

Once working experience has been gained in the use of space monitoring data for the purposes of verification and after further development of the technical and technological structures of ISMA, restrictions on the level of detail of information could then be completely lifted, subject to mutual consent between the USSR and the United States.

This would make it possible to carry out practically all the verification duties assigned to ISMA.

Thereafter, in order to facilitate the verification of possible arrangements concerning the prevention of an arms race in outer space, consideration could be given to the question of concentrating the efforts of the States members of ISMA on carrying out appropriate research and establishing specialized space-based and land-based facilities for monitoring objects in the atmosphere and outer space.

#### 4. Main principles of ISMA's activities

ISMA's activities could be carried out on a constant basis by means of both continuous and periodic acquisition and processing of data from space monitoring facilities and subsequent presentation of relevant reports.

The initial participants in ISMA could be States Members of the United Nations and any other State which signs the Charter (Statute) of the Agency.

In the discharge of its functions, ISMA would be guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations aimed at the strengthening of peace, arms limitation and disarmament as well as the encouragement of international co-operation for the prevention and settlement of regional conflicts.

Reports on monitoring carried out by the Agency would be factual in nature and would not contain any conclusions regarding compliance or non-compliance with treaties or agreements, or accusations against any State regarding action taken by it.

Matters relating to the practical activities of the Agency, including its Charter, procedures for the submission of inquiries, presentation of information and reports, observance of confidentiality, etc. will be dealt with at the founding conference of ISMA.

ISMA could grant the request of any State to carry out satellite verification of all or part of its national territory in the event of reports alleging violation of international agreements. A State may demand satellite verification of the territory of another State. Such verification may be