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norant that, in the general Opinion of Mankind, it hath been determin'd against Thofe, who advanc'd it. Did He never read John Trot's Letters upon this Subject; or, does He think that no Body elfe hath read them? Other Reafons may be there found for the Troubles of Europe, efpecially with Relation to Great Britain, than the Treaty of Vienna; but there is no End of repeating the fame Things. I must therefore refer the Reader to those excellent Pieces; and shall only obferve, in general, that it is far from being allow'd by all that the Treaty of Vienna was the only Source of all our Troubles, as this Writer atlerts ; or that the Union of the two Families, which He mentions, was ever defign'd; for all the Endcavours of France, England and Holland have not been fince able to prevail upon the Emperor to confent to a Measure, which tends most effectually, in the prefent Circumstances of the two Families, to unite them; I mean to produce a Reunion of their Dominions; but not in the House of Austria, as He supposes; for I take Don Carlos to be a Branch of the House of Bourbon; and therefore if the Contingency, which He mentions, thould happen, and the Marriage, with which We have been fo often threaten'd, should take Place, the Dominions of Spain and the Empire might be united in that Family.

The Affertion of feeret Engagements, in the Treaty of Vienna, to deprive us of fome of our Poffeffions and most valuable Privileges of Trade, is likewife repeated by this Writer; though the Course of so many Years as have pass'd fince the Conclusion of that Treaty, and even our Reconciliation with Spain have not yet brought any of those Engagements to Light.—Did the Defign of the Ostend Company proceed from the Treaty of Vienna;

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