

er.

M.
Doctor's
mem-

includ-

Men's
TS.

ECIALTIES.

D'S LINIMENT for Rheu-
mago, Neuralgia and all
rains.D'S PRESCRIPTION "A"
for, Dyspepsia, Catarrh,
and Nervous Dyspepsia.
See a bottle. Postage 6c.D'S PHORATONE COUGH
in kinds of Coughs, Colds,
asthma and Various Lung
troubles. Price 25c. bot. Postageonly by
F. STAFFORD & SON,
St. John's, Nfld.
All Drug Store is open
until 9.30.

pid's Boats.

e is leaving Placentia to-
western route.
left Change Islands early
morning, outward.
e was not reported since
heville on the 14th.
is north of Flower's Cove.
e is due at Placentia to-
day.left Three Arms at 10.40
ay, outward.
left Clarendville at 8.30
ay.e was not reported since
wight.ured at
the Stationelock this morning Mr.
had a narrow escape
his left leg when a heavy
wheel, weighing thirteen
lb., slipped from off the
which it was being placed
the car and the
at the rear of the general.
The end of the axle,
about a foot outside
the wheel, fell heavily
on, bruising and cutting
at fortunately no bones
were broken.He was immediately re-
his unfortunate position
workers, who also brought
Mara's drug store, where
led to by Mr. John Roach,
first aid. Dr. Roberts
for and on arrival exam-
ined and ordered the man
It will be a considerable
Mr. Healey will be able
work.

DIED.

n inst., Mary, widow of
nellus Walsh, aged 78
four sons and two
mourning their sad loss;
Friday, at 2 p.m., from the
er son, Richard Kenney,
friends will please ac-
only, intimation.

place. 5c.

EN IN

2."

MYSTERY—A
railroad series.
An adventure of

AND EFFECTS.

\$4 Saved Two Fingers

The fingers were those of Mr. J. W. Besnard, of 539 Craig St. E. Montreal. He says: "A falling beam badly smashed my hand. Two fingers were so severely crushed that the doctors said they would have to be amputated. Naturally I didn't want this, so decided to try Zam-Buk first. I applied Zam-Buk daily, and by the time I had used \$4 worth, the injury was completely healed. My fingers were saved!"

Just another illustration of the healing power of Zam-Buk. Accidents will happen. It may be your turn next. Better get a box and keep it handy. Accidents are less frequent than skin diseases, and remember this—

Zam-Buk is just as good for eczema, ulcers, skin diseases, and piles, as for cuts, burns, bruises.

All druglists and stores 50c. box, or \$3 for \$1.25. Refuse substitutes

ZAM-BUK

To-Day's Messages.

10.30 A.M.**AND IT'S NOT FORTHCOMING.**

The Emperor concluded: "I am certain that our submarines will never rest until the enemy is subdued, but for this we need as well as the power of man the aid of God."

THE ITALIAN STRUGGLE.

With the Russian situation still obscure by reason of the fact that no direct news has been received from Petrograd or Moscow, the Italian front remains of transcendent interest in the news of the world war. Everywhere along the battle front from Lake Garda eastward and then southward along the Piave River to the Adriatic Sea, the Italians are holding the enemy in check, except in the hills in the vicinity of the Asiago Plateau, where more gains have been made by the invaders. The new advances by the Teuton Allies, as observed on the war maps, do not indicate that points of extremely great strategic value have been won but rather that the Italians on various sectors have given ground before superior numbers and at the same time have straightened out and lessened the length of their front. In the hills north of Venetian, General Diaz, the new Commander-in-Chief of the Italians, has withdrawn his advanced posts south of Monte Tomatic. On the Asiago Plateau and thence eastward to where the battle front meets the upper reaches of the Piave River the German and Austro-Hungarian forces are adding strength to their attacks, doubtless hoping to drive through the highland country to the plains of Venetia before the expected arrival of the British and French reinforcements become a fact. Notwithstanding the arduous retreat from the Isonzo westward the Italians evidently have been able to reinforce their northern line sufficiently to give battle to the enemy in such strength as to prevent a precipitate invasion of the lowlands, where undoubtedly it is the ambition of the enemy to turn the flank of the defenders and force a retreat of the Italians. Farther west, along the Piave from the

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TOOTON'S,
The Kodak Store,
320 Water Street.

region of Feltre to the Adriatic, the invaders at numerous points have endeavored to make new crossings of the river but everywhere they have been thwarted. Those of them who already are on the west bank of the river are being hard held to their original positions, the artillery and rifle fire of the Italians keeping them in check. Near Zonson the position of the enemy are gradually being encroached upon, while near the mouth of the river at Grisoleria the invaders in the swampy lowland are constantly under vigorous shell and rifle fire. Varied reports are still coming through concerning Russia, but out of the mass it has been impossible to disentangle one statement that may be considered trustworthy. One report has Petrograd in flames, another has 2,000 persons killed in the streets of Moscow during the fighting between the Kerensky and Bolshevik factions. Still another is that a Coalition Government has been formed in Moscow with members of the Bolshevik holding portfolio in it. Other unconfirmed reports are that anarchy reigns in Kiev and other Russian cities and that excesses against the Jews are being committed. Comparative quiet still prevails along the west front in France and Belgium. Geo. Clemenceau, one of France's most eminent public men and a former Premier, will form the new French Government.

NO NEWS FROM PETROGRAD.

STOCKHOLM, To-day. Telegraphic communication with Petrograd is still completely suspended. The only news of events there has been brought by travellers through Finland or transmitted by telephone, and these reports add to the confusion by their failure to give the dates of the various alleged happenings. According to what is apparently the latest telephone report from Finland is that all was quiet in Petrograd last night.

TRAITORS IN B. C.

VICTORIA, B.C., To-day. Fifteen hundred men at Trail Smelter are out on strike as a protest against the enforcement of the Military Service Act. They refused to present themselves at the tribunals. The situation is serious. Representations have been made to the Provincial Government, but it is unlikely that a provincial policy will be used to enforce the observance of the Act. Premier Brewster to-day was in conference with Major General Lockie of the district, but the latter is unable to take any steps without advice from Ottawa. Premier Brewster is placing the whole situation before the Ottawa authorities. The employees of Trail Smelter, mostly all aliens, are said to be determined in their attitude. At a meeting on Tuesday they decided not to subscribe to the Victory Loan and a number of them made bonfires of Victory Loan literature.

THE IRISH SITUATION.

LONDON, To-day. Viscount Chaplin, the House of Lords to-day called attention to the gravity of the situation in Ireland. He referred especially to the Sinn Féin Campaign for an Independent Republic. Baron Wimborne, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, replying said he did not share Viscount Chaplin's gloomy anticipation despite the inflammable material. The gravest danger to be apprehended was the importation of arms or a hostile landing, but he had been assured that in view of the steps taken neither possibility was likely to arise. As to the internal situation in Ireland, that was not out of hand and generally the country was prosperous. The governing factor in the situation was the Irish Convention, which he believed had been rewarded with substantial progress. After alluding to the expected rising in Ireland last Sunday week, which didn't materialize, he said that had the Executive taken precipitate action the Convention would have been killed. This incident justified the Government policy not to seek trouble but to be prepared.

1.00 P. M.

GERMAN ATTACKS REPULSED.

LONDON, To-day. An official statement from British Headquarters in France and Belgium, issued last night, says: Early this morning the enemy bombarded heavily our positions north of the Menin Road and shortly afterwards its infantry attempted to advance. The attack was successfully repulsed by our fire. Another party of the enemy which endeavored to approach our lines northeast of Passchendaele also was driven off. The hostile artillery again has shown great activity in the neighborhood of Passchendaele and also north and south of it.

KERENSKY GETTING UPPER HAND

LONDON, To-day. The Wallf Bureau, the official German news bureau, according to a despatch from Geneva admits that the Provisional Kerensky Government has mastered the revolt in Moscow. It says that Lenin still controls Petrograd, where fighting was severe. In the afternoon a despatch to Reuters says that telegraphic communication with Petrograd has been restored.

PLAIN TALK FROM NOTHCILFFE.

LONDON, To-day. Northcliffe's letter to Premier Lloyd George declaring the proffered Cabinet position follows: Dear Prime Minister, I have given anxious consideration to your repeated invitations that I should take charge of the new

air ministry. The reasons which compel me to decline that great honor and responsibility are in no way concerned with the office, which is rightly being set up. They are roughly as follows: Returning after five months spent in the virile atmosphere of the United States and Canada, I find that while these two countries are proceeding with their war preparations with a fervor and enthusiasm little understood on this side of the Atlantic, while the United States instantly put into operation conscription, over which we wobbled for two years, and is making sport of the work of sedition-mongers while Canada has already given such proofs of thoroughness as the disfranchisement of conscientious objectors and the denaturalization of all enemy aliens naturalized within the last fifteen years, while we for our part are asking immense sacrifices from these peoples, there still are in office here those who dally with such urgent questions as that of war control, the eradication of sedition, mobilization of the whole man and woman power of the country and the introduction of compulsory food rations. I had personal experience while in America of the obstruction and delay in certain departments in London, of which an example is the postponed sending of Lord Reading's vital and most successful mission. I find the censorship still being misused and that men in various positions of authority who should have been punished have been retained and in some cases elevated. The spirit of the men and women of Great Britain is clearly as eager and splendid as ever. We have, in my belief, the most efficient army in the world, led by one of the greatest generals, and I am well aware of the fine achievements of many others of our soldiers, sailors and statesmen; but I feel in the present circumstances that I can do better work if I maintain my independence and am not gagged by a loyalty that I do not feel towards the whole of your administration.

I take this opportunity of thanking you and the War Cabinet for the handsome message of praise sent to me as representing the five hundred officials of the British War Mission in the United States, many of them volunteers and exiles. Their achievements and those of their ten thousand assistants deserve to be better known by their country. The fact that their work is not known is due to the absurd secrecy about the war which still is prevalent. All that these officials are doing is known to our American friends and of course to the Germans. I trust I make no breach of confidence in saying that some of the elements which have passed through my hands as head of the Mission are such as, if published, would greatly increase our prestige in the United States and hence our people at home. May I also take this opportunity of giving a warning about our relations with that great people from I have come. We have had the tragedy of Russia, due partly to the lack of Allied propaganda to counteract that of the Germans. We have had the tragedy of Italy, largely due to that same enemy propaganda.

We have had the tragedies of Serbia, Roumania and Montenegro. There is one tragedy which I am sure we shall not have, and that is the tragedy of the United States, but from countless conversations with leading Americans I know that unless there is swift improvement in our methods here the United States will rightly take into its own hands the entire management of a great part of the war. It will not sacrifice its blood and treasure to incompetent handling of affairs of Europe. In saying all this, which is very much on my mind, believe me I have none but the most friendly feelings toward yourself and that I am greatly honoured by your suggestion. Yours sincerely, NORTHCLIFFE.

Russia Still in the War.

Premier Kerensky shows the strain of his tremendous exertions to rally the Russian people to face their duty to themselves and to stand by their allies in the war. The marvel is that this man of heroic soul but frail body has not succumbed to the ordeal. He

has been soldier as well as statesman, teacher as well as leader, orator as well as administrator, and everything at high pressure; carrying such a burden as no contemporary in the great struggle has known. The interview at Petrograd, which at first occasioned concern because it was misunderstood, reflects a weariness of the spirit verging on exhaustion. Kerensky is war worn, more even than his people; but he has no idea of abandoning the conflict, of turning his back upon his allies in the common cause of human liberty.

Russia's allies may find Kerensky's retrospect of their contributions to the war hardly to their liking. All have made supreme sacrifices, and if the East has saved the West in emergency, the West has reciprocated in full measure. Kerensky is just a little hysterical when he says that Russia "claims as her right that the Allies now shoulder the burden." What more could France have done in the field? Has not the British Empire responded to every demand upon her strength on sea and land and shared her purse with all her European allies? Mistakes, blunders in fact, have been made by all, a result of lack of co-ordination; and in Russia's case the revolution dislocated the strategy of the Entente, compelling Russia's allies, America among them, to "shoulder the burden." Certainly America is helping Russia with generous hands; and long ago America went to Russia's aid when the Root mission and the Stevens railway commission were dispatched with plenary powers. All this Kerensky cannot have forgotten.

The assurance that Russia is still in the war was not necessary from the Premier, for less than two weeks ago he was rekindling the fighting spirit of his countrymen with fiery eloquence; and the Russian people have given so many exhibitions of recuperation and of their will to continue the struggle in spite of political and economic handicaps that we in America have never lost faith in them.

It may be, as Kerensky says, that "the disorganized state of life in general has had a psychological effect on the people, so that they doubt the 'possibility of attaining their hopes'; but the fit of black depression will pass, new leaders will rise to compose differences, and soldiers will come to the front to inspire the army and restore discipline. The behavior of the Russian people in this war justifies that hope.—N. Y. Times.

Here and There.

EXPRESS PASSENGERS.—The following first class passengers are on the incoming express: Mrs. H. Monroe, Miss E. Dicks, H. S. Brown, C. E. Fisher, Mrs. H. T. Atley, W. B. Stoddard, Mrs. F. Knot, Mrs. Thos. Murphy, Mrs. R. Duff, R. J. Murphy and child, S. Clark, Mrs. D. Hunt, T. Curran.

WOUNDED HEROES RETURNING.—The following wounded and invalided soldiers are passengers on the incoming express: Regimental Sergeant-Major Peckham, Cpl. Boone, Cpl. Shumms and privates W. Maidment, R. Harvey, E. Peckford, J. Gillingham, H. Lehr, C. Coles, E. Hodder, A. Ralph.

HERRING FISHING.—There was a good sign of herring at Bonne Bay yesterday and to-day. A number of Canadian and American vessels are expected to arrive there for cargoes within the next few weeks. One Lunenburg vessel has already reached there and two Gloucester vessels are practically loaded and have probably left for market by this time.

STYLE WITH REAL COMFORT! Warner's Rust-Proof Corsets.



shape fashionably,
rust, break or tear?

\$1.40 PER PAIR UP.

Marshall Bros

New Models Now
Being Shown!

DO YOU KNOW that every Warner pattern is designed by an expert in human anatomy?

DO YOU KNOW that this expert considers every nerve and muscle in designing?

DO YOU KNOW that every style is fitted on a living model?

DO YOU KNOW that the support from a Warner's Corset is a positive help in exercise and a comfort in relaxation?

DO YOU KNOW that every pair of Warner's Rust-Proof Corsets is guaranteed not only to but to fit comfortably—and not to

The World's Choicest Product

**Unexcelled for Family Use.**

We Have Established a Unique SHOE Standard-- and We're Living Up To It.

You'll say so, too, when you see the assortment of good-looking Shoes that are here, all ready and waiting for your fall shopping. We won't begin to describe them; there is such a variety of styles that we simply couldn't. But we are quite sure that the very Shoes you are looking for, be your choice dull kid or patent leather, Shoes of solid color or Shoes with cloth tops, are here for you. There is a goodly range in prices, too. You can get Ladies' Shoes for as low as \$2.90, and from there they range on to \$6.30 per pair.

ITEMS OF INTEREST--ROUND THE STORE.

LADIES' BOOTS.

Black kid leather, laced or buttoned, with medium heel and patent toe. A Shoe buying opportunity you should not miss. We recommend them without any hesitation as good value. Sold in the regular way for \$3.50 per pair. Sale Price **\$3.37** per pair.

BOYS' BOOTS.

Two very important reasons why you should buy Boys' Boots now: First, complete assortment and sizes may now be had; secondly, with the army commanding all heavy leathers for army shoes, prices will soon rise. In this lot we can give you Black or Tan Laced Boots; sizes 9 to 5. Special Price, according to size, **\$2.50 to \$3.50 per pair.**

NAVY SERGE.

A fine French Serge in Navy Blue at \$1.70 per yard. We cannot guarantee that the price will be as low as this when new quotations are received. Serviceable, all wool materials such as French Serge are not as plentiful as they were only a year or two ago. Sale Price, per yd. **\$1.70**

SHEPHERD'S PLAID.

Another of the old standbys. Shepherd's Plaid has been fashionable ever since most of us can remember, and will continue so, from all present evidence, forever. It deserves its continued popularity, really. There is something very "swagger" very up-to-the-minute looking about the simply tailored gown or suit of Shepherd's Plaid. They are 36 inches and 42 inches wide.

Sale Price 42c. and 60c. per yard, respectively.

BOYS' HOSE.

We'll wager "sonny" will have a hard time wearing out these Stockings. That's a broad statement. Some boys would wear a hole through sheet iron. But the average boy in his daily doings—school, a game of ball or "scout out" or what not, and we're safe to say these Stockings will wear out any previous pair. Sale Price, per pair **37c**

GIRLS' HOSE.

A special purchase enables us to mark these Hose for Girls only 43c. per pair. They are a wool finished Cashmere Hose, with double knees, to fit ages 8 to 13 years. They are likely to go very quickly. Be forewarned and come early. Reg. 45c. to 50c. pair. Sale Price, per pair **43c**

LADIES' HOSE.

Good wearing Hose for Fall and Winter wear in Black Wool and Fleeced Lined. Full length Hosiery that will give satisfaction in wear. These we are offering at an unusually low figure. Sale Price, per pair **37c**

WOMEN'S RUBBER SHOES.

If you can find your size and width among them you can consider yourself lucky. Of course these are the outcome of several months of continued buying and it is only natural to expect lots to be broken up considerably, and the most wanted sizes down to a very low level, as sorted storm and low styles. Worth in the regular way from 80c. to 90c. per pair. Sale Price, per pair **73c**

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS.

Could there be anything more timely than the matter of Blankets? Although it may still be cool weather now and then, any day may see the swift change to real cold winter nights when warm bed coverings are a necessity; size 50 by 76 inches. Sale Price, per pair **\$5.80**

CORD VELVET.

The richest, and most beautiful material in the store. A suit or skirt of Corduroy Velvet is rich enough in itself, but when it is Saxe or Cardinal, you have the richest looking garment possible, although not nearly as expensive as some all wool fabrics. It is — inches wide with a medium cord. Sale Price, per yard **93c**

BLouses.

Amazing how quickly an item is picked out for special mention in our items from a great mass of newcomers every day. These are an assortment of White and Striped Muslins, Fancy Delaines and Colored Poplins, etc. Some are lightly soiled, but only a few. Most are clean, up-to-date beautiful styles. Sale Price, each **98c**

CASHMERE BLouses.

The very newest styles in Black Cashmere Blouses, the right weight for this season of the year. They are stylish, made and trimmed with self materials; assorted sizes. Reg. Price \$1.20 each. Sale Price **98c**

Store
Opens
8.30 a.m.
ALEX. SCOTT,
18 New Gower St.
Store
Closes
9 p.m.

Rann-dom Reels.

GRAPE JUICE.

Grape Juice is a mild, humane beverage which can be drunk in large, moist quantities without upsetting the equilibrium of the drinker. It is highly recommended by the clergy, who find that they can drink freely of Grape Juice just before ascending the pulpit without affecting the length or lucidity of their discourse.

Grape Juice is made chiefly in western New York, where the Concord grape rears its shy head every fall and runs into the early frost with open arms. Grape culture is one of the most exciting pastimes known to the American people, as it is subject to frost at both ends of the route and is also liable to be drowned or dried out before reaching its destination.

Grape Juice is consumed with great eagerness by advocates of temperance, for whose benefit all of the alcohol is extracted before the process of bottling. William Jennings Bryan has declared that he would rather have one good swig of Grape Juice than run for president, while Roger Sullivan and Champ Clark are alive,

and he rarely mounts the Chautauqua platform without fortifying himself with a pint or two of this peerless beverage. In this respect Mr. Bryan differs quite materially from a number of platform stars whose fortifications consist largely of foam and pretzels.

The Grape Juice industry has been a priceless boon to the newspapers and magazines, as it is advertised in several colours by the chief page. In view of this fact, it would seem that more Grape Juice would be consumed by the average printer, and no doubt this would be the case if every printer were not a teetotaler.

Grape Juice is about the only cold drink on sale that can be kept in the cellar without calling forth the ungodly jibes of the neighbours, and on that account its use should be encouraged.

SON ASSAULTS MOTHER.—As a result of being gassed by her son, a woman of the Higher Levels, was brought to the General Hospital to-day.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GART IN COWS.

EUROBEAN AGENCY

Wholesale Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Hardware, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Plate and Watches, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisions and Ollmen's Stores, etc., etc. Commission 2 1/2 p.c. to 5 p.c. Trade Discounts allowed. Special Quotations on Demand. Sample Cases from \$50 upwards. Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

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MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GART IN COWS.