

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. I. No. 176.

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1914.

Price:—1 cent.

## ALLIED FORCES, IN BATTLE ARRAY ARE FULLY PREPARED TO GRAPPLE WITH GERMANY'S ADVANCING TROOPS

Their Plans Have Been Carefully Prepared and They Have Chosen Their Own Battlefield Where They Will Endeavor to Turn Back the Attempted German March on Brussels and Antwerp

FIELD MARSHALL, SIR JOHN FRENCH HAS JOINED THE ALLIED ARMY

Germany is Now on the Horns of a Dilemma—Allied Forces Face Her in the West; Russia's Hordes Are Pouring in From the North and Strong French Armies Are Invading Alsace

London, Aug. 15.—Pushing forward by weight of numbers the German advance across Belgium is slowly but steadily proceeding, and soon must come into contact with the allied armies, which according to an official communication from Brussels last night are in battle order at some point unindicated.

### Sir J. French Takes the Field

Paris, Aug. 15.—A news agency announces that Field Marshall Sir John French, Commander-in-Chief of the English forces, has joined General Joffre, the French Commander-in-Chief, at headquarters today.

### CROWN PRINCE RESPONSIBLE FOR GREAT WAR

Paris Report Says Irresponsible German Heir Precipitated the Crisis

### KAISER WAS FURIOUS AT SON'S ACTION

And When He Returned Home He Inflicted Corporal Punishment on Him

London, August 12.—Crown Prince Frederick William, of Germany, and not the Kaiser, is directly responsible for the general war in Europe, they say, according to a despatch received by a British official from Paris.

### GERMAN CRUISERS STEAMING NORTH

Leipzig and Nuernberg were Sighted Thursday Off San Francisco

San Francisco, Aug. 14.—The German cruisers Leipzig and Nuernberg were headed north, steaming at full speed when last seen yesterday north of San Francisco Bay, according to the statements of the captain of the steamer Queen, which arrived here today.

### GERMAN CAVALRY GOT BIG SURPRISE

From the Belgians—German Aeroplanes Brought Down By Artillery

London, Aug. 14.—A despatch from Brussels to Reuters Agency, says the battle near Eghezee, North of Namur, which occurred yesterday at Nouvelle Tavers, on the Namur Trelmont railway line, was very keenly contested.

The despatch adds that three German aeroplanes flying over Diest, were brought down by artillery. Two of the aviators were killed by being dashed to the earth, and the third was terribly injured.

Brussels, Aug. 15.—The British Government are chartering steamers to transport German prisoners of war to England.

## FRENCH HOLDING STRONG POSITIONS IN VOSGES MTS.

German Attack of 5 Days' Duration Failed to Dislodge Them

## GERMANY IS SUPERIOR IN NUMBERS BUT THE FRENCH PROVE FAR BETTER FIGHTERS

London, Aug. 14.—The Paris correspondent of The Exchange Telegraph Co. telegraphs that an official statement was issued by the Minister of War in the French capital at midnight which says that the French troops held their position on the ridge of the Vosges mountains for five days despite the vigorous attacks of the Germans who were superior in numbers.

At one point the Germans brought up to help their weakened troops some of the reserves, but the latter were unable to resist the French attack and were obliged to lay down their arms. An entire division surrendered.

## MARTIAL LAW IN LONDON NOW

Great Deal of Authority Has Been Delegated to Military Authorities

London, Aug. 14.—What practically amounts to martial law was proclaimed this morning in a special issue of The London Gazette, which gives a long list of new rules for the public.

## GERMAN TROOPS BROKEN IN SPIRIT

Find it Impossible to Fight Under Present Starvation Conditions

Paris, Aug. 14.—An official communication says that German prisoners who have been questioned give the impression that they are broken in spirit, and physically weak from hunger.

## CRUISERS FLY THE GERMAN FLAG

London, Aug. 14.—A Reuter despatch from Paris says, advice have been received from the Dardanelles, which declare that, contrary to the statement of the Turkish Government that the German flag has been lowered, the cruisers Goeben and Bresla still fly the German flag, nor have their crews landed since their arrival in Turkish waters.

## GERMAN RIGHT IN FULL RETREAT

London, Aug. 14.—An Exchange Telegraph from Brussels says the right wing of the German army is still retreating and is being harassed by the Belgian outposts.

During the night number of skirmishes hurried the German retreat.

## JAPS WILL ACT AGAINST GERMANY

Paris, August 14.—The Journal to-night states it is absolutely certain Japan will declare war against Germany.

## JAPANESE NAVY HAS PUT TO SEA

London, August 15.—The Daily Telegraph learns from diplomatic correspondent that the Japanese Government intends to carry out to the full its obligations under the Anglo-Japanese Treaty.

The correspondent says the Japanese have put to sea and will cooperate with the British fleet taking effective action against the enemy's ships in the Pacific.

## GREAT CARNAGE TO THE GERMANS AT HAELN BATTLE

German Cavalry Mowed Down in Drove By Belgian Gatling Guns

## GERMAN DEAD NUMBER 3,000

Brussels, Aug. 14.—The German casualties in the engagement at Haeln Wednesday were 3,000 dead and wounded. The Germans apparently sacrificed men without any scruples.

During the fight the Germans were obliged to pass two bridges over the ethe and the Vilena where they were exposed to a heavy fire. The retreating Germans left piles of dead and wounded on these bridges.

## GERMANS HANGING MANY CIVILIANS

Mete Out Drastic Treatment To Many of the Hostile Belgians

New York, Aug. 14.—The New York Tribune publishes the following cable from the Maastricht correspondent of the London Standard: "The Germans appear to be hanging, instead of shooting civilians accused of firing or spying on them, or of other offences against their drastic military code."

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

Brussels, Aug. 14.—Accounts of yesterday's encounter now known as the battle of Haeln give the totals of the German casualties as high as 4,000 killed and wounded.

## GERMANS LOST 4,000 SOLDIERS IN HAELN BATTLE

Belgians Took 2,000 Prisoners and the French Fifteen Hundred More

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

Brussels, Aug. 14.—Accounts of yesterday's encounter now known as the battle of Haeln give the totals of the German casualties as high as 4,000 killed and wounded.

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## ASQUITH PRAISES BRAVE BELGIANS

London, Aug. 14.—A Brussels despatch says that British Prime Minister Asquith replying to a message from the Belgian Minister expressed his admiration for the courage and valor of the Belgians, which he added "is the best proof that Britain did right in interfering on behalf of Belgium, and defending international treaties. The example of Belgium will be of service to all the free nations of Europe."

## BRITISH FLEET IN THE FAR EAST IS VERY STRONG

Includes the Minotaur and the Hampshire, two Good Warships

## FRENCH HAVE TWO CRUISERS THERE

And Germany Also Has Two Warships, the Gneisenau and the Scharn

Shanghai, Aug. 14.—A despatch from Hong Kong was received by the Exchange Telegraph Co. at London last night which said it was reported at Hong Kong that the British fleet in the Far East had cornered the German Far East squadron. Correspondent added that weight is given the report by the fact that shipping along the coast is being resumed on a normal basis.

The British cruiser Minotaur has a displacement of 14,000 tons and was completed in 1908. She carries four 3.2 inch guns and smaller armament.

The Hampshire, a less formidable craft, has tonnage of 10,500, and the four largest guns, 7.5 inch, each.

The Duplex and Montcalm are of 7,578 and 9,367 tons respectively. Each carries eight 6.4 inch guns and some smaller ones.

The German cruisers Scharn and Gneisenau are sister ships with a displacement of 11,424 tons. They were launched in 1906 and each carries eight 8.2 inch guns and a cruiser equipment of smaller guns.

## CRUISERS FLY THE GERMAN FLAG

London, Aug. 14.—A Reuter despatch from Paris says, advice have been received from the Dardanelles, which declare that, contrary to the statement of the Turkish Government that the German flag has been lowered, the cruisers Goeben and Bresla still fly the German flag, nor have their crews landed since their arrival in Turkish waters.

## French Colonial Office Says Enemy Checked, Driven Back

Official telegram, from the Colonial Office in Paris to the Governor at St. Pierre, with instructions to communicate it to the French Consul, M. Suzor, at St. John's:

"Please deny all untruthful news scattered by Germany concerning the situation of the English, Belgian, Russian and French allies, which is excellent.

"The Germans are checked, more, driving back. "Liege has not been taken and is still holding out. "We (French) have occupied, and are still occupying the divide of the Vosges chain (mountains on boundary and even in Alsace territory annexed by Germany in 1870.) "We have troops in Belgium, where they are now co-operating with the English and the Belgians. "Mobilization of Russia is being actively conducted and will be terminated very soon now."

—Paris, Colonial Office.

## JAPS WILL ACT AGAINST GERMANY

Paris, August 14.—The Journal to-night states it is absolutely certain Japan will declare war against Germany.

## JAPANESE NAVY HAS PUT TO SEA

London, August 15.—The Daily Telegraph learns from diplomatic correspondent that the Japanese Government intends to carry out to the full its obligations under the Anglo-Japanese Treaty.

The correspondent says the Japanese have put to sea and will cooperate with the British fleet taking effective action against the enemy's ships in the Pacific.

## JAPAN'S STATUS IS NOW DEFINED

Eastern Empire Reaches An Understanding with Great Britain as to Her Position in Peace Conference After the Present War

Tokio, Aug. 14.—Many Germans, including officials of Japan and China, who with their families were spending the summer in the Japanese mountains, are concentrating at Tokio and Yokohama preparatory to leaving Japan.

Japan and Great Britain, it is said, have not yet reached an understanding concerning Japan's attitude. A length communication passed between Tokio and London defining Japan's program for a crisis and, it is believed, also touching on Japan's status in any European peace conference at the conclusion of the war.

It is understood that the British fleet is gradually driving the German fleet into a circumscribed zone at Tsing Tau.

## GERMANS HANGING MANY CIVILIANS

Mete Out Drastic Treatment To Many of the Hostile Belgians

New York, Aug. 14.—The New York Tribune publishes the following cable from the Maastricht correspondent of the London Standard: "The Germans appear to be hanging, instead of shooting civilians accused of firing or spying on them, or of other offences against their drastic military code."

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GREAT CARNAGE TO THE GERMANS AT HAELN BATTLE

German Cavalry Mowed Down in Drove By Belgian Gatling Guns

## GERMAN DEAD NUMBER 3,000

Brussels, Aug. 14.—The German casualties in the engagement at Haeln Wednesday were 3,000 dead and wounded. The Germans apparently sacrificed men without any scruples.

During the fight the Germans were obliged to pass two bridges over the ethe and the Vilena where they were exposed to a heavy fire. The retreating Germans left piles of dead and wounded on these bridges.

## GERMANS HANGING MANY CIVILIANS

Mete Out Drastic Treatment To Many of the Hostile Belgians

New York, Aug. 14.—The New York Tribune publishes the following cable from the Maastricht correspondent of the London Standard: "The Germans appear to be hanging, instead of shooting civilians accused of firing or spying on them, or of other offences against their drastic military code."

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS LOST 4,000 SOLDIERS IN HAELN BATTLE

Belgians Took 2,000 Prisoners and the French Fifteen Hundred More

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## GERMANS WERE MOVING ON BRUSSELS

So Many Dead That Belgians Can't Find Room to Bury Them All

## EXPERIENCES WITH SILENT SERVICE NAVY UNFORGETTABLE, SAYS CORRESPONDENT

London, August 15.—Anthony Nugent writing in The London Globe says: "I have been with the silent service navy and my location was a small port which I shall not name. There I had some experiences which are unforgettable. The swift coming and going of ships; the headiness of the men; the material displayed were great things to see.

"It was no surprise to me to read the Admiralty announcement yesterday that our trade routes are open, but for mines in the North Sea and trawlers are busy clearing these away and are succeeding well.

"The German fleet is bottled in its ports."

## Crack British Regiments Were Landed on Belgian Soil And are Quartered at Namur

Paris, Aug. 10.—A fleet of British transports, convoyed by two battleships and three armored cruisers, landed British regulars at Ostend, Calais and Dunkirk Saturday. The first British expeditionary force numbered 22,000 men and comprised some of the crack regiments of the British army. The troops were immediately landed, under the direction of the French officers, who had been sent by the War Office for that purpose. They will be hurried to Namur, where they are to aid the Belgians in making their second stand when Liege proves untenable.

## Only the Advance Guard

The British expedition was planned by the English and French War Offices at conferences held in London on Wednesday, but the news that the English soldiers were coming was rigidly suppressed.

It is admitted at the War Office here that the troops are only the advance guard and that England already has commandeered enough ships to rush an army of 100,000 across the Channel. It is stated that in addition to escorting the war fleet that accompanied the transports British reserve cruisers are strung almost directly across the Channel thus ensuring safe passage for the British transports. The announcement that these British forces are actually on French soil has aroused the greatest enthusiasm. That French, Belgians and English soldiers are to fight shoulder to shoulder against the invading Germans, means much to the French.

Ostend, where one of the parties landed, is the nearest Belgian port to the English coast being eighty miles from Dover. Dunkirk is just across the French boundary in Belgium and is sixty miles from Dover. Calais further south from Dunkirk in France is about twenty five miles from Dover. The fact that these three ports are being used shows that it is planned to take every advantage possible of the British forces. To have landed them at one point would have retarded speedy landing so the expedition was split up, and it is expected that similar action will be taken with the other expeditions now believed to be en route.

## WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Fresh South to Southwest winds, fair and warm today; showers to-night and on Sunday.