The Family.

The Strange Little Boy.

Here is a little boy—
Look at him well;
Think if you know him,
If you do tell.
I will describe him,
That you may see
If he's a stranger
To you and to me.

He has two hands
That can manage a top,
And climb a tall chestnut
To make the nuts drop.
They're just full of business,
With ball, hoop and swing,
Yet are never too busy
To do a kind thing.

He has two feet
That can run up and down,
Over the country,
And all about town.
I should think they'd be tired—
They never are still—
But they're ready to run for you
Whither you will

He has two eyes
Always busy and bright,
And looking at something
From morning to night.
They help him at work,
And they help him at play,
And the sweet words of Jesus
They read every day.

He has two ears—
Oh, how well he can hear
The birds as they sing
And the boys as they cheer!
They are out on the common,
And for him they call—
But one word from his mother
He hears first of all.

He has a tongue
That runs like a sprite;
It begins in the morning
As soon as the light.
It's the best little tongue
You can anywhere find,
For it always speaks truth,
And it always is kind.

He has a heart
That is happy and gay,
For Jesus is King there
The whole of the day.
The Lord's little servant
He's trying to be—
Is this boy a stranger
To you and to me?

—Little American.

An Ornament too Little Worn.

Much has been said and written concerning the "wearing of gold," and "putting on of apparel." While there is a great diversity of opinion as to the propriety of employing laces, flowers, feathers, pearls, and diamonds, by way of enhancing personal charms, all agree that there is one ornament, "a meek and quiet spirit," with which woman is not only permitted, but commanded to adorn herself.

The genuine article is little worn, though we see many clever imitations. Susan Easy wears one. I had seen her at church, at the sewing society, and several other places, and was completely deceived by it. But I chanced one day to call at her home, and found her ragged children quarreling in the door-yard, and saw Susan herself sitting in the littered breakfast-room, leaving the table to clear itself, the smutty baby to wash itself, and her own hair to comb itself; and I then learned that her ornament was an indolent spirit.

Silence Brown has another imitation, and it deceived me a long time. It was not till I saw her at home, and marked her coldness to her aged father-in-law, her monosyllabic answers to her husband, her no-answers-at-all to her children, and her don't-care manner to everybody else, that I discovered her ornament to be a sullen spirit.

Still another and more clever imitation is worn by my young friend, Lucy Day. This looks like the genuine, providing it is always rubbed in the right direction. If, by chance, the order is reversed, it turns black, and electric sparks are evolved in quick succession, not unlike what you have often noticed when stroking a cat's fur the wrong way. One day I chanced to witness this phenomenon; and when I left Lucy's mother was patiently at work with the soft, leathery rubber of "fair speech," moistened with the oil of flattery, trying to remove the blackness and restore the brightness.

It is supposed that all women possessing godliness are owners of the real gem, it being always given, if desired, with that robe of righteousness purchased for them by the blood of Christ; but many of these ransomed ones either under-rate its beauty or think it is unsuited to every-day wear.

Martha Jones belongs to this latter class. She seldom wears hers except on great occasions, and for the most part keeps it carefully laid away in a napkin. This is a great mistake, as constant exposure to the air and sunlight tends to increase its lustre. Moreover, no woman who does not daily wear it knows the secret of putting it on in such a manner that it shall have a *home*-look; and it has been observed that Martha's always have the appearance of being out of place. She sometimes resolves to wear it every day; but then she never puts it on as a part of her morning toilet, never on washing days, or house-cleaning days, or when there is unexpected company, or a change in the kitchen cabinet. She has been seen to lay it hastily aside on hearing the cross, hungry children coming in from school; and she always does so when about to administer discipline by the rod.

Aunt Patience Smith has long possessed this jewel, and she is never seen without it. The smoke and steam of the kitchen never tarnish it, the dust from carpets never settles on it, and if it sometimes gets hard brushes from the careless, blundering servants it never seems the worse for it. She wears it in the nursery, and though all, from the little children to the big, boisterous boys, are permitted to handle it at pleasure, its brightness is undimmed. She wears it in the sick-room, and the constant sight of it seems to soothe the sufferer's pains.

Not long ago I saw her beside the coffin of her first-born. He had fallen in battle, and nothing but his cold clay, on which she might not even look, was left her. I marveled if, in her deep anguish, she would lay aside the long-worn jewel. There is what is called an *inconsolable spirit* that many people put on as a suitable accompaniment of crape and bombazine. But Aunt Patience retained her old ornament, and never did it seem more becoming than when gleaming from underneath her drooping vail and sable mantle.

She is now on a couch of suffering, but her darkened chamber is lighted up by the radience of that same jewel, whose increasing brilliancy shall, ere long, hide itself "in heaven's own light."—*Congregationalist.*

To Crystalize Flowers.

The experiment is simple and can be tried, without difficulty. Dissolve eighteen ounces of pure alum in a quart of soft spring water, (observing proportion for a greater or less quantity,) by boiling it gently in a close tinned vessel over a moderate fire, keeping it stirred with a wooden spatula, until the solution is complete.

When the liquor is almost cold, suspend the subject that is to be crystalized, by means of a small thread or twine, from a lath or small stick laid horizontally across the aperture of a deep glass or earthen jar, as being best adapted for the purpose, into which the solution must be poured. The respective articles should remain in the solution twenty-four hours; when taken out they are carefully to be suspended in the shade until perfectly dry.

When the subjects to be crystalized are put into the solution while it is quite cold, the crystals are apt to be formed too large; on the other hand should it be too hot, the crystals will be small in proportion. The best temperature is about 95 deg. of Fahrenheit's thermometer.

Among vegetable specimens that may be operated upon, are the moss rose or holly, fruit of the sloughbush, the hyscinth, furze blossoms, ranunculus, garden daisy pink, and a great variety of others; in fact, there are few subjects in the vegetable world that are not eligible to this mode of preservation. The fitness of the solution for the purpose may be ascertained by putting a drop of it on a slip of grass, and seeing if it crystalize as it cools, if so, the solution is sufficiently strong. Then twist around a sprig of a plant, a cinder, or a wire ornament of any kind, some cotton or still better some worsted. After being immersed, as already directed, the surface of the whole will be found covered with beautiful crystalizations.

The effect of the above is very pretty; especially adapted to winter boquets.

Temperance.

The Voice of the Gallows.

A few years ago a young man by the name of Brooks was murdered in Dubuque, Ia. He was the son of poor parents dependent upon him for a livelihood; and it was known that he had savingly earned a considerable sum of money, and this led to his death in this wise:—Brooks was invited by a number of new made associates to go to the saloons in the lower part of the city, along the wharf. Here he drank freely, treating and being treated in turn. Finally he refused to drink or treat longer—was followed by a number of the company, and next morning, was found upon the side walk, *murdered!* Arrests were made—three several individuals were convicted, and the extreme sentence of the law pronounced against them. Whilst they were awaiting execution, many visitors went to see them. Among these, one day, was Mrs. B., of Ohio. She recognized one young man, condemned to die, as one who had formerly resided in the same town with her. His mother, a poor old widow, resided there still, and he was her only son. Mrs. B. started in surprise, and naming him, said, "Does your fond old mother know you are here? and for such a crime?" He answered, "Yes I had a letter from her yesterday, she's dying with grief." And with this he began a pitiful wailing, his groans pierced the hearts of all who heard him,—he trembled like a man in an ague fit, great tears rolled down his cheeks, and drops of sweat stood upon his forehead.

The mention of his mother quite overcame him; his thoughts were carried back to the innocent days of his childhood, when his boyish gambols had so awakened the heart of that mother whom he loved, who doted on him—idolized him,—and whose old heart was now breaking. Oh! what a sight! he was in his terribly penitential grief! When he grew calmer, he said, 'Oh! Mrs. B. I never killed Brooks, but was present at his murder. *If I had not been drunk I would not have been there!* it is not dying that unman's me so; but Oh, to *die on the gallows!* a murderer's death, if not a murderer, *a drunkard's death!*—the penalty of strong drink! And oh! to kill my poor mother—to break her heart! and disgrace all my relatives!" And then he called on all who heard him to live soberly! to urge men everywhere not to touch the accursed thing.

'Oh!' said he, 'would to God I could write the sign over every grog shop in the land to caution men, *I would write in big letters that all might read:*

'THIS IS THE ROAD TO HELL! 'THIS IS THE ROAD TO HELL!'

And, covering his face in his hands he sunk down quite exhausted.

As the words of a *doomed* and *dying* man these words sank deep into the hearts of all who heard them; as the words of a *doomed* and *executed* man, shall they not sink deep into the hearts of all who read them now? From the high hill overlooking the river his *gallows speaks to us today.*

"Drink" and Crime.

A week ago last Saturday, a poor blind man of seventy, was, at Woodstock, C. W., sentenced to be hanged on the 16th of December next, for the murder of his wife. Throughout the trial he manifested a very great deal of stolid indifference, and, on receiving the fatal sentence, was comparatively calm and impassive, while the Judge was moved even to tears. So far as we heard, all that the criminal said was simply, that "had it not been for 'drink' he never would have done it!" or words to that effect. Yes! but in saying that, he said a very great deal, and what has to be said in connection with almost nine-tenths of all the crime committed in the country. It would be an interesting though a most mournful work to trace out the connection in most criminal cases, between the offence and intoxicating liquors. In some, no doubt, it would be found that there was no connection: that intoxicants had nothing directly or indirectly to do with the matter. But how small the per centage which could be hanged under such a heading! On the contrary, are not Judges telling us that, but for intoxication their work in criminal cases would be nearly at an end.—And, are not criminals, in every variety of tone, saying the same thing? Are we not keeping up a staff of criminal officers in every country, building gaols and police offices, employing Q. C.'s almost without number, bringing honest yeomen from their fields, and merchants from their stores, as jurymen, with all other et ceteras of modern civilization, down to the hangman, simply to obviate in some small measure the wretched effects of the liquor traffic? We, in our wisdom, license men to make a livelihood by the vices of their fellows; we organize a vast series of criminal manufactories, and, because a few thousand dollars may thereby be secured to the revenue, we keep up this expensive machinery to do something, however imperfect, in the way of counteraction. In ordinary cases, whatever is thought injurious to the public welfare is indicted as a nuisance, and summarily *put down.* The individual, it is said, must always give way to the general interest; but, in the matter of intoxicating liquors, it is apparently quite different, and society is quite willing that a large portion of the community should be beggared and made criminals of, and a still larger portion drawn away from their ordinary employments in order to try and punish these; and all in order that a certain small number may have the means of living, and a comparatively small revenue may come into the public exchequer. To say the least of it, this seems bad policy. We should like to know how much, for instance, this Woodstock criminal has cost the country, for this one offence, before he got fairly hanged and buried. Let any one begin with the coroner, and all the expenses connected with his work; so *many* people taken off their ordinary employment *for so long; so many* paid *so much,* etc., and down through prison expenses, policemen's fees; then the Judge's salary, public prosecutors, ditto, with all the other officials; besides, so many witnesses for the Crown, so many for the defence; so many jurymen, *so many spectators:* all losing time, which is so much money; with the expenses of scaffolding, and hangman;—we say try to estimate all this, and he will find a goodly sum worse than thrown away; to say nothing of the moral aspects of the case, with society having nothing in the end but a dishonoured corpse to bury, instead of a living citizen to help forward the common weal.—And what is to be put as a per centra to all this?—The proceeds of some miserable tavern license, and some excise dues. Let our friends in Woodstock or Innerkip try to foot up the sum, and see if they can strike a balance. So much hard cash, or its value, on the other hand, irretrievably gone, with two poor lives most miserably sacrificed; and on the other! well, what on the other? Besides, let it be remembered that this is only one case; and that these whiskey selling places are, day after day, making just such criminals as poor Cook; have them in all stages of advancement; and are ever and anon making the country run up just such bills, for what has its origin in nothing better than a tavern brawl. It may have taken fifty years to make Cock a murderer; and, no doubt, he would one day have been as indignant as any had it been hinted that it would ever come to this, and that he would ever lie, as he now lies, in Woodstock gaol. It *has* come, however, just as, very likely, before twenty years, it may come with some who are this day saying: "We shall never be either drunkards or murderers." Society puts a rope about this man's poor old neck, and cuts off abruptly the small remainder of his miserable life; and has society nothing to say to those who put a thief into his mouth to steal away his reason, and conscience as well? Has society nothing to say to those who lived by doing all they could to make him and others the stolid, indifferent, and reckless sinners they have been and are? It would seem not.—*Canada Observer.*

Agriculture.

Selection of Fruit Trees.

Let the person wishing to purchase fruit trees first settle it in his own mind that he must pay a fair marketable value for them. Badly grown moss-covered trees or trees with broken, dried up roots may be bought at a low price, but in the end they will be found a very dear bargain. A late number of the *Country Gentleman* contains some useful suggestions on this subject:

It is not the largest or finest looking trees that are the best. In fact, the eagerness to procure big trees at the expense of a full proportion of roots, which it is impracticable to take up with such trees, often results not only in the loss of the trees themselves by death, but it frequently requires years for them to recover and regain their thrifty state. Neither is it necessary that the tree be as straight as a candle, for a few years' growth fills up the crooks in a trunk, and makes it as straight, or nearly so, as any other. The three great points are: To have healthy trees—to take them up with as perfect roots as possible—and to keep these moist and uninjured till they are set out again. These three requisites cannot be easily secured by taking large trees, while those of moderate or rather small size will readily furnish them all. Small trees are easily dug without mutilating the roots; they are packed for transportation safely and with facility; the labor of digging and packing and the cost of transportation are much less than with large trees; and they commence growing immediately, with little check in their vigor; and, if well cultivated, make the largest as well as the best trees at the end of five years. The late Dr. Kennicott, who was a successful nurseryman as well as orchardist, said that of the trees which he sold to his customers, the full-sized symmetrical ones never grew so well as the smaller ones, possessing less beauty of form. The reason was a curious one—he could never succeed in persuading the owners to shorten-in the heads of the handsome trees, while he could induce them to prune or cut back the others according to any directions he might give.

To sum up—procure small, healthy, well-dug and well-packed trees of the best proved sorts only from reliable nurserymen; let them be well set out and well cultivated for successive years, and they will afford profitable as well as satisfactory results.

Mowing Pasture.

We have often spoken of the advantage of keeping pastures free from the dead grass, which were the crop is not fed off will accumulate. After grass is gone to seed, it is refused by stock, and the patches where it lies will be left, even after a new growth is started. The old grass makes the new sour and unpalatable. To keep the grass sweet the pasture should be smoothly cleared off at least once a year. On a late visit to the farm of the Rev. C. C. Sewall, of Medfield, he called the attention of the writer and other persons to some hay which he had cut in the pastures. Finding, after many years' experience, that during the flush of feed in the fore part of the season, his cows would leave certain places almost untouched, which were, consequently, about lost so far as to yielding any return, he mowed them, obtained a considerable quantity of hay. This was done last year; and finding a decided advantage from the operation, he has repeated it the present season. The hay obtained in the pasture is of good quality, consisting in a great degree of the Kentucky bluegrass, *(Poa pratensis)* with a mixture of early species. Mr. Sewall finds that by mowing the grass, the cows feed off the succeeding growth, and all the pasture is kept smooth and clean. By this means the cows actually get more feed than they would otherwise, as the rejected spots would have remained untouched if the growth had not been cleared off. The same thing might be done with the same advantage in thousands of other cases.—*Boston Cultivator.*

RUSKS.—Beat eggs well, and mix with half a pint of new milk, in which have been melted four ounces of butter; add to it a quarter of a pint of yeast and three ounces of sugar, and put them by degrees into as much flour as will make a very light paste, rather like a batter, and let it rise before the fire half an hour; then add some flour to make it a little stiffer, but not stiff. Work it well, and divide it into small loaves or cakes, about five or six inches wide, and flatten them. When baked, and cold, slice them the thickness of rusks, and put them into the oven to brown a little. The cakes, when first baked, eat deliciously, if buttered, for tea; or, made with caraway, to eat cold.

Dr. Ridge's Patent Food

For Infants and Invalids.

TESTIMONIALS.

1 Queen Elizabeth street, Horselydown, Sept 21st, 1863.

SIR,—I beg most sincerely to thank you for recommending your Patent Food to my little boy, and to speak of it in the highest terms. At the age of 7 weeks he was brought down so low that I despaired of his recovery. Various means having been used without effect I commenced using your Patent Food, and from that time to the present he has lived entirely upon it, and gradually regained health and strength, so that all that see him consider him a fine little fellow. He is now 10 weeks old. I remain sir, yours respectfully
Dr. J. J. RIDGE. WM. HASKINS,

29, *Prior Place, East Street, Walworth, S. E. December, 12th 1863.*

DEAR SIR.—Please send me one dozen of your Patent Food and oblige. I find it sell very well; and indeed it is used with general satisfaction by mothers who dry nurse their babies, who always seem to thrive and do well; and having seen its good qualities in young members of my own relations, it is a sufficient guarantee for me to strongly recommend it when opportunity presents itself
I am dear sir, yours very truly
To Dr. Ridge. PAUL STRANGE.

Carlton House Enfield, N. April 23rd, 1863.

I have examined Dr Ridge's Patent Food and find it a very useful thing for children and Invalids. It has a great advantage over many patent articles of die, by possessing an agreeable flavour and leaving no acidity behind. It is easy of digestion and being made of the best material will keep for any length of time, even in a warm climate.
(Signed)
BENJAMIN GODFREY M.D., F.R.A.S.
Fellow of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society
Eastbourne, October.

SIR, Please forward me the enclosed order for your "Patent Food." It *gives great satisfaction.* Yours obediently,
To Dr. Ridge H. CLAYTON.

Long Row, Nottingham, November.

SIR,—Forward me immediately, as per order, as I am quite sold out. Your "Patent Food" is approved and strongly recommended by our leading Physicians and Surgeons. I have been selling a great deal lately for children suffering from Diarrhœa, &c., and it agrees admirably with them.
I remain, yours truly,
To Dr. RIDGE. J. SHEPPERLEY.

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☞ Agents wanted throughout the Country—a liberal discount allowed.
March 2

THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH.

Every Man his own Physician.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
—AND—
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

The Stomach is the great centre which influences the health or disease of the system—Abused or debilitated by excess—indigestion, offensive breath and physical prostration are the natural consequences. Allied to the brain, it is the source of headaches, mental depression, nervous complaints and unrefreshing sleep. The Liver becomes affected and generates bilious disorders, pains in the side, &c The Bowels sympathise by Costiveness, Diarrhœa and Dysentery. The principal action of these Pills is on the stomach, and the liver, lungs, bowels and kidneys participate in their recuperative and regenerative operation.

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum.

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these the Ointment is especially antagonistic its '*modus operandi*' is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers

Cases of many years' standing, that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic diseases, are eradicated, and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetics and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashes and other disfigurements of the face.

Female Complaints.

Whether in the young or old, married or single, at the dawn of Womanhood, or the turn of life, these tonic medicines display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient. Being a purely vegetable preparation, they are a safe and reliable remedy for all classes of Females in every condition of health and station of life.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally and entirely by the use of this emollient; warm fomentations should precede its application. Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Rheumatism,	Sore-throats,
Burns,	Ring Worm,	Sores of all kinds,
Chapped Hands,	Salt Rheum,	Sprains,
Chilblains,	Scalds,	Stiff Joints,
Fistulas,	Skin Diseases,	Ulcers,
Gout,	Swelled Glands,	Venereal Sores,
Lumbago	Sore Legs,	Tetter,
Mercurial Eruptions of the Bones,	Sore Heads,	Wounds of all kinds.

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "Holloway, New York and London," are discernible as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at about 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box

☞ Dealers in my well known medicines can have Show Cards, Circulars, &c., free of expense, by addressing Thomas Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Avery Brown & Co. Agents in Halifax, N. S.
June 23.

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COUNTERFEITS.

HAVING, after much trouble and considerable expense, discovered the party who has been counterfeiting my pills in the Canadas, and having received a *complete list* of all those to whom they were sold, and having had what remained of such counterfeits *destroyed,* and the proper steps taken to prevent a recurrence of such counterfeiting; and being well satisfied that none but the genuine are now in the market, I have come to the conclusion, in order to prevent annoyance to the dealers in my long established remedies, not to change the wrappers around the packages of such remedies, but have them continue as heretofore.
80 Maiden Lane, New York.
Nov11 THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

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which for fine flavour, strength and economy is just the quality to suit all *lovers* of a cup of *good Tea.* Lots of not less than six pounds are charged 2s 4d per lb.

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Gladiolus, 7½d to 3s 9d each. Lily of the Valley. Trigidia. Japan Lily, and Ranunculus Bulbs.

As Brown, Bros & Co. have spared neither pains nor expense to secure the very best sorts, they do not doubt that they will be able to give the fullest satisfaction to those who favor them with their order.
March 23.

A [illegible] CO.
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RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL REMEDY.
STOPS THE MOST EXCRUCIATING PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES, AND RAPIDLY CURES THE PATIENT.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Proves its superiority to all other Medicines at once, ITS FIRST APPLICATION

It is to relieve the sufferer of PAIN, no matter from what cause it may originate, or where it may be seated

If it be Head, Face, or Throat;
If it be Back, Spine, or Shoulder;
If it be Arms, Breast, or Side;
If it be Joints, Limbs, or Muscles;
If it be Nerves, Teeth, or Ears;

Or in any other part of the body, its application to the part or parts where the pain exists will afford immediate relief.

IF SEIZED WITH PAIN
In the Stomach, Bowels, or Kidneys;
In the Bladder, Spleen, or Liver;
In the Teeth, Ears, or Throat;
In the Brain or Nervous System;

One teaspoonful of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF to a wineglass of water will, in a few minutes, restore the patient to ease and comfort.

If Lame, Crippled, or Ill Disabled;
If Palsied, or Blind, or Burned;
If Bruised, Wounded, or Cut;
If Scrofula, Injured, or Diseased;
If Convulsions, or Seized with Fits;
If Weak in the Stomach or Back;

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

should be applied to the parts or parts affected. It instantly allays the violent pain, and quickly heals, soothes, and strengthens the disabled parts. In all cases of Bites of Rabid Dogs, hydrophobic stings of Poisonous Insects, the application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF to the wound will prevent inflammation and mortification.

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Persons exposed to the Malaria of Ague, or if seized with Chills and Fever, will find a positive Antidote and Cure in Radway's Ready Relief. Not two teaspoonsful of the Ready Relief, in a wine glass of water, be taken on getting out of bed in the morning, and however exposed to malaria you will escape.

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Bilious Cholic, or Colic Pain;
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SHOULD BE TAKEN INTERNALLY.

One dose will stop the pain; its continued use will, in a few hours, cure the patient.

HOW IT CURES.

The secondary indication of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is to cure the patient of the disease or malady that occasions the pain; this it accomplishes rapidly and radically. *So quick* is the patient transformed from pain, misery, weakness, and decrepitude, to the delightful enjoyment of health and strength, that it is justly ascribe to it the same power to do the supernatural influence of enchantment.

RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, GOUT, NEURALGIA, TOOTH ACHE, CROUP, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT, QUINZY, DIPTHERIA, ROSE-RASH, BRONCHITIS, STIFF JOINTS, ENLARGED GLANDS, HEAD ACHE, (Sick or Nervous,) ASTHMA, or HARD BREATHING.

It is truly marvellous how quick RADWAY'S READY RELIEF cures the sufferers of these maladies. The poor, crippled, and pain-racked Rheumatic has not to wait days before a change takes place, but in a few minutes derives sure and speedy relief.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

Twenty Years of Sceptical Nights.

Wm. Sydney Myers, Esq., of Havana, Cuba, the correspondent of the London Times, suffered with Acute and Chronic Rheumatism for twenty-five years, and for twenty years he had not enjoyed one whole night's own rest. He applied RADWAY'S READY RELIEF—it immediately gave him ease and secured him the first calm and undisturbed sleep during the twenty years. The continued use of the READY RELIEF cured him.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

THERE IS NO OCCASION FOR SICKNESS.

When you first feel pain, then take a teaspoonful of the READY RELIEF, in water; or apply it to the parts where you feel the discomfort.

ALL MALIGNANT DISEASES

first give warning of their presence, and if met promptly before they become securely established within the system, will be readily expelled.

SIGNS OF SICKNESS.

Headache, Pains in the Limbs—in the Stomach, Bowels, and Kidneys—Cold Chills and Hot Flushes, Coated Tongue, Burning Skin, Nausea, Shivering, Dullness, Loss of Appetite, Restlessness, Oddness, &c., &c., are premonitory symptoms of Malignant Diseases. One dose of the READY RELIEF is sufficient to break up and expel diseased action, and restore the patient to health.

SOLDIERS.

Every soldier should carry with him a supply of Radway's Ready Relief. It supplies the place of all other medicines; and as a beverage, a teaspoonful of the Relief, to a wine-glass of water, is a more pleasant stimulant than brandy, whisky, or bitters.

SICKNESS PREVENTED IN THE 5TH MAINE REGT.

Eighth Maine regiment, Serg't C. P. Lord, writes that Radway's Ready Relief saved the regiment from death while quartered at Tybee Island, S. C., when working in the swamps, erecting fortifications. Every man seized with Typhoid and other Fevers, Fever and Ague, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Rheumatism, was cured by the use of the Ready Relief.

CAUTION.

In all cases ask for Radway's Ready Relief. Take no other. See that the signature of Radway & Co. is on the outside label of each bottle. Every agent is supplied with a new and fresh stock. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists, Merchants and country Store-keepers.

RADWAY & CO.,
87 Maiden Lane, New York.

NEW CHURCH
AT ST. ANDREWS, N. B.

THE Ladies of the Wesleyan congregation at Saint Andrews, contemplate holding a BAZAAR in September next, in aid of the Building fund of the new church, just about to be erected, and respectfully ask the assistance of the Wesleyan family and other friends of Christ in the Provinces. Contributions will be thankfully received by the following ladies—
Mrs. J. J. Oddell, Mrs. Moore,
Miss P. Porter, Miss E. Thompson.
ELIZABETH THOMPSON,
May 17. Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers have removed their place of business from No. 17 Buckingham street, to No. 206 Hollis street, opposite the west side of Jerusalem Warehouse, where they will be happy to do business with their former friends.
May 25. 3m. WM. AIKINS & CO.

CITY DRUG STORE.

20 packages per "America."
—Containing—

RADWAY'S Relief, Kennedy's Discovery Lyon's Katharion; Spaulding's Rosemary Hungarian Balm; Henneywell's Medicines, Clarke Croup Syrup; Electric Oil, Burnett's Essences Davidson's Enemas, India Rubber Combs Richardson's do. " " Funnels; Sugar Candy, Chewing Gum; Gum Drops, Hops, etc., etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

2 Pkgs. Photographers Material

—Consisting of—

Cases and Trays, in great variety, Varnishes, Collodion, Gilding, Enamelled Cloth, Albumen Paper, Mats, Preservers, Plates, Cotton, Chemicals, etc., etc.
Cameas imported to order.

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

English Drugs, Medicines, Perfumes, Pomades Hair, Tooth, Nail & Comb Brushes.
Dec 21 A H WOODILL.

SOMETHING NEW.
SOMETHING GOOD.
HERE IT IS:

Woodill's Soothing Syrup,
For Children Cutting Teeth.

A Certain, Safe, and Effectual Remedy against Suffering.

During Dentition the infant is especially liable to disease—the irritation produced by the growing tooth always giving rise to more or less *Constitutional Disturbance.*

The process of *Teething* is not only in itself liable to irregularities, but it is the fertile source of many dangers, and often excites to active disease previously dormant. This Syrup will be found to facilitate dentition, by softening the gums and reducing all inflamation, it will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and will regulate the Natural Actions, after which the child will eat well and sleep well, and the most dangerous period of life pass with little or no uneasiness.

The symptoms of Teething are so well known as scarcely to require mention. Among the most common, however, might be mentioned—

Diarrhœa, cough, startings in the sleep, sudden screaming, convulsions, eruptions on face and neck; the face often flushes, and occasionally spasms of the different muscles occur.

The timely use of this Syrup will give certain relief. Prepared by
A. H. WOODILL,
ap20 City Drug Store, Halifax.

LANGLEY'S PILLS.

ARE a purely Vegetable preparation, and may be taken at any time by either sex without fear or danger, as they are free from all deleterious compounds of *mercury* and Drastic Purgatives. Their action is gentle, without causing the least uneasiness, yet effectual in removing all impure and acrimonious accumulations from the blood and system, gradually compelling the various functions of the body to act in a regular and spontaneous manner. Unlike many remedies, they do not induce liability to take cold nor establish a necessity for the habitual use of purgatives. They thus strongly recommend themselves as a first class FAMILY MEDICINE.

Sold by GEO. JOHNSTON, London Drug Store, 148 Hollis street. March 16.

A PORTABLE
SEA WATER BATH.
At a Trifling Cost.

Allgood & Towl's Celebrated
SEA SALT.

This Salt, from the careful manner in which it has been prepared and preserved, contains all the Salts of Iodine and Bromine, together with the Chlorides and Sulphates of Sodium, Magnesium, Potassium and Lime, in a perfect state of preservation, ready to impart their virtues to water when dissolved in that liquid, thereby producing a genuine

Sea Water Bath!

Medical men have heretofore refrained from prescribing Sea Bathing, owing to the danger incurred (even in summer) by exposing delicate patients to the drafts of common bathing houses, and in the winter the trouble in obtaining sea water. Those difficulties are now removed by the introduction of

Allgood's Real Sea Salt,

which enables all to enjoy that luxury in the privacy of their own bath rooms.

Experience has proved sea water to be an invaluable strengthener for infants and invalids; and also for preserving the health of those who already enjoy that inestimable blessing

The Salt is especially recommended to those living in the interior, where salt water cannot be obtained.

Done up in seven pound packages at 1s 3d. A large discount to wholesale buyers.

M. F. EAGAR,
151 Hollis street, Halifax, N.S, Wholesale Agent for North America.

☞ Sub-agents wanted in every town and village. Address M. F Eagar, 151 Hollis street, Halifax, N. S. March 30

Country Produce Depot.

S. J. COLAHAN,

WISHES to inform his Country Customer that in addition to his large stock of

DRY GOODS
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Rubber Boots and Shoes Hoop Skirts, &c., &c.
He has added a large stock of STAPLE

GROCERIES,

Selected especially for the Country Trade, and can now supply the best article of Tea, Coffee, Sugar Molasses, Flour, Leather, Tobacco, Dry Fish and Herring, etc., etc., at the lowest Cash prices, or in trade for Country Produce, on the same terms.

☞ Remember the One Price Stores,
197 and 208 Barrington Street, Halifax, N. S.
☞ Near Cody's Country Market.
March 18. 1m

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
COUGHS AND COLDS

A neglected Cough, Cold or Irritated or Sore Throat, if allowed to progress, results in serious Pulmonary Bronchial and Asthmatic Diseases, oftentimes incurable Brown's Bronchial Troches reach directly the affected parts, and give almost immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and consumptive Coughs, the Troches are useful Public speakers and singers should have the Trochesto clear and strengthen the Voice Military Officers and Soldiers who overtax the voice and are exposed to sudden changes should use them. Obtain only the genuine "Brown's Bronchial Troches," having proved their efficacy by a test of many years are highly recommended and prescribed by physicians, and have received testimonials from many eminent men.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine at 25 cts perbox.

NOTICE.
To Housekeepers.

THE subscribers have just received 253 bls ex Canda and superfine FLOUR, some choice brands, those in want will do well to give us a call. Our

Half-Dollar Tea

Is at the present time well worthy of special attention; for fine flavour, strength and economy it is the best and cheapest TEA in the City, try it.

ALSO ON HAND.—A large and varied assortment of

First Class Groceries.

Which has been selected with great care expressly for this market. A few chests Tea, of high grade, such as are used by the Nobility of England, for sale, retail, at 3s 6d per lb. Observe the address.
205 *Barrington and* 15 *Brunswick Streets.*
H. WETHERBY & CO.
May 25.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at the Wesleyan Book Room.

BAPTISM,

ITS NATURE AND SUBJECTS.

BEING the substance of the Arguments generally used by *PEDO BAPTISTS.* Abridged from the writings of eminent Divines.

BY THE REV. ANDREW GRAY.

This compilation will be valued by many who cannot afford to procure larger treatises upon this topic.

Price—Single copies 10 cents, 12 copies $1, 100 copies $7. *April 13.*

CONSUMPTION.

That [illegible] is not Incurable.

[illegible] Williamson of Black River Centre, New York after being cured of Consumption in its last form by an English doctor, obtained from the doctor the receipts and now offers to the suffering a remedy that will cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all affections of the Lungs. Many have already proved it a cure.

TESTIMONIALS.

From Rev. L. D. Stebbins,—Having been suffering from a severe lung difficulty, attended with a cough and spitting of blood, and having tried many medicines for [illegible] years, I finally used the Pulmonic Mixture, Lozenges and Pills of Rev. W. Harrison, Rio [illegible] Cayuga, N. Y., and received entire relief. I now enjoy the best health I have had for years past. W. [illegible] for Consumption, Bronchitis and Catarrh.
L. D. STEBBINS, Pastor of the M. E. Church of Goldman Station, Cayuga Co. N. Y. [illegible] 1863.

From Rev. Geo. G. Bingham, D. D. Methodist, N. Y.—*Rio Rio, Rio*—I recommend your medicines as the best I have ever used for the relief of symptoms. GEO. G. BINGHAM.

These Medicines, including a Mixture, Lozenges and Pills, are sold for a dollar per package, and can be sent through the Post Office by Mr. McMurray, Wolfville, Kings County, Nova Scotia, or Rio Rio, Halifax N. S. Orders accompanied by the cash, will receive prompt attention.

From Rev. Robert Finney,