

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Disloyalty on the Beach in Canada.—We learn from Montreal papers that Wednesday the 26th ult., the day of humiliation and prayer for the success of the British arms, according to the appointment of Her Majesty, was very generally observed in that city.

The Superior Court being in session, Mr. Berthelot suggested to the Judges that the Court should adjourn till the following day. This was the opinion of the Bar generally, and was acquiesced in by Mr. Justice Day, who said that the Court only wanted an application from the Bar, whose wishes it would most readily meet in the matter.

Mr. Judge Mondelet said he, for one, would never consent to adjourn for any occasion. If a set of murderers chose to cut each other's throats, he saw nothing to call for prayer in it. These belligerent armies were murderers, and the war a disgrace to the nineteenth century. Why could not they settle their quarrels in some other way, without cutting each other's throats? He would never consent to adjourn. His Honour repeated these sentiments with great emphasis.

Mr. Bidwell had come prepared to move an adjournment if no one else had. If what the learned Judge said was true, then the Sovereign from whom he held his commission was a murderer, and that the prayers offered up blasphemous.

Judge Mondelet—so they are! Messrs Loranger and Dorian here rose and said that the Bar was unanimous in favour of an adjournment. After the courtesy always extended by the English members on like occasions—as, for instance, adjourning on the occasion of the S. Jean Baptiste Society—there ought to be, and there was, but one opinion on the matter, and they trusted that the adjournment would be made.

Judge Day—That being the feeling, we have, of course, no hesitation in complying.

Murder and Arson in Arsonstook.—Mc—Two persons, James Mathews, and Mary Ann White, were committed to jail in Houlton, Me., on the 21st ult., the first charged with the murder of Samuel James, the latter for setting fire to a tavern on the West Arsonstook road. The man and woman had been living together several months. On the Sunday previous to the arrest the deceased visited Mathews' camp, and staid with Mary Ann over night. She told Mathews that James had treated her badly. He seized a gun, followed after and shot James through the breast. The wounded man survived but a few hours. Two men who happened to be passing at the time apprehended Mathews and Mary Ann, and took them to Hewes' tavern. While preparations were making for the examination of Mathews, the girl White stole up into the attic with some matches, set fire to the house, and came down. When the fire was discovered, it had progressed so far that it was with much difficulty it could be extinguished, though there were some fifteen able men in the house. She was not suspected to have participated in the murder, and was in custody merely as a witness.—N. Y. Herald.

We understand that the Steamer's Eastern City and Admiral will make three trips a week between Portland, Eastport, and St. John, as soon as the season is suitable, probably by the middle of May. This arrangement is intended to accommodate the increasing business of Portland, as one of the trips from St. John will terminate here, and the other two continue to Boston. They will thus be enabled to take all the freight offered; and by laying over one day here will have plenty of time to discharge and take in cargo. We are pleased to learn that arrangements have been made by those steamers to forward passengers from St. John to Windsor and Halifax, and to other parts of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

These steamers have been put in first rate order—have experienced officers and engineers—and in point of speed, safety and comfort, are not surpassed by any boats in New England.—Portland Argus.

A little son of G. T. Swartz set fire to his father's house in Providence while playing with matches, and his mother was fatally burned in rescuing him. The house was destroyed.—Portland Argus.

Count Adam de Gubowski has written a letter to the New-York Tribune to show that the germs of a revolution at present exist in Russia—a rebellion, which, he thinks, only requires opportunity to manifest itself, and by which the future grandeur and destiny of Russia will be achieved.

The present British army despatched to Turkey, numbers 25,731 men, of whom 2501 consist of Horse Artillery; 2000 of cavalry; 23 regiments of infantry, numbering in all, 18,750 men, besides 3 regiments of Foot Guards, numbering 2550.

Accounts from Ireland give cheering accounts of the progress of farming work. The quantity of wheat sown by far exceeds that of last year. Notwithstanding the cheering prospects of the country, however, emigration proceeds with even increased earnestness.

The codfishermen are sitting away from the New England ports later, but more extensively, than usual. The present prices of fish, and the withdrawal of the French fishermen for the navy, leads to the expectation of profitable year's work. There will be an increase of the Labrador vessels from Newburyport the present season.—Boston Post.

Bank Failure.—The Cohasset Bank Boston, suspended payment on Saturday last. It is believed that it will ultimately redeem its bills in circulation.

Sir Charles Napier, previous to his departure for the Baltic, was received at the Portsmouth Guildhall, by the Mayor and Common Council, and presented with an address. In his reply the Admiral said:—

"I will do the best I can to prevent the British flag from being tarnished. I know a great deal is expected from the fleet; but, gentlemen, you must not expect too much—(cheers.) We are going to meet an enemy well prepared. I am sure every officer and man in the fleet will do his duty gloriously; but at the same time, I warn you again that you must not expect too much—(cheers.) The fleet is a new one; the system of warfare is new; great consideration is required to ascertain how it is best to manage a fleet urged by steam. The system of warfare is entirely different now to what it was formerly; but we will do our best—(cheers.)—and I am sure I shall remember to the last day of my life the kindness of the people of Portsmouth—(loud cheers.)"

The Cholera.—We are pleased to find that all the Cholera patients at Partridge Island are in a convalescent state, and all the healthy passengers have come up to the city. We have reason to be thankful that we are spared such a disastrous visitation as the Cholera would be in this City at the present time, and trust that the arrangements of precaution already taken by the Board of Health and by private individuals will be persisted in, that another such arrival will find us prepared as far as human means will permit.—Chronicle.

N. Y. Crystal Palace.—This great American Exhibition, after having been closed a short time for re-arrangement and requisite alterations, was opened on the 4th instant to the public under a new and improved administration, and it is now intended to be continued as a permanent institution. A large number of articles in the Fine Arts, Horticulture, Mechanics, &c., have been added to the former extensive collection, and steam power and space will continue to be furnished to parties desirous of exhibiting new articles and inventions. Medals, Diplomas, and other marks of merit will be awarded to inventors and others worthy of the distinction. The President of the Crystal Palace Association, P. T. Barnum, Esq., announces that the Exhibition has been opened under the most auspicious circumstances, and is now presented in a form which must command the sympathy of Skill and Industry throughout the World, and deserve, as well as receive, a success at once gratifying and consoling to their patriotism and perseverance. All travellers from the Colonies should make it their business to inspect this extensive exhibition of American Art and Industry, where also the similar products of every quarter of the globe are placed side by side, that the visitor may himself easily institute a comparison between the different developments of taste and skill of the different countries.—Id.

Liquor Law in Pennsylvania.—A committee of conference of the two Houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature have agreed to provide for a vote of the people, on the second Tuesday of October next, for and against the enactment of a law to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor, except for medicinal, medicinal, and sacramental purposes. The vote of the people is to be considered their prayer to the next Legislature.

Cucumbers are selling in Cincinnati at 25 cents a piece. Green corn, asparagus, tomatoes and fresh peaches are in the market, and sold at reasonable prices.

The Quebec-Gazette says:—The order to charge one penny additional on Colonial newspapers to Great Britain has been rescinded. The postal regulations remain as formerly—1d. on each paper via United States, and all via Halifax free.

The California newspapers have a new feature. They have not only headings as we have for births, marriages, and deaths, but also for divorces. Thus in the California paper the arrangement is, "births, marriages, deaths and divorces."

The Voice of the Fugitive states, that numbers of fugitives from Slavery continue to arrive in Canada from the boasted land of freedom. If they had not Canada to fly to, their fate would be sad indeed. But once here, where true freedom exists, they need have no further fear of the lash unless indeed, our "virtuous" friend, Mitchell's ideas of liberty should prevail us—which heaven forefend!

We are not much in error when we state that the Sheriff's returns of the approaching Elections will be limited to the first of July. The whole of them will consequently be held in the month of June, it may be on the same day; but the later part will be discretionary with the Sheriff.—[Reporter.

The gentlemen hitherto announced either by themselves or friends as candidates at the approaching Election in this County, are, besides the four "old ones," Hon. Charles Fisher, W. H. Needham, James S. Beek, Lieut. Col. Hayne, D. S. Kerr, John A. Beckwith, and George F. H. Minchin, Esqrs.—Id.

A writer in the St. John Morning News is abusing the hon. Mr. Chandler with all his might for having once advocated the only line Railroad which could either now or hereafter be of any advantage to this Province, and naming him with his present position in connection with that humbug called the European and North American Railroad. We regret as much as any one that Mr. Chandler has been driven into such bad company; but let

the writer of these reform articles remember that the whole farce has not yet been concluded.—Id.

THE STANDARD OFFICE IS MOVED to the Bank buildings, over Mr. Moore's shop, Market Square.

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1854.

A False Report.—The report lately put in circulation that Mr. John McAdam, of Milltown, had resigned as a candidate for this county, is a false report. Mr. McAdam, understands agriculture sufficiently, to "look ahead" after "putting his hand to the plough." Who first started the lie—does anyone know? Such fabricated tales will but hurt the originators themselves, and not those whom they wish to injure.—Provincial Patriot.

The above is not the only false report in circulation. In the Morning Times, a correspondent writing from Charlotte County, says:—"the temperance body are forming an alliance with the Roman Catholic party, on the grounds of expediency &c." We have ascertained from respectable sources, that there is no such combination, nor have overtures been made. The real state of the case is simply this:—the constituency in some of the Parishes, are resolved to have a change in the representation, if they can bring it about;—some of the candidates are temperance men, (although they do not base their popularity or merits upon that fact,) the freeholders of various denominations have promised their support, and we believe any one of the Candidates would be delighted to receive the united Catholic support if he could obtain it, without pandering. Let the truth be told there are no coalitions. Every candidate must stand upon his own merits. There appears to be a very general desire to elect men of known integrity and talent,—men who are not seeking office, and would accept it if proffered to them, men of enlightened and liberal views, and who will explain on the hustings their political opinions, and give their views on the leading measures now agitated in the Province, such as Municipal Corporations—direct taxation for the support of Schools—a new Election Law—Economy and retrenchment in the Public Expenditure—and the internal improvement of the Province.

FIRE.—On Friday night last about 11 o'clock a Barn belonging to Mr. Charles Stevenson was discovered on fire, and before assistance could be obtained, was together with its contents destroyed. Lieut Clarke and the detachment under his command, together with several persons from Town, were early on the spot, but their efforts were unavailing. We regret to state that Mr. Stevenson's loss amounts to £50; the barn had not been entered for some days, consequently the origin of the fire is a mystery.

THE WEATHER during last week up to Saturday was clear and warm; but on that morning the wind shifted to the south west with a degree of cold seldom experienced so late in the spring; during the night a large quantity of snow fell covering the ground, and the mercury in the thermometer was several degrees below the freezing point—ice nearly half an inch in thickness formed and altogether it looked more like falling in to the lap of winter than spring. The weather is now more like spring.

WE notice in the Head Quarters, a Requisition signed by 420 Freeholders of the County of Northumberland, to the Hon. J. A. Street, Attorney General, requesting him to come forward again as a Candidate, to represent that County in the General Assembly, and pledging themselves to support him by their votes and influence. Mr. Street in his reply accepts the call, and states that he has represented the County of Northumberland for upwards of twenty years, and thanks the requisitionists for the honor they have done him. It appears to us now, that the Attorney General acted as he ought to have done, in not complying with the wishes of those of his constituents who two years ago requested him to resign the trust placed in his hands as representative, as the requisition to him which is now published, is an addition, at proof that he has given satisfaction, and retains the confidence of the constituency.

THE FREE PRESS.—We regret to perceive that our contemporary of the "Free Press," will discontinue the paper during the present month. In his valedictory he says (the paper) "does not breathe in a congenial atmosphere"—and, "he therefore prefers for it a sudden rather than a lingering decease. The truth we believe, is—that a free press is not greatly desired in this community." Mr.

Porter is a clever writer, independent, and honest in his views.

CAUTION IN USING FIREARMS.—We have received the following note from Dr. Fletcher, which we trust may serve as a caution to persons using firearms. Truly his children had a narrow escape:—

While conversing with a Gentleman yesterday in my House, he expressed a wish to see my Revolver. It had been loaded some time and we went into the dooryard to discharge it. I looked towards the field to be sure that no cattle were within the range of the Pistol, and seeing that all was clear, took aim at a close Board Fence, about five rods distant. Four barrels were discharged in as many seconds, the other two missed fire.—As we went forward to examine the fence two of my boys who had been stooping in a little brook at play with a water-wheel, hearing the reports in rapid succession stood up, their heads being directly in the range of the Bullets, and inquired what was the matter. Upon examination one Bullet had passed through the first fence, two others had passed through the pickets in a graveyard fence, three or four rods beyond where the boys were playing. The three Bullets were within a circle of four or five feet; and, had they fallen as low as the bottom of the circle the boys would have been aimed at with great exactness.

Let all who read this, imagine the feelings of a Father at the moment, and guard against similar dangers. Never fire at a building or fence without strict examination.

I am Sir,
Your most obedt servant,
M. R. FLETCHER.
Digdegush, May 5, 1854.

COSTLY ANIMALS.—A gentleman, at Port Hope, Canada West, imported in the Sarah Sands, which arrived at Portland, some specimens of English stock viz: 40 choice Leicester sheep, 1 Durham Bull, 2 Yorkshire pigs, and a pair of English-rabbits. The value of the stock may be estimated, when it is stated the freight on each sheep was £4 10s. 6d., for the Bull £20, £9 per pair for the pigs. It is said that they were fine specimens of English Stock.

PORTLAND is truly becoming a great place—what with steamships, grand trunk rail ways, manufactories and the like, the comparatively new City of Portland is fast becoming the great Emporium of the Northern States. The "old folks" too, have "waked up!" they trot off twice a week with singing books under their arms to "singing school." Our worthy, witty, and talented exchange, "the Eclectic," gives a most amusing notice of the progress of the scholars. He says: "The truth is, the going to school, and the excitement of singing the old familiar tunes, have so carried them back to the good old times, that many of them imagine themselves in the bread and butter age again, and we think we have detected two or three cases of desperate flirtations, even among staid grandmothers and fathers."

THE LICENSE LAW.

The last Royal Gazette contains the Act to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors, which received His Excellency's assent and became a Law on Monday last. It provides that the Justices in General Sessions may grant wholesale and tavern licenses to so many persons of good character as they may think proper, demanding for each license no more than £25, nor less than £5; such license to be in force not longer than one year. Tavern licenses may, however, be granted to persons in remote situations for forty shillings, when necessary for the accommodation of travellers. No license is to be granted to any person to keep a tavern, unless he is of orderly and sober habits, and shall have the means of entertaining travellers comfortably. No person licensed to sell by wholesale shall sell in any quantity less than one pint, nor shall he permit any liquor to be drunk on his premises.

The Fredericton Reporter of Friday last, says:—"Several members of the Legislature from St. Andrews, King's, and the Northern Counties, have been detained here since the rising of the Legislature in consequence of the impassable condition both of the Roads and the River."

RIOTOUS DISTURBANCES.—The Montreal Gazette says:—"The effect of the recent current of judicial decisions and the immunity afforded to crimes of violence, when political or religious prejudices furnish the motive for them, all these things are bearing their fruits. On Tuesday evening some evil-disposed persons attacked Dr. Taylor's Church, Chenneville street, and broke some 20 or 30 panes."

For the last week an east wind has been blowing so cold and ungenial that we are convinced that it must have come right straight from the hyperborean region of Quebec. It was prolific of a great deal of influenza, but happily a change of wind on Tuesday night gave us a warmer atmosphere.—The season, is at least, a fortnight later than usual. Ploughing has hardly been commenced as yet, the frost at night keeping the land very wet.—[Toronto-Globe, 19th ult.

RAILROAD IRON.—Two ship loads of railroad iron from England for the Grand Trunk arrived here on Wednesday. We learn that it is contemplated to lay another track as

far as Danville, during the present season.—[Portland Advertiser.

Great religious excitement prevails in Ellsworth, Maine, between the Roman Catholics and Protestants. The former have sued the superintending School Committee for compelling their children to read the Bible in the common schools.

We learn from the Brazilian correspondence of the New York Post, that Mrs. Wines, wife of the British consul at Para, and daughter of Daniel O'Connell, the great Irish agitator, is about to connect herself with the Episcopal Church, of which her husband is a member.

The body of an infant was discovered on Wednesday, concealed in the late Judge Chipman's field. It appeared to have been placed there some time ago.—Times.

A young man named Patrick Sullivan, whose parents reside in Cooper's Alley, St. John, was drowned near Houlton, on Monday morning; his body was brought into Houlton and interred on Wednesday.—Carleton Sentinel.

MARRIAGES.
On the 2d inst, by the Rev. Wm. Temple Mr. H. Valentine, Surgeon, to Mrs. Dorothy Murchie, widow of the late Capt. Murchie.

ALBION HOUSE,
ST. ANDREWS, MAY 1854.

R. STORR & CO.,
BEG respectfully to inform the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and its vicinity, that they have taken the Store in Water-street, immediately opposite the Post Office, and that they will OPEN IT UNDER THE ABOVE TITLE ON Friday next, May 12th,

WITH A
MAGNIFICENT & MOST EXTENSIVE
STOCK OF DRY GOODS.

The Subscribers have been induced to take this step from a conviction that the people of St. Andrews have not hitherto enjoyed those advantages for buying goods from a LARGE, WELL ASSORTED, AND FASHIONABLE STOCK, that the extent and importance of the place, would warrant them in expecting. With the view of affording this desideratum, a partner of this Establishment has visited the European and American markets, and brought with great advantages, a stock of Goods, which for taste, variety, quality and CHEAPNESS, cannot be surpassed by that of any house in the Province. It would be impossible in the limits of an advertisement, to particularize, but on inspection it will be found to contain everything that is supplied by the most extensive houses in the first cities in B. N. America, from the minutest article in Haberdashery to those of the most costly character in DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS, VELVETS, &c. &c.

Particular attention has been paid to the Woollen department, which will contain every novelty of the season, together with a large supply of BROADCLOTHS, DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, &c.

With a full assortment of Linings, trimmings &c. In making this announcement we trust the public will encourage us in this undertaking and we pledge ourselves to carry on this business in a spirit of liberality and continue to offer to purchasers advantages which will have no doubt be appreciated. The above will be disposed of for Cash.

Assessor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Assessors will receive, at the store of John Lochary, until the 10th June next, statements from all who are liable to be assessed for the current year, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, of the real and personal properties and incomes they possess, in order that correct information may be received, and complaints prevented the assessment be completed. These statements must be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires.
S. H. WHITLOCK, Assessors
JOHN LOCHARY, of
H. MITCHELLS, Rates.
St. Andrews, May 10, 1854.

A SPECIAL SESSIONS

of the JUSTICES, will be held at the COURT HOUSE in Saint Andrews, on Monday the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the granting of Tavern and Retail Licences under the Act of Assembly passed the present Session. Dated 6th May, 1854.

By order,
W. HATCH,
Clerk of the Peace.

ST. ANDREWS & QUEBEC RAILROAD NOTICE.

AN adjourned general Meeting of the shareholders in this Company will be held at their offices in St. Andrews, on Thursday, the first day of June next, at noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of other business.

By order,
S. H. WHITLOCK,
Secretary.

St. Andrews, May 6th, 1854.

NOTICE.
It is hereby given that any Person or Persons found trespassing, or cutting and hauling away any timber of any description, from off the Lot known as the "Seely Lot," on the Eastern side of Lake Eutopia, belonging to the Estate of the late James Rait; containing two thousand eight hundred acres more or less; will be prosecuted as the Law directs.

WILLIAM KER,
Trustee on Estate of J. Rait.
May 4th, 1854.