The lumber trade was showing better signs. The industry had, however, suf-fered unfairly by competition from the United States. A large quantity had been sent into the Northwest from the United States, which should properly have been supplied from this province.

From the mines of the province there

had been gratifying results. it was estimated that \$20,000,000 was the total output, while the year previous it was only \$17,500,000. He would like to see something done in the way of making a rebate in taxes on the mines smelting their ores in the province. Fifty per cent, of the tax might be rebated. Agriculture was in a prosperous condition, never better. There were many inquiries now respecting the opportunities for entering fruit farming. There were now 13,500 acres in orchards. The C. P. R. carried 466 tons more than the year previous, and the returns from

represented \$500,000. He alluded to the fact that British Columbia fruit had been well received in England. Terms had been granted by which British Columbia fruit would be carried to England at as good rate as

the Oregon and the California product. The creameries were increasing but still there was \$1,178,000 worth of butter imported. The agricultural products of the province last year were valued at \$4,500,000. But \$7,200,-000 was imported. Most of this could have been raised in the province. Of course all this was not consumed here. A good deal went to the Yukon.

He argued in favor of better terms, which he hoped would be favorably received at Ottawa. This province paid \$3 for each \$1 contributed by other parts of the Dominion. While this was being paid it was surely unfair that British Columbia should be asked to further supplement the aid to the Grand Trunk Paific for advantages which properly be longed to the province, and sho been safeguarded to it by the Dominion

government. The present government had the greatest faith in the province. It was for this reason that some disagreeable legislation had been put on the statutes. was good that the province had had a government which had the courage to place on the statutes this legislation. On motion of J. Murphy the debate

was adjourned.
The House then adjourned.

Victoria, March 29th.

The estimates were not discussed in in the chair. The bill was reported. the legislature to-day. Instead of that the time of the House was devoted to questions of a non-partisan character. The bill to prohibit the wearing of wigs in the court of the province again came up in committee. It was finally amended up in committee. It was finally amended Dentistry Act and the report on the bill so as to prohibit simply wigs and not to amend the B. C. Railway Act were gowns other than black. The penal sec- adopted. tions were also struck out.

Third Readings.

The bill to incorporate the Golden Light, Power & Water Company, and the bill to incorporate the Stave Valley Railway Company passed their third readings.

Fording Valley Railway.

Institute of Accountants Accountants of British Columbia was committed, with G. A. Fraser in the money markets.

The bill was reported.

Land Registry. The bill to amend the Land Registry Act was further considered on report. The report was adopted.

Coal Tax Bill.

The bill to amend the Coal Tax Act passed its third reading.

Motor Vehicles. The bill to amend the Motor Vehicles

Speed Regulation Act passed its third Rules of Courts.

'On the second reading of the bill regarding the rules governing practice and procedure in the courts of the province, the Attorney General explained that the object was to enable the Lieut. Governor in-Council to make rules governing the courts. These were being prepared by commissioners. Those governing the County court were already in the hands of the members of the House. The Su-preme court rules he expected would be ready to be shown to members before the session closed.

The bill provided that "Notwithstanding anything in any act contained, the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council may make rules governing all matters of practice and procedure in all or any of the courts of the province, and any enactment inconsistent therewith shall, to the extent of of fifteen hundred dollars, in full of the such inconsistency, be deemed to be re-pealed: Provided that all such rules shall immediately after promulgation thereof be laid before the House of Assembly, if the House shall then be sitting, and if not, then within ten days of opening of the next ensuing session.' Stuart Henderson thought this was a dangerous precedent to put in the hands

of the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council. W. W. B. McInnes wanted to know if the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council might no if this passed override the rule which Mr. introduced with respect to wigs, provided this latter became law. The Attorney-General wanted to know if Mr. McInnes was serious in this.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

will positively cure derp-seated COUGHS. COLDS. CROUP. 25c. Bottle for a Simple Cold. A 50c. Bottle for a Heavy Cold. A \$1.00 Bottle for a Deep-seated Cough. Sold by all Druggists.

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be prompt to apply Pond's Extract—the old family doctor; its soothing, healing powers are marvelous. Cures burns, scalds, outs, bruises; relieves all pain. 60 years it has been the one family rem

Sold only in sealed bot-tles under buff wrapper. ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE.

"Perfectly serious," returned Mr. Mc-Innes without a smile. The Attorney-General said he did not think he should be asked to answer this serious question off-hand.

J. A. Macdonald pointed out that it might be possible for the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council to sanction rules overriding the bill now passed by the Legislature fixing the security for costs in appeals at \$200.

The Atorney-General in replying took occasion to state that he was being unjustly attacked. Mr. Macdonald explained that he had

ntion to attack the Attorney-Gen eral. All he thought was that a certain aspect of this bill might have escaped the astute mind of the Attorney-General. Mr. McInnes contended that the rules of the Supreme court at the present time governed the question of how the judges or barristers should be wigged and gowned. It was surely possible for the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council to again enact such a rule.

The bill passed its second reading and was committed, with Dr. Young in the chair. The bill was reported. Landlord and Tenant.

Tenant Act passed its second reading. The Attorney-General explained that the object was to overcome an objectionable feature in the present act, where goods held by the tenant for hire or contract might be seized. The bill provided as follows: "In all cases where a landlord distrains for rent on goods in the possession of his tenant, which goods are held by the tenant under a duly filed agree ment for hire contract or conditional sale, the landlord shall sell only the interest of the tenant in such goods.' The bill was committed, with Mr. Ross

Advanced a Stage. The Assessment Act amendment

passed its third reading.

The bill to amend the Supreme Court Act passed its third reading, The report on the bill to amend the Candidates' Deposits.

The bill to amend the Provincial Elec-Prayers were read by Rev. J. F. Vi- tions Act was further debated on its second reading. This is the proposal to reduce the deposit required from \$200 to

In support of the bill Premier Mc-Bride said that the principal objection was that persons would present themselves for election who should not do so In the motherland and in other parts of the Empire no deposit was required. In view of the fact that the franchise was The report on the bill to incorporate as liberal as it was in the province, he the Fording Valley Railway Company though it was only fair that this liberality with respect to candidates offering themselves should be shown. In New Zealand the deposit was \$50. The legis-The bill to incorporate the Institute of lation in that country was sound, as shown by the good standing it had on the

The deposit of \$200 was adopted in British Columbia years ago. It resulted in consequence of an unknown man in Kootenay having offered himself for election and involving a large outlay for no good. In that day \$200 was no more

bate was adjourned.

Workmen's Compensation J. A. Macdonald, in moving the sec reading of the bill to amend the Workmen's Compensation Act, explained its object. The first was the putting of it in the power of the judge to waive the objection to the legal notice not having

been given in case it was shown that no detriment would accrue to the case of the mployer. Another section extended the definition of dependents to grandfather. grandmother, step-father, step-mother or step-child. An amendment was also included by which redress was to be given one who sustained an injury such as that to the eye which might lead to the final loss of the sight in it. The amendment provided that: "Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the committee or the arbitrator that the injury in respect of which the workman is entitled to pensation under this act is a permanent injury, the committee or arbitrator may, with the consent of the workman, award workman's claim to compensat

this act." The other amendments provided for ne methods of entering proceedings and the requiring of notice of appeal being given within one month instead of three onths in proceedings under the act. The bill passed its second reading.

Report.

Price Ellison presented the third re port from the select standing committee agriculture, as follows: Mr. Speaker: Your select standing mmittee' on agriculture beg leave to eport as follows:

In reference to a petition presented to this House on March 1st, signed by A. Ohlson on behalf of the British Columbia of the horticultural board, it is the unanied and overworked. It's because Fer-

charges have not been sustained. so the Fruit Growers' Association, etc., a weak, run-down condition. You feel have expressed their entire satisfaction its quickening influence almost instantly,

Therefore your committee recommends hausted system. that it would not be in the best interests

of the large and important fruit industry of this province to amend the act of last session, as suggested by the petition.

Your committee herewith submit evidence and all correspondence pertaining dence and all correspondence pertaining dence and all correspondence of the submit evidence and all to said inquiry, with a recommendation that the same be not printed, but kept on file for reference. All of which is re-

pectfully submitted. The report was received. FULL COURT REOPENED To Prohibit Wigs. The bill to amend the Supreme Court

amittee rise. The Premier rose to speak to the mo tion amidst cries of "order." He con-tended that he was in order, and the chairman upheld this opinion. Premier said that the dignity of the court should be maintained. It was not well to have it permitted that one judge should sit with a wig and another with out it. They should appear uniformly. He supported the doing away with wigs but he could not support these penal sec-

by striking out these and agreeing to pass the res Hone R. G. Tatlow took issue with the Premier. This was intended to take away from the dignity of the courts.

tions. The committee should compromise

Act was committed, with T. Gifford in the chair. This was the bill respecting

the prohibiting of wigs and robes other than black'in the Supreme court.

The Attorney-General moved that the

W. J. Bowser held that if the amendment was to go through it should contain the penal sections, as without these the was useless. If it was right to fine the lawyers it was right to fine the judges. The bill was a ridiculous one. He warned the Attorney-General not to listen to the sophistries of the Premier.

Mr. Henderson thought that the legis-

lature had a right to bring a judge into the police court if he disobeyed the laws. It was the judges who were atempting to dictate to lawyers what should be worn. The Chinaman with his pigtail, the Indian with his feathers, The bill to amend the Landlord and and the Hottentot gave the greatest atwas not so particular about the section relating to the red robe. If the wigs went off the red robe would likely follow. He was not so particular about enforcing the present sections. It was unfair to the rest of the public to exempt the judges from punishment for violating

> J. R. Brown said that it was a ques tion of whether the legislature should control the judges or the judges defy the egislature. The judges had tried to force the lawyers to wear the wigs. J. A. Macdonald opposed the bill. He thought Mr. Henderson introduced it ore for fun than anything else. He did not believe that the judges were so far orgetful of their oath of office as to rejudice their judgment because a lawyer refused to appear in a certain cosme. He understood that two of the judges favored discarding the wig, while hree of them opposed this. This proposal was an attempt to force the major

ity to fall ir with the minority. The Attorney-General said this was an terference with civil rights. The motion that the

was lost by a vote of 19 to 12. ent that the section apply only to wigs This was accepted by Mr. Henderson and was carried. The bill as amended was reported.

Floating Ballot Box.

On the adjourned debate on the bill introduced by C. W. Clifford to provide for the taking of a ballot on coasting teamers, Premier McBride said he in tended to vote for the second reading. committee all necessary safeguards

ould be provided. The bill passed its second reading. The House then adjourned.

THE STANFORD CASE.

good. In that day \$200 was no more than \$25 at present. He thought the deposit should be altered in line with nounced at police headquarters yesterday that every known clue in the Standard case had been run to earth and that day that every known clue in the Stanford case had been run to earth and that the complexion of the matter had not changed in the least. Barring a confession or something "turning up," the he mystery of how on January 14th, in time was called he would simply have to this city, strychnine poison was placed in the Poland water used by the late Ultimately counsel undertook to come

Mrs. Stanford.

other matters, and white nominally men are detailed on the case, in reality the department has entirely dropped it.

pointed out, was final and conclusive-could not be appealed from.

Mr. Luxton desired to correct Si

ITS SESSION TUESDAY

To Listen to Argument in Famous Dunsmuir Will Litigation -- Trying to Economize Time.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) Another chapter of the famous will itigation was opened here this morning. The Full court, consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Irving, and Mr. Justice Martin resumed the hearing of the ver some time ago. All the counsel engaged in the case were on hand bright ing for the allied forces who are attacking the will, and E. P. Davis, K.C.; and A. P. Luxton, who are defending the interests of James Dunsmuir.

An interesting and somewhat new feature in this court was the introduction by Sir Chas. H. Tupper, counsel for the intervenor, of printed copies of the appellant's argument, and a chronological review of the case, which were handed to the judges and various counsel. Sir Charles explained that these had been prepared to save time, and were fresh from the hands of the printer. He anticipated that they would reduce the time that would be employed in the oral argument by one half. His learned friend (Mr. Bodwell) had dealt almost exclusively with the question of the men-tal capacity or incapacity of the testator, a very exhaustive subject, and had been the judges from punishment for violating the laws. If the penal section was struck out the judges would probably take the hint.

The Proper sold that it was a close.

This method of saving time seemed to

impress, the bench. The Chief Justice wanted an assurance that the case would be disposed of by the 10th of April. How long would the appellants take in their argument?
Sir Charles replied that he was not in

a position to speak definitely, ()
"Well," remarked the Chief Justice.

able to finish in three days. 7 The Chief Justice pointed out that ould be made as to some arrangement should be made as to an equitable division of time on the part of counsel. He suggested that the appellants occupy this week, and the respondents next week, with one day for reply by the former.

Mr. Bodwell opined that one day wouldn't be sufficient for the reply. Mr. Justice Martin wanted to hear from Mr. Davis on the subject.

Mr. Davis gave his view without any circumlocution. He respectfully protested against the restricting of argument to any time limit. He couldn't see why asease of such magnitude, one in which there had been so much evidence assisted by the solicitor for the mother, the judges to allow this case to monetaken, should not be dealt with in the who allowed his instructions from her business of importance and beautiful and the solicitor for the mother, policy their attention when other legal dates are the properties of importance and beautiful and the solicitor for the mother, policy their attention when other legal dates are the properties of importance and the properties of importance and the policy that is the policy that the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties and the properties are the properties and the properties are th

Mr. Davis said he could only argue the remaining Dunsmuir holdings from this one in the ordinary way. He would the mother to the sons for \$400,000 were colice admit that they will never solve make it as brief as possible, but when also dwelt upon by Sir Charles, who

Mrs. Stanford.

That portion of the mystery connected with her tragic death at Honolulu, the police say, has been solved on the theory that Mrs. Stanford died by natural that Mrs. Stanford died by natural causes and their the condered trage. causes, and that the powdered strychnine found in the bicarbonate of soda at
Honolulu was placed therein by some
druggist and intended as a tonic.

The police detectives working on the
case have all turned their attention to
office matters and which powdered to the court. That decision, he

The One Sure Cure for Worry

Is to Create New Nerve-Force, and Build Up a Reserve of Energy in the System.

People don't willingly fall into a con- [cheeked, Ferrozone is a perfect boon. It dition of brooding and unhappiness. supplies fortitude and reserve of energy that surmounts all addifficulties. Busy, the sustaining power of the body fails to lifting, stimulating topic, find in Ferro maintain a reserve of mental vigor. zone all they require, because it builds up the general health and instills retendencies is really an insufficient supply newed vigor into mind and body alike of nourishment in the blood.

Thin blood plays havoc with the stomach, kills digestion, and so impairs aches, and felt so completely

mous opinion of the committee that these rozone supplies the necessary, building material that it stops worry and ner-As regards the amendments suggested vousness. Ferrozone is a perfect food n said petition, in view of the fact that for the blood, a nourishing tonic for the the large nurserymen of the province, al- nerves, an ideal restorative for those in

toiling men who feel, the need of an up-Mrs. P. C. Spencer, of Beverly, Ont.

writes: "About a year ago I was great! run down. I suffered from severe headthe nervous system that every organ of and depressed that I thought it was urserymen's Association, and referred the body suffers; that's why worry is so deadly and destructive to health.

To cure the "worry habit" you must my blood was too thin. I found Fermittee, your committee beg leave to report that after an exhaustive inquiry into the charges made against the members and nerve cells that have been exhaustive my appetite, and made me stronger. All nervousness, dread and langour disappeared After using Ferrozone a few weeks I felt like a new woman. It made me strong and healthy. No medicine did me so much good as Ferrozone." Far better to take Ferrozone than to let your health run down. Get it to-day Beware of substitutes, and insist on with the working of the act, as well as their confidence in the members of the horticultural board.

The working of the act, as well as their confidence in the members of the horticultural board.

The working of the act, as well as you increase in strength and nerve force, and at once feel that a powerful medine box, or six for \$2.50, at all deal made, and at once feel that a powerful medine box, or six for \$2.50, at all deal made.

The working of the act, as well as you increase in strength and nerve force, and at once feel that a powerful medine box, or six for \$2.50, at all deal made.

The working of the act, as well as you increase in strength and nerve force, and at once feel that a powerful medine box, or six for \$2.50, at all deal made. For women who are pale and hollow- and Kingston, Ont.

of Sir Charles on this matter. Mr. Justice Irving said ne was satis fied to allow counsel to proceed as he had begun, and also expressed his satisfaction with the progress that had been

Charles at this stage. He said his side had been instructed that the decision was subject to appeal. The order had not been entered, and before this was done an application would be made to

Mr. Davis objected to the submission of printed argument by the appellants.
"I think they will be of great assistance to the court," interposed the Chief Justice, "I would like to see more written arguments."

Mr. Justice Martin expressed a similar opinion. He commented upon the necessity of this matter being disposed of in order that the judges conduct other important hearings.

Sir Charles then proceeded with his oral argument, following the printed copy. He pointed out that the phase touched upon by him was that of undue influence exercised upon the testator in regard to the execution of both the will of 1898 and 1899. He contended that they had proved conclusively the practice of fraud by the defendant and his solici tor, deceiving two people, one of whom was the defendant's mother and the other his brother. The first was old and infirm, and the latter an admitted debauche, dying from the effects of alcoappeal which was adjourned at Vancou-holic indulgence. In fact he died of drink within three weeks of the execution of the last will. Investigation of the scheme resorted to by the defendant R.C.; H. D. Helmeken, K.C.; Sir Chas. H. Tupper, K.C.; and D. M. Rogers, act- indicate much intelligence or shrewdnes in tit.

> Sir Charles then dealt with the atti tude of the solicitor in question, who, although the trusted legal representative of the defendant's mother, stood at his elbow while the various documents the scheme of deceit were being drawn up. Another peculiar circumstance, Sin Charles pointed out was the fact that the defendant and his solicitor did not treat the will of 1898 as that of the testator. In fact they discussed whether it should be destroyed or cut up, and the solicitor advised him not to do it, not because it was the testator's, but because it would not be in the interests of James Dunsmuir, the beneficiary, to do so. Counsel then cited a number of cases dealing with undue influence, and an adjournment was ultimately taken until this afternoon.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Sir Charles H. Tupper has fairly launched upon his argument in the Dunsmuir will appeal. There is no question that the printed copies of his presentment are of considerable assistance, as they enable the judges to follow the trend of his argument without the necessity of

"If we haven't, we will take it," and swered the Chief Justice. Furthermore, he stated they didn't propose to allow this case to take up the time of the court to the exclusion of everything else.

Sir Charles though a this side would be first conveyance—the E. & N. and Union that in a conversation relative to the colliery to the brothers, Alex. was aware will of 1898, the latter swore that Mr. of the extent of the property. Counsel dwelt upon the methods employed by defendant in bringing about the transfer,

Average I carse of the will was of no use to me." The defendant, on the other hand, claimed that he said that "the will First Presbyterian. 223 156 30 urging upon his mother the desirability of keeping the business within the family, and the father's intention that this part of the concern—the E. & N. and Union colliery—was to go to him and Usion collery—was to go to him and his brother Alex. The mother feared that this very object, the conservation of the interests, would be defeated by Alexander's marriage to Mrs. Wallace, whom made, it seems hardly likely that the vice West Baptist. 32 hearing will be fished by the time vice. she disliked. James, however, managed to convince her that there was nothing to fear in this respect. In defendant's operations, counsel pointed out, he was to be taken, as it is not the intention of Metro. Methodist ... the judges to allow this case to mono-The Chief Justice: "I know of a case to be varied by the interested party in the transaction. Sir Charles then went went on to show that after having satisfied himself that the entire property had come into the possession of his brother and himself, James directed his energies to having the will of 1899 executed under which everything would be left to him when Alexander died. In all these negotiations with the mother, he said,

> ing is being continued this afternoon. (From Thursday's Daily.).

Sir Charles Tupper continued his argument on behalf of the intervenor in the Dunsmuir will case this morning, devoting his attention to the discrepancies between the evidence given by the defendant in his examintation for discovery and that at the trial. He dwelt on this at from his printed argument that portion of Mr. Dunsmuir's evidence relating to the execution of the will of 1898 in this city when he was interrupted by the Chief Justice. His Lordship said he did would like to have an engineer's report on think it was necessary to read all on the suggested dredging of the Gorge, Chief Justice. His Lordship said he did this, because he would have to read the whole evidence several times in order to like to be instructed on the question of Alex. Dunsmuir's domicile, and the bear-

ing of the law of California on the case. Sir Charles held that it was necessary for him to read this evidence through. He reminded the bench that in the pre-paration of his printed argument he did not have enough time to elaborate upon each point, and this he wanted to do as he went along. He emphasized the diffi-culties that their Lordships would enunter in grasping unassisted the various important points in his printed argunent without the various references that his familiarity with the evidence enabled him to make. He felt that it was due to his clients that he be permitted to continue upon the course instituted by

E. V. Bodwell supported the attitude

50c. per box, or six for \$2.00, at an ucar-ers in medicines, or by mail from N. O. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U.S.A., be saved by citing the fact that counsel contended was established between cer-at Kosis and Gelbanb.

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itchiness of the skin, eruptions or blotches, sicere in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of 'old fogy' freatment—beware of mineral poisons—beware of Quacks and Fakirs. OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not in jurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poison from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleaned and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasures of life. CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years and eliminate. Cousultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

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Johnson Street.

ing it all. The Chief Justice did not wish to force counsel to adopt another course if they thought it absolutely necessary to pro ceed along the lines adopted by them

He suggested that they confine them-

selves to the questions of undue influence

and alcoholic dementia first and then

deal with the matter of domicile and the bearing of the law of California on the Mr. Bodwell observed that this latter aspect of the case would require but very little time as only a few witnesses had

een examined on it. It was ultimately decided to allow Sir Charles to continue on his original course, evening for the concluding session of the ounsel undertaking to omit any part that he thought was not necessary. we don't propose to allow the hearing to continue longer than the 10th."

"With all due respect to Your Lordships," Sir Charles responded, but has the court power to restrict the argument?"

"It all the court power to restrict the argument is an attempt to prove that James Dunsmuir, the defendant in the action, resorted to fraud, first to induce his mother to transfer her holdings."

"It all the court propose to allow the hearing of this case is touched upon he claborates it orally.

In referring to the contradictory evidence given by Mr. Dunsmuir in his examination for discovery and at the trial, Sir Charles mentioned a number of instances with regard to both the will of these papers were followed by lively discussion, memory on material points. These, he contended, were sufficient to destroy any testimony of the defendant on salient work that have been proved successful. matters. He mentioned as an instance

> was of no use" or "no good."
>
> St. Andrew's Pres. . 164
>
> St. Paul's Pres. . . 104 hearing will be finished by the time stipu- Burnside Baptist .. lated by the Chief Justice, namely, April 10th. If not, an adjournment will have | Harmony Hall to be taken, as it is not the intention of Metro. Methodist .. 416 business of importance, such as the as-

sizes, requires consideration. FOUL BAY PAVILION

Will Be Erected as Soon as Possible-Will Possess Excellent Facilities.

Some time ago mention was made of a scheme by which the Tourist Associaion proposed to provide bathing facilities at Foul Bay. According to the plan which was fully described in this paper at the time, a bathing pavilion was to be erected, a two-story structure that could contain band stand, dressing rooms, office quarters, shower baths, lavatories and toilets, the building to cost about

At a meeting of the executive of the association Tuesday afternoon it was decided to proceed at once to carry out this plan.

Considerable correspondence was dealt with at the meeting. Mayor Keary, of New Westminster, informed the association of the donation of \$250 to its funds by the Royal Agricultural Society of New Westminster.

Mrs. Marion Baxter, supreme com-

siderable length and was reading mander L. O. T. M., asked the co-operation of the secretary in arranging an excursion from Seattle during their pro-vincial rally here next May. Chas. S. Hyman, acting minister of

public works, Ottawa, wrote that he and would give it the closest attention. whole evidence several times in order to satisfy himself as to the facts. He would Company, St. Louis, thanked the association for literature, and asked for information regarding Victoria hotel accommodation. A Gregory excursion to Victoria would be conducted in June. The proprietors of Collier's Weekly asked for a supply of photographs for

position number, to be issued shortly. It The editor of the Four Track News official organ of the New York Central, requested a suitable article on Victoria A full page advertisement will be in serted in this publication in June. F. W. Vincent presided at the meet ing and others present were Ald. Hanna, Ald. Oddy, B. S. Heisterman, J. E. Wilson. H. B. Thompson, A. Henderson

and the secretary, H. Cuthbert. KILLED BY NATIVES.

Berlin, March 29.-An official dispatch from Winshoek, German Southwes Africa, to-day announced that 11 mer of Kerichner's detachment were killed and 22 were wounded in a fight with in surgent natives on March 10th and 11th

tain pages of the evidence without read- | CLOSING SESSION OF ANNUAL CONVENTION

> Local Sunday School Workers Concluded Business Last Evening-Statistical Report Submitted.

> > (From Thursday's Daily.)

A large number of Sunday school workers of the city and vicinity assembled in Calvary Baptist church last fourth annual convention. Papers were

Miss S. J. Murton, statistical secresaid that there was no evidence to show of the contradictory evidence given by that when Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir made the Mr. Dunsmuir and Mr. Pooley the fact rious Sunday schools, twenty-four of

Saanich Baptist ... 40 Strawberry V. Meth. 40 Spring Ridge Meth. 162 Japanese Meth. 20

Plymouth Brethren. 42 Total number of scholars Total number teachers and officers.. 283 Total number home department ... 75
Total number cradle roll 414

During the evening vocal solos were contributed by Mrs. W. E. Staneland, H. Ives and J. Lynch. The report of the nominating commit-tee was received and adopted, the following being the officers elected for 1905-6: President, John Meston; secretary, W. Russell; treasurer, W. Greigson; statistical reporter, Miss S. J. Murton; superintendent house to house visitation, A. Huggett: superintendent normal department, A. B. McNeill; superintendent home department, H. Siddall; superintendent primary and cradle roll, N. Shakespeare. These officers with Messrs. W. Scoweroft, R. B. McMicking and John McKenzie constitute the execu The committee on resolutions submit the convention. This report recommende

for special services in connection with the Sabbath schools, and that votes of thanks be tendered to Calvary church for Seattle, for his valuable services to the convention; to the musicians who kindly contributed to the success of the programme and to the local press. On behalf of the ladies of the church Rev. J. F. Vichert cordially invited all present to partake of tea, coffee and cake, after which what has been a most

that one Sunday of the year be set apart

uccessful convention adjourned.

The date for the next convention is the last Tuesday and Wednesday of March, 1906.

Blood Poison Brings Bolls, Salt Rheum, Eczema and Scrofula, **WEAVER'S**

SYRUP

Cures them permanently. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Montreal.

A SCHOON

Fleat Will Cr If the

The Kinsei sealing schoo having come of fresh wa from the rece The schooner 6th, and has of a hundred

coast after se When she l will hunt ale coast and the finish up the whence she about Christm She is a sto tons, and carri ly Japs, only aboard. One of the cr respondent that periment on th the vessel, and ful this season quite a number across next yea The presence this coast and

waters which t open a new p sealing questio already called ernment at Otta ditions under to operate in anese. And cause of compla is now to be a ing of these con Japanese schoon strictions. The any neutral wa means they co hunt the little miles of the r and when they they have no over them to primodus vivendi. On the other ers must cease of April, and, Copper Island inactive until t Behring Sea, w mitted the use of the seal. Fu

nearer than a What the Jap ing now in the much like what number of years their sealing ves search of seal. speculation whet profitable to ma as Victorians mater's base for t Japanese coast The captain of that when he les scarcely believe t ress, every kind ried on without e the Japanese cr surprised to her

hibited approac

Arthur so soon. ALLOW Dominion Gover

of Collector

Collector of C has received word ing his action in City of Seattle the Canadian re the accident to th one of the no points some time will be remember and the City of took her passen out clearing or past eight or without saying leave," A shor Sound tug Wand the Jefferson and skipper lacked t of Seattle people penalty for his naimo, but Colle that the regulati ed, and he impo tug. The fact through 400 m took hold of the tardily reported mitigating circui opinion. Mr. N checking the ille can vessels in C a great deal in t

Canadian shipin H. L. Harris, a



man, is registere

Weed's Phos