

In the same class, George Scott, Esq., is awarded a medal for Column of Coal, a section of the main seam of the Albion Mines, 35 feet 6 inches thick. This column was in the process of being excavated by Mr. Scott's father, in anticipation of a favorable answer being given to His Excellency's application by the Mining Association. During the course of his illness and death, we were uncertain as to whether the column could be obtained. But it appears that during his illness, Mr. Scott manifested a constant interest in the work, and gave all the necessary directions regarding it. After his decease these directions were scrupulously followed out by his son, and at length Mr. George Scott reported to us that it was completed, packed up and despatched. Nearly a week after, having traversed roads nearly impassable, it reached Halifax just in time for the latest available opportunity for transmission. When I reached the Exhibition Palace in Dublin, I found the coal column was denied a position in the building and had a place assigned to it in an eligible part of the garden, at the corner of the Archery Ground, and at the side of the great walk leading from the Harcourt grand entrance to the British corner of the Exhibition. The chief objections that I had to the position were the distance from our Court, the exposure to which our coal column must necessarily be subjected, and the necessity of greater time, care and expense in its erection. When erected, the Executive Committee in Dublin were astonished at the handsome appearance that it presented, regretted that it had not been erected in the Palace, and resolved to have it removed and erected in the interior after the close of the Exhibition. The column is not so thick as its predecessor of 1862. It is handsomer, and has been erected with so much care that it appears as one block and excites wonder on account of its singular height and supposed entirety. Its singular merits, and the energy and skill displayed in its production, at once recommended it to the judgment of the Jury; and it remains in the Winter Garden, having its name, origin, height and honors of 1862 and 1865 properly indicated.

The Waverley Gold Mining Company receives a medal "for a very interesting collection of auriferous quartz and gold produced from it." This quartz is characterized by the Jury as very interesting. It was peculiarly so to scientific men. The geologists of Ireland, and especially those of H. M. Geological Survey of Ireland, examined it with great attention; and specimens have