

SUMMARY OF NEWS. RESIGNATION OF THE PIEDMONTSE MINISTRY.

The *Pensiero Italiano*, of Genoa, of the 8th instant, states that the Piedmontese Ministry have given in their resignation, collectively, on the question whether the war should be carried on to the last, or whether a temporising policy should be adopted. The Ministry professed the latter opinion. Giuja and Durini are spoken of as forming part of the new Ministry.

RESIGNATION OF THE AUSTRIAN MINISTRY.

COLOGNE, JULY 13.—The march of the Russian troops into Moldavia is confirmed. The people have declared a Republic, and the Prince has been forced to abdicate. It is reported that Wallachia is in a state of revolution, and that the Prince has been executed by his subjects. The Russian troops on the Prussian frontier have moved to Galicia. The Austrian Ministry has resigned.

FRANCE.

Our accounts from Paris, dated July 13, are again of an unsatisfactory character. A report is current to the effect that a serious dissension prevails in the Government. Evidence has been obtained, it is said, which so gravely inculpates certain members of the late Government, that it has been judged by some of the present Government to be unavoidable to apply to the Assembly for permission to prosecute them. To this another party in the Government is firmly opposed, not on grounds connected with the merits of the question, but from reasons of expediency. General Cavagnac himself is included in this latter party.

The Secretary of State has given orders to the Commissioners of the Metropolitan Police to have all the constables drilled in the cutlass exercise.

The damage done to public and private property by the late events in Paris has been estimated at 10,000,000 francs, or about £400,000 sterling.

The Royal Agricultural Society of England has been holding its annual show during the week in York. The attendance of gentry and farmers was large. Prince Albert was present during one of the days.

The parliamentary committee on English tenant-right has reported strongly in favour of the fullest compensation for unexhausted improvements, but deprecates compulsory interference, and recommends mutual arrangements between landlord and tenant.

The door-keeper of the Court of Chancery, whose duties are returned as "none," receives a salary from "fees" to the extent of £3,218 per annum, his right to which is returned in the Parliamentary papers as "usage" only.

Suspension of the Chief Justice of St. Lucia.—Her Majesty in Council has been pleased to confirm and render final the suspension of Dr. John Reddie from his office of Chief Justice of St. Lucia.

HER MAJESTY'S MARINE EXCURSION.—It is not the royal intention to visit either Ireland or Scotland this year. Her Majesty's cruises will be confined to the channel and neighbouring islands. The 25th instant is the day named for the commencement of the trip.

EMIGRATION.—Two Parliamentary documents have recently been printed by order of the House of Commons, on emigration. The first contains a return from each of the British colonies of the amount of the land revenue, and the particulars of its application towards the introduction of emigrants; and the second contains the report of the colonial land and emigration Commissioners for the year 1847. In the first paper, in a tabular form, is given a return of the number of persons, with their average cost per head to the parishes, who have been aided in emigration under the provisions of the Poor-law Amendment Act. From the report of the colonial land and emigration Commissioners it appears that in the course of last year as many as 58,270 persons emigrated from the United Kingdom, 63,000 from England, 5,000 from Scotland, and 179,400 from Ireland, being considerably beyond the number of emigrants in preceding years.

Extract of a private letter, dated

St. George's Bermuda, July 7.

"Mitchel is said to be in very ill health,

and is not permitted by the Governor to be put on the public works, but has private cabins allotted to him on board the Medway. He is allowed his own servant, and I hear, treated in every respect like a gentleman. — says he is a gentleman convict."

The following particulars of the voyage of the exile, and his arrival at Bermuda, were received by the *Great Western* at New Orleans. We copy from the *Picayune*:

The man-of-war steamer *Scourge* having received an admiralty order to that effect, proceeded to Spike-Island, in the Cove of Cork, and after taking on board John Mitchel sailed on the first of June for the Island of Bermuda, where she relieved the *Daring*, Capt. Peel, which has been for a long time on that station. The *Scourge* arrived at Bermuda, on the 20th of June, and our informant saw Mitchel on the 22d. Mitchel had been treated during the passage in every respect as a gentleman, dined with the captain of the ship, and was treated as a guest, by the express order of the Admiralty Board. He had the entire range of the quarter deck during the passage, but a sergeant of marines always accompanied him. The day after he arrived he was sent on shore, and soon afterwards conveyed on board the convict hulk *Medway*, which lies near Ireland Island, in the harbour of Bermuda. Mitchel was not dressed as a convict, but wore the usual apparel of a gentleman. He appeared sad and low spirited, and looked pale and haggard. It was the impression among the officers at Bermuda, that a private room would be fitted for him on board the hulk, and that he would not have to labour.

A SCREW PROPELLER.—The *Ospray*, steamer, of 250 tons burthen, arrived at Halifax on Wednesday morning from the Clyde, by way of Newfoundland. She had a passage of fourteen days to St. John's, which place she left on Saturday. The *Ospray* is the first of a new line of mail steamers, intended to run between Halifax and Bermuda.

Some indications of the fearful potato rot are said to have made their appearance in the fields on the peninsula of Halifax.

A sailor, named John Green, aged 20 years, belonging to the *Sch. Victoria* of Quebec, was killed instantaneously at Halifax, on Tuesday evening, by falling from the topmast stay of a schooner on which he was passing from one mast to the other for amusement.

The Woodstock Trials for riot on the 12th July 1847, were concluded on the 21st inst. and resulted in the conviction of seven persons for riot, and twenty-seven of unlawful assembly. The sentences were as follow:—James McCann, George McDonough, and Chas. McGinley, twelve months—Jas. Finnegan, eight months—Owen Finnegan, (father to the last named,) Michael Kennedy, and —Mooney, four months—confinement and hard labour in the Provincial Penitentiary: John McDonough, James Murphy, and Philip McCaffery, six months—James Duffee, four months—John Mahon, and Jas. Lafferty, two months' imprisonment in the County Gaol. The names of the remaining twenty-one are not given in the Woodstock Sentinel. They were each sentenced to imprisonment in the County Gaol for the term of one calendar month.

SEIZURES.—The Provincial Revenue Officers at this port have seized, during the present week, on the Manawagonish road and in the harbour, about 450 gallons of Spirits, illegally imported into the Province. —*Courier*.

The Provincial Revenue-Schooner *Phantom*, Captain Carmichael, sailed to-day for Grand Manan, for the protection of the Fisheries in that quarter during the season. —*Ibid*.

WESLEYAN ACADEMY, MOUNT ALLISON, SACKVILLE.—We understand that the next term at this Institution commences on Wednesday next, the 3d prox. A steamer is to leave this City on Tuesday evening, for Sackville, affording a convenient opportunity to those who may wish to proceed thither.

We understand that the Rev. H. Pickard Principal of the Academy, will proceed to England in a few weeks on business connected with the institution, and that Thos. Pickard, Jr. A. B. of Fredericton, will conduct the Mathematical department of the School during the Rev. Principal's absence.

A boat, with a man and a boy in it, was picked up off Manawagonish on Thursday

last by the Schooner *Copy*, Capt. Turnbull, having been blown off from the Nova Scotia shore in the fog.

FREE CHURCH.—It is gratifying to the friends of the Free Church in the Lower Provinces, that, notwithstanding the wide Missionary field which the Parent Church occupies in every quarter of the globe, she is not unmindful of the solitary and destitute condition of thousands of her expatriated children in the forests and cities of her Colonies. A fresh proof of her attention to the spiritual wants of Presbyterians is furnished in the arrival of the Rev. Lewis Jack, who is appointed to labour in this city, and take the oversight of the congregation assembling in St. Stephen's Hall. From Mr. Jack's experience in a settled charge at home, and his known piety and exemplary conduct, the best results may be expected to arise from his exertions, in raising the standard of Presbyterianism in this city, as well as in fostering a spirit of piety throughout the country districts which he may be enabled to visit. The Rev. Mr. Johnston, another Deputy from the Free Church, is expected among us soon; and it is hoped that our countrymen from Scotland, and their descendants here, may know the day of their visitation. We understand that a public meeting is to be held in St. Stephen's Hall on Tuesday first, at 8 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of explaining the present state and future prospects of Presbyterianism in the Lower Colonies, in regard to the establishment of a Theological Institute in this country, for training a native ministry. This Rev. Mr. Jack, the Rev. Mr. Irvine, of this city, and the Rev. Mr. Stewart, of New-Glasgow, N.S., with other gentlemen, will address the meeting. —*Com. & Courier*.

THE STANDARD

IS PUBLISHED ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS
BY A. W. SMITH.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 2, 1848.

NOTICE.—Persons indebted to the Standard Office for Subscriptions, advertisements, and job printing, will be called upon for payment of their respective accounts—when to save further unnecessary expense, perhaps it would be well, to be prepared to do so. We have heretofore consumed much time, and incurred considerable expense in fruitlessly endeavoring to collect our outstanding debts—for the future those who do not pay when called upon will find that they will incur additional expense.

EMIGRATION.—The London *Times* has for the last few weeks taken up the subject of Emigration in a series of ably written articles. It says that there are two questions which must be weighed and answered before any great national scheme can be reduced to practice,—the first is "what classes ought to emigrate?" the second—"How are the funds for their transport to be obtained?" The last of these questions is first taken up and considered. The first question—"who ought to emigrate to the colonies" is then discussed and answered. The *Times* states that almost all the successful settlers in the North American provinces are persons of small capital,—labourers who have been employed on the public works, or small farmers from Ireland and Scotland—and says that the only way in which the Home Government could help these people and at the same time enrich the colonies themselves would be by constructing great lines of communication from Halifax to Quebec and from St. Andrews in New Brunswick to Quebec, and generally from the Sea board to the interior. In the English journals, generally, the line of railway in course of construction from St. Andrews is now denominated "the great trunk line."

THE HARVEST.—The alternations of genial sunshine and refreshing showers within the last few days, have given a most promising appearance to the crops. A large quantity of hay has been gathered in—some persons however have just commenced cutting. The crop is said to be an average one.

Fifteen persons were killed at New-Orleans on the 14th instant, by the falling in of a portion of the levee.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—PROPEL

We have the melancholically announcing awful visit—the destruction by fire and most valuable property. Walk and buildings owned by R. Jarvis—with their gear for launching, and two of the furniture, &c.; and Peter Smith, and occupy the other owned and occupied by Jarvis, who, we are so everything. The fire was of Messrs. Jarvis' apparatus 2 o'clock on Monday appears that some tar, whose purpose of taring rope, attending it threw some which spread to the side at the lower end of the water's edge, and at the new Ship. Several in the building, which and the whole establish Water-street to the shore the Light House, was in The alarm was given—and the appalling cry through our streets. "I we may add, the whole the town, were early flames had made such workmen employed in had not time to save the Such was the rapidity spread, that the boys were obliged to save it out of the windows and The heat was so intense the western side of it quickly on fire, large piles &c. were scattered, was with difficulty thence from spreading.

Much credit is due and the inhabitants gations to save the property. Lieut. Wells a Great praise is due a Robinson who came number of 50 persons selves usefully in as ture carrying water & We learn that Mess the Ropewalk; ropes, sails, new ship &c. i no insurance on the £1000 on the ve with the whole com thize with these gent years have been d blasted—and their fa a few hours, have the able, and enterpris privied of everythings- sons thrown out of em suffered a loss which i

His Excellency the Lady Head, accompanied Provincial Aid-de-Camp day night, by the Stea deriction, and took apar tel.

On Wednesday His which was numerousl

On Tuesday, His Island, and personally rangements at that S Excellency much satis His Excellency has Lunatic Asylum, whi Carleton Heights, the House, the Peniten was much pleased w the Asylum, and with

Yesterday His Ex ted the Orphan Asylum the School connected ter expressing their which the institution the distinguished vi Pounds in aid of the establishment.

Yesterday, His V members of the Com Excellency, with ai cellency was pleased Courier, 29th.

GAOL BREAKING two prisoners, nar cused of stealing c ship, made their e