

POOR DOCUMENT MAY 2 1904

THE STAR, ST JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14 1909

FIVE

THINGS YOU NEED

Arch Supports, \$1.75 a pair
Union Protectors, 50c each
Corn Plasters, 25c package
Polishing Mitts, 10c, 15c and 25c
Shoe Trees, 75c a pair
Wild Silk Laces, 15c and 25c
Foot Powder, 10c package
Knee Protectors, 35c
Heel Protectors, 20c
Heel Cushions, 25c
Tan Polishers, 10c and 25c
Ox-Blood Polish, 10c and 25c
Black Polishers, 10c and 25c
Black Paste, 10c, 15c and 25c
Tan Paste, 10c and 25c
White Polishers, 10c, 15c and 25c

WATERBURY & RISING

KING STREET UNION STREET

Cheap Wall Papers

Pretty Patterns and Colors from 5c roll up
Floor Oilcloths, New Designs 25c yard
Oilcloths for Stairs, Tables and Shelves

Home Journal | Wetmore, Garden St. | P.C. Corsets
Patterns | 50c, 75c, 1.00

YOUR SPRING SUIT

WE are showing some splendid, dressy, finely tailored
SUITS ready to put on. SEE OUR WINDOW.
PRICES \$10 UP | W. J. HIGGINS & CO.
The Tailors, 182 Union St.

Summer Houses

Give us your specifications and we will place the entire building
material on cars or boats at short notice.

HAMILTON & GAY

Phone Main 211. WOODWORKERS. St. John, N. B.

A Splendid Showing of Spring Underwear

We have this season added many new lines to our underwear
stock. We are now ready to show you the most complete
stock in the city. Fancy Merino 50c and 75c per garment.
Fancy Balbriggan 55c and 60c per garment. All wool under-
wear 75c, 1.00, 1.25 per garment.

C. MAGNUSSON & CO.,

73 Dock Street
St. John, N. B.
The Cash Clothing Store.

ROMANCE OF GREAT GOLDFIELDS

There is an especial fascination in connection with the gaining of gold which surpasses that of all other kinds of metals. One surprising fact in connection with gold is that the early discoverers rarely benefited greatly; it was usually late comers who reaped the benefit.

In the middle of the nineteenth century a Mr. Marshall decided to make alterations at his saw-mill on a river in California by widening the tail-race of the mill. As a consequence a mass of sand and gravel was disturbed. The next morning while walking along the bank he happened to notice a number of shining objects, but he paid no attention to them. Simply to while away the time, however, he later picked up one of the glittering fragments, and to his astonishment found that it was a thin slice of pure gold.

He picked up a number of the objects and found that undoubtedly they consisted of gold. These he imagined had been buried by some of the earlier mysterious tribes, ruins of whose cities and temples still are scattered in the solitary wild. Further investigations, however, proved that the whole of the soil was auriferous.

He mentioned his discovery to a neighbor. Soon the two men had collected a considerable quantity of the precious metal. They soon discovered that gold was abundant over the whole of the river course, and in the dried up gulches and creeks which led into it. Nuggets of gold could be picked out of the dry gorges with a penknife. Some of the mill hands, however, suspected that something was in the wind and dogged the footsteps of the two men, with the result that in a very few hours the secret of the find became public property, and the great gold-fever thousands.

The discovery of gold in Australia was far more remarkable. A convict, while at work in New South Wales, one day came across a small nugget of gold. When he was questioned, however, he could not point out the spot where he had found it, with the result that he was charged with melting down a gold watch, for which alleged crime he was awarded one hundred and fifty lashes.

After this time small quantities of gold were found, but in every case the discoverer was regarded with suspicion, being considered to be a robber, and so it was not until the discovery of gold in California that mining first began in the colony. When the rush began, whole streets in Sydney were deserted and business came to a standstill owing to the fact that all the servants and assistants vanished through the Blue Mountains.

Soon other gold discoveries were made in Australia, with the result that the towns were drained of their males. In the case of California men were willing to pay large sums of gold dust for the opportunity of gleaning at a woman through the cracks of a shanty. In Georgia, however, the women crowded to the doors whenever a male passed through the town, as men were so rare as to become curiosities. That town in four months lost nearly three-quarters of its inhabitants.

The Australian fields differed from all other gold fields owing to the size of the nuggets of pure gold which were found. An aborigine began playing with a glittering substance which turned out to be a mass of gold weighing 10 1/2

lbs., and having a value of over \$20,000.

Actually gold could be picked up from the surface, one party of five men obtaining \$25,000 of gold in eight hours. Considerably larger nuggets than these were found. For instance, the Welcome Stranger nugget weighed 2,283 ozs., and another nugget was sold for \$25,500.

According to legend one of the principal West Australian fields was discovered owing to a boy picking up a stone to throw at a cow. It was found that this stone contained gold, and the fact was reported to the warden. The official immediately telegraphed to the Governor of the Colony that a boy had picked up a stone to throw at a cow in the excitement of the moment however, he omitted to state that the stone contained gold. The astonished Governor thereupon wired back, "Yes, and what happened to the cow?" Now the goldfields in Western Australia occupy an area eight times that of England.

Possibly the most remarkable fields in the history of gold mining are those occurring in frozen North America. In the case of every other gold-field the original discoverers fared about the worst owing to the fact that the news became at once public and attracted vast hordes of adventurers.

The men who first discovered gold in the Yukon had no competitors for months owing to the isolated position of the fields, and the enormous difficulties of reaching them. In fact, the news of the discovery did not leak out until the original discoverers had taken all the gold they wanted, and had come back to civilization on weary men. At the time of the discovery the district was practically unknown territory containing only a handful of inhabitants.

Take the case of the discovery on the Bonanza Creek of the Klondike River. The discoverer and the 100 inhabitants of Forty-Mile had the richest known gold deposits in the world to themselves for many months, and accordingly made astonishing fortunes. A barman in the town was too idle to go to the top of the creek so he turned side into a smaller creek close at hand. Astonishing as the fact is, he made \$100,000 out of the gold he won.

The districts round about were simply a mass of gold deposits, containing gold-sand nuggets. Throughout the whole of the winter the miners turned up the "pay dirt," and then when the spring came set out to wash it, and not one of the claims proved valuable.

When the first batch of the miners reached San Francisco by boat, they carried the dust in every imaginable article from canvas bags to jam jars covered with writing paper. The result was an enormous rush which, as in the case of every rush, ended in disappointment for the majority of treasure seekers.

One remarkable fact regarding the Canadian goldfields, however, was the lack of violence and lawlessness which the people trusted each other to such an extent that when a purchaser entered a store he brought his gold dust upon the counter, and turned his back while it was being weighed, as it would have been an insult to the store-keeper to doubt his honesty by watching the weighing process.

Gold was not discovered in the famous Witwatersrand district of South Africa until 1886, Johannesburg springing into existence the next year. The history of these goldfields singularly prosaically proved the old adage, "It occurs in reefs and therefore it was out of the question for individual men to pick up fortunes."

The Rand gold mines have to be worked by means of corporations possessing a large capital, mining being carried on in much the same way that coal is mined in this country. The gold is found in strata, and some of the kind of sandwhich, and some of the reefs dip to great depths. It is believed that each mile length in the central section of the Rand bears gold of the enormous value of \$300,000,000.

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce has just brought out a new form of Travellers' Check which will surely prove very popular among tourists and travellers. These are issued for the sums of \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50, \$100, and \$200, and are cashed by banks, hotels, etc., in practically every country of the civilized world. All over Canada and the United States the face amount in dollars is payable without deduction. In Great Britain and Europe the amount of foreign money which can be obtained for them is stated on the face, and disputes as to overcharge or exactness can be obtained at any office of the Bank.

NEW AMATEUR HEAVY-WEIGHT CHAMPION

COURT OF ARBITRATION

The Court of Arbitration effected a settlement of the dispute between the International Railway and the New Brunswick Lands Company which met yesterday afternoon.

An adjournment was taken until May 25, when the evidence will be concluded and the award made. There were present yesterday Henry Hilyard and Senator Costigan as arbitrators with J. M. Stovell and T. B. Carvell, representing the Railway Company and Colonel McLean the Lands Company.

Mr. Amos Sawyer, Gold River, N.S., writes:—"I was greatly troubled with dyspepsia, and after trying several doctors to no effect, I commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters, and I think it is the best medicine there is for that complaint."

For Sale at all Druggists and Dealers.

WESTERN ABORIGINES.

Traces of an Ancient Race Have Been Found in Iowa.

There are few sections of the United States which would repay so thoroughly careful archaeological study as the region comprised within the bound-ary lines of Harrison County, Iowa. During an excursion by the writer, made possible through the courtesy of Chas. L. Crow and Dr. C. S. Kennedy, of Logan, the county seat of Harrison County, during which more than thirty miles of country was covered, I saw some remarkable evidences of the peopling of that section by that race whose culture, judging by their handicraft left behind, proves them to be very far advanced toward civilization.

When I examined the earthwork I found it somewhat circular in form, 40 feet in diameter at its base, rising to a height of approximately fourteen feet. Dr. Kennedy told me that a score of years ago it was fully twenty-five feet high. This earthwork is located on the south half of the south-east quarter of section 4, range 78, Jefferson township, on the flood plain of Six Mile creek. There seemed a possibility that the mound might have originally been a spur of land running from a neighboring ridge cut off from the main portion by some sudden rise of the creek, but as the ridge runs in a direction parallel with the mound this theory seemed untenable.

It was difficult to imagine any primitive people performing such a vast amount of labor as must have been expended in erecting the mound or in excavating all over the surface, and the flood plain, subject to the washing of the stream at high water. Today the mound is a grassy hill, and the surrounding country is a rich, fertile farm land. The mound is a compact mass filled with the refuse of an Indian village. Broken shells and implements, chips of flint and innumerable unio shells are scattered in profusion all over the surface, and the deeper the plowshare enters the ground the more liberal is the supply of material. The mound is situated in an adjacent lot in its unmoved condition and must have been deposited where it was found today by human agency.

Dr. Kennedy is authority for the statement that a great quantity of the mound, including calcined human bones, has been removed from the surface, to facilitate cultivation in years past. He says the mound is the result of excessive plowing was far more isolated from the nearest ridge than it is today.

In the little city of Woodbine is a mound which forms a conspicuous figure of the landscape. It is about 35 feet high and 300 feet in diameter. The mound is situated on the east side of the city's water standpipe. I was told that when the foundation of the pipe was excavated, the face of the mound appeared to be a mixture of flint chips, stone slabs and shells as in the Kennedy mound. Many remains of Woodbine Indians have been found in the mound, and the mound is an artificial one.

There are several other mounds in Harrison County, all of which show evidence in shape and size, of being of the same age. In Calhoun township are six mounds in a row, in Magnolia township are ten, and in the Calhoun mounds, are similar in form, size and distance from each other, located so as to command a large portion of the country surrounding. In Pleasant township are two mounds. Still further north, a mile from Pleasant, is a row of three mounds 30 feet high, with a base diameter of 100 feet. Where a row of several mounds occurs, they are on a true line north and south as if placed with the aid of a solar compass.

On page 61 of Smith's History of Harrison County appears the following account of the discovery of a curious oven:

"In place these mounds are located P. R. Shupe, who resides adjoining the farm of Mr. Lockin, in the spring of 1885, while engaged in the fields of Mr. Lockin at a locality

where W. C. Cross, G. E. Harbour and G. A. Henderson.

Mr. J. Smith gave notice of proposed amendments to the constitution to be presented at the annual meeting.

A very successful concert under the auspices of the Mission Band was held in the vestry of the Ludlow street church last evening. In connection with the concert there was a sale of home-made candy, and a good sum was realized.

The following excellent programme was carried out: Recitation, Fred Duhamel, solo, Evelyn Allan, exercise, Miss Cox Collection seven little girls; recitation, Jessie Ogier; solo, Francis Langley, exercise, Esther Bell, twelve girls; recitation, Vida Beatrice; piano solo, Muriel Stewart; piano duet, Misses Merin Lund and Freda Britain. God Save the King.

JOE MARTIN NOMINATED

LONDON, April 12.—Joseph Martin, ex-premier of British Columbia, has been nominated as the Liberal candidate for the Stratford-on-Avon vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the resignation of Malcolm Kincaid Smith.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE OF PIANOS AND ORGANS

The greatest bargain in high grade, new, and good used Pianos, piano players, and Organs ever offered in St. John. Don't fail to take advantage of this Clearance Sale. Owing to important changes that we expect to make in our business in about two Weeks, a large amount of this Stock must be cleared out at once.

Pianos, Organs, Talking Machines.

Violins and All Kinds of Musical Instruments.

Cash or Easy Terms

W. H. Johnson Co., Ltd.,

7 Market Square.

St. John, N. B.

WILL INSPECT SALOONS FIRST

Granting of the liquor licenses in the city from the list of applications received was deferred yesterday afternoon by the commissioners until an inspection has been made of the premises of the liquor dealers.

The commissioners of the city met in the Inspector's office, Justice building, Prince William street, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The attendance was not as large as on former occasions, probably owing to the fact that there had been no formal protest entered against any of the applicants for licenses. There were several visitors, however, present, including Dr. A. W. Scholfield and Charles McLaughlin. The two last named gentlemen appeared as representatives of the trustees of the Mission Chapel, Paradise Row.

Mr. Scholfield, as spokesman, said that perhaps he was not properly before the board in the matter which he proposed to bring up, not having served on the members of the board a notice of protest, as called for by the act-and which is required to be lodged with the Inspector at least four days before the meeting of the board to consider the applications. But he thought in view of the fact that it was a lady who came under the notice of the trustees that a license was being sought for in the neighborhood of the church, that the board might not withstanding such oversight or neglect on their part to file the protest, give the matter due consideration.

Particularly what the trustees objected to was the addition of any more taverns.

Dr. MacRae, in reply on behalf of Mr. A. Harding, said that the reason Mr. Harding was applying for the premises, No. 3 Paradise row, was solely because Mr. Harding was unable to adapt his present premises to satisfy the requirements of the law. Should Mr. Harding be given a license, this would in no way add to the number in the neighborhood now.

Mr. Harding was satisfied with the explanation of the matter and withdrew from the meeting.

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt pours a stream of electric life into your nerves while you sleep, and these conduct the force to every organ and tissue of your body, giving health and strength to every part. It removes the cause of disease, and when the cause is removed Nature will restore health.

The only sensation is a soothing glow. A perfectly perfected myo-appliance so that it conveys a stream of electric life direct to the part that is ailing, so that the great force of current goes where it is needed and none is wasted.

Dear Sir:—I have used your Belt for a few months now, and it has done a lot for me, more than all the doctors medicine. I have taken, and I tried several different ones for about a year. I don't think you can recommend your Belt too highly, and I will recommend it to any person in need of it.

I GIVE IT FREE.

Get my 80-page book, describing my treatment and with illustrations of fully developed men and women, showing how it is applied. This book tells in plain language many things you want to know, and gives a lot of good, wholesome advice for men.

If you can't call, I'll send this book, prepaid, free, if you will inclose this coupon.

Consultation free. Office hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Wednesday and Saturday until 8.30 p.m.

How to Avoid Sea Sickness

Take along a box of Mother's Sea and Train Sick Remedy. It has recently been thoroughly tested on English and Irish Channels and found absolutely reliable. Recommended editorially by such papers as London Daily Express, New York Herald, Montreal Herald, and the press generally in Great Britain. Write for booklet and press notices. For sale at all first-class druggists. Guaranteed perfectly harmless to the most delicate.

MOTHER'S SEA AND TRAIN SICK REMEDY, CO., 201

Cleveland Bldg., Detroit, Michigan.

For sale and recommended in St. John by A. Chipman Smith, G. A. Moore, Royal Pharmacy, and G. A. Niecker.

The S. Hayward Co., quinquatda bowled superior to the McLaughlin, King Street Store team last evening in the Commercial League on Black's Alley, defeating them by a score of 153 to 151. Law and Sullivan bowled the highest for the winners, while Stubbs starred for the losers.

TAKE A DOSE OF NATURE'S MEDICINE

Throw away your half filled bottles of dose and poison, your patent "doctors" concoctions. You know they haven't done you any good, and that they have done all harm as the result of filling it with these poisons. You know they have weakened your nerves and taken the life out of your blood.

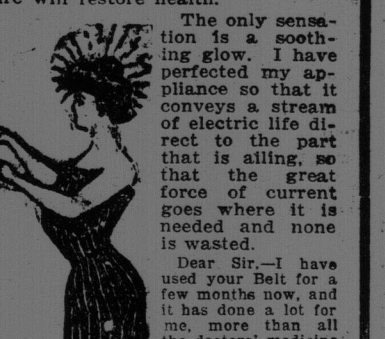
Get back to Nature. Consider how she cures and gives her assistance. Nature will cure you if she has the power. This power is electricity. That's because electricity supplies nourishment, strength to the body. Drugs destroy, tear down, because they contain poison instead of nourishment. Of course poison will ease pain. Why? Because it paralyzes the nerves.

The nerves are delicate wires that once a nerve is paralyzed, if you poison your nerves with drugs you can't feel the pain until the stupor wears off. Then the pain comes back and you have to repeat the dose until Nature removes the cause.

If you have a pain in your back you can stop it for a few hours by stimulating the nerves with poisonous drugs. But to cure that pain you have got to remove the cause. That pain is sometimes caused by a twisted vertebra. So make you see that to remove the cause you must restore the kidneys to a healthy condition.

The reason the kidneys, liver, stomach or other organs become weak or debilitated is because they lack electricity. This must be restored, either artificially or by Nature, before they can do their work properly.

Weakness in men is caused by an exhaustion of electricity. Get back that force and you will have your strength.



Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt pours a stream of electric life into your nerves while you sleep, and these conduct the force to every organ and tissue of your body, giving health and strength to every part. It removes the cause of disease, and when the cause is removed Nature will restore health.

The only sensation is a soothing glow. A perfectly perfected myo-appliance so that it conveys a stream of electric life direct to the part that is ailing, so that the great force of current goes where it is needed and none is wasted.

Dear Sir:—I have used your Belt for a few months now, and it has done a lot for me, more than all the doctors medicine. I have taken, and I tried several different ones for about a year. I don't think you can recommend your Belt too highly, and I will recommend it to any person in need of it.

I GIVE IT FREE.

Get my 80-page book, describing my treatment and with illustrations of fully developed men and women, showing how it is applied. This book tells in plain language many things you want to know, and gives a lot of good, wholesome advice for men.

If you can't call, I'll send this book, prepaid, free, if you will inclose this coupon.

Consultation free. Office hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Wednesday and Saturday until 8.30 p.m.

M. A. McLAUGHLIN,
214 St. James St., Montreal, Can.
Please send me your book free.
NAME
ADDRESS