REMOVING ROCKS.

formance with Dynamics,
e description of any process for
ening the task of getting rid of
s on a farm is sure of an interested
effec, for which reason the story of
the "shooting," told by a corredent of Rural New Yorker, is here

ck "shooting." told by a corredent of Rural New Yorker, is here
ased:

ais especial line of economics did
take place on this farm, for I have
'fortunate enough to have the rooks
oved by former generations, but a
hbor was not so fortunate, and
ring the reports of his "shootings" I
stover to see him. I found him
ut to begin operations on an ugly
ring rock that showed about six
hes above the surface and which was
otheration every time the field was
wed, cultivated or cut. With an iron
he sounded around it until he found
straightest side, then with the baf a
e was made, about two feet deep
nting enough so that the end of it
uid be under the rock. A "stick" of
namite (one-half pokad), was crumd in the hands, let un in the hole
d pressed lightly down with a broom
ndle. Then a piece of these two feet
ag was put in, having a cap on the
d, and another "sick" was crumbled
top of the first. This was so that
e cap would explode in the dynamite,
hen earth was filled in the hole and
maged lightly with the broom handle,
match applied, and we all set out on
brisk walking match until we got out
f reach. There was a report and a hole
n the ground, and pieces of broken rock
suttered about the field were all that
was left of the troublesome rock. The
cash outlay was about 9 cents and the
gime of making the explosion was about
15 minutes. There was the broken stone
to be hauled off, but in this case he sold
the stone for 50 cents a perch, so that
what he got for the stone more than repaid him for hauling.

Often a small rock, say three or four
feet in diameter, will be turned out of
the hole but not broken, then a stick or
two is laid on the top of the rock and a
backet of mud (with all the small stones
carefully taken from it) is placed on the
dynamite, the charge fired as before and
a broken stone is the result. The thins

carefully taken from it) is placed on the dynamite, the charge fired as before and a broken stone is the result. The thing dynamite, the charge fired as before and a broken stone is the result. The thing wherein most failures by beginners are made is by not putting enough dynamite under the rock. One blast I saw was a case in point; after the blast the stone was in slmost the same position as before, but we saw by the impression, on the soft earth that the stone had relied to the top of the hole and almost rolled out, and then for want of a half stick more had rolled back again. Put enough under todo the work or you lose all that you do put under. Another caution is to get as far away from the rock as the fuse will let you or else get behind some tree and close up to the trunk. I saw a shutter of a house broken by a blast that was fired fully 100 yards away. This was, of course, an exceptional case, but one does not want to get hit, even by an exceptional piece of rock.

The most common mistake in prepar-ing ground for fall grains is waiting until just before seeding time or about the last week in August and the first in until just before seeding time or about the last week in August and the first in September, according to Orange Judd Farmer, and there are the following reasons why early plowing is the best: The weeds that have started after the cutting of the small grains are turned under and kept from seeding. This is no small consideration where the ground is at all foul. If some of the seeds near the surface should start after plowing, go over the field with a harrow of some kind or a cultivator and allow none to develop. The chief value of early plowing is that the land has an opportunity to become well pulverized and compacted before seeding time. If the land is hard when plowed, the numerous workings which should be given it with the rains of late-summer and early autumn will dissolve the clods and obliterate camage if present when the seed is sown. Many failures with winter grains can be traced to late plowing and imperfect preparation of the seed bed. Begin plowing as soon as the shocks have been removed from the first week in July to the second in August.

Preventing Corn Smut.

Preventing Corn Smut. For most of the smuts of the other For most of the smuts of the other coreals there are methods of treating the seed prior to sowing that, to a great degree, prevent the subsequent attack of the fungua, but there appears to be no such means for preventing corn smut. A farmers' bulletin says experiments have shown that the frequent spraying of the plants and ground with any of the better known fungicides will prevent a serious spread of the disease, but in practice this will hardly be warranted on account of the expense of such treatment. Possibly a more economical and as efficient means to be recommended is the collection and burning of all smut masses before they ripen and scatter their spores. Much could be accomplished in this way if, keeping a sharp lookout for the smut boils at every cultivation and at the harvesting of the crop. If attention be paid to the manure and the smut be collected and destroyed as recommended, but little loss will be occasioned by corn smut. ed by corn smut.

Watering Cabbage In Dry Weather.

The broad leaves of cabbage evaporate water very fast, and, like other leaves, they probably take carbonic acid gas from the sir and store it in the cabbage head. They require a great deal of water, and it is a great help to their growth in a dry time if soil is dug away from their roots and water in which some fermented stable manure has been dissolved is poured in the hole. Then replace the soil that has been taken out. This will leave a dry surface and prevent evaporation. The cabbage will also grow faster than if the manure water is poured on the surface soil around the plant, says American Cultivator.

only in the East, but also in the Western provinces of the Dominion, m's Heart and Nerve Pills are y gaining the confidence of the



"I can recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills as the best thing I know of for weak and nervous people. When I first commenced taking them I was in an extremely weak condition. I was nervous and easily startled, sometimes I would start in my sleep and, it would be a long time before I could get caleep again.
"Shortness of breath and dizzy spells would come over me at times and often I thought my end was near.
"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have changed all that They have strengthened my nerves and built up my health so that I am a new man. I consider them simply wonderful." A. WILSON, Clearwater, Man. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ontario.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS oure Billousness

We are always complaining that our days are few and acting as though there would be no end of them.—Seneca.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY.

Nothing has yet been found to super-sede it for Diarrhoes, Cholera, Cramps, Colic and Summer Complaint. Don't take a substitute. Insist on getting the genuine.

No abilities, however splendid, can command success without intense la-bor and persevering application.—A. T. Stewart.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP is death to the worms every time, safe for the child, and so nice to take the children lick the spoon. Price 25c.

An inquisitive man is a creature naturally very vacant of thought itself, and therefore forced to apply to foreign assistance.—Steele.

AN AWFUL COLD.

Mrs. Wm. Darkes, Pine Grove, Ont., says: "I recommend Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup for Cougha, Colds, Hoarseness and Sore Throat," I had an awful cold and could hardly speak, One bottle of Norway Pine Syrup cured me completely."

When we would, with utmost detes-tation, single some monster from the traitor berd, 'tis but to say ingrati-tude is the crime.—Froude.

HEALTH RUN DOWN. "I was run down in health and weak and could not get anything to do me good until I tried Burdock Blood Bit-ters, which has made me strong and well."

THOS. LAWSON, Terra Nova, Ont.

insincerity in a man's own heart must make all his enjoyments—all that concerns him, unreal; so that his whole life must seem like a mfrely dramatic representation.—Hawthorne.

ALL NERVES. ALL NERVES.

Many persons say they are "all nerves." easily startled or upset, easily stortied and irritated. Miblurn's Heart and Nerve Pills are just the remedy such people require. They restore perfect harmony of the nerve centres and give new nerve force to shattered nervous systems.

Three things too much, and three too little arep ernicious to man; to speak much, and know little; to spend much and have little; to presume much, and be worth little.—Cervantes.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are the most effective remedy known for weak painful backs; Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, sediment in the urine and all kidney and bladder troubles,

FOR internal or external ARD'S YELLOW OIL can elled as a pain relieving an emedy for all pain.

LIVER TROUBLES, billousness, low complexion, yellow eyes, jaunete, yield to the curative power LAXA-LIVER PILLS. They are

AWNLESS BROME GRASS.

Observed in Tests.

Two notable claims advanced for Bromus inermia, commonly known as smooth, armiess or Hungarian brome grass, are its excellent endurance of summer heat and drought and its ability to grow on comparatively poor and hard soil.

to grow on comparatively poor and hard soil.

This is a perennial grass with creeping root stalks that send up erect, strong, smooth stems from 1½ to 4 feet high, with a free growth of leaves, and bears an abundance of seed. It has been well recommended for light soils in regions subject to extremes of temperature or long periods of drought, where the finer grasses do not thrive. Some years ago the South Dakota station said of smooth brome grass that it was the best grass yet tried at that station, catching well where properly sown, giving a good sod the first year and a fair yield of hay in favorable seasons. The forage, though coarse, was considered of excellent quality and under ordinary circumstances a large amount of early spring and fall feed could be obtained in addition to a good yield of hay.

Awaless brome grass is reported as remaining green in winter in the south, where it is esteemed for grazing. It grows well in cold climates, and Canadian reports speak very highly of it, both for nutritive qualities and luxuriant habit of growth.

In the report of tests with this grass under the direction of Dr. Saunders of the Canadian experiment stations it is mentioned as doing well on alkaline soil. The report further says: "Not only does awnless brome grass thrive in the rich, moist soil of the eastern provinces, but its growth and productiveness are so wonderful even in the dry plains of the west that its cultivation may be said without exaggeration to have solved the problem of fodder production



smooth brome grass.

on a large scale in the arid western sections. Under irrigation brome grass has given on 200 acres of land the enormous yield of 4½ tons per acre. One motable feature which distinguishes this grass is that, while most grasses, after the flowering period, deteriorate rapidly while the seeds ripen, awaless brome grass can be left standing until the seeds are fully ripe, yet the hay crop will be heavier without being poorer than if it had been cut while in flower, as should be done generally for all other hay grasses in order to get the best value. This remarkable characteristic of this grass is due to the fact that after the seed bearing stam has grown up a great number of leafy shoots spring up from its base."

What to Do With the Strawberry Bed.
Our usual method of treating a strawberry bed after the first picking season
is to invert it and sow either cowpeas
or clover, says a correspondent of flural
New Yorker. The only profitable crop
we have ever gathered immediately succeeding turning under a strawberry bed
is medium clovar. Any strawberry bed
which needs a plow to assist in cleaning it up should never be run a second
season. We would remove the mulch
and cultivate and hoe as we did the
previous season if we wished to carry
over the bed and begin at once after
the first hoeing to spray with bordeaux
and continue spraying at intervals until What to Do With the Strawberry Bed.

The statistician of the department agriculture, from preliminary retu on the acreage of corn, estimates a on the acreage of corn, estimates a re-duction of 3 per cent from the area har-vested last year. There is a decrease of 502,000 acres in Illinois, of 308,000 in lows, of 681,000 in Missouri, of 723, 300 in Kansas, and of 482,000 in Ne-

A beekseper says that those beeksepers living in or near a town would do well to exert themselves in inducing the town people to plant basswood trees in preference to other kinds.

American Cultivator says that whe there is a fair set of fruit on trees or vines, if the fruit continues green longe than it should, a quantity of nitrate or potash very largely diluted with wate will have a most extraordinary effect it hastening its ripening.

SUMMER COMPLAINT

One of the Commonest and Most Dangerous of Diseases.

Everyone Should be Prepared for it With a Bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Very few people escape an attack of Summer Complaint. It may be silight, or it may be selent, but nearly everyone is liable to it.

You cannot tell, when it seless on you, how it may end.

Let it go for a day only, and sea how weak and prostrated it will leave you.

Your only path of safety lies in providing yourself with a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It is the only remedy known that can be relied on to cure you.

It estiles the stomach, has a southing influence on the irritated bowels, a stimularing action on the weakened system and is a powerful disinfectant of the whole intestinal tract.

Mrs. Daniel Smith, Lunenburg, N. S., writes. 'Last summer my little boy was dangerously ill with diarrhoea. He grew very weak so that he could hardly stand. I concluded to try Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strae berry and very soon after he began lafting he started to mend, so that in a short time he was as well as ever. I shall never be without it in my house." Price Sc., all dealers.

The woman who is continually lec-turing her husband either thinks he is a fool, or else she has forgotten that a word to the wise is sufficient.

C. C. Richards & Co. Dear Sirs.—I have great faith in MINARD'S LIXIMENT, as last year I cured a horse of Ring-bone, with five bottles. It blistered the horse but in a month there was no ring-bone and no lame-Four Falls, N. B. Daniel Murchison,

The way to get bees' wax of alight

THOSE TIRED KIDNEYS. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills help tired kidneys to do what they must do if you are to be a healthy man or wo

Look out for robbers when the hone;

MONTAGUE OF DUNNVILLE, CURED OF ULCERATED ITCHING PILES, OF ULCERATED ITCHING PILES.

Mr. Robert Montague, of Dunnville,
Ont., writes:—"Was troubled with Itching Piles for five years and was so badby ulcerated, they were very painful,
so much so that I could not sleep, I
tried almost every medicine known
when I was recommended to use Dr.
Chase's Ointment. I purchased a lox
and from the first application got relief, Have used two boxes and am now
completely cured."

Do not expect many swarms and arge honey flow at the same time.

large hopey flow at the same time.

A GREAT BOOK FREE!

When Dr. R. V. Presse of Buffalo, N. Y. published the first edition of his great work. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 690,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, \$1.50 per copy, the profit on which would repay him for the great amount of labor and money expended in producing it, he would distribute the next half million free. As this number of copies has already been sold, he is now giving away, assolutely free, 500,000 copies of this most complete, interesting and valuable common sense medical work ever published—the recipient only being required to mail to him, at above address, 31-one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and the book will be sent postpaid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. Contains 1008 pages, profusely illustrated. The Free Edition is precisely the same as that sold at \$1.50 except only that the books are in strong manilla pager covers in stead of cloth. Send NOW before all are given away.

The best time to introduce a queen is the middle of the day when the greater part of the bees are at work.

CASTORIA

to the state of the fletchers wayou

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Gry for CASTORIA.

Unliaren Cry for

CASTORIA. CAP SHEAF WHEAL

Algoma District, Ont., May 23, 1896

The small plot of land seeded with
the half gound of Cap Sheaf is looking
fice; 25 degrees below zero last winter, and didn't hurt it a bit. Other
wheat is an entire failure.

Orders are taken for this wheat at
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Minard's Liniment Cures Colds,

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RATHS, CLOSETS, BASINS-LEAD AND IRON PIPE-PUMPS.

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