The statement of the London	Association		
shows:			
Balance on Hand	£ 39	19	11
Collections	7,078	15	6
Total Paid to Treasurer Moravian Mis-	£7,118	15	5
sions	£5,859	10	9
Expenses of Management	485	0	0
Printing, Traveling Expenses, etc.		0	.2
Balance in Hand	341	4	6
Total	£7,118	15	5

STATISTICS.

Missions, 13; stations and out-stations, 131; missionary agents, 292; native missionaries and assistants, 51; native other helpers, 1,659; communicants, 29,971; baptized adults, 15,271; candidates, new people, etc., 5,949; baptized children, 34,615; schools, 232; scholars, boys 9,958, girls 9,836, total 19,794; total teachers, 316; monitors, 467; Sunday-schools 107, scholars, children 8,371, adults 6,603, teachers,

VIII.—PROGRESS OF MISSIONS: MONTHLY BULLETIN.

Africa.-Stanley's Remedy for Slavery in Africa,-There is only one remedy for these wholesale devastations of African aborigines, and that is the solemn combination of England, Germany, France, Portugal, South and East Africa, and Congo State against the introduction of gunpowder into any part of the continent except for the use of their own agents, soldiers and employees; or seizing upon every tusk of ivory brought out, as there is not a single piece now-a-days which has been gained lawfully. Every tusk, piece and scrap, in the possession of an Arab trader has been steeped and dyed in blood. Every pound weight has cost the life of a man, woman or child; for every five pounds a hut has been burned; for every two tusks a whole village has been destroyed; every twenty tusks have been obtained at the price of a district, with all its people, villages and plantations. It is simply incredible that because ivory is required for ornaments or billiard-games, the rich heart of Africa should be laid waste at this late year of the nineteenth century, signalized as it has been by so much advance; that populations, tribes and nations should be utterly destroyed .- Scribner's Magazine.

-The statement made by the Duke of Fife. at the meeting lately held at the Mansion House, to forward resolutions against the unrestricted importation of arms and intoxicants into Africa, is important. He stated that although they (the B. S. A. Co.) were not represented at the Brussels Conference, they were in thorough agreement with its aims. One of the directors of the British South Africa Company has lately, in an interview with the King of the Belgians, said that they wished to take active steps to co-operate in any anti-slave resolutions passed at Brussels. The Duke of Fife also stated at the Mansion House that they had resolved absolutely to prohibit the sale of intoxicants to the natives. In this they will be only following in the steps of the African Lakes Company, which has always signalized itself by refusing to have any share in the sale of intoxicants to the natives. The British South Africa Company is working in entire co-operation with the African Lakes Company, and is making arrangements for establishing steam locomotion on the Zambesi.

—The drink traffic with the native races of Africa received a large share of attention at the annual meeting of the English Congregational Union in London, and the question was ably presented by the Rev. John McKenzie, who moved a resolution strongly condemning the traffic, and expressing the hope that measures might be devised for exterminating it. He suggested that a geographical belt be fixed in Africa by international agreement, north or south of which it should be illegal to introduce strong drink.

—Congo Balolo Mission.—We have news from the third party of Balolo volunteers, who are gone to found the John Wallis Alexander station on the Maringa. They made a brief stay in Madeira, and proceeded by the Portuguese steamer. Several offers of service from fresh volunteers of suitable character have since been made, and £500 have been received for the establishment of the fourth station, which will be called Berger Station, and will probably be situated on the Juapa.

Australia.—Evangelization Society of Victoria.—The sixth annual report, like its predecessors, is a story of the gospel testimony in districts remote from the abundant means of grace which are the privilege of the larger centres of population. During last year 66 missions were conducted, 134 places being visited altogether. The evangelists not only cheered by their efforts many Christian people living in comparative isolation, but, by the blessing of God, were enabled to arrest many sinners on a downward course, and point them to the Saviour. Mr. C. Carter is secretary of the society, whose offices are 131 Russel St., Melbourne.

Belgium.—In a recent communication, M. Anet, of Brussels, mentions that during the past year over 500 new members have been added to the Christian Missionary Church of Belgium from theranks of Popery and infidelity. This small but most devoted body has 32 pastors, 4 evangelists, 7 Bible-readers, and 5 colporteurs, and it occupies 87 different localities, in which the gospel is preached. We