hook out of the whalebone itself by holding the end in boiling oil a short time, and bending it around and holding it until it is cool.

'Sometimes I have had to make holes in steel that was too hard to cut or file easily. Then I make a mixture that will eat the whole. I mix an ounce of sulphate of copper, a quarter of an ounce of alum, half a teaspoonful of powdered salt, a gill of vinegar, and twenty drops of nitric acid. This will make the hole, or if it is washed off quickly it will give a beautiful frosted appearance to the metal.'

A Wrinkle.

To the Editor of the Scientific American:

Some parties are doing quite a business in different cities advertising and selling an "outfit" for copying letters without the use of a copying press or water. The "outfit" consists of of an ordinary tissue paper copying book, a sheet of blotting paper, a piece of smooth pasteboard, and a bottle of special ink. The whole trick is in the ink. Any copying book will do.

I saw through the thing as soon as I saw a copy, and tried it at once with perfect success.

I just took ordinary ink and mixed glycerine with it. I wrote a long letter very lightly, then placed it under a tissue leaf of the copying book, and rubbed the latter with my fingers, getting a very fair copy and then a second copy.

Of course a copying press and water are both unnecessary.

All that is needed is to take any ordinary ink and mix glycerine with it, say one-fourth to one-third of the volume of the ink.

STONE FENCES WITH BARBED WIRE.—A stone fence by itself is in all our northern climes somewhat unsatisfactory. It does not last. The stones themselves are there, but the wall is easily upheaved and thrown down by alternate freezing and thawing. Not even the best of drainage will entirely obviate this evil, though it will lessen it. But however dilapidated the stone wall may become, it may always be cheaply made an effective fence by stringing barbed wire over it on posts. One strand will usually be enough, though with very low walls two or three may be needed, according to the kind of stock to be barred out. The barbed wire thus used is in no danger of injuring stock, as the wall beneath it prevents animals from rushing up violently against it.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

—A new veil, which is both coquettish and comfortable, is made to fall below the face, and is drawn backward under the chin and also at the top by the narrowest ribbon, run through the lace which edges it. It is made of black dotted net, edged with Chantilly lace all around, and is large enough to meet at the back, where it is much shortened; and long enough to reach above the brim of the round hat or the bonnet.

—An eight year-old boy of John McGinty's, West Caledonia, Queens, was horribly mutilated by the household dog the other day.

Grand Results.

For several years R. H. Brown, of Kincardine, suffered from dyspepsia, he says he tried several physicians and a host of remedies without relief. His druggist recommended B. B. B. which he declares produced 'grand results,' for which he gives it his highest recommendation.

—Isaac Murphy, the celebrated colored jockey, has a fortune of $75,000 that he has saved from his earnings on the turf.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MRS. DART'S TRIPLETS.

President Cleveland's Prize for the three best babies at the Aurora County Fair in 1887 was given to these triplets, Mollie, Ida and Joey, children of Mrs. A. R. Dart, Hamburgh, N. Y. She writes: "Last August the little ones became very sick, and as I could get no other food that would agree with them, I commenced the use of Lactated Food. It helped them immediately, and they were soon as well as ever, and I consider it very largely due to the Food that they are now so well."

Cabinet photo. of these triplets sent free to the mother of any baby born this year

Lactated Food

is the best Food for bottle-fed babies. It keeps them well, and is better than medicine when they are sick.

THE MOST PALATABLE, NUTRITIOUS, and DIGESTIBLE FOOD. EASILY PREPARED.

At Druggists, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

THE BEST AND MOST ECONOMICAL FOOD.

150 Meals for an Infant for $1.00.

☞ A valuable pamphlet on "The Nutrition of Infants and Invalids," free on application.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., MONTREAL, P.Q.

Flour. Flour.

290 Bbls. Flour and Meal, Feeding Flour and Shorts, Just Arrived, which will be sold at the Lowest Cash Price.

1000 Apple Barrels, 500 Fish Barrels, and Cider Barrels.

A full line of Ready-Made Clothing, for men and boys, which I can sell from $6 to $18 per suit.

AMHERST BOOTS and SHOES,

All sizes and quality; all hand made and warranted; kept in stock constantly.

SALT & LIME always on hand.

Also a nice selection of

Hats and Caps, Dry Goods,

GROCERIES of all descriptions, Paints, Oils, Shelf Hardware, Crockeryware, etc., etc.

ANSLEY ELLIOTT.

Port George, Aug 29th, '88. May8, 8m

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Great Bargains FOR 30 DAYS,

to make room for Fall Orders.

TROUT RODS, REELS, LINES, CASTS, FLIES AND HOOKS, AT COST.

Hats and Caps

Marked down to astonish the buyer. Three Straw Hats for 15 cents did startle a customer to hand in a dime and a half.

Boots & Shoes

Marked Down, Oh, So Low!

100 cents will buy a nice pair of Ladies' Button Boots. A few pair of those beautiful $2.00 Ladies' Boots left; that fit so nice and wears so well. $1.70 will buy a pair.

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S COTTON AND CASHMERE HOSE.

DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, GINGHAMS, SHIRT GINGHAMS AND COTTONADES.

LAMPS, GLASS SETS, GLASS PITCHERS, GEM JARS, AND A GREAT VARIETY OF GLASS WARE.

PRESERVE YOUR SIGHT

BY WEARING THE ONLY

FRANK LAZARUS

[Late of the Firm of Lazarus & Morris.]

Renowned Spectacles & Eye-Glasses

THESE Spectacles and Eye-Glasses have been used for the past 35 years and given in every instance unbounded satisfaction. They are *the best in the world*. They never tire, and last many years without change.

For sale by SAMUEL LEGG, Watch Maker and Jeweler, Bridgetown.

Frank Lazarus, manufacturer, 28 Maryland Road, Harrow Road, London, England, (Late Lazarus & Morris, Hartford, Conn.)

☞ No connection with any other firm in the Dominion of Canada.

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THE subscriber offers for sale that very nicely situated property in MIDDLETON, County of Annapolis, and Province of Nova Scotia, on the Post Road and in the immediate neighborhood of Railway Station, Telegraph Office, Post Office and Churches, consisting of about forty-five acres superior soil, a thriving young orchard of about one hundred and fifty Apple Trees of choice selected fruit, and conveniently divided into hay, tillage and pasture lands. Is well watered, has a commodious and thoroughly finished house, woodhouse, barn, stables, etc., in good repair. Terms easy.

JONATHAN WOODBURY.

RUBBER STAMP with your name in Fancy Type, 25 Visiting Cards, and INDIAN INK to mark Linen, only 25 cts. (stamps.) Book of 2000 styles free with each order. Agents Wanted. Big Pay. THALMAN M'F'G CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Windsor & Annapolis Railw'y

Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Pass. and Freight Tues., Thurs., and Saturdays.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
0	Annapolis—leave	1 40	6 00	.....
6	Round Hill	1 58	6 25	.....
14	Bridgetown	2 18	6 55	.....
19	Paradise	2 33	7 15	.....
22	Lawrencetown	2 43	7 30	.....
28	Middleton	2 58	7 55	.....
32	Wilmot	3 10	8 11	.....
35	Kingston	3 19	8 25	.....
42	Aylesford	3 37	9 00	.....
47	Berwick	3 55	9 20	.....
50	Waterville	4 05	9 35	.....
52	Cambridge	4 13	9 45	.....
54	Coldbrook	4 20	9 55	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	4 32	10 15	.....
	Do—leave	4 47	10 50	5 40
64	Port Williams	5 00	11 10	6 00
66	Wolfville	5 08	11 19	6 10
69	Grand Pre	5 18	11 32	6 25
70	Horton Landing	‖5 22	‖11 37	‖6 30
72	Avonport	‖5 29	‖11 45	‖6 40
77	Hantsport	5 44	12 05	6 58
82	Falmouth	‖6 00	‖12 25	7 15
88	Windsor	6 10	12 55	7 50
			P.M.	
90	Newport	6 26	1 18	8 10
93	Ellershouse	6 35	1 33	8 35
103	Mount Uniacke	7 00	2 13	9 15
113	Beaver Bank	7 23	2 43	9 43
116	Windsor Junct	7 35	3 23	10 00
121	Bedford	7 46	3 30	10 15
129	Rockingham	‖7 57	3 52	‖10 28
129	Richmond	.....	4 03	10 42
130	Halifax—arrive	8 10	4 10	10 45

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Pass. and Freight Wednesdays and Fridays only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
0	Halifax—leave	7 00	.....	2 30
1	Richmond	.....	6 15	2 35
5	Rockingham	‖7 13	‖6 26	‖2 44
9	Bedford	7 24	6 37	2 55
14	Windsor Junc—leave	7 40	7 15	3 30
17	Beaver Bank	‖7 47	‖7 25	3 40
27	Mount Uniacke	8 10	8 25	4 15
37	Ellershouse	8 35	9 00	4 45
40	Newport	8 45	9 12	5 00
48	Windsor	9 00	10 03	5 35
48	Falmouth	‖9 07	‖10 15	5 45
53	Hantsport	9 22	10 37	6 08
58	Avonport	‖9 35	‖10 55	‖6 24
60	Horton Landing	‖9 41	‖11 05	‖6 30
61	Grand Pre	9 44	11 10	6 34
64	Wolfville	9 54	11 25	6 47
66	Port Williams	10 00	11 35	6 55
71	Kentville—arrive	10 19	11 55	7 10
	Do—leave	10 30	12 25	.....
76	Coldbrook	10 42	‖12 40	.....
78	Cambridge	‖10 49	‖12 51	.....
			P.M.	
80	Waterville	10 57	1 02	.....
83	Berwick	11 05	1 17	.....
88	Aylesford	11 21	1 40	.....
95	Kingston	11 39	2 10	.....
98	Wilmot	‖11 48	2 23	.....
102	Middleton	12 00	2 38	.....
108	Lawrencetown	12 17	3 18	.....
111	Paradise	12 27	3 33	.....
116	Bridgetown	12 42	3 55	.....
124	Roundhill	1 02	4 25	.....
130	Annapolis—arrive	1 20	4 50	.....

N.B.—Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time, one hour added will give Halifax time. Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. (‖) Indicates that Trains stop only when signalled, or when there are passengers to set down.

Steamer "Doreas" leaves St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, a. m., for Digby and Annapolis, returning from Annapolis same days.

Steamer "Evangeline" will make daily connection each way between Annapolis and Digby.

Trains of the Western Counties Railway leave Digby daily at 3.30 p. m., and leave Yarmouth daily at 7.15 a. m.

Steamer "Yarmouth" leaves Yarmouth every Wednesday and Saturday evening for Boston.

Steamer "Cleopatra" leaves Annapolis for Boston every Thursday p. m.

International Steamers leave St. John every Monday and Thursday, a. m., for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

Trains of the Provincial and New England All Rail Line leave St. John for Bangor, Portland and Boston at 7.40 a. m., 8.50 p. m., daily, except Saturday evening and Sunday morning.

Through Tickets by the various routes on sale at all Stations.

P. INNES, General Manager.

Kentville, November 23rd, 1888.

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The Shortest and Best Route between Nova Scotia and Boston.

THE New Steel Steamer YARMOUTH will leave Yarmouth for Boston every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY evenings, after after arrival of the train of the Western Counties Railway.

Returning, will leave Lewis' Wharf, Boston, at 10 a. m., every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, connecting at Yarmouth with Train for Halifax and Intermediate Stations.

The *Yarmouth* is the fastest steamer plying between Nova Scotia and the United States, being fitted with Triple Expansion Engines, Electric Lights, Steam Steering Gear, Bilge Keels, etc.

For tickets, state rooms, and all other information, apply to C. E. Barry, 126 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S.; Geo. M. Connor, North Street Depot, Halifax, N. S., or to any Ticket Agent on Windsor and Annapolis or Western Counties Railways.

The S. S. City of St. John, leaves Halifax every MONDAY, at 10 p. m., for South Shore ports and Yarmouth, and leaves Yarmouth every THURSDAY, at 10 a. m.

L. E. BAKER, President and Manager. W. A. CHASE, Agent.

Yarmouth, N. S., March 7th, 1888. tf

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Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums.

PERFECTLY RESTORE THE HEARING, no matter whether deafness is caused by colds, fevers, or injuries to the natural drums. Always in position, but invisible to others and comfortable to wear. Music, conversation, and whispers heard distinctly. We refer to those using them. Send for illustrated book of proofs *free*. Address, F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N. Y. 17y

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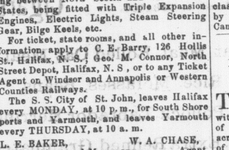

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1888. 1888.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES.

THE BRIDGETOWN

Marble Works,

ARE prepared to compete with any similar concern in the Province, both in workmanship or price.

MONUMENTS HEADSTONES, TABLETS.

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Marble, Freestone & Granite,

of all descriptions manufactured to order at short notice

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Furniture Tops!

Call and inspect work.

OLDHAM WHITMAN.

Bridgetown, Jan. 12th,

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults

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Wilmot Spa Springs.

Annapolis County.

A COMMODIOUS New Hotel has just been built at this famous summer resort, and first-class accommodations can now be furnished to 100 guests.

The Spa Water has wonderful medical properties, and the effect upon people troubled with Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Scrofula, Spinal Complaint, General Debility, and other diseases, are of the most beneficial nature, as numerous testimonials will testify.

The Springs are situated at the base of the North Mountain, amid an extensive grove of lofty pines, covering seven acres of ground. The surrounding scenery is beautiful, and charming walks and drives abound, while the Bay of Fundy is distant but a few miles. Good trout fishing can be had in the neighborhood.

Baths, hot or cold, can be had at all hours.

Conveyance to Middleton Station at all hours.

Terms from $5 to $8 per Week, According to Rooms.

Owing to the disappointment of the Spa Springs company not bottling on the grounds, and not getting furnishing as was expected, they will, for this season, be free to all.

J. R. HALL, Proprietor.

Excelsior Package

DYES

Are unequalled for Simplicity of Use, Beauty of Color, and the large amount of Goods each Dye will Color.

The colors, namely, are supplied: Yellow, Orange, Eosine (Pink), Bismark, Scarlet, Green, Dark Green, Light Blue, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Brown, Black, Garnet, Magenta Slate, Plum, Drab, Purple, Violet, Maroon, Old Gold Cardinal, Red, Crimson.

The above Dyes are prepared for Dyeing Silk, Wool, Cotton, Feathers, Hair, Paper, Basket Wood, Liquids, and all kinds of Fancy Work. Only 8 cents a package.

Sold by J. W. BECKWITH, and by all first-class Druggists and Grocers, and wholesale by C. HARRISON & CO., Excelsior Dye Co., Cambridge, Kings Co., N. S.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE!

THE subscriber offers for sale the pleasantly situated premises on Church Street, within six minutes walk of town. It consist of HOUSE and BARN, both quite new; five acres of Land, under good cultivation; brook of water running through rear of lot; excellent Well of Water, distance of a few steps from house; also water pipes leading past; fifty APPLE TREES, of which nearly all are in bearing; variety of Fruit Trees; Shrubbery, Flowers, etc. For further particulars apply to

GILBERT V. GIBSON.

Bridgetown, June 5th, 1888. tf

For Immediate Sale!

THAT snug premises situate on Cemetery Road, near the Park, the property of Oldham Whitman, Esq. It consists of a small cottage and barn; quite new, both in good order and condition, and three quarters of an acre of land, splendid soil. There is an excellent well of soft water. To any one having the enterprise to start a kitchen garden to supply the townspeople with early vegetables and operate a small nursery, this property furnishes an excellent opportunity. May be had for $800, and part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage.

Apply to

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Bridgetown, May 22nd, 1888. tf

FOR SALE at the DRUG STORE.

CASTORIA, best Spirits Nitre, Sulphuric Acid, Ence Fruit Salt, Plasters, Teaberry, Tooth Powder, Pierce's Medicines, full line, Vasilenes, full lines, Paine's Celery Compound, Riege's Food for infants, Lactated Food, Chloride Lime, Diamond and Electric Dyes, Insect Powders, Washing and Baking Soda, Copperas, Senna, Alum, Indigo, Nutmegs, Aniline Dyes, Puffs, Toilet Powder, Soap, Perfumeries, Lime Juice, Mack's Magnetic Medicines, Kendall's Spavin Cure, Burdock Blood Bitters, Standard Piano and Organ Instruction Books, Sheet Music and Blank Music Paper and Books.

L R MORSE, M D.

September, 1888.

Oysters! Oysters!

BY PECK, on half shell, by plate or stew, SAUSAGES, by best makers in the city of Halifax. POULTRY, FINNEN HADDIES, BREAD and CAKES. *Cash paid for Poultry.*

THOS. J. EAGLESON.

Bridgetown, Oct. 1st, '88. 3m

Frost & Wood's

PLOWS!

Another carload of those celebrated Steel Plows Just Received,

CONSISTING OF

25 ONE HORSE PLOWS.
60 NO 6, ALL STEEL.
50 NO. 16, LIGHT TWO HORSE PLOWS
15 NO. 6, CAST BEAMS.
10 SIDE-HILL PLOWS, AMERICAN PATTERN.

All will be sold on EASY TERMS and WARRANTED.

A. C. VANBUSKIRK,

General Agent for Western Counties.

AGENTS FOR ANNAPOLIS COUNTY.

A. B. ARMSTRONG.....Nictaux Falls.
GEO. L. MUNRO.....Paradise.
S. D. R. RITCHIE.....Annapolis.
W. C. WOODWORTH.....Granville Ferry.

There are 165 Cities

IN the world that contain over one hundred thousand inhabitants, and there are a hundred and one little ailments brought on by an overworked constitution, which might be prevented by the timely use of

Puttner's Emulsion!

It is in diseases of this origin that it has achieved, and is achieving, such marvelous results. Rev. R. T. Brine, Pugwash, N. S., says:

"Being fully convinced that sufferers from exhaustion, brain weakness and rheumatic attacks will gain speedy relief from the use of PUTTNER'S EMULSION, I feel it a duty to make known to such its remarkable effects on my system."

Dr. H. J. Fixot, of St. Peters, C.B., says:—

"Judging from the results obtained from PUTTNER'S EMULSION in the course of my practice, I cordially recommend it to possess all the virtues ascribed to it as a medicine."

☞ Young and growing children thrive on PUTTNER'S EMULSION.

For sale by all dealers at 50 cents.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

HALIFAX, N. S.

DO YOU WANT

Bargains?

If so, Try the Subscriber.

—A fine Stock of—

COATINGS, TROUSERING, TWEEDS, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, FLOUR, MEAL, ETC., ETC.

In short everything kept in a first-class Country Store.

For Cash or Reasonable Credit I will sell at prices that will astonish you.

B. STARRATT.

Bath Brothers'

Livery Stables

BRIDGETOWN.

WE have purchased from Mr. F. FitzRandolph the entire stock and good will of his Livery Stable Business, and the Livery Stable Stock of Mr. W. J. Glencross, and are therefore in a position to furnish the most Stylish Turnouts that can be desired.

Passengers conveyed to all parts of the country at Reasonable Rates.

TEAMS IN WAITING AT ALL TRAINS

Single or Double Teams for Wedding Parties Furnished at Short Notice and Fitted up in Best Style.

Special attention will be given to the wants of Commercial Men.

Livery Stable opposite Rink.

W.C. BATH. - - - H. S. BATH.

W. D. SHEEHAN

The American Tailor.

THE subscriber, in addition to his former Stock, has just received

Suitings, Trowserings, Beaver Over-coating, and other Cloth. Also on hand: Material for Wedding Suits, (a specialty) which I will make to order and guarantee to fit.

Bridgetown, October 17th, 1888.

H. H. BANKS,

PRODUCE COMMISSION AGENT,

Parker Market Building,

Halifax, N. S.

—ALL KINDS OF—

Farm Prouce Sold on Commission.

FARMERS

OF

Kings and Annapolis,

are respectfully requested to send their

Berries, Fruit, Butter, Eggs,

AND OTHER PRODUCE, TO

FULTON, FOSTER & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Halifax, N. S.

Who guarantee Best Prices and Prompt Returns.

John Ervin,

Barrister and Attorney at Law,

OFFICE, COX'S BUILDING,

03mpd BRIDGETOWN

FLOUR, MEAL, &C.,

Just received ex-Emma C., from Boston,

200 Bbls FLOUR,

White Dove, Anchor, Acadian.

50 Bbls. Corn Meal,
50 Bbls. Feeding Flour,
50 Bags Middlings.

The above having been purchased before the rise, are offered at bottom figures for cash.

—; Also in stock:—

10 HALF-CHESTS OF THAT DELIGHTFUL TEA. Selling low.
5 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES,
5 CRATES CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY.

—; Just arrived:—

30 BBLS. AMERICAN WATER WHITE OIL, which will be sold low in 5 gallon lots.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.

A. W. PHINNEY.

Middleton, N. S. tf

NOTICE!

ALL persons having claims against the estates of WM. A. RICE, late of Bridgetown, farmer, deceased, and NANCY M. GREENWOOD, late of Bridgetown, trader, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested to, within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estates will make immediate payment to

ALFRED RICE,

Admr. Rice, Extr. Greenwood

Bridgetown, Nov. 10th, '88. 51t38

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his desirable property situated on the

Thorne Mill Road, Dalhousie,

consisting of about 200 acres; 40 acres cleared, cuts from 18 to 20 tons hay; about 40 apple trees grafted with standard varieties; comfortable Dwelling House and Barn; plenty of Timber, both hard and soft. A portion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage if so desired.

THOS. ANDERSON.

Dalhousie, Nov. 5th, 1888. tf

A Modern Hercules.

REMARKABLE FEATS OF STRENGTH BY A PHILADELPHIA GIANT.

Philadelphia can boast of a modern Hercules in the person of George Soptman, a giant in muscle and stature, says the *Record*. He stands 8 feet 4½ inches in his stocking, measures 50 inches around his chest and weighs 273 pounds, scarcely an ounce of which is superfluous flesh.

Soptman recently paid a short visit to a gymnasium on Arch street and gave an exhibition of what he could do. The people stared him curiously when he picked up the 100 pound dumb bell and twirled it between his fingers as a dude might a bamboo cane.

When he stretched out his arm and asked all who could possibly do so to jump on his back, arms, shoulders and head, to take a ride, eight sturdy and strong men complied with the request and, holding on to his ears, hair and collar button, they bore their weight upon him. He carried them without much difficulty.

Not satisfied with this, the young giant went to the strength-testing scales and pulled up a 2,030 pound weight with ease. He then wrapped two straps around his shoulders and back, and fastening the ends to the 3,000 pounds of iron he calmly raised the weight and took a promenade around the hall with his load.

As his last act, instead of wrestling with a Numidian lion, as Hercules of mythological fame did, he caught hold of a bear which a friend had expressly brought and hugged the animal so hard that it grunted for mercy. Soptman has yet to perform seven more difficult tasks, and then he will pose himself as a modern Hercules and the hero of twelve unparalleled, unequalled feats of strength.

Enormous Demand for Eggs

An egg merchant, who goes from house to house buying eggs, told us a few days since, that he expected to have to pay 50 cents a dozen for eggs before Christmas.

This is remarkable, when we reflect that the poultry industry of this country last year amounted to nearly seven hundred million dollars worth of foreign eggs. Our own egg-raisers ought to have this money. The demand for fresh eggs for food alone far exceeds the supply. At fifty cents per dozen eggs are as cheap as beefsteak for food. Many persons who keep hens will probably not have an egg to sell when they reach fifty cents. Some one may ask, 'what ails the body do, when the pesky old hens stop laying, and the pullets refuse to begin until spring?' Why! do as Wm. H. Yeomans, of Columbia, Conn., Editor of the German Telegra