# chases and Sales.

by Lord Roberts and asked if the govern-ment had any information on the sub-

Sir Wilfrid Laurier-I may say to my hon, friend that I have no official infor-

struck out.

Mr. Taylor moved to reduce the vote for salaries on the Rideau canal by \$1,000.

The debate bill giving \$250 additional to the translators was adopted.

The amendments to the dominion election act from this ne stuck to his regiment and duty and has now given up his life for his country. But notwithstanding this it was a hard blow to an affectionate father for the loss of an only son. The first thought of Dr. Borden was to go and break the news to Mrs. Borden before it reached here from others as it was soon on account.

mons before.

On motion to go into committee of ways and means on a resolution granting supply to Her Majesty, Hon. Mr. Paterson, minister of customs, said that it was satisfactory to know that they were legislating for a country which was making enormous progress. While the full trade returns were not in yet they were full Kin enough for an approximation, which would be found nearly correct when full figures were available. Last year there had been an increase over the very large year preceeding in the total trade of Canada of something like \$50,000,000. In 2900 the total imports for consumption were \$336, 028,190 and in 1899 the total was \$280, 852,855. Going back to 1896 when the government took office the total was \$216.
966,232, or an increase in four years of something like \$130,000,000 in the total trade exclusive of coin and bullion. On the delivered the address of the evening on Our College, triging for this scheme a the basis of the total imports for consump-tion and the total exports exclusive of coin and short returns the trade for 1900 was made of the following officers of the union, for the term 1900-'01: was \$358,866,220, and the trade for 1535 \$308,383,968, or an increase of \$50,477, \$252, or 16 per cent. In 1896 the figures were \$228,272,279, so that the increase last year over 1896 was \$130,593,541 or 57 per cent. He estimated the total trade at \$372,000,000. There was an annual interval at \$372,000,000. erease in 18 years of Conservative rule of \$5,750,000 and during four years of Liberal rule an annual increase of \$32,000,000.

Were received from a large number of the churches.

On Thursday afternoon the annual meet-(Cheers.) There was an increase in exports during 18 years of Conservatives of \$40,658,618 and during four years of Liberals of \$40,440,165, or over \$6,000,000 more in the four years than in the 18 years. As to expenditure it would be shown that this year all ordinary and capital account would be met without adding one dollar to the debt of the country and this notwith standing the sending of the work were then delivered by Rev. A. B. Ross and Rev. G. M. Whyte Rev. Churchill Moore was received into the memberduce taxation and that was done. In 1900 the goods entered for consumption dutiable and free, amounted to \$183,209. 273, on which the duty collected was \$28, 586 or on an additional collected was \$28. 866,986, or an average rate of 15.76 per cent. against 18.28 per cent. in 1896. Chers.) This was a decrease of 2.52 per cent, or a reduction in the rate of taxation of nearly 14 per cent. If the rate of 1836 had been levied upon the same imports of 1900 the duty collected would have been \$33,490,655, so that there was \$4,625,669 less taken from the people. Mr. Patterson also showed that if the increase in population of half a million was considered then the govern-If the rate of 1896 had been levied upon the same imports of 1900 the duty collected would have been \$33,490,655, so that there was \$4,625,669 less taken from the people. Mr. Patterson also showed that if the increase in population of half a million was considered then the government had virtually reduced the debt to the extent of \$3 per head,

Supply was adopted and Hon. Mr. Mullock's fair wage resolution was passed. lock's fair wage resolution was passed, after which the house adjourned.

Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short while I was absolutely cured."—James Headley, Dundee, N. Y.—50 cts.—4. Sold by E. C.

### Two Steamers of the Colombian Revolutionists Taken by the Government.

Caracas, July 17, (via Haytien cable--Two steamers composing the so-called rived at La Guayra, were seized by the Saloon Keepers Sentenced to Jail and government authorities and their com-

# tle Field.

Ottawa, July 17.—(Special)—The house devoted all day until 5 p. m. in concurrence.

Sin Adalah (Consumer of Major Borden, son of Hon. Dr. Borden, minister of militia, Sir Adolph Caron, on a vote for telegraphs, complained of the action of the government for constructing a line to the Yukon, when the Canadian, British Columbia and Dawson City Telegraph Company, of which he and Premier Turner were directors, had been chartered by parliament for that purpose. He said that the company had a claim against the government.

of Hon. Dr. Borden, minister of militia, which was received this afternoon in a cable to Lord Minto from Lord Roberts, cast a gloom over the house of commons and senate and indeed the whole city of Ottawa. Hon. Dr. Borden was in his seat in the commons when the cable was received. He had just replied to a question put by Dr. Sproule regarding Lieut. Col. Sam Hughes. How to communicate the fatality to Dr. Borden was discussed the fatality to Dr. Borden was discussed the fatality to Dr. Borden was discussed by the heads of the militia department. They decided to confer with the premier. They decided to confer with the premier. Col. Pinault, deputy minister, and Lieut. Col. Sam Hughes had been discharged by Lord Roberts and asked if the government had any information on the subtree of the said ifftelligence, which was given in the sad intelligence, which was given in the following message to Lord Minto:

Pretoria, July 15, 1900. Regret to inform you that Borden's son was killed in action yesterday.

(Signed) ROBERTS.

mation on the subject.

There were only four votes aggregating \$416,688, challenged by the opposition, and in no case did they demand a vote, "Lost on division," was good enlarged by the opposition, and in no case did they demand a vote, "Lost on division," was good enlarged by the opposition, and in no case did they demand a largedy distinguished himself in the had already distinguished himself in the vote. "Lost on division," was good enough for them.

Dr. Sproule moved that the vote for
sadaries and expenses of immigration
agent in Great Britain and Europe be reagent in Great Britain and Europ swam the Zand river at the head of a small detachment and displaced the Boers. Mr. Haggart moved that \$22,388 to pay the Gilbert dredging company's claim be from this he stuck to his regiment and

tion act from the senate were then taken her from others as it was soon on every

tion act from the senate were then taken up. The first one, applying the act to the northwest territories, the solicitor general said it was distinctly bad faith with the northwest members, who had unanimously requested that it should not apply. He, however, supposed the house would have to accept the amendment. Mr. Fitzpatrick said that whoever drafted the senate amendments did not think of the consequences of them. To the clause providing for the preservation of the franchise of the voters who are volunteers, in South Africa the senate had a provision for the provisional militia garrison at Halifax.

On motion of Mr. Davin ammendments made applying the act to the northwest were thrown out. in his native province, he took a lieuten-Amendments also made respecting any so eager he was to go to South Afprince Edward Island were knocked out.

The bill goes back to the senate practically in the same way as it left the comin his native province, he took a hetterancy so eager he was to go to South Africa. A graduate of Mount Allison College, New Brunswick, young Borden was
in his third year in medicine in McGill.

### Congregational Union.

Kingsport, N. S., July 17—(Special)—
The 53rd annual meeting of the Congregational Union of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick has just concluded its sessions in the Congregational church in Kingsport, N. S. The services were opened Wednesday evening, July 11, by an address of welcome from the local pastor, Rev. David Coburn, to which Rev. D. W. Purdon responded on behalf of the delegates.

more hearty interest and co-operation.

On Thursday morning the appointment

Chairman—Rev. J. M. Austin. Vice-chairman—Mr. T. H. Hutchinson. Treasurer-Mr. C. E. Macmichael. Secretary-Rev. J. W. Cox. Stat. secretary-Rev. A. B. Boss.

Interesting and encouraging reports were received from a large number of the

W. Flewwelling was appointed maritime editor of the Canadian Congregationalist. On Friday afternoon an address on "The necessity of system in church business"

which a consecration service was conducted by Rev. C. Moore, Rev. J. W. after which the house adjourned.

Have You Catarrh Taint?—Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "For years I was a vistim of Chronic Catarrh—tried many remedies, but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. First application gave me instant In the evening, Rev. J. L. Gordon In the evening Rev. J. L. Gordon In the

# Penitentiary.

## Canada Increasing Her Pur- Shot on a South African Bat- Legations Reported to Be Safe on July 9-Li Hung Chang Canadians Participating in an The First Stage of the Com-Expresses His Anxiety For Their Safety-A Long Interview With Him-Allies Win at Tien Tsin.

Amur, the boundary territory between

Eastern Siberia and Machuria, has been
the scene of local disturbances for a long
time lowing to the conduct of the Cossacks toward the 25,000 Chinese employed
in the construction of the Russo-Machuria
an railroad. Several serious collisions have
occurred between the Cossacks and the
Chinese troops. Several weeks ago two
Russian officers and sixteen men were
killed. The Chinese tried to stop the Russians steamer Michael carrying ammunition and the steamer Selenga, with the
Russian frontier commission on board,
from passing up the Amur at Aigun.
They fired on the steamer, wounding an
officer and a few men, but the steamer
reached Blagoveschensk. The local Chinese commander at Aigun seems to have
sent the Bursians a voit of philimatum, to

to dispute the progress of the Russians.

The official Russian advices leave the inference that Blagoveschensk is still in

Russian hands, the Russian losses during the bombardment being only three kill

ed and five wounded. The Amur military district was mobilized a fortnight ago on a war footing. It is believed that the Russian forces there are fifty thousand men and a hundred has now ordered the troops on the fron-tier to form a cordon. The Russian papers demand severe retribution for Chinese audacity in Manchuria, but they hold that Russia must preserve in her resolution to avoid war.

The Chinese minister in St. Petersburg disavowed the events in Manchuria on behalf of his government and has promised to make serious representations to Pekin regarding the consequences that will follow if the hostilities there do not cease. There is little further news from China this morning.

Li Hung Chang has already left Canton. This causes the utmost anxiety for the safety of the Europeans as there are only

Washington, July 17-A decidedly more hopeful feeling with regard to the Chinese situation was apparent in all administra-tion circles this evening. The tide of sentiment, which had been markedly pes-simistic, turned with the announcement of the victory of the allies at Tien Tsin and the capture of the forts and native city and gathered further strength from Minister Wu's cablegram declaring that the foreign ministers at Pokin were safe situation was apparent in all administrathe foreign ministers at Pekin were safe July 9. Aside from these despatches the July 9. Aside from these despatches and arrival of the president and the special cabinet meeting called to consider the situation were the features of the day. They met at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon. less than an hour after the president reached the White House. Over 100 newspaper men thronged the corridors while the cabinet was sitting behind closed doors. The scene resembled the hottest days of the Spanish war.

There were present Secretary Hay,
Secretary Root, Secretary Long, Secretary
Gage and Postmaster General Smith.

## No Extra Session.

At the conclusion of the session which lasted two and a half hours. Secretary Root gave out the following formal statement of the action of the cabinet:

"The president has determined that the facts now known to us do not require or justify calling an extra session of congress. Should future developments indicate that he is unable to do what is required with the means now at his command and the action of congress is necessary to furnish either men or money or authority, he will not hesitate to call it together."

While only this meagre formal state ment was given out it was ascertained that the whole Chinese situation was thoroughly discussed by the cabinet. The decision that an extra session of congress was not demanded by existing conditions was the outcome of the showing which both Secretary Root and Secretary Long were able to make as to the force that can be thrown into China, without the au-thorization of additional troops by con-gress and also the decidedly more hopeful feeling entertained by the president and the members of his cabinet as to the safety of Minister Conger and the other safety of Minister Conger and the other foreigners in Pekin, due to the cable of Minister Wu, reporting the safety of the minister July 9, two days after their reported massacre. While this cable is not regarded as conclusive, it is accepted in good faith for the present. But the administration, it can be definitely stated, has set in motion some machinery by which it is confidently predicted absolutely authentic news as to the fate of our ly authentic news as to the fate of our minister and the other foreigners at Pekin will be ascertained. Through what channel the administration expects to re-ceive this all-important news is not known M. Whyte, of Pleasant River, preached the union sermon, from the text "Wherefore gird up the loins of your mind."

In the evening, Rev. J. L. Gordon preached a powerful sermon on "The wienne of soul-winning."

In the evening of soul-winning."

The different statement of the situation in Pekin is daily, if not hourly, expected can be stated with the utmost positiveness. The advices received from Pekin probably will be the determining factor in blazing the future course of this statement of the situation. factor in blazing the inture course of this governing. If Minister Conger has been murdered an extra session of congress seems inevitable. Admiral Remev's message of the success following the earlier hard fighting at Tien Tsin helped to relieve the arvinty of the mediane. preached a powerful sermon on "The science of soul-winning."

On Monday an address was made by Rev. J. L. Gordon, introducing "The duty of the church on temperance reform." In the afternoon brief papers were presented by Revs. Ross and Williams on "Qualifications for soul-winning."

A stirring evangelistic service, led by Rev. J. L. Gordon, concluded the meeting.

Secretary Root furnished to the cabine a summary of the troops available not only in this country, but in Cuba, and gave it mander Francisco Ruiz Sandoval, was immediately lodged in jail.

General Francisco Ruiz Sandoval was banished from Mexico 22 years ago for his banished from banished from Mexico 22 years ago for his connection with a plot against President Diaz. He has lived in New York during the greater part of his exile. Several years, however, has passed fighting in South American revolutions. He esponsed because of General Jose Manuel Her, cause of General Jose Manuel Her, caused in the added that he earliest month and done wrong and that it was calm at Hankow and Hankow the Hankow the Hankow the Hankow the Cause of General Jose Manuel Her, cause of General Alose Trained Her, cause of General Her Manuel Her, cause of General Her Manuel Her, ca

London, July 18, 4 a. m—The news of the cabinet meeting General Haywood, that he was attacked in his residence the Manchuria disturbances is not regarded, as justifying the serious view at is familiar with every detail of that branch. The vicar of southern No-Nan announce of the cabinet meeting General Haywood, that he was attacked in his residence at the was attacked in his residence. garded as justifying the serious view attributed by the Daily Mail's advices. of the service. He explained that under existing law the full strength of the Amur, the boundary territory between marine corps is 6,000. But the enlist-

mander at Aigun seems to have state department, where he remained with ese commander at Aigun seems to have state department, where time. Besides sent the Russians a sort of ultimatum to quit Manchuria.

The Chinese, according to the Daily Mail's St. Poter-thing correspondent, have wantonly to destroy this walled city, although the latest news from the scene of action indicates that the walls themselves have been battered down and a considerable portion of the city destroy. ed. Mr. Wu said afterward that he feared the destruction of the city was little short

plete confidence in the accuracy of the message showing that the foreign minis ters were well on the 9th instant. a bystander expressed some doubt on this subject Mr. Wu inquired with some warmth: "Why is it that you believe the exaggerated reports coming from unknown sources, and yet you choose to doubt this report signed by our highest officials and containing inherent evidence of accuracy?

The minister went on to show that this despatch contained three distinct statements. One of them, the appointment of Li Hung Chang as vicercy of Chi Li, had been confirmed already by the state detwo gunboats, one British and one American, at Canton pending the arrival of the French gunboat.

Washington Harsful

Deen connimed already by the state department. Moreover, he said, all three statements bore evidence of having originated at Pekin, including that as to Li Hung Chang, whose appointment necessarily

ment at Pekin.

The appointment of Earl Li as viceroy of Chi Li is considered by Minister Wu as one of the most important developments in the entire situation. Chi Li is the great province in which Pekin is located, and is the very heart of the Boxer movement, so that the great viceroy now assumes supreme power at the point of greatest danger. Minister Wu is satisfied that if Li Hung Chang had been at Pekin there would have been no such outbreak as occurred, as the viceroy is a stern military man, who believes in nipping such movements in the bud. The state department officials are anxious to accept Minister. ment officials are anxious to accept Minister Wu's message as accurate, but there are some clouds of doubt about it. The ese government can communicate in this way with its representatives abroad, why can it not permit the foreign ministers reported to be under its protection also to communicate with their governments. In answer to our question as to what purpose would be served by a representation of facts in this fashion, it is pointed out that one result desired by the Chinese would be the preservation of Tien Tsin and another would be the abatement of

### Replaces an Enemy of Foreigners. Li Hung Chang will replace as viceroy

of the great province of Chi Li, a man who has been notoriously anti-foreign in his sentiments and actions. The summons to Li is regarded as a hopeful sign. It could have been inspired by two motives, first, the great viceroy may have been called to Pekin by the imperial government in order that it might avail itself of his wisdom and experience with for-eigners to extricate it from the present position. The second motive, and one called upon to establish communications with the foreign commanders and diplomatic representatives with the deliberate purpose of sowing dissension among them and paralyzing all efforts at joint action. The officials here are perfectly satisfied that any such move as this would come tertained at one stage, each and every one of the great powers represented in the field in China is loyally living up to its pledge to attain the object set out in Secretary Hay's identical note to the powers. This statement is true as to Russia, as well.

out doubt the state department as well as the European prime ministers will seize the opportunity to make one more test of the truth of the latest reports respecting the safety of the legationers.

It was decided also that the battalion of marines, 500 in number, who were to have left for the Far East at the end of the mouth, should go forward on next Sun-

Dickens.

Another meeting of the cabinet will be held tomorrow. It is the present purpose of the president to return to (anton to Pekin. He was evidently exceedingly on Thursday evening, unless his presence here is deemed necessary at that time.

## From the South.

that the religious establishments at Siang Yang were destroyed and that the insurrection appeared to be spreading south-The French consul at Tching-Kiang telegraphs that all is calm in the province of Szechuen. He added that the consuls

Paris, July 17-The French consul at Shanghai telegraphs under date of July 13th, that the Taoti of Shanghai had communicated to him a despatch from the governor of Shan Tung stating that the tacked July 7 by troops under Genera Ting, (Tuan?) After a sortic by a Eu ropean detachment, and that all hope of saving the foreigners seemed lost. A second telegram from the consul, dated July 16, which arrived at the same time as the one given above, says that Li Hung Chang denies the news relating

### Significance of the Appointment.

the province, but within its borders are artillery. located Pekin, the capital of the empire, and Tien Tsin, were the first great bat tle has just occurred. Li Hung Chang is known not to desire service so far north a ection of China than in his present vice royalty, the headquarters of which are at Canton. It is deemed, probable however, that he has been persuaded to take the appointment in view of the well under-stood fact that he is the most influential of Chinamen among foreign nations.

Boston, July 17-The inhabitants of Boston's Chinatown, all of whom have been much agitated over the reports of the outrages committed by the revolu-tionists in Pekin and other places in the north of China, met today to express their sentiments on the mater. C. W. Hooy, one of the most intelligent China- 73, Ptc. W. R. McLeod. intment neces- men in Boston, and a leader in the social affairs of the commun read a letter which had been drawn up and directed to President McKinley. The text of the leter expressed sympathy with the American people for the losses in China, and said that the Chinamen of Boston are true Americans and hate those who are opposed to reform and progress in China. At the end of the meeting all of the prominent Chinamen signed the letter and it was forwarded to Washington.

London, July 17—The Daily Mail, today, gives the Associated Press the following despatch from its Shanghai correspondent, under date of July 17:

despatch from its Snanghal cortesponden, under date of July 17:

"The allied troops resumed the attack upon the Chinese walled city of Tion Tsin on the morning of July 14, and succeeded in breaching the walls and capturing all the forts. The Chinese were completely routed and the allies took possession of the native city and its defences. The total losses of the allies in the engagements of Thursday, Friday and Saturday were about 800 killed or wounded. The casualties were greatest among the Russians and Japanese."

the popular resentment against the Chincse, temporarily at least. sul today Li Hung Chang said that his mission to Pekin was two-fold—to save the lives of the foreign ministers and to arrange the best possible terms of peace with the allied powers. The American and French consuls, while congratulating him upon these commendable purposes reminded him of his pledges to protect foreigners and to preserve peace in southern and

central China.
"Earl Li replied that he must obey the summons to Pekin, but that he had taken all necessary precautions. He added that he had received important cables from Lord Salisbury and M. Delcasse, demand-

month, should go forward on next Sunday in command of Major Randolph "This question received a strong negative reply. He then asked the consuls to wire anxious about the ministers; for, returning to the subject, he said: "My heart is sore about them. I know

them all personally and I am on the best of good terms with them."
"He added that he realized his govern-

Toronto, July 17-(Special)-The Teleram's special cable from London says: that No. 2,489, Wetmore, and No. 25,

Washington, July 17—The appointment of Li Hung Chang is regarded as particularly significant, as the province of Chi Li is the seat of practically all of the present touble. Pao Ting is the capital of treed. The enemy had several pieces of treed. The enemy had several pieces of treed. The enemy had several pieces of the capital of the present touble. Pao Ting its horders are

"General Hutton's mounted infantry

Pte. J. T. Doolan, a prisoner, reported graphs at Shanghai. The foreign office

Strathcona's Horse-Missing near Plat-No. 34, Ptc. A. Robinson; No. 37, Ptc. H. E. Sabine; No. 43, Pte. E. Webb; No.

A peculiar thing caused the delay. When the train had pulled out of McAdam, a horse got on the track and for nearly the whole distance between McAdam and Magaduadavic, or some seven or eight miles, it sported before the engine, bothably. Several times the train was stopped and the erew drove the horse away but it would get on the track again and speed would have to be slackened. Finally a culvert blocked the horse. It would not cross and then the men had a good chance to drive the animal from the track. The

train then speeded for St. John.

But the horse was killed, despite al precautions. The train bound from here to Montreal, after crossing Driver Me-Kenna's train, struck and killed it. The animal was owned by a Mr. McCathey of McAdam.

Mrs. Phillip Gallagher, of Grand Bay was very badly injured yesterday at railway crossing five miles west of South Bay. As the C. P. R. train bound to St John approached the crossing Mrs. Ga lagher drove up in a buggy. Engineer William Smith, who was driver of the train had given the signals for the crossing and when he saw the buggy he again blew the whistle. Either Mrs. Gallagher did not hear, or clese she thought there was time to cross, at any rate the engine struck the team before the train could be stopped. The horse was killed, the buggy smashed badly and Mrs. Gallagher Lord Salisbury and M. Delcasse, demanding protection for the foreign ministers in Pekin and threatening to take life for life of the high officials responsible, if the ministers were murdered. He told the consul that he was the only man in China who dared transmit such messages to the empress but that he had sent them verbatim and that he did not doubt they had exerted a powerful influence in saving the ministers' lives.

to attain the object set out in Secretary Hay's identical note to the powers. This statement is true as to Russia, as well as to other powers, according to the best authority.

Confirmation of the transfer of Li Hung Chang to the north came not only from Minister Wu, but in a cablegram from Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai. It it is stated that Li Hung Chang has started from Canton on his way to Pekin. It is expected that he will land at Taku or at Shan Hai Kuan, a port on the Gulf of Pechili, connected by a good road with Pekin. If the viceroy can get into Pekin out doubt the state department as well as the European prime ministers will seize as the European prime ministers will seize as the European prime ministers will seize and the lives lost.

"To the American who inquired about the ladar received that he had received that he had received and on news from Pekin within the past week but that, if they were alive he was almost certain matters could be satisfactorily arranged with the allied powers, and light engine from Truro, just below Springhill Junction about six o'clock this morning. The freight had orders to cross at Springhill. The only train hand injured was Driver J. J. Smith of Moneton on the freight. The rest of the men in the engines saved themselves by jumping. Smith was badly shaken up but had no bones broken and is not considered to be seriously injured. Both engines were badly wrecked and considerable damage on and that ought to be evidence to the whole world that I do not favor any fighting and of my pacific intentions.

steam saw mill owned by Harry C. Prosser, about 30 miles from Yarmouth, was fire started about ten o'clock and was soon beyond all control. Besides the mill 300,000 feet of lumber belonging to Dickie & McGrath was burned. The loss on the mill will be about \$4,000. The lumber destroyed was valued at \$20,000. There was no insurance. The mill was built in 1889 by the Kemptville Lumber Company.

Toronto, July 17—The Telegram's special cable from Bisley Camp, says the great event at the Bisley ranges, the contest for the Queen's prize, began today, and created the usual amount of excitement and curiosity among riflemen and spectators. Today was devoted wholly to the first stage of the competition shooting at 200 yards and 500 his home is at Edmonton, N. W. I. At Platkop, on Friday, Pte. G. S. Dodd, of Winnipeg, and Pte. A. Robinson, of Winnipeg, both of Strathcona's Horse, were slightly wounded, while Pte. A. N. Daykin, of Lacombe, N. W. T.; Pte. H. E. Sabine, Winnipeg; Pte. W. R. McLeod. Prince Albert, N. W. T., and Pte. Edward Webb, a young Englishman, are missing.

Montreal, July 17.—The Star's special cable from its correspondent with the capture of the lucky first three hundred in this stage will pass on to the second stage, which starts Thursday, At 200 yards, the scores of the Canadian team were: Annand, Capt. 43rd Batt., 30; Blair, Lieut., 78th Batt., 29; Bodely, Bom., 5th R. C. A., 25; Corrigan, Sergt., 59th Batt., 26; Crooks, Lieut., Q. O. R., 29; Carruthers, Sergt., 48th Batt., 32; Kirkpatrick, Capt., Q. O. R., 31; Langstroth, Pte., 74th Batt., 33; Munroe, Lieut., 48th Batt., 32; Marris, Sergt., 48th Batt., 30; McCremmon, Lieut., 78th Fus., 30; Ogg, Lieut., 13th F. A., 28; Smith, Lieut., 59th Batt., 33; Smith, Sergt., 48th Batt., 29; Tink, Pte., G. G. F. Prgt., 48th Batt., 29; Tink, Pte., G. G. F.

Toronto, also made a score of 30 in this competition, though he did not shoot with

At 500 yards the Canadians scored as follows: Annard, 28; Blair, 26; Corrigan, 31; Crooks, 24; Carruthers, 31; Fleming, 31; Graham, 31; Kirkpatrick, 29; Langstroth, 28; Munro, 25; Marris, 31; Morse, 26; Milligan, 30; McVittle, 29; McCrimmon, 26; Ogg, 28; Smith, Lieut., 59th Batt., 25; Tink, 33.

Gunner Fleming, Lieut. Munro, Sergt. McVittle, Lieut. H. C. Blair and Lieut. A. A. Smith are prize winners in the all-comers aggregate, which is awarded to competitors whose respective scores in the Alexandra.

### A Difference in Dates.

London, July 17, 8.15 p. m.—The foreign office informs the Associated Press that a telegram identical with the one handed to ter Wu Ting Fang has been delivered to it by the Chinese minister here, which was sent by Sheng, the administrator of telepoints out however, that the date (July 9) mentioned in the telegram probably applies to the Chinese calendar and is equivalent to July 5, according to the Gregorian reckoning.

### Ministers Going to England.

Ottawa, July 17.—(Special)-At the close of the session the ministers will scatter for a well earned rest. Sir Louis Davies, Mr. Fielding and Mr. Blair decided that before returning to their provinces Three Railway Accidents.

(From Tuesday's Daily Telegraph.)

The C. P. R. train due here at 10.15 o'clock last night was a half hour late. A peculiar thing caused the delay. When they would make a short trip to Eng





## OLD RELIABLE ...REMEDY ...

for Spavins, Ringbones, Splints, Curbs and all forms of Lameness. It is certain in its effects and cures without a blemish, as it does not blister. The endorsement of its users guarantees its merits. Price, \$1; six for \$5. As a liniment for family use it has no equal. Ask your druggist for KENDALL'S SPAVINCURE, also "A Treatise on the Horse," the book free, or address.

DR. B. J. KENDALL COMPANY. ENOSBURG FALLS, VT.

Proud Parent. "If you call in the evenng you probably will hear my daughter Artless Friend. "Oh, I shan't mind hat. You ought to hear the fellow down

our way practising on the cornet. It is "Jaysmith is a sharp man," said Bloo-"I sould use the comparative degree in tead of the positive," said Spatts.

"I should call him a sharper."-[Ex-

Are you Building? **Rock Faced Stone** 



It makes a wonderfully durable and economical covering for new buildings, or for improving old ones.

Gives a most handsome effect is very easy to apply - offers fire proof protection - and can't be penetrated by dampness.

By deciding in its favor you'll get the best results, at least expense, Write us if you're interested, we'll send full information. METALLIC ROOFING CO., Limited

Manufacturers, Toronto.

W. A. Maclaughlan, Selling Agent, St. John,