That Tile?

on tick . . . . . .
way long credit serves you . . .
r expense . . . . . .
ASH Prices. They are popular.

uckle's Roast Coffee.... 20c.
nomy Flour $1.20
atoes, a sack, only..... 1.25
ario Cider..... 15c.
tt's Poultry Food
Will make your chickens lay, and good for young chicks. A book all about chickens.

H. Ross & Co.

ovince. In section 140 a new provision has been introduced requiring extra-ovincial companies to empower their ents or attorneys to issue and transfer ares in the province, and to keep at eir principal place of business in the ovince "a register of all stock issued such head office or chief place of business and of all transfers of shares in the mpany made within this province and esented for record at such head office chief place of business." This will cilitate the transfer of shares, and tend put an end to some abuses which have curred in connection with dealings in is province in the stock of companies, e shares in which could only be transred in some town outside of the province.

The table of fees for registration of mpanies is as follows:

pital not exceeding $10,000	.....	$ 25 00
" " $25,000	.....	40 00
" " $100,000	.....	77 50
" " $500,000	.....	277 50
" " $1,000,000	.....	402 50

FOREIGN COAL SHIPMENTS.

N. V. C. CO.'S SHIPPING. Tons.

Str City of Everett, San Francisco	3,375
Str Peter Jebsen, San Diego	4,744
Str Pioneer, Port Townsend	34
Str Sea Lion, Port Townsend	31
Bark Carrolton, San Francisco	2,379
Str City of Everett, San Francisco	3,900
Bark General Fairchild, 'Frisco	2,399
Total	17,362

WELLINGTON SHIPPING.

Str Umatilla, Seattle	1,100
Str Pioneer, Port Townsend	27
Str Al-Ki, Mary Island	200
Str Florida, San Francisco	5,400
Str Mexico, Victoria	300
Str Santa Cruz, Mary Island	550
Str Wellington, San Francisco	2,600
Ship Oriental, San Francisco	2,660
Str Wanderer, Port Townsend	25
Ship Occidental, San Francisco	2,414
Str Magic, Port Townsend	12
Str Umatilla, Seattle	1,200
Ship Columbia, San Francisco	2,700
Str Florida, San Francisco	5,350
Str Mexico, Whatcom	200
Str Jeanie, San Francisco	500
Str Santa Cruz, Port Townsend	60
Sch Weatherwax, Ounalaska	730
Str Sea Lion, Port Angeles	75
Str Bristol, San Francisco	1,350
Ship J. C. Potter, San Francisco	1,960
Total	29,403

UNION SHIPPING.

Str San Mateo, San Francisco	4,050
Str Queen, Seattle	789
Ship C. F. Sargent, Dutch Harbor	2,600
Str Wanderer, Port Townsend	35
Ship Glory of the Seas, 'Frisco	2,850
Str Monmouthshire, Japan	778
Str San Mateo, Port Los Angeles	4,200
Str Albion, Sitka	95
Total	15,397

ew Vancouver Coal Co	17,362
ellington	29,403
nion	15,397
Total tons	62,162

Nanaimo Free Press.

ORIENTAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

A summary of the news contained in apanese exchanges, dating up till April , is a follows:

During the month of April the Chinese in Formosa had to definitely decide hether they would remain in the island Japanese subjects, or clear out, bag d baggage.

The British government is inquiring as the particulars of the case of brutal eatment by the Japanese police (in hich a man was half beaten to death ith clubs, and when brought before a dge was discharged), which lately ocrred at Nomichi, Hiroshima prefecre.

According to Shanghai papers the Brih jurors in the Model Settlement are reatened with the awful ordeal of havr to listen to some 300 separate law its brought by the sisters and the usins and the aunts of the unfortunate assengers and crew of the steamer On-, sunk in collision.

The Yorodzu states that the German ilitary officers who have been lent to hina to train troops are to be recalled ortly. The reason that has led to their all before the expiry of the term of eir engagement, is said to be that the erman Emperor has heard that they ve very often been treated badly by e Chinese soldiers.

Priscilla [just arrived]—Are there any n here? Phyllis—Oh, there are a few ologies for men. Priscilla—Well, if an ology is offered to me I shall accept it. London Tit-Bits.

OTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner Lands and Works for a licence to cut d carry away timber from the following scribed lands, situate at Harrison Lake, w Westminster District:—

. Commencing at a post on lake shore. rth side of Black Creek; thence west 20 ains; thence north 40 chains; thence st to lake shore.

. Commencing at a post on lake shore, out half a mile from Black Creek: thence th 80 chains; thence west 40 chains, nce north to shore of lake and along ore to place of commencement.

. Commencing at a post on the lake ore, about one mile down from what is own as the Narrows; thence south 40 ains; thence west 80 chains; thence rth to lake shore and following the shore place of commencement.

. Commencing at a post on the lake re one and one-half miles south of Sixe Creek; thence south 20 chains; thence st 20 chains; thence north to lake shore l following shore to place of commencent.

. Commencing at a post on the shore at northeast corner of the lake; thence st 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; nce east to lake; thence south along re to place of commencement.

JAMES & ARTHUR PRETHEWAY.
ap15-sw

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY MAY 6 1897. VOLUME XXXIX. NO. 41.

GREECE OR DEATH.

Cretans Will Listen to No Terms Short of Annexation to Hellenes.

Greeks Went Into the War Without Making Due Preparations to Resist.

CANDIA, Island of Crete, May 3.—The admirals commanding the fleets of the foreign powers in Cretan waters had a conference yesterday with the insurgent leaders at Paleo Kastro and promised the latter complete autonomy, including that the nomination of their ruler should be subject to the ratification of the Cretan assembly. The insurgent leaders, however, cut the discussion short and stated that they wanted annexation to Greece or death.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 3.—In spite of the talk of peace the preparations for war show no signs of ceasing. The whole of the Landsturn, or Mistahfuz (Second Reserve), belonging to the Third Army Corps, stationed in the Salonia district, has been called out.

ATHENS, May 3.—The following despatch to the Associated Press has been sent from Athens by way of Brindisi, in order to escape the censor. It is probable that no minister ever better deserved humiliation and dismissal than M. Delyannis, the former premier. A little more than three weeks ago he declared everything was prepared for war, but until the beginning of the fight no preparations were made to resist a possible invasion of Thessaly. A few trenches were dug in front of Larissa and one or two earthworks were erected But ten days ago, (the date the dispatch left Athens is not given), not a spade had been used to erect batteries or earthworks to defend the exits of the half dozen passes leading to the Thessalian plains.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

MONTREAL, May 3.—(Special)—At a political meeting held at Terrebonne on Saturday, Mr. Nantel, commissioner of crown lands and Conservative candidate in the county of Terrebonne, charged Achille Carrier, the Liberal candidate, with having, while a member of the legislature for Gaspe, obtained fishing privileges of the St. John's river, in Gaspe, and depositing his check with the department for $600, which was never met. He also charged Carrier with having subsequently sublet the river to a Boston man for $1,200 cash. Carrier, who was present, denied the charges. The minister's statements have created quite a sensation in political circles.

TORONTO, May 5.—(Special)—A number of cigar manufacturers from various parts of the Dominion had a meeting here yesterday, and formed an association for mutual protection. They will make an effort to have the new tariff altered.

MONTREAL, May 5.—(Special)—The steamships Scotsman and Numidian arrived at Montreal this morning. It will be remembered that the former vessel was the other day reported to be several days overdue.

PORT COLBORNE, May 1.—It is announced that the Welland canal will be opened Sundays for the passage of boats as per special orders from Ottawa.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The case of the C. P. R. vs. Parke was concluded in the Full court yesterday, having occupied the entire day, and judgment being reserved.

The following is the peremptory list of appeals to be heard to-day:

Koksilah Quarry Co. vs. the Queen.
B. C. Auer Light Co. vs. Vancouver Gas Co.
Steves vs. South Vancouver.
Major vs. McCraney.

Before the Chief Justice in chambers yesterday morning the application of Burton vs. Goffin et al was heard. This application (under order 14) was made by plaintiff against defendants Williams and Munsie. Burton is the holder of a note for $1,500, drawn by Goffin in July, 1896, and endorsed by the two defendants. The defence is that the note was altered after the defendants had placed their endorsement on it, the rate of interest, 12 per cent., having been subsequently written on the face of the note. The plaintiff's answer is that the note was made on a printed form with a blank space left for the insertion of the rate of interest, which had been filled in when he received it. Judgment was reserved. R. Cassidy for plaintiff and L. P. Duff for defendants.

NEW YORK, May 5.—To-day's stock market was reactionary throughout and very many stocks show a loss of a point or over on the day's transactions, the gain of yesterday being for the most part lost. Closing prices: Atch., 1; Atch., pref., 10¼; B. & O., 11½; C. B. & Q., 73½; D. H., 107; Hocking Valley, 13¾; J. C., 78½; E., 43¼; Mo. Pac., 12½; Mich. Central, 95½; N. P., pref., 34⅝; Pac. Mail, 27½; Reading, 10⅜; U. P., 5⅝; Wabash, pref., 12½.

Bar silver, 60⅞; Mexican dollars, 47¾; silver certificates, 61⅛@61⅜.

Pig iron dull; Southern, 10@11; Northern, 10.50@12.50; copper dull; brokers, 11; exchange, 10.75@11.12½; lead barely steady; brokers, 3.12½; exchange, 3.25@3.30.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 5.—Wheat—May, 69¾; July, 69¾; Sept., 66⅝.

Nature's Medicine.

Nature's medicine for constipation, liver complaint, sick headache, biliousness, jaundice and sallow complexion is Laxa Liver Pills. They are a perfect laxative, never griping or causing pain. One pill each night for 30 days will cure constipation.

DOMINION NOTES.

Correspondence Relating to Giving the Contract to Americans Brought Down.

Parcel Postal Rate to Australia—Senator Macdonald's Perpetual Holiday Bill.

OTTAWA, May 3.—(Special)—The Minister of Finance brought down to-day correspondence relating to the bank note contract. The American company which got the contract tenders at prices which the department figures up to $99,646 for each year's business, while Burland's tender would bring it up to $128,846. On the other hand Burland claims that the foreign company yearly saves $15,495 by use of cheap material, and that the terms of contract were modified in the interest of the New York company, after the tenders were in, and that the successful company is permitted to bring in material free of duty and do work in New York that specifications required to be done in Ottawa. Burland finally offered to keep on doing work at same rates as New York tender, but his offer was refused.

Although the Chinese envoy Chang appealed to England and secured a message being sent to Ottawa, the department here left the matter of his fumigation entirely to Dr. Watt.

Macdonald's bill to make May 24 a perpetual holiday was warmly discussed in the Senate, but eventually passed its second reading.

A postal notice says parcels of all the Australian colonies, with the exception of West Australia, can now be forwarded via Vancouver to Sydney at a postage rate of 24 cents per pound up to 11 pounds.

OTTAWA, May 4.—(Special)—Captain Yates, of Victoria, accompanied by the British Columbia members, had an interview with Sir Charles Cartwright today to urge a subsidy for the line of steamers from Victoria to South American ports. Sir Richard said the intention of the government was very shortly to send a commissioner to South America, and on his report the government might decide to establish direct steamship communication.

The house considered the estimates all day, good progress being made.

In the railway committee this morning Mr. Blair made two interesting statements, the first of which was incidental, the private bill about the Alberta railway, to the effect that no company would be allowed a monopoly of the Crow's Nest Pass through the mountains. The other was that henceforth the government would oppose the incorporation of railway companies without some certainty that the company was prepared to go on with its enterprise.

Tariff delegations here include the woollen men, lithographers, necktie manufacturers, barbed wire people, and iron bridge builders.

The Senate to-day had a discussion of the preferential clauses of the tariff. The matter came up on motion of Senator Boulton about Japan. Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Senator Scott debated the question whether European countries and colonies would be included in the lower schedule. Through the secretary of the State the public has now information that the government propose to include New South Wales in the preferential terms. The government thinks that Belgium's tariff is on the whole higher than ours and that Belgium is not entitled to a preference. The government has not consulted the colonial office about European treaties. It is probable there would be difficulties about these treaties and the government would have to meet them the best they could.

OTTAWA, May 5.—(Special)—Premier Laurier gave notice to-day to take Wednesday and Thursday for government business. The general impression is that parliament will close by the middle of June.

Casey's bicycle bill passed the second reading to-night. Many members spoke in support. The measure is prompted by the Canadian Wheelmen's Association and seeks to compel railway companies to carry bicycles as baggage. The bill was referred to the railway committee.

A return presented to-day shows sixty-five criminals pardoned since July last; of these four were murderers.

More tariff deputations are in town. They find great difficulty in interviewing Fielding.

The promoters of the Lake St. Clair canal company interviewed Mr. Blair and asked for a three per cent. guarantee on the company's goods.

NO FRENCH ALLOWED.

BERLIN, May 1.—The French language is now finally forbidden to be used in Alsace-Lorraine in public speeches, and several meetings have been held on that account. The matter will be raised in the reichstag, it being claimed that the prohibition is illegal.

DEATH'S COLD SWEAT.

Stood out in Great Beads Upon His Face—A Victim of Heart Disease Snatched from the Grave by the Prompt Use of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart—Relief in all Cases in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart positively gives relief within 30 minutes after the first dose is taken. James J. Whitney, of Williamsport, Pa., says: "Cold sweat would stand out in great beads upon my face, and I indeed thought that my end had come. But relief was found in Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. After using it for a short time I feel now that the trouble is altogether removed." Its effects are magical. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks, and Hall & Co.

GREAT BRITAIN NEXT.

Austrian With a Jaw-Breaker Name Uses Some Brave Words.

Continental Powers Will Talk to Britannia as If She Were Greece.

BERLIN, May 1.—The Austrian ambassador here, Count von Szogyieny-Marich, said to-day on the Eastern question: "The meeting of the rulers of Austria, Germany, Russia and France were mainly for the two purposes, to re-establish peace in the Orient and to come to a joint understanding as to the steps to be taken in case hostilities break out afresh in the Orient or elsewhere. The conviction rules that there are enough mutual interests to protect among those powers and Italy to make a specific understanding and agreement on the subject necessary. Greece will undoubtedly soon come to her senses. If not she will be brought to them. This small, turbulent country, whose very existence depends upon the great powers, cannot be allowed to act the part of a pike in a carp pond. The powers, however, are still as at first, full of good will and forbearance for Greece. Turkey will not do more, nor will she be permitted to do more than restore the statu quo. Greece is no match for Turkey, and she will have to learn that, or suffer therefor.

"As for things in South Africa, the continental powers have the same peaceful and just aim, to maintain the present status, resting upon international agreements which cannot be broken with impunity by either Great Britain, the Transvaal or Portugal. The facts brought to the notice of the continental powers are such as to show that peace is threatened in South Africa, and the Emperor of Germany has taken the lean in suggesting joint steps to neutralize the danger of hostilities. His plans are heartily endorsed by Austria and Russia, with the conditional approval of France.

"Great Britain will not be permitted to annex the Transvaal or to destroy its independence. The remonstrances of the continental powers will soon be presented to Great Britain, and no doubt they will have the desired effect. It is of political as well as commercial importance to Europe that the present political condition in South Africa should be maintained."

BERLIN, May 1.—Emperor William's cutting remarks about "men without patriotism," which were used not only in a telegram to his brother, Prince Henry of Prussia, but also in a public address delivered at Carlesruhe, in reply to the greetings of the municipal officers of that place, have created a sensation. His Majesty's telegram to Prince Henry commanded him to attend the celebration of Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee, with the German cruiser Koenig Wilhelm, and regretting his inability to send a better ship, the Emperor said: "This is the result of the conduct of the unpatriotic people who refused the recent credits for the navy."

Herr Bebel, the socialist leader, referred to the matter in the reichstag, quoting the Emperor's words and condemning them.

The Koelnichs Volks Zeitung, the leading Centrist organ, says: "These words condemn themselves," and adds, "the reichstag must insist upon more respectful treatment."

MORGAN ON BRITAIN.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The executive session of the senate to-day was devoted largely to the consideration of the Anglo-American arbitration treaty, which is to be voted upon Wednesday. The question was brought up by Senator Morgan, who again announced his opposition to the agreement. He spoke at length, maintaining that it was a mistake for this country to enter into such an alliance with Great Britain as was involved in the ratification of the treaty even in its amended form. Senator Morgan's speech was written, and was a carefully prepared plea in opposition to the treaty. He said that in the present complications in European affairs an understanding with the United States would assure Great Britain against any hostilities on the part of this country for the five years it would continue in force. These five years, the senator said, would in all probability constitute a critical period in England's history, and a coalition such as that proposed by the treaty would be equal in its moral effect to an addition of one-third to England's naval strength. He made the point that this country was under no obligation to aid England to this extent.

GRAND TRUNK.

MONTREAL, May 3.—(Special)—The men employed in the shops of the Grand Trunk throughout the system were placed on full time to day.

Proof from the People.

Mr. Geo. Buskin, missionary for the International Mission in Algoma and North West. He writes: "I wish to say that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been to me a wonderful, soothing, speedy and effectual remedy. It has been my companion for several years during the labors and exposures of my missionary work in Algoma. Well it is for old and young to have it in store against the time of need, which so often comes without warning.

GEO. BUSKIN, Missionary,
Toronto, Ont.

THAT AWFUL FIRE.

Loss of Life in the Parisian Horror as Great as First Feared.

More Than a Hundred Dead Including Many of the Best Known People.

PARIS, May 4.—The great charity bazaar, which has been preparing for a long time past, opened to-day with most joyful anticipations, but to-night the graat wooden building is a mass of charred ruins, and buried beneath the debris are scores of unfortunate victims. When crowds of people filled the building, a fire broke out and with terrible results.

The managers of the bazaar had arranged the stalls so as to represent a street in old Paris, and it was opened yesterday, an event that was greatly looked forward to.

The stalls were presided over by the most prominent society women of Paris. It is impossible as yet to identify the victims.

The number of injured is much greater than at first estimated. One hundred and fifty injured persons have been conveyed to the hospitals, but many of the critical cases have been transported to the Hospital Beaujor. A policeman who was on duty at the doors of the bazaar says that from 1,500 to 1,800 people were in the building when the fire broke out. The bazaar was 100 yards long by 60 yards wide and constructed almost entirely of wood. Enormous crowds of people gathered around the scene of the fire. Twenty corpses and a number of the most seriously injured are now laid out on the right wing of the Palais de l'Industrie.

Further details just obtained show that before the firemen had time to arrive the roof of the bazaar crashed in, burying numbers of those who had been unable to escape from the building.

Very soon after the alarm was given assistance was hurried to the burning bazaar and effective help was rapidly organized. The police officers strove energetically to release the victims in the building, but the door was jammed with struggling women, terror-stricken. Although the alarm was sent out with reasonable promptitne the whole wooden structure was blazing before the firemen could approach the bazaar, and when they were within a short distance of it the roof and almost the whole building collapsed almost immediately, falling upon the unfortunate people. The police officials this evening say they believe it to be certain that the number of deaths will exceed one hundred, recalling the terrible fire at the Opera Comique.

PARIS, May 5.—The horror is not lessened as the details become fuller known of the dreadful fire that yesterday destroyed the great charity bazaar and resulted in the death of so many persons. The victims include many of the best known people in Paris, among them Mme. Flores, the wife of the Spanish consul, and a number of the fashionable set.

During the afternoon the bodies of the Duchesse d' Alencon and six others were identified. The Duchess was the sister of the Empress of Austria and the wife of Prince Ferdinand of Orleans. She was Duchess of Bavaria and was born in 1847 and married in 1868. Her daughter, Princess Louise, is married to Alphonzo of Bavaria, and her son, Prince Phillipe, is the husband of Princess Henrietta of Belgium. The former Queen of Naples is one of her sisters. The Duchess was a woman of great wealth and one of the most prominent ladies of France. Among the last to escape from the burning building was the Baronne de Router, formerly Miss Beatrice Potter, of Philadelphia.

It has been officially announced that the total number of dead will not exceed 111.

M. Diendone, the secretary of Baron Macau, the president of the bazaar, during the course of an interview, is quoted as saying: "A lamp in the kinemalographe started the fire. The kinemalographe was fitted up in a separate building, but inside of the bazaar and its entrance was covered with curtains, which were the first to catch fire. If the people had only kept their heads, many, perhaps all, might have escaped across the vacant lot of ground behind the building."

At to-night's session of the cabinet it was decided to ask the chamber of deputies for a special credit in aid of needy families. The minister of justice communicated to his colleagues the first results of the inquiry into the cause of the fire. The investigation magistrate, M. Bertolu, reports that there was great carelessness and imprudence in the principal arrangements for the bazaar. The police officials announced at 7 p.m. that 94 corpses had been positively identified. There are 19 corpses still unidentified.

To-night such theatres as are open are almost empty, and the large cafes on the boulevards are practically deserted. Nothing comparable in loss of life has ever occurred here, except the fire which destroyed the Opera Comique in 1887. Singularly enough that disaster happened in the same month and 80 were burned to death. It is now estimated that there were about 1,200 persons in the building, about one-half of whom escaped unhurt. Some estimates place the number of dead at 143, others at a still higher figure.

A discolored, faded or gray beard does not appear tidy, but may be made so by Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers, which colors an e en brown or black.

A GREAT VICTORY.

Greeks Have at Last Won a Battle From Their Turkish Foes.

There Was Great Slaughter at Pharsalos and the Hellenes Conquered.

ATHENS, May 5.—A dispatch from the front says that the Turkish forces at noon to-day were drawn up in battle array on the plain of Pharsalos, facing the Greek army, numbering 23,000 men. It is expected here that a general engagement between the opposing forces is commencing.

VOLO, May 2.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Fifteen thousand Greeks have retired upon Domokos. The Turks are centring a large force there and an important engagement is expected.

LARRISSA, May 2 (delayed in transmission.)—A Turkish detachment to-day attempted to capture a strong position occupied by the Greek forces, but the Turks were outnumbered and retired. The main body of the Turkish troops has arrived before Volastino, the Greek headquarters. The Greek position, it is expected, will be captured without serious fighting in consequence of the movements of the Turkish troops at other points.

ATHENS, May 5.—The Greek fleet has captured at the entrance of the Gulf of Salonica a schooner, in which Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, the Anglo-American member of parliament for the Ecclesall division of Sheffield, recently visited the Turks. The vessel will be taken to Epirus for examination.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 5.—Hifzi Pasha, the commander of the Turkish forces in Epirus, telegraphed yesterday that the Turks had occupied unopposed the summit of Mount Kilborino, dominating the slopes opposite Arta. The Greeks, he adds, retired.

The French, Russian and British embassies have replied to the Porte, insisting that the Greeks in the service of the embassies and consulates throughout the Turkish empire be permitted to remain. The Porte, therefore, will extend the period of expulsion another fortnight, and it is thought possible peace between Turkey and Greece will have been arranged before that time.

LONDON, May 5.—The Athens correspondent of the Daily Mail says ten thousand Turks attacked the Greek position at Valastino. The firing ceased at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and it is evident that the Greeks have met with a great success. There has been great slaughter at Pharsalos, where the battle is proceeding. The Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs as to the engagement at Velastino: "With God's help our side has conquered."

ATHENS, May 5.—A private dispatch received here from the front says that the battle between the Greeks and Turks began at Aivali between Velastino and Pharsalos.

KRUGER'S APPRECIATION.

PRETORIA, May 3.—On the opening of the raad to-day President Kruger, in a speech prepared evidently with great care, asked the raad, as a token of sympathy with Queen Victoria and appreciation of her long and glorious reign, to declare June 22 an official holiday in the Transvaal. He said that, in spite of unfavorable influences, the South African republic continued to enjoy friendly relations with all foreign powers.

UNITED STATES TARIFF.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The retroactive clause of the Dingley bill is stricken from the senate tariff bill. The entire house provision relating to reciprocity is stricken out and sections substituted providing that whenever a country shall pay a bounty upon the exportation of any article of merchandise and dutiable under this act, then, upon importation of such article into the United States there shall be levied upon it in addition to the duty imposed by this act, a duty equal to the net amount of this bounty, to be ascertained by the secretary of the treasury. The house provision keeping in force the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty is stricken out, the effect being indirectly to abrogate the treaty and impose the same duty on Hawaiian sugars as on sugars from other countries.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The tariff bill was reported to the senate to-day to the surprise of the senators and the public. All the members of the committee were present. The Democrats examined the bill for nearly an hour, making running comments upon it. They announced they were against the bill as a whole. They soon understood that Senator Jones, of Nevada, was going to vote with the Republicans, and realized there was no possibility of changing the bill. When the motion was made by the Republicans to report the bill it was carried at once. The new bill is different from the Dingley bill, practically amounting almost to another measure. Many important schedules were re-written entirely. The retroactive clause of the Dingley bill has been stricken out. Some of the principal items are:

Lead, in pigs, etc., 2 cents per pound; white lead cut from 3 to 2¾ cents per pound; lead bearing ore of any kind, 1½ cents per pound on the lead contained therein.

Seventy million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FROM FORT SIMPSON.

FORT SIMPSON, April 28.—Gales of wind from southeast and southwest, with heavy rain, have been the order for the past two weeks. The Hudson Bay Company's steamer Caledonia leaves on her initial trip for Upper Skeena on Monday next. A number of prospectors go up on her. It is reported here that Barnes' claim at Lorne creek, has at last reached the old channel, and that they recently washed up $900 for three weeks' work.

The U.S. coast survey steamer Patterson was in here on the 21st instant on her way north to complete the survey of Pearl straits.

A most enjoyable and successful concert was given in the school house here last evening in aid of the church fund. Following is the programme: Quartette, "Come where the lilies bloom"; "When the tide comes in," Miss F. G. Dudoward; "The song that reached my heart, Mr. Jardine; violin and piano duet, Miss and Mr. E. Dudoward; "Janet's Choice," Miss Dudoward; recitation, "Tom's Little Star," Miss Hall; "Hundred Fathoms Deep," Mr. Flewin; piano solo, "General Lee's March," Prof. Smith; "Tread on the tail of my coat," Mr. Bonson; "I guess you've all been there," Mr. Dudoward; quartette, "Oh, Who Will O'er the Downs"; "Good-bye, Mavourneen," Mr. Jardine; piano duet, Miss and E. Dudoward; "To the Woods," Rev. F. L. Stephenson; "Come, Birdie, Come," Miss F. G. Dudoward; "Marguerite," Mrs. Stephenson; "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," Prof. Smith; "Red River Valley," with guitar accompaniment, Miss Dudoward; quartette, "Stars Trembling O'er Us"; step dance, Messrs. Boyd and Robertson.

Mr. Cotton and party, who attempted to go in to Hazelton from Naas were compelled to return here on account of a heavy thaw having set in, and are now awaiting the departure of the Caledonia.

CHILLIWACK ELECTION.

CHILLIWACK, May 3.—(Special)—Nominations of candidates to fill the seat in the provincial legislature made vacant by the death of the late Thomas E. Kitchen, member for Chilliwack riding, took place to-day at the town hall, Mr. Justinian Pelley being returning officer. The nominees are Charles Twed Higginson, government candidate, and Adam Sword Vedder, opposition. Friday is election day.

CANADIAN FLOUR.

WINNIPEG, May 5.—The Lake of the Woods Milling Co., of Keewatin, will in a few days make a shipment of several cars of flour from Keewatin to South Africa. This is the first shipment of Canadian flour to Africa.

Fire broke out about midnight in F.F. Cole's elevator at Whitewater, totally destroying it. The elevator contained about 8,000 bushels of wheat. The loss will amount to about $7,000.

FOR SAILORS' SAFETY.

LONDON, May 3.—In the House of Commons to-day the merchants' shipping bill was read a second time. The object of the measure is to guard against insufficient crews, as well as unseaworthiness. As framed it was designed to apply to British ships only. The president of the board of trade, Mr. Ritchie, in moving the second reading, announced that the government had decided to make it apply also to foreign vessels entering British ports. He said he did not believe this could give a reasonable ground for complaint to any foreign government, as the board of trade would enforce the measure with the least friction and greatest consideration. Mr. Bryce (Radical member for South Aberdeen) acquiesced in the extension of the application to foreign shipping.

NO ARBITRATION.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The arbitration treaty has been defeated by the senate vote of 43 for to 26 against the treaty, a two-thirds majority being required by the constitution.

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