quent in Middlesex in heavily timbered woods. marshes, but in smaller inland marshes is very In Kent, breeds abundantly.

2. Hylocichla fuscescens: Wilson's Thrush.

Breeds abundantly.

3. Hylocichla ustulata Swainsoni · Olive-backed Thrush. Very rare in migrations car London: only one shot; more are found in Kent where it may breed : several seen May 19th, 1882.

4. Hylocichla unalaseæ Palla 1: Hermit Thrush. Regular migrant. Found common in full song in a large swamp, June 22nd, 1882. No nests at times in fall and spring; seen as late as May found, although it was undoubtedly breeding. None observed in summer in any other locality.

5. Merula migratoria; Robin. Breeds abundantly. In very mild winte an few remain.

6. Mimus polygiottus, Mock aghird. One taken in June, 1860 at Chatham. (k. W. Sandys).

7. Galcoscoptes Carolinensi ; Cathird. Breeds abundantly. Five eggs not a uncommon set.

8. Harporhynchus rufus; Thrusher. Much less abundant than the last. Seems to be very locally distributed, frequenting low scrub and hazel thickets; breeding in brush heaps, bushes and on the ground impartially.

9. Sialia sialis; Bluebird, Breeds abundantly. Earliest eggs, 11th April, 1877; largest set, migration,

seven; four sets of white eggs taken.

10. Polioptila carulea: Blue-gray Gnatcatcher. Generally common, and well distributed through

high woods, but some seasons rare. 11. Regulus calendula; Ruby-crowned Wren. Common. Arrives from the north early in October, and in mild winters remains, leaving about May 1st.

12. Regulus satrapa; Golden-crowned Wren. More common than the last, with same habits. Male in full song shot in a swamp near Lucknow,

Bruce County, May 21st.

13. Parus atricapillus; Chickadee. Very common in spring and fall; less so in winter, and a few remain through the summer and breed.

14. Sitta Carolinensis; White-bellied Nuthatch. Like the last, only more abundant in summer, and less so in winter. Never makes holes for itself for breeding purposes.

15. Sitta Canadensis; Red-bellied Nuthatch. Rare; our few have been taken early in May.

- 16. Certhia familiaris rufa; Creeper. Common, except in summer when a few breed. Nests are placed behind a large flake of bark on the side of a tree.
- 17. Troglodytes ædon; House Wren. Common. Breeds. Snake skins are a common ingredient of country nests.
- 18. Anorthura troglodytes hyemalis; Winter Wren. Common in spring and fall. A few breed in wooded swamps.
- 19. Telmatodytes palustris; Long-billed Marsh Wren. Breeds very abundantly in the St. Clair!

20. Cistothorus Stellaris; Short-billed Marsh Wren. Rather common in the St. Clair marshes; a set of five eggs, the size and shape of those of this species, white and sparingly dotted with the color of those of the other species, was taken at the St. Clair marshes June, 1881, and probably belong to this species.

21. Anthus ludovicianus; Titlark. Abundant 20th, and early in spring, flocks of a hundred

have been noted.

22. Monitilta varia; Black and white Creeper.

Common in the deeper woods. Breeds.

23. Helminthophaga chrysoptera; Golden-wing. ed Warbler. Regularly distributed and rather Breeds. Marked very rare by Mccommon. Hwraith.

24. Helminthophaga rujeapilla: Nashville Warbler. Breeds commonly in swamps mostly evergreen, where there is thick growth of moss on the ground, among which the nest is placed.

25. Helminthophaga perceptina : Tennessee Warbler. Common at times during spring

26. Parula Americana: Blue vellow-backed Warbler. Rather common. Breeds.

27. Perissoglossa tigrina; Cape May Warbler. Only one taken; Mitchell's Bay, May 16th 1882. 28. Dendroca wstira: Yellow Warbler, Breeds abundantly.

29. Dendroca caralescens: Black-throated blue Warbler. Not uncommon during migrations. May breed as a male in full dress was taken June 22nd, 1882.

30. Dendroca roronata; Yellow-rump Warbler. Common in spring migrations, more abundant in fall.

31. Dendrocca maculosa; Black and yellow Warbler. Rare migrant. May breed as a male was taken June 8th, 1882. More common north and east of these counties.

32. Dendroca cerulea: Blue Warbler, Com-Breeds. Generally stays high in the mon. trees.

33. Dendracea Pennsylvanica; Chestnut-sided Warbler, Common, Breeds,

34. Dendraca castanca; Bay-breasted Warbler. Very rare during the migrations. Four specimens only taken.

35. Dendræca striata; Black-poll Warbler. Common some seasons during migrations; rare at others.

36. Dendroca Blackburnin;Blackburnian Warbler. Somewhat common. Breeds. Frequents the high trees in swampy districts. Often feeds on the ground at Mitchell's Bay.

37. Dendrecca virens; Black-throated Green