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FAIR AND WARMER

THREE CENTS

## BRIGHTER OUTLOOK OVER WINNIPEG SITUATION; ALLIES WEAKENING UNDER GERMAN PROPOSALS; HYDROPLANE WILL VISIT ST. JOHN THURSDAY

### No Business Paralysis In Britain

Her Industries Were So Well Developed During the War That Conditions Are Better Than Ever at the Present Time.

New York, June 3.—Great Britain was never so active as today. There is no "paralysis" there. During the war her industries were so well developed that conditions are better than ever. This is the opinion expressed to the Evening Sun by Sir Joseph Davies, M. P., who represents the great railway centre of Crewe in the British House of Commons.

With J. H. Thomas, M. P., Sir Joseph is visiting the United States.

"Of the four million workers discharged from the army or from war occupations, three million have already been absorbed by peace-time industries," said Sir Joseph Davies. "This includes half of the odd 500,000 women who lost war jobs with the cessation of hostilities."

"Our mines, our food production, our other industries have been so developed during the war that we are working as never before."

Sir Joseph leaves here today for the Adirondacks, and will return home by way of Canada. His trip, he explained, is purely for pleasure. Mr. Thomas has been in ill-health and has come to this country for a rest.

### TORONTO STRIKE ABOUT OVER

With Startling Suddenness Came the Declaration from the Metal Trades Council Wednesday Requesting Sympathizers to Return to Work.

Toronto, June 3.—Toronto's sympathetic strike is practically over. With startling suddenness this afternoon came the declaration from the Metal Trades Council, asking all these strikers who had gone out in sympathy with them to return to work.

The metal trades here have decided to continue their fight alone, because they say they do not want to jeopardize the interests of other labor organizations.

This leaves from five thousand to seven thousand metal workers on strike, presuming that the other trades will go back to work. There is some doubt as to the action of the striking carpenters, who have a fight of their own on, in connection with wages and hours.

### METHODISTS MAKE REPLY TO HON. NAP. SEQUIN

Montreal, Que., June 3.—At the closing session, today, of the Methodist Conference the recent utterance of Hon. Napoleon Sequin, alleging that the Methodist prohibition movement was aimed at the ordinance of the Roman Catholic Church, was made the subject of a resolution that "this conference desires to place on record its constant and consistent attitude of maintaining the right of all churches in the use of wine for sacramental purposes, and disclaims any interference with such right."

### BLACKEST PERIOD IN THE HISTORY OF DAWSON OCCURS

Ptomaine Poisoning Following a Dinner at the Yukon Gold Company's Plant Results in Twelve Deaths—Prominent Men of the North Sat Down in a Veritable Lottery of Death—Many Nova Scotians Among the Victims.

Dawson, Yt., June 3.—The last few days witnessed the blackest period in the history of Dawson, as the result of death occurring from ptomaine poisoning, following the dinner at the Yukon Gold Company's plant number A-54, below Sinker Creek, May 24, at which 36 prominent men of the north sat down in a veritable lottery of death. Twelve drew fatal tickets as follows:

George Munden, 43, of Montreal, known here as Thomas Munday; Antoine Saldavitch, better known as Smith, native of Dalmatia; Otto Nordling, 40, native of Sweden, leaving a widow and five children; Dawson; Finny McDonald, 62, New Glasgow, N. S.; Angus Chisholm, 40, of Anigonish, N. S., leaves widow and two small children in Vancouver; Albert Gauderieu, 49, single, St. Thomas, Que.; William Cyrus Lawson, 39, Fort Scott, Kansas, former prominent

### ALLIES WEAKENING UNDER THE STRONG COUNTER PROPOSALS OF THE GERMANS

Germany's Plea That It Would Be Impossible to Fulfill the Financial Requirements of the Allies, and Her Protests Against Certain Territorial Relinquishments Have Been Heeded and Are Being Discussed by the Council of Four.

New York, June 3.—The Associated Press tonight issues the following:

There is a possibility that Germany may secure, as a result of her strong counter proposals, some lessening of the severity of the peace terms of the allied and associated powers.

Germany's plea that it would be impossible to fulfill the financial requirements of the Allies, and her protests against certain territorial relinquishments have been heeded and are being discussed by the Council of Four. Paris report has it that in certain quarters of the peace conference the German viewpoint is receiving strong support.

Great Britain is said to favor a number of concessions to Germany, but France continues firm in her stand not to waver from the original terms. On the other hand the Americans are declared to be not adverse to minor concessions, but are not in favor of going the extent that the British propose.

The German government is increased over the formation of a Rhenish republic. It has ordered the arrest of Dr. Borden, the president of the republic, and also has protested to the Peace Conference and the Armistice Commission at Spa against the behavior of the French authorities in the occupied Rhenishland. French support of the Rhenish republic is characterized by the German government as high treason against the empire.

Strikes by dissatisfied Germans in the American occupied area, called in protest against the formation of the republic, ended quickly when the commanders issued a warning against the movement.

The supreme council has been requested by the Lithuanian delegation to the Peace Conference to have an Allied commission investigate alleged pogroms and other illegal acts by the Poles in occupied Lithuania.

### DEATH FOLLOWS IN TRAIL OF STRIKE RIOTS

Toledo the Scene of Several Riots When Guards of Wills-Overland Company Oppose Strikers.

Toledo, Ohio, June 3.—Two men were shot to death and two others were dangerously wounded in a riot late tonight, growing out of the disturbances involving 13,000 employees of the Wills-Overland Automobile Company. The victims presumably were employees of the company, were killed by discharged soldiers who were guarding the plant.

The killing was the culmination of three riots today and tonight which resulted in injury to thirteen persons.

maintaining the right of all churches in the use of wine for sacramental purposes, and disclaims any interference with such right."

On leaving Halifax he will cross Nova Scotia into Minas Basin, and across the Bay of Fundy to St. John. He will then proceed to Lake Temisconata, but the absence of suitable lakes prevents making a direct flight, and necessitates altering the course to the Chipmunk Lake, and then direct to Temisconata through the State of Maine. A speed record will not be attempted, and the plane will probably stop at Temisconata for the night, then continuing the trip to Three Rivers, the headquarters of the St. Maurice Forest Protection Association, in whose interests the flight is being made. After a reception at Three Rivers machine will proceed north, up the St. Maurice Valley a hundred miles, to Lac Wayagamack, where two of these machines will be operated by the St. Maurice Protection Association to patrol the forests for fires, and incidentally to survey the forest lands by aerial photography.

Montreal News Writers' Union Installed by I. T. U. Officials

Montreal, June 3.—The Montreal News Writers' Union, having as charter members seventy-five per cent. of the reporters and desk men of the daily and weekly publications here, was installed on Saturday by James

### BRIGHTER TURN IN SITUATION AT WINNIPEG

The Local Police Problem Has Been Disposed of and the Officers Promise to Remain on Duty to Preserve Law and Order.

PLANNED PARADE ENDS ABRUPTLY

The Mediators in the Dispute Have Obtained Proposals for Settlement Which Give Cheer to All.

Winnipeg, June 3.—While off of mediation was poured on the turbulent sea of industrial unrest in Winnipeg today, and efforts to forestall possible developments took place which may have an important bearing upon the Winnipeg situation.

The local police problem apparently was disposed of. The policemen promised to remain on duty and cooperate in maintaining law and order. Word was received from Toronto that settlement of the strike was imminent. Parading by strikers and strike sympathizers ended abruptly when more than a thousand returned soldiers decided not to participate in an officially sanctioned parade of returned soldiers. The executives of the railway brotherhoods, acting as strike mediators, obtained proposals of settlement from both the metal trades council and Winnipeg industrial employers today.

The head of the German peace delegation has departed from St. Germain for Innsbruck, carrying with him the Allied peace treaty. Counter-revolutions are reported from numerous towns in western Hungary. Hundreds of the refugees are arriving at the Austrian frontier towns, seeking safety.

Sweden and Denmark have come into line with Switzerland and Norway in declining to join a blockade against Germany in case Germany refuses to sign the peace treaty.

Like Switzerland and Norway, the plea is made by Sweden and Denmark that such action would be a violation of their neutrality.

Big strikes have begun in Paris, Lille and other towns in France.

### HYDROPLANE WILL LAND IN THIS CITY FOR FUEL

Lt. Stuart Graham Expects to Leave Halifax Thursday on the First Long Distance Flight in Canada.

Halifax, June 3.—Lieutenant Stuart Graham, who will start upon the first long distance aeroplane trip in Canada on Thursday if weather conditions continue favorable, made a trial trip over the city last night in his plane, the H. S. 2 L, a Curtiss flying boat. He left the Air Station at Eastern Passage at a quarter-past seven. He went five miles out to sea, then wheeled about and flew to Bedford, passing above the city, and returning to his moorings. The noise of the engine drew the attention of hundreds and the streets were filled with spectators, the majority of whom were unaware of the significance of the flight.

If the weather continues fine, Lieutenant Graham will start on his flight to Three Rivers and LaTague on Thursday.

On leaving Halifax he will cross Nova Scotia into Minas Basin, and across the Bay of Fundy to St. John. He will then proceed to Lake Temisconata, but the absence of suitable lakes prevents making a direct flight, and necessitates altering the course to the Chipmunk Lake, and then direct to Temisconata through the State of Maine. A speed record will not be attempted, and the plane will probably stop at Temisconata for the night, then continuing the trip to Three Rivers, the headquarters of the St. Maurice Forest Protection Association, in whose interests the flight is being made. After a reception at Three Rivers machine will proceed north, up the St. Maurice Valley a hundred miles, to Lac Wayagamack, where two of these machines will be operated by the St. Maurice Protection Association to patrol the forests for fires, and incidentally to survey the forest lands by aerial photography.

Teach Them How to Make Bombs

A School for instruction in the manufacture and use of Bombs Discovered in Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 3.—A school for instruction in the manufacture and use of bombs has been discovered here the Buffalo police believe. No arrests have been made, but a number of drawings of bombs, and designs of incendiary machines, have been seized.

Police Chief Higgins said today that as a result of the inquiry by detectives and Department of Justice agents drawings of bombs have been placed at Mayor Buck's residence and extra detectives and police have been detailed to the city hall.

Drury, of the I. T. U., with which the new organization is affiliated, Eugene Beaulac, city editor of Le Canada, was elected president.

### Germans Denying The Reports

Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau Says They Will Not Sacrifice Parts of German Territory, Threatened by Peace Terms, in Order to Have Counter Proposals Accepted.

Berlin, Monday, June 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—Rumors in circulation in Germany that she is willing to sacrifice parts of German territory threatened by the peace terms if the counter-proposals are accepted are denied by Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, of the German peace delegation, in an interview with the Versailles correspondent of the National Zeitung. The Count's attention was drawn to the feeling in Danzig that Germany was ready to sign peace on the expense of the railway brotherhoods, acting as strike mediators, obtained proposals of settlement from both the metal trades council and Winnipeg industrial employers today.

Great financial sacrifices can be made by Germany, and offered, only on condition that the German counter-proposals were looked on as a co-ordinated entity. He declared it was impossible to accept important features without incurring the disaster to the whole proposition.

The head of the German peace delegation asserted he was eager for a balanced aid. As thus stated the proposals simply mean that every war will be a world war—a more awful character than we can imagine.

"There is just one thing that can prevent this. There must be a proper basic foundation for all international relations."

### MONTREAL STRIKE TAKES SERIOUS PROPORTIONS

With the Strikers Who Are Out and Those Expected to Quit Today There Will be a Total of 7,000 Idle Voluntarily.

Montreal, Que., June 3.—As a result of the deadlock between the Canadian Vickers Company, Limited, and its employees on the question of working time and wages, all trades employed at the big East End plant will be on strike tomorrow, to be replaced by the Canadian Consolidated Rubber Company went on strike today, in sympathy with the rubber workers who struck work on Monday. The number of strikers from this plant is now about 2,200. With about 800 glove workers still out, and several smaller trades striking, Montreal tomorrow will have nearly 7,000 workers voluntarily idle, this number equaling that of Toronto in the general strike was supposed to be in effect. There is some apprehension of the part of labor men that the action of the Vickers employees may precipitate trouble in other trades and industries.

A. E. Bray, a returned soldier, who has been a leader of the returned soldier element affiliated with the strikers, went to parliament with several other men. Bray asked Premier Norris to resign immediately initiate a movement for legislation sought by the labor forces. Norris again refused to do anything until the sympathetic strike was called off.

Distribution of newspapers was curtailed today. Newsboys joined the walkout. Officials of the telegraph companies announced that the strike agents attempted to have the messenger boys also quit work.

### MEGANTIC DOCKS AT QUEBEC

Has 1,647 Passengers, Including 83 Officers and 1,038 Other Ranks.

Quebec, June 3.—The White Star Dominion liner, Megantic, which was held up at the quarantine station at Grosse Ile on Monday night due to small pox, arrived this afternoon with a total of 1,647 passengers, including 83 officers and 1,038 other ranks. The delay at Grosse Ile was occasioned when the quarantine doctor diagnosed a suspected case of chicken pox as small pox, and as a result ordered every one on board vaccinated. After landing passengers and troops here the Megantic left for Montreal.

### U. S. GOV'T TAKES HAND IN THE TELEPHONE STRIKE

Atlanta, Ga., June 3.—Warning the striking employees of the Southern Bell and Atlantic Telephone Companies that strikers are not permissible in the government service, Postmaster-General Burleson today ordered J. Eggs Brown, president of the Southern Bell Company, to take what steps may be necessary to operate the services.

### GIVES WARNING OF ANOTHER GREAT WAR

Canadian Tells Students of Columbia University That Nations Must Get Together on Friendship Basis.

ANXIETY OVER THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Possibility Members of the League May Split into Factions and Each War Would Result in a World War.

New York, June 3.—Only a proper understanding of international relations can prevent the disruption of the League of Nations into two rival factions with the recurrence of another world war of an even more deadly and avital character than the present war, declared Rev. Dr. Edward Ernest Brathwaite, president of Western University, London, Ontario, in a baccalaureate sermon which he delivered before the graduating classes of Columbia University.

"Whatever enthusiasm we may have for the League of Nations," said Dr. Brathwaite, "we have not been able to suppress some anxiety as to the way it will work out. A recent leading English writer has put this in the form of the following question: 'What guarantee have we that the nations signatory to the arrangements might not split up into two almost equally balanced sides?' As thus stated the proposals simply mean that every war will be a world war—a more awful character than we can imagine."

"There is just one thing that can prevent this. There must be a proper basic foundation for all international relations."

Plea for Harmony.

The Canadian educator then made an appeal for harmony between Canada and the United States, saying, in part:

"It is in the spirit of earnest cooperation that I bring to you my message from your northern neighbor today. Representing the great Dominion of Canada, sparsely populated at present but great in extent and natural resources and with boundless opportunities of growth and development, you and we belong to the same national family."

"We have the same language, the same literature, the same political institutions and we must together seize the great opportunity the present crisis offers us; we must meet the tremendous responsibility the times place upon us in the spirit of united and therefore unquenchable courage."

Dr. Brathwaite also predicted that day. Representing the great Dominion of Canada, sparsely populated at present but great in extent and natural resources and with boundless opportunities of growth and development, you and we belong to the same national family."

The surprising and businesslike rapidity of America astonished the world. You transported troops across the ocean literally by the millions and turned the scale of war when it was a very dismal outlook for the cause of the Allies. If France had been in the wrong and Germany contending for the right, nothing in this world could have prevented the success of the latter power. Her victory would have been quick and complete."

### STRIKE FAILED TO MATERIALIZE AT VANCOUVER

General Strike Was Called for Eleven a.m. Yesterday But a General Walk-out Did Not Follow.

Vancouver, B. C., June 3.—A general strike was called at 11 a. m. today. A general walk-out did not follow the strike call. At noon it was reported the only workers on strike were the seamen on British Columbia coastwise vessels, the workers in five shipyards, union longshoremen, and the men employed in Northern Iron Works.

### POLISH TROOPS IN GALICIA JOIN WITH THE RUMANIANS

Warsaw, Monday, June 3.—(French Wireless Service)—The Polish troops in Galicia have formed a junction with the Rumanian forces in Bukovina, the Polish general staff announced today. This movement followed the Polish capture of Stanislaw.

### To Stand By Collective Bargaining

Official of the O. R. C. Says it is Their Duty to Protect the Rights of the Workers Regarding This Mooted Question.

Ottawa, June 3.—In an interview with the Canadian Press this morning L. L. Peltier, deputy to the president of the Order of Railway Conductors, stated that his order considers itself bound, under the circumstances, to use its influence to protect the rights of the workers to collective bargaining. It, he said, the employers concerned in Winnipeg were successful in putting it over on the employees, what guarantees would railway men have that the same denial of the right of collective bargaining would not be made to other trades and callings when present agreements expired.

Mr. Peltier showed to the reporter a message from a committee representing the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers, Firemen, Railroad Trainmen, and the Orders of Railway Conductors and Telegraphers of Brandon, endorsing the principle of collective bargaining and the industrial clauses of the peace treaty.

"Evidently," said the brotherhoods which have taken possession of organized labor generally over the attitude of employers of the metal trades in Winnipeg. We should first enquire the cause of the break between the employers and Metal Workers' Union. All that has transpired since the strike has been largely propaganda on both sides, and we cannot base a fair judgment on that.

"If collective bargaining is at stake, and it appears to be, then the unions which have gone out in support of the metal workers' union are not engaged in a sympathetic but obstructive strike. The unions evidently feel they must hang together."

### PROHIBITION LAW CONSIDERED BY U. S. JUD. COMM.

Representatives of Labor Organizations Urge Modification of the "War Time" Act.

Washington, June 3.—Modification of the war time prohibition law so that working men may have "hot wines and beer" was asked today by representatives of organized labor at the first of the hearings by the House Judiciary Committee upon liquor measure. Officers of the anti-saloon league said they would file briefs and ask to be heard later.

### I. W. W. LEADER UNDER ARREST

Taken Into Custody in Connection With the Bomb Explosions in Pittsburgh Monday.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 3.—Robert Johnson, president of the I. W. W. organization here, and internationally known as a radical agitator, was arrested after a fight with detectives and agents of the Department of Justice in a downtown office building this noon. Johnson opened fire on the detectives with a revolver when they opened the door of the I. W. W. headquarters on the third floor of the building with a key taken from a suspect arrested in connection with the bomb explosions here last night. Several bullets passed through the clothes of the detectives, but no one was injured. Johnson was overpowered and taken to police headquarters. A quantity of anarchistic literature was found in his office.

### PREPARING FOR THE CONFERENCE

The Methodists of New Brunswick and P. E. I. to Gather in Force Today.

Moncton, June 3.—Preparatory to three day session, the executive of the W. M. S. of the Methodist church in connection with the N. B. and P. E. I. conference, met here tonight to consider the arrangements to be presented to the conference which opens tomorrow morning. Over a hundred delegates are expected to be in attendance. Mrs. Charles Sanford, of St. John, is president of the society.