

CHAPTER XXX.	PAGE	CHAPTER XLV.	PAGE
War with Hormuzân, the Satrap of Ahwâz.—His conquest and conversion, . . . . .	128	Moawyah names his successor.—His last acts and death.—Traits of his character,	129
CHAPTER XXXI.		CHAPTER XLVI.	
Sard suspended from the command.—A Persian army assembled at Nehâvend.—Council at the mosque of Medina.—Battle of Nehâvend, . . . . .	129	Succession of Yezid, seventh Caliph.—Final fortunes of Hosein, the son of Ali,	130
CHAPTER XXXII.		CHAPTER XLVII.	
Capture of Hamadân ; of Rei.—Subjugation of Tabaristan ; of Azerbijân.—Campaign among the Caucasian mountains, . . . . .	131	Insurrection of Abdallah Ibn Zobeir.—Medina taken and sacked.—Mecca besieged.—Death of Yezid, . . . . .	131
CHAPTER XXXIII.		CHAPTER XLVIII.	
The Caliph Omar assassinated by a fire-worshipper.—His character.—Othman elected Caliph, . . . . .	133	Inauguration of Moawyah II., eighth Caliph.—His abdication and death.—Merwan Ibn Hâkem and Abdallah Ibn Zobeir, rival Caliphs.—Civil wars in Syria,	133
CHAPTER XXXIV.		CHAPTER XLIX.	
Conclusion of the Persian conquest.—Flight and death of Yezdegird, . . . . .	134	State of affairs in Khorassan.—Conspiracy at Cufa.—Faction of the Penitents ; their fortunes.—Death of the Caliph Merwan,	134
CHAPTER XXXV.		CHAPTER LI.	
Amru displaced from the government of Egypt.—Revolt of the inhabitants.—Alexandria retaken by the Imperialists.—Amru reinstated in command.—Retakes Alexandria, and tranquillizes Egypt.—Is again displaced.—Abdallah Ibn Saad invades the north of Africa, . . . . .	136	Inauguration of Abd'al-mâleq, the eleventh Caliph.—Story of Al Muktâr, the Avenger,	136
CHAPTER XXXVI.		CHAPTER LI.	
Moawyah, Emir of Syria.—His naval victories.—Othman loses the prophet's ring.—Suppresses erroneous copies of the Koran.—Conspiracies against him.—His death, . . . . .	138	Musab Ibn Zobeir takes possession of Babylonia.—Usurpation of Amru Ibn Saad ; his death.—Expedition of Abd'al-mâleq against Musab.—The result—Omens ; their effect upon Abd'al-mâleq.—Exploits of Al Mohâd,	138
CHAPTER XXXVII.		CHAPTER LII.	
Candidates for the Caliphate.—Inauguration of Ali, fourth Caliph.—He undertakes measures of reform.—Their consequences.—Conspiracy of Ayesha.—She gets possession of Bassora, 140		Abd'al-mâleq makes war upon his rival Caïna Mecca.—Siege of the sacred city.—Death of Abdallah.—Demolition and reconstruction of the Caaba,	140
CHAPTER XXXVIII.		CHAPTER LIII.	
Ali defeats the rebels under Ayesha.—His treatment of her, . . . . .	143	Administration of Al Hejagi as emir of Babylonia,	143
CHAPTER XXXIX.		CHAPTER LIV.	
Battles between Ali and Moawyah.—Their claims to the Caliphate left to arbitration ; the result.—Decline of the power of Ali.—Loss of Egypt, . . . . .	145	Renunciation of tribute to the emperor.—Battles in Northern Africa.—The prophet queen Cahina ; her achievements and fate,	145
CHAPTER XL.		CHAPTER LV.	
Preparations of Ali for the invasion of Syria.—His assassination, . . . . .	147	Musa Ibn Nosseyr made emir of Northern Africa.—His campaigns against the Berbers,	147
CHAPTER XLI.		CHAPTER LVI.	
Succession of Hassan, fifth Caliph.—He abdicates in favor of Moawyah, . . . . .	148	Naval enterprises of Musa.—Cruisings of his son Abdolola.—Death of Abu'al-mâleq,	148
CHAPTER XLII.		CHAPTER LVII.	
Reign of Moawyah I., sixth Caliph.—Account of his illegitimate brother Zeyad.—Death of Amru, . . . . .	149	Inauguration of Waled, twelfth Caliph.—Revival of the arts under his reign.—His taste for architecture.—Erection of mosques.—Conquests of his generals,	149
CHAPTER XLIII.		CHAPTER LVIII.	
Siege of Constantinople.—Truce with the emperor.—Murder of Hassan.—Death of Ayesha, 151		Further triumphs of Musa Ibn Nosseyr.—Naval enterprises.—Descents in Sicily, Sardinia and Mallorca.—Invasion of Tingitania.—Projects for the invasion of Spain.—Conclusion,	151
CHAPTER XLIV.		Newberry, of keep up a ship.—A p	
Moslem conquests in Northern Africa.—Achievements of Aebâli ; his death, . . . . .	152	Hickney and ode.—Re	