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Can always be secured by inserting a Want Advertisement in the Gazette.

The Evening Gazette is Growing in Circulation more rapidly than any daily paper East of Montreal.

The Evening Gazette.

The Evening Gazette is the Largest daily paper in the Maritime Provinces.

WANTS.
TEN CENTS
is all it costs you to Advertise for anything you want.

VOL. III.---WHOLE NO. 644. ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

IRON RESERVOIR VASES.

These Vases are made with a Reservoir to hold water, from which the plants draw a constant and even supply of moisture; this does away with the need of frequent watering, and prevents the ground from becoming caked and hard. For sale by

Sheraton & Selfridge,
No. 38 King street.
Opposite Royal Hotel.

P. S.—Ask to see the Jewel Range.

Welsh, Hunter, & Hamilton.

JUST RECEIVED,
A NEW LOT OF
DRESS GOODS.
97 KING STREET.

TO PAINTERS.
TRANSFER GRAINING PAPERS: a perfect imitation of the natural woods.
Oak, "light and Antique;" Mahogany, Cherry, Hungarian Ash, Rosewood, etc., now in stock. Prices low.
F. E. HOLMAN, - - - - 48 King St.

Latest. For Men. Scarfs.
ONCE OVERS, FOUR-IN-HAND
—AND—
Newest Patterns in Made Scarfs—Over 400 Patterns to Choose from.
Undressed Shirts from 45 cts.; Regatta and Sporting Shirts of latest patterns; Cashmere, Merino and Cotton Undershirts at the lowest living profit.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. You can get a perfect fit at KEDEY & CO., 213 Union St.

Still at the Top in Quantity, Quality and Value.
50 New Style Bedroom Suites, 7 pieces, $20 each;
50 New Style Bedroom Suites in Mahogany, Oak and Walnut Finish with French Bevel Mirror 20x24, $22 each;
50 Student's Easy Chairs at $3 each.
The above are a few leaders, and will be their own salesmen when examined.
Round Glass and Cheval Bedroom Suites in Oak, Cherry and Walnut, that will sell on sight. Parlor Suites from $35 up to $500.
A full line of Fancy Tables, Cabinets, Desks, Bookcases, Fancy Chairs, Centre Tables, Sideboards in Oak and Walnut, Dining Chairs in Oak and Walnut, Hall Racks &c- Matrasses and Woven Wire Springs; British Plate Mirrors.
1500 Wood, Cane and Perforated Chairs.
JOHN WHITE, - - 93 to 97 Charlotte St.

NEW GOODS.
Ladies and Gents Purses, Satchels, Valises, Lunch and Market Baskets;
200 Doz Electric Balls, Stationery, Carts, Wagons, Sporting Goods, Lacrosse Sticks, Boxing Gloves, &c.
—AT—
WATSON & CO'S
Cor Charlotte and Union Sts.
P. S.—American Stamps for sale.

DeFOREST,
THE TAILOR.

SIX SPECIAL BARGAINS,
FRESH FROM THE FACTORIES.
THEY ARE KOMPETITION KRUSHERS.
BARGAIN No. 1.—Ladies' Kid Button Boots with patent tips, heavy soles and uppers, 11 buttons, opera toes; this is positively the best boot we have ever seen for $1.25.
BARGAIN No. 2.—Women's Heavy Dongola Boots with patent tips, heavy soles, scalloped tops opera toes, 11 buttons; we challenge the Dominion to beat this boot, for the small sum of $1.75.
BARGAIN No. 3.—Women's very fine Dongola Walking Shoes in common sense, American make, only $1.85; this is a perfect shoe.
BARGAIN No. 4.—Women's India Kid and Calf Walking Shoes, heavy soles and New York shapes neat, strong and beautiful, only 95c. and $1.25.
BARGAIN No. 5.—Women's very fine Dongola Walking Shoes, American manufacture, full finished, $1.45.
BARGAIN No. 6. (makes other manufacturers groan)—We are Agents for the largest Safe Company in America, one of them can be seen at our store, it measures 3ft x 2ft, weighs 700lbs, has new pickable combination lock, all the latest anti-fire improvements, and received a gold medal at the Cincinnati Exposition 1888. Delivered in St. John for the small sum of $45.00
SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SATURDAY.
20TH CENTURY STORE, 12 CHARLOTTE STREET,
Near the market, Opposite Barnes & Murray's.
TRYON WOOLEN MFG CO., Proprietors,
J. A. REID, Manager.

JEWELLERY,
WATCHES, CLOCKS, AND PLATED WARE.
As my expenses are light, I am enabled to sell these goods at very small advance on cost.
GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY MADE TO ORDER.
FRANK S. ROGERS, - - JEWELLER,
75 Germain St., 3 Doors South of King St.

LACE CURTAINS.
Do you want them nicely cleansed? If so, send them to us, where the finest of fabrics are handled without injury.
Cleansing 50 to 60c per pair,
Cream or Ecru 75c per pair,
Special prices for 12 pairs or over.
UNGAR'S STEAM LAUNDRY,
26 to 34 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B.
62 and 64 Granville St., Halifax.

FIRST EDITION.

A RAILWAY DEAL.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC ABSORBS THE ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS ROADS.

An Overdue Steamship Arrives—Nicaragua Canal Affairs—Waterspout Destruction—The Cottrell Clique in Florida.—Rain.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, June 3.—A morning paper says the announcement was made yesterday that the Canadian Pacific railway is negotiating for the control of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault St. Marie railways. It was stated, however, by the Canadian Pacific Council here that the plan contemplated is only a "joint traffic arrangement" and that the Canadian Pacific will guarantee other lines their first mortgage bonds provided the bond holders consent to the reduction of interest from 5 to 4 per cent.

The story that the proposition is merely for a traffic arrangement is a rather conservative statement of the case, for the two roads already have almost as close an alliance of that kind as is possible.

A private despatch from London to the firm of E. Loppenheim & Co. declares that the deal has been completed and that the road has been absorbed by the Canadian Pacific.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The steamship La Bourgoyne from Havre is two days overdue.

NEW YORK, June 3.—The French Line Steamer La Bourgoyne about which some uneasiness was beginning to be felt arrived below this forenoon.

NEW YORK June 3.—Advices from Greytown via Panama, state that work is progressing satisfactorily on the Nicaragua canal. The ground has been broken for the railroad from Greytown to the Silico lagoon by an American contractor, and the first 12 miles, it is expected, will be completed by the end of July.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, June 3.—A special from the Missouri valley reports the almost total destruction of the village of Loveland, eight miles below that point by a huge waterspout yesterday. A terrific storm amounting to a cloudburst passed over the valley, breaking about a mile above the town sweeping down the street and leaving hardly a house in the place. A number of fatalities is reported.

NEW YORK, June 3.—A special from Cedar Keys, Fla., says the Cottrell clique are jubilant over the prospect of an arragement whereby the ex-mayor may safely give himself up through the formality of furnishing bail and then return to intimidate all the witnesses against him. Respectable citizens are indignant and many families will remove from here if Cottrell is admitted to bail.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 3.—The worst rain storm of the season prevailed throughout western Iowa last night. At Atlantic the fall of water was unprecedented.

ARCADIA, Wis., June 3.—As the waters about this village recede they show traces of much larger damage than was at first reported. One hundred thousand dollars is a low estimate of the loss. No trains can reach here for several days.

FREDERICTON ITEMS.

Dusty Streets—Legal—Tenders Accepted for Alms House Supplies.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, June 3.—The citizens were treated to blinding clouds of dust yesterday. This is a disgrace to the road committee. Many were the enquiries, "Where is the watering cart?"

The Easter term of the supreme court [en banc] will open on Tuesday the 10th inst.

The York fisi prius sittings of the supreme court will open on Tuesday, the 24th inst., Judge Tuck presiding.

Tenders have been accepted from the following for supplying the alms house for the ensuing year:—William H. Vanwart groceries; Messrs Cameron & McCarthy meat; Hugh O'Neill jun. bread; George H. Davis medicine; F. J. Seery physician.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND DELEGATES.

Del'oneles Suggestion the Wildest Nonsense.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, June 3.—The Newfoundland delegates declare that the French deputy Del'oneles suggestion that England concede to France fishing rights in the Labrador is the wildest nonsense. They also ridicule the idea that England will be able to compel Newfoundland to accept an objectionable settlement.

French Nihilists Plotting.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3.—The police of this city have learned that the Nihilists in France are engaged in a fresh conspiracy against the life of the Czar. The French police have been made cognizant of the conspiracy by the authorities here and have been placed on the track of the conspirators.

The Emperor Warms Bismarck.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, June 3,—The Emperor has informed Prince Bismarck that if he does not stop his press utterings the result will be serious.

Suicide at Lisbon.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LISBON, June 3.—Senhor Branco whose death was announced yesterday committed suicide. He shot himself in a fit of despondency.

At Stanleys Wedding.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, June 3.—The Prince and Princess of Wales will attend the wedding of Stanley and Miss Tennant.

Bismarck En Route for England.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

THE HAGUE, June 3.—Prince Bismarck will arrive at Venlo, on the 21st inst en route to England.

The Weather.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Indications.—Fair, warmer weather; variable winds.

London Markets.

LONDON, 4 p m closing.

Consols 97 11-16 for money and 97 ½ for acct.

U S Fours	
do do Fours and a half	
A & G W firsts	40½
do do seconds	
Can Pac	
Erie	29½
Do seconds	
Ills Cent	
Mexican, ordy	44
St Paul Common	79½
N Y Cent	113½
Penn	
Reading	
Mex centl new 4s	77½
Bar Silver	46½
Spanish Fours	

Money 1 per cent.
Rate of discount for short 1½ three months.

FIRST EDITION.

THE LAND PURCHASE BILL.

WHY THE IRISH PARTY OPPOSES MR. BALFOUR'S BILL.

Any Honest Intention to Solve the Problem Would Be Welcomed, but the Measure Proposed Will Be Fought, Clause by Clause—The Objections Against It.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The North American Review for June has an article by Mr. Parnell, stating the Irish party's grounds of objection to Mr. Balfour's Irish land purchase bill. This measure Mr. Parnell characterizes as "insufficient and dishonest," though ostensibly brought forward for the purpose of settling the land question on the lines laid down by him when in America. The measure is insufficient because it would not reach more than one out of every four of the Irish tenants, and there would be many in the favored minority who have no right or claim to enjoy the benefits of land purchase at the expense of the state. On the basis of the operation of previous enactments it would take upward of £166,000,000 to enable all the Irish tenants entitled to do so to become owners of their holdings. The state would never advance the vast sum neccessary for the purpose as every one concedes that £33,000,000 is the utmost further sum that the English taxpayers can be induced to guarantee. The Irish party hold, therefore, that the land act of 1881 should first be so amended as to secure the tenant's improvements from the infliction of rent. The bill as it now stands entitles the landlord to ask the tenant to pay him 20 years' purchase of the improvements made by himself as well as for the landlord's property. By freeing the tenant's improvements from the infliction of rent first, the size of the question and the amount of money involved would be rendered much more managable. A further step in this direction would be to refuse the benefit of the measure to non-resident tenants holding large tracts for grazing purposes, employing no labor and making no outlay on their holdings. Three-fourths of Connaught, one-third of Munster and one-fourth of Leinster are so held. It was not for the advantage of graziers and gombeen men that the flag of the land for the people was unfurled at Irishtown in 1879.

Great abuses have attended the working of land purchase measures. Landlords have in many cases divided their home farms among bogus tenants, to whom they have sold at inflated prices. This shows that the principle of land purchase has been degraded into land jobbery, and that the resources which, if husbanded, might have been sufficient for the settlement of the question, are being scandalously misspent, while the question is left unsolved. Moreover, the grossest favoritism has been shown, in the selection of estates, for whose purchase advances of public money are to be made. The large absentee owners have been favored, while the smaller resident owners have been left out. Just the opposite policy should have been followed. Up to Dec. 31, 1888, 530 owners sold estates to their tenants for £3,792,000. Of these 530 owners, 34 walked off with £2,251,000. If this bill is carried out in the same way, by the time £40,000,000 has been spent, four out of ten thousand Irish land owners will have received £24,000,000 out of the £40,000,000. This is not the manner in which the land question should be settled. Another objection to the present bill is the provision made for the hypothecation, as a counter guarantee against dishonesty on the part of the new owners, of the amounts paid by Parliament for certain defined local purposes in Ireland, such as medical aid to the poor, education maintenance of lunatics, etc.

The consideration, Mr. Parnell says, which has influenced him as largely as anything else in opposing Mr. Balfour's measure is the existence of coercion in Ireland, which renders it impossible for the tenants to contract freely with their landlords in arranging terms of sales.

A further objection is that the method adopted by the bill for dealing with the congested districts in Ireland secures a further waste of the resources available, for it is proposed to devote the public money indifferently to the purchase of grass lands and congested holdings.

In conclusion, Mr. Parnell says that he would gladly welcome "any honest intention on the part of the government to solve this land question." If the land question is unsettled on Mr. Gladstone's return to office, the larger settlement of home rule will be materially hampered. "Difficulties between landlord and tenant, if they should arise, will be most embarrassing for the Irish Parliament and the new executive depending upon that Parliament, but this pretended land purchase bill is no solution. It seizes upon all our available resources, and hypothecates them without our consent. It jobs away the limited number of millions available which, if husbanded and carefully directed, as I have shown, would go far, very far, toward removing all pressure and difficulty in the future. It selects the large and absentee owners for favored treatment, while it compels the tenant, to buy his holding at an inflated price, with a load of arrears around his neck and the pistol of coercion at his head. We cannot be any party to a measure so brought forward and constituted. We shall resist it, clause by clause, in committee. We shall, if possible amend it, and we believe that, as the progress of events has justified every vote that we have ever given in the House of Commons on the land question, and every step that we have ever taken to organize the Irish people against oppression, so our action against this most dishonest bill of a dishonest party and government will benefit Ireland and secure the verdict of history."

Piece-Printers Want "That."

MONTREAL, May 31.—An officer of the American Typographical Union arrived here to-day to adjucate upon the contention between the compositors and the management of the Montreal Herald. The men went out on strike because the practice of giving out "that" work to piecemen was discontinued. The men are claiming what is given in no other office in the city. The managers are bringing out the paper as usual, but of reduced size, and say they have no intention of acceding to the men's extortionate demands.

S. WHITEBONE, in the City Market building, on Charlotte street, does not import Cigars from Havana every two weeks, but he gets them fresh from there every month; so he can sell them at lowest prices. Mr. Whitebone will call on the trade in the city and show samples of new importations.

NEW
BARBADOS MOLASSES,
at close prices.
NOTE THIS.
Orders booked at lowest figures for cargo to arrive.
JOSEPH FINLEY,
65, 67, and 69 Dock St.

SECOND EDITION.

BRITISH INTELLIGENCE.

PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD VICTOR TO BE MARRIED.

Boycotting in Ireland—Starvation in London.

LONDON, June 2.—It is now a settled thing that the Princess Mary of Teck, and Prince Albert Victor, eldest son of the Prince of Wales, will be married. The Duke of Teck is a constant visitor at Sandringham and Marlborough House. He is to be invested with the Order of the Garter.

Some singular instances of boycotting have come to light in Ireland. A midwife refused to attend the wife of a member of the Royal Irish Constabulary. Edward Phillips, a farmer in Tipperary, obnoxious to the National League, has been refused the necessities of life, the local chemist declining to make up prescriptions for him, and the blacksmith whom he used to employ declining to do any more work for him. His horse and carriage, with which he took his family to church, could not be given accommodation at the Cashel hotels. Wm. Campbell, formerly a head constable in the Royal Irish Constabulary, has petitioned for relief as a bankrupt. It appears from his statement that he retired from the constabulary in 1883 and established himself in business as a publican, etc., in County Sligo. The people boycotted him because he had been a member of the hated royal police, and the police boycotted him because while head constable he had, in following out his conceptions of duty, been strict in the enforcement of duty. He soon failed.

The frequent instances of starvation in London have at last compelled the slow attention of the Government and an official inquiry is being made for the benefit of Parliament, into some cases of recent occurrence. One of these was that of Agnes Nicholls, a young married woman with a child, who was arraigned for the theft of a table cloth, a blanket, and two towels, from a furnished room in which she had lived with her husband. It appeared that she had been without food for four days at the time of the theft and she pawned the goods for three shillings to get food for herself and the babe. The magistrate found her guilty, but discharged her on promise to appear again if called upon.

The Circuit Court.

His Honor Sir John C. Allen, chief justice, charged the grand jury this morning in the case of the Queen vs Elizabeth Shaw charged with attempting to take her own life. His Honor said the offence was one that had never before been tried in this province, but it was none the less an offence however. It was not what the law calls a felony, it was a misdemeanor, and, being less than felony, entailed of course a lesser punishment. The distinctions between felony and misdemeanor were then pointed out and for the guidance of the jury His Honor said, that while they were not to try the matter, there were two things they should ascertain to enable them to a proper discharge of their duty. First. Did the woman take poison? Second. If so, did she take it with the intent to kill herself? His Honor thought from the depositions in this case the jury would have no difficulty in arriving at a decision. He also expressed much regret that he was unable to discharge the jury to-day. Unfortunately he was quite unable to do so, because there was another matter pending which would probably go before them to-morrow. He trusted, however, he would then be able to discharge them. The jury then retired, and the crown witnesses were sworn and sent before them.

The Queen vs Watts and Grey was taken up and after some time was consumed in procuring a jury, the following were empanelled, viz., George L. Slipp, foreman, Henry Littlehale, James Graham, James McSorley, Robert Carroll, Giles Moriarty, G. Gordon Boyne, Thomas Littlejohn, John Fleming, James A. Lord, Fred C. Melick and William A. Stuart. The solicitor general appears on behalf of the Crown and the prisoners are defended by Recorder Jack and J. L. Carleton.

Several jurors who did not appear to answer when their names were called after special summons were all fined.

The grand jury in the Shaw matter after a short absence returned into Court and by R. R. Allan their foreman reported that they found no bill. The jury will meet to-morrow again at 3 o'clock.

The witnesses for the Crown in the case of the Queen vs Watts and Grey on application of Mr. Carleton were excluded from the Court while the testimony of any one of them was being heard. This case will not be finished to-day.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL Cotton sann midds June 6 3-4 seller. Sales of day included 5,300 bales. Futures closed barely steady.

LATE SHIP NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Boston, 2nd inst, schr E Walsh, Laughlin from St John.

Vineyard Haven, 31st inst, schrs Vinton, New York for Quaco; A B Perry, St John for New York; Ada Barker, Hillsboro for do; Gem, Rockland for do.

Alexandria, 31st May, schr Laura E Messer from Windsor.

Delaware Breakwater, 1st inst, schr Orinoco, Upham from Manzanilla.

SAILED.

Cienfuegos, 1st inst, bark Egeria, Kerr for New York.

Liverpool, May 30th, bark Sigrid, Anderson for Quebec.

THIRD EDITION.

HOTEL DE SCOTT ACT.

AN ATTENTIVE LANDLORD AND ORDERLY GUESTS.

A Gazette Representative Gives a Photographic View of its Interior and Its Inmates.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

FREDERICTON, June 3.—So much has been said about the treatment of the hotel proprietors and others now in York county jail, charged with violation of the Scott Act, that THE GAZETTE representative decided to visit the quarters in the jail occupied by Messrs. Coleman, Edwards, Grieves and others and to present to its readers the actual state of the case.

York county jail is a large stone building of somewhat antique design. It is situated in perhaps one of the pleasantest parts of the Celestial city. The front is set back from the street about twenty feet to give room for a drive up to the main entrance which is reached by a stoop about four feet above the ground. The building while it looks like a public institution does not in any way resemble a prison. There are no bars on the front windows, and no grated doors, and in fact no outward evidence of the fact that the building is for the confinement of lawless or dangerous persons.

Ascending the stoop the visitor is confronted by a door, the brasses on which are neatly polished. To gain access to the jail the visitor rings an electric bell, and is shown into a wide corridor. Once inside there is abundant evidence that the building is intended as a prison. In the rear of the corridor on the first floor, and on the second also, are the cells. The windows of these apartments are grated and the doors are of wood, strapped with heavy iron bars. The front of the building has been reserved for the residence of the deputy sheriff, who acts as jailer, and for the confinement of the less refractory prisoners.

The Scott Act offenders are doubtless classed among the last mentioned, as the whole number who can be accommodated with rooms on the front of the building are quartered there. So far none of these gentleman have attempted to take the slightest advantage of the confidence reposed in them by Deputy Sheriff Hawthorne, and if that official is to be believed there never has been a more orderly, well-behaved lot of prisoners than those now in jail for violation of the Scott Act. They get up in the morning when called, and go to bed regularly at the hour appointed for closing the jail. They take their meals as regularly as the bell rings, and do not interfere with the other prisoners.

At one end of the corridor on the main floor of the jail is the stairway by means of which the second floor of the jail is reached. This portion of the building is now designated as the "Hotel de Scott Act," for it is here that the six Scott Act men are detained. Mr. Coleman, although not the first to arrive, has the finest apartment. His room is about twenty feet square and situated directly at the head of the stairs. A smaller room off the large one is occupied by Mr. Grieves. Mr. Coleman has furnished his room with a handsome suite of black walnut bedroom furniture with a number of easy chairs, added for the accommodation of the numerous visitors. The room is heated by a stove, when heat is necessary. When not engaged entertaining visitors Mr. Coleman spends his leisure attending to the details of his business. A private telephone line connects him with his summer house at Killarney, where his family is now residing. Mr. Coleman, who has been described by a prohibition paper published in the west of Canada as "the aristocratic Coleman," seems to have earned this designation from the manner in which he has furnished his apartment. Mr. Grieves, whose room adjoins, has furnished it with a very comfortable bed and a number of easy chairs.

"The lordly Edwards," as the western prohibition paper styles Mr. Edwards of the Queen, has the remaining apartment in the front of the jail. Though not so large as that occupied by his neighbor of the Barker house, it is furnished with great care and with an evident eye to the comfort of its occupant. A folding bed occupies one of the walls and serves as a couch in the day time. A lounging chair occupies one corner and the writing table another. There are half a dozen easy chairs in the room which are occupied the greater part of the time by visitors. The floors of all their rooms are carpeted and the windows curtained. The manner in which they are kept reflects the highest credit on the housekeeping ability of Mrs. Hawthorne, wife of the deputy sheriff.

Messrs. Crangle, Simler and Manzer live on the opposite side of the corridor. Their apartments are not so luxurious as those in the front of the building but they are neat, clean and well kept. The beds are good and there are a sufficient number of easy chairs for the accommodation of prisoners and guests. One of the rooms is generally occupied by some persons engaged in a game of dominoes. Some well informed persons, who do not favor the prisoners, started the report that the prisoners were generally in a state of hilarious carousal, but this is so entirely untrue. There has never in the past three or four weeks been the slightest undue hilarity, and such a thing as a carousal is unknown.

The diet provided by the County of York for jail prisoners is that thin and not over-invigorating variety, known as bread and water. It is one of the jail regulations, however, that this may come down through the ages that prisoners who are not undergoing punishment for refractory conduct can be fed at their own expense or at expense of their friends. The wisdom of this regulation has never been questioned until Messrs. Coleman and Edwards were incarcerated. Then there were persons so desirous that these men, who had done nothing worse than hotel proprietors the world over are daily guilty of, should be put on county fare, that it is said they actually went to see Sheriff Sterling to interfere and prevent the men in jail from living too high. Messrs. Coleman, Edwards and Grieves are guests of Mr. Hawthorne and dine with the family. The table is always well supplied with all that a man needs in the way of eatables. Some of the worst of the cranks have been attempting to cast disparagment on the cooking of Mrs. Hawthorne by endeavoring to prove that the fare of the Hotel de Scott Act is of inferior quality. This is a very unjust accusation as the general appearance of Mrs. Hawthorne's guests will attest.

The proprietor of a patent medicine in St. John which is warranted to cure dyspepsia has forwarded his circulars to the guests of the Hotel de Scott Act. Judging from the healthy glow which appear in the faces of these gentlemen he is not likely to receive any orders from this locality.

Taking everything into consideration the lot of the Scott Act offenders now in jail is far from an a happy one. They have real comfort, plenty to eat, pleasant quarters, an agreeable host and hostess, visitors by the score; among the latter quite a number of clergymen.

THIRD EDITION.

LOCAL MATTERS.

LATEST GLEANING'S BY THE GAZETTE'S REPORTERS.

Burglary and Fire. The Lack of Harbor Facilities, &c., &c.

CHARTERED.—Schooner Habana, hence to Boston, lumber $2.50.

SOME WRECKED MATERIAL which was sold by T. T. Lantalum on Lawton's wharf this morning realized about $800.

ADMIRALTY COURT.—The case of the owners of the barque Canning vs. the schooner Wabeck in the admiralty court is drawing to a close. The counsel are addressing the court this afternoon.

MATINEE TO-MORROW.—Little Georgie Cooper will fill the role of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" at the matinee to-morrow (Wednesday), and Flossie Ethyl will again play the part to-morrow night.

ONLY A VISIONARY GLEAM.—For some time past Dock street has been particularly well lighted at night, but to-day men are at work taking down the lamps, and the why and the warefore of the whole affair is that the agreement among the Dock street merchants has not been kept by some.

THE EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION held a meeting this afternoon at which the financial report and the report of the prize list committee were read and adopted, the secretary being instructed to have the prize list printed as amended. The report of the gate receipts committee was discussed section by section. The first [section recommended that 25 cents admission be charged at the buildings and at Moosepath.

FARMERS EXCURSION. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company will issue farmer's excursion tickets at low rates to Manatoba and the North West, from any station in Nova Scotia or New Brunswick. These tickets will be good on trains leaving St John on June 16th and 23rd and July 7th. The excursionists will have the privileges of the celebrated colonist sleeping cars of the company. This will be an excellent opportunity for such of our farmers as desire to visit the North West.

A CRIMINAL IN DISGUISE.—J. K. Flagg, who has for the past few months been running an "Intelligence Bureau" in this city, turns out to be a burglar wanted in Vermont. He was first recognized in this city from a photograph in the possession of the chief of police and since then Inspector Weatherhead has been watching him. A successful scheme was laid by which Flagg, who has been going under a variety of aliases was induced to leave for Eastport yesterday. Once over the line he was arrested and is now safely in custody.

Police Court.

The case of Isaac Tucker, charged with assault upon Patrick McGonnel, will be heard to-morrow morning, before Magistrate Ritchie.

No date has yet been fixed for the hearing of the case of Eli Porter charged with adultery.

Of Personal Interest.

C. St C. Skinner, son of C. N. Skinner started this morning to join Judge Skinner and party on the Miramichi.

Messrs. W. Carroll Pope, President of the Pope Manganese company and Alex. Pope, artist, both of Boston, will arrive here tomorrow afternoon en route to join Judge Skinner's party also.

Miss Jessie West, Miss Helen Creswick Mrs. Pierce, Miss Huntington, Mr. W. T. Melville, H. B. Bradley and wife, E. L. Snader, Lindsay Hurst and W. S. Harkins passed through this city yesterday en route for New York.

Burglary and Fire.

An alarm from box 3 was sent out about 10.15 o'clock last evening for a blaze in Stephen Smith's variety store, Coburg street. The blaze was first discovered by officers Colwell and Rankine, who gave the alarm. A few pailfuls of water, however, extinguished the flames. It appears that some boys had obtained entrance to the shop by means of the skylight over the rear end. They rifled the till and carried off all the money it contained, which however was not a very large amount. It is thought that in looking about for something else worth stealing the burglars had dropped a lighted match among some of the straw hats and so set the place on fire. The fact that it was discovered so quickly after it started was a fortunate thing for Mr. Smith. The burglars have not yet been captured.

The Lack of Harbor Facilities.

The case of the steamship Damara, which is expected to arrive from Halifax this evening, is a marked instance of what steamships suffer who come here, owing to our lack of deep water wharves. The Damara will have to discharge and load at the new pier opposite the warehouse, but her berth is now occupied by the ship General Domville. If the berth was vacant, the Damara would at once go there and be ready to discharge early to-morrow morning. But the General Domville cannot be moved by the harbor master between 6 a. m. and 6 p. m. so that the Damara will not be able reach her berth until noon to-morrow. If she can be discharged and loaded in time she will sail at 2 p. m., on Friday, but should there be an extra hours' work to do to prevent this she will not be able to leave in the night tide, for the General Domville will be lying outside of her, but will have to wait until Saturday afternoon. Thus another of the only regular line we have from Europe loses twelve hours certain, in consequence of lack of wharf accommodation, and stands a good chance of losing twenty-four hours more for the same cause. This is an object lesson as to the immediate necessity for more deep water wharves at which ship and steamship can lie.

FREDERICTON ITEMS.

Judge Steadman Ill—York Equity Court—Central Railway Meeting Adjourned—Fred Nicholson in Hospital.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, June 3.—Owing to the illness of Judge Steadman the county court adjourned this morning sine die.

The only case before the equity court this morning, Judge Wetmore presiding, was that of Crisp vs Ritchie et al. The attorney general moved to take the bill pro confesso which was granted and the amount assessed at $1,215,50. The court then adjourned sine die.

The annual meeting of the Central railway company, which was to have been held here to-day, was adjourned until Tuesday, the 10th inst.

J. W. Nicholson, clerk of the Queen hotel, was taken to the Victoria hospital, yesterday, suffering from inflamatory rheumatism.

1890. JUNE, 1890.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON
—HAVE OPENED—
A Special Delivery of Goods suitable for the month of June.
CONSISTING OF
Black Worsted Section Gimps, Black Silk Section Gimps, Colored Worsted Section Gimps, Col'd Silk Section Gimps, Jetted Gimps, Soutache Laces, Black Silk Drop Fringes, Black Silk Netted Fringes, Steel Gimps, Gold Gimps, Braid Zouave Dress Sets, Jetted Zouave Dress Sets, Braid and Beaded Ornaments, Braid Dress Sashes.
RUSSIAN NETS, FISH-NETS
M., R. & A have opened another special lot of the above nets in plain, spotted, striped and floral effects.
Bordered Lisse Veilings.
Black Silk Brussels Net, Black Satin Back Velvet Ribbons, Pearl Dress and Coat Buttons, Gilt Crown and Anchor Buttons, Gilt Anchors, Embroidered Anchors and Crowns on White and Navy Blue Serge, just the thing for children's Suits; Black Fancy Silk Cords; Colored Italians, Black and Gold Crochet Buttons, Black Chantilly Laces, Black Braid Ruchings.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.
27 and 29 King St., St. John, N. B.

FERTILIZERS.
200 Barrels Reid's Superphosphate,
160 do Cumberland do
180 do Bradley's do
80 do Land Plaster,
12 do Seeding Down Fertilizer.
3 Tons Peruvian Guano.
JARDINE AND CO.

DANIEL —AND— ROBERTSON.
A very small item to call attention to, but a penny saved is a penny earned; we have something over sixty dozen of Ladies Black Cashmere Hose, sizes 8, 8½, 9, 9½; finished seams, shaped and good length; which have been marked at 25 cents per pair, well worth 35 cents.
LONDON HOUSE RETAIL.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT.
A GREAT BARGAIN. NEVER EXCELLED.
HARDWOOD EXTENSION TABLES
—FOR—
$7.00. SEVEN DOLLARS.
LENGTH EIGHT FEET.
W. R. Lawrence,
McElroy's Building, Main street.

We will tell about the improvements in our store next week, to-day we want to advise you of an 8 cent Gingham that is selling very rapidly, equal to any at 20 cents.
ALSO, BEAUTIFUL STRIPE SHAKERS AT 7½ CENTS.
BARNES & MURRAY, The Pretty Store, - 17 Charlotte Street.
WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THE INCANDESCENT LIGHT?

HAVE YOU TRIED
Miller's Royal Paragon
CHEESE.
So palatable, the oldest invalid can use it without any inconvenience.
Put up in White Jars hermetically sealed. This process combines and improves the flavor that is most delicious to the taste.
GEO. ROBERTSON & CO.,
50 King street,
are Agents for New Brunswick.

H. STEVENS.
Merchant Tailor,
has now in stock a fine line of
CLOTHS
suitable for Spring and Summer Wear. Having received his spring stock he is prepared to suit any taste, no matter how fastidious, as his stock is complete.
Old Police Building,
Main street, North End.

ACROSS THE STREET
We have moved to
Foster's Building,
No. 73 Germain St.,
directly opposite the old stand.
James McNichol & Son
MERCHANT TAILORS.

A. G. BOWES & CO.,
21 Canterbury St., St. John, N. B.,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Stoves,
Ranges,
Furnaces,
Stove Pipe,
Tinware.
House Furnishing Hardware,
Hot Water and Steam Heating Apparatus.
Plumbing and Gas Fitting.
Special Attention to Repairs.
A. G. BOWES. H. CODNER