## LITTLR SOLDIERS.

Akry jou fighting for the Master, Little soldier, bravo and true? Are sou workiog in tas vineyard 9 There is room and work for you.

There are many jittle eoldiere In tho mighty ranks of right, Many little ones are marching Upward to the Land of Light.

They are happy in God's service, Little ones so pare and fair, Filthfully their hearts are keeping, Lest the tempter entor there.

Tiny hands are often strongest To perform their deeds of love; Sirong to draw the lost and atraying To the shopherd's fold atove.


## SEEING TBE GOOD.

We know a teacher who presided over a class of ninsteen of the most frolicsome and mlachievous boys to be found in any city school. They were all between thirtoon and fiftoen years of age. She captured their hearts, and always hold their attention. The exse with which she controlled them astonished evergone. On one occasion the father of ons of them expressed his surprise and gratification that she had been able to manage his son, who, he was sorry to fay, was rather a bad boy at times.
She responded sharply: "He is not a bad boy. I have read his heart, and he is a little nobleman. He will make a splendid man if he lives and his ambition is properly directed."
This teacher possessed the true secret of manaping bogs. She saw in them good

Inalities, and devored hersolf to their development. She never failed to find some good in the worst of them, which wag always torned to good account.

## TBE HOY NATURALIST.

A trachen had charie of a school in a country town early in her career; and among her papils was a boy about fourteen sears old, who cared very little about study, and showed no interest, apparentlr, in anything connected with the school. Day after day ne failed in his lessons; and detentions after school hours, and notes to his widowed mother, had no effect.
One day the teacher had sent him to his seat, aiter a vain eff st to get from him a question in grammar, and, feeling somewha: nettled, she watched his conduct. Having token his seat, he pushed the book lmpatiently aside, and, espying a lly, caught it with a dexterons sweep of the hand, and then betook himeself to a cloze inspection of the insect. For filteen minutes or more the boy was thus occupied, heedless of surroundings, and the expression of his face told the teacher that it was more than idle curlosity that possessed his mind. A thought struck her, which she put into practice at the first opportunity that day.
"Boys," ald she, "what can you tell me about fles?" and, calling some of the brightest by name, she asted them if they could tell her something of a lig's constitution and habits.
They had verg little to say about the insect. They oftea caught one, but only for sport, and did not think it worth while to stady so common an insect.
Finally she asked the dunce, who had silently, bat with kindling eyes, listened to what his echoolmates said. He burst ont with a description of the head, eyes, wings, and feat of the little cresture, so full and enthusisstic that the teacher was astonlahed and the whole achool was struck with wonder. He told how it walked, how it ate, and many things entirely new to his teacher, 80 that when she had finished she said:
"Thank you. You have given us a rasl lecture in natural history, and you have learned it sll yourself."

After the school closed that afternoon, she had a long talk with the boy, and found that he was fond of going into the woods and meadows and collec ing insects and watching birds, but that his mother thought he wis wasting bis time. The teacher, however, wisely enconraged him in this pursait, and asked him to bring beetles and butterilles and catrpillars to achool, and tell what he know abcut them. The boy
was delighted at this unexpected turn of affairn, ard in a fow days the listless dunco was the markod boy of that school. Books on natural history were procured for him, and a world of wonder opened to his appre. clative eye. He read, and studied, and examined. He nnderstood the necessity of knowing something of mathematics, geo. graphy, and grammar for the succassful carrging on of his private study, and he cosde rapid progress in his classes. Io short, twenty gears latar he was eminent as a naturalist, and owed his success, as he never hesitated to acknowledge, to that discornlag teacher.

## WHOSOEVER.

Tirre are children on the floor, Conning Bible lessors $0^{\circ}$ er.
"Which word all the Bible through Do you love best?" queried Sue.
"I like Falth the best," sald one; "Jesus is my word alone."
"I like Hope;" "and I like Love;" "I like Heaven, our home above."

One more, smaller than the rest"I like Whosoever best;
"Whosoever, that means allEven me, who am so small"
"Whosoever!" Ah! I see, That's the word for you and me.
"Whosoever will" may come, Flud a pardon and a home.

## GIANT TEMPER.

Ginnt Temper makes people very, very unhappy themselves, and unlovely to others, wherever he goes; and he is one of the hardest giants to kill that I know anything about. Before he gives you time to think, he makes you say ugly words; and sometimes stamp your little feet, or cry angrily. He is a very bad companion for anybody.
I onca knew a little boy who, instead of trying to kill the dreadiul giant, encouraged him, and did as he said. One day he was building a church out of his building-blocks, and just as be fiulshed, bis little brother quite accidentaliy ran against it and knocked it all over. Without stopping a moment, Giant Temper flew into a passion, and made him push his brother over in such a way, as to cause him to sirike his eye against one of the sharp blocks, and so injure it that he became blind. He was sorry enough after that. Bat Glant Temper had done his dreadfal work, and it could not be undone.

