VOL. 35.

THE RUSSIAN LOSS

Strong Positions at Motien

Pass on Sunday.

wounded in the attack on Motien pass on

the passes in the Fenchui mountain

movements and dispositions was, in gen-

eral, inadequate. According to some re-

TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION

Shoe Co. Ld. d Shoes, oots, Etc.

Shoe Co. Ld. aimo, B.C.,

r Co., Ltd.

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e I intend to make application to the lorable Chief. Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to cut and y away timber from the following debed lands: Commencing at a post plantabout 40 chains east from the north-t corner of George L. Boyd's location, are north 80 chains, thence east 10 ins, thence south 80 chains, thence west thains to point of commencement.

tice is hereby given that 30 days after
I intend to make application to the
orable Chief Commissioner of Lands
Works for a special license to cut and
y away timber from the following debed lands: Commencing at a stake
ted upon Mellish Point. about 3 miles h of Bear River, on the west side of e Inlet, thence west 80 chains, thence h 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence e Inlet, thence following the shore line out of commencement.

June, 1904.

ARTHUR BLACKMORE.

I intend to make application to the orable Chief Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to cut and y away timber from the following desed lands: Commencing at a post on the bank of river about 3 miles east the head of Orford Bay, on the east of Bute Inlet, thence south 80 chains, ce west 80 chains, thence east following bank of river olat of commencement.

June, 1904.

GEORGE L. BOYD.

tice is hereby given that 30 days after I intend to make application to the orable Chief Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to cut and away timber from the following deed lands: Commencing at a post planting the south bank of river, about 3 seast from the head of Orford Bay, he east side of Bute Inlet, thence south hains, thence east 80 chains, thence is 80 chains, thence to 80 chains, thence west 80 chains foling the river to point of commencement. June, 1904.

ARTHUR BLACKMORE. ARTHUR BLACKMORE.

tice is hereby given that 30 days after I intend to make application to the rable Chief Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to cut and away timber from the following deed lands: Commencing at a stake ted about one mile northwest from the twest corner of Francis Lye's location, ce south 110 chains, thence east 60 ms, thence north 110 chains, thence 60 chains to point of commencement. June, 1904.

LILLIAN LYE.

tice is hereby given that 30 days after I intend to make application to the rable Chief Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to cut and away timber from the following dedication and the commencing at a stake ed at the northwest corner of Lillian location, thence south 110 chains, he west 60 chains, thence north, 110 as, thence east 60 chains to point of encement.

GEORGE RAWDING.

lce is hereby given that 30 days after I intend to make application to the rable Chief Commissioner of Lands Works for a special license to cut and away timber from the following ded lands: Commencing at a stake ed about 20 chains south from the west corner of Richard Hilton's locations, thence south 80 chains, thence west corner of Richard Hilton's locatins, thence north 80 chains, unence 30 chains to point of commencement.

FIBANCIS M. BLACKMORE.

FRANCIS M. BLACKMORE.

Intend to make application to the rable Chief Commissioner of Lands Yorks for a special license to cut and away timber from the following ded lands: Commencing at a stake of the Homalko about one mile northwest from the west corner of Indian Reservation, e south 110 chains, thence east 60 to Indian Reserve, thence north the west line of the Indian Reserve, a along west shore of river to point mencement.

mencement. une, 1904.

ALFRED E. LYE. ce is hereby given that 30 days after I intend to make application to the able Chief Commissioner of Lands Yorks for a special license to cut and away timber from the following dediands: Commencing at a post plantout 40 chains west from the southorner of Arthur Blackmore's location, running south 110 chains, thene of the commence of

illage of Tsoudiaputse.

"After 34 shots had been fired from the third battery of the third brigade, which held the saddle to the south of

KOUROPATKIN PLACES IT AT ONE THOUSAND

greafly fatigued, having been over 15 hours on foot and fighting. The Japanese, He Reports, Occupied St. Petersburg, July 18.-Gen. Kouropatkin reports that Lieut.-Gen. Count

Gen. Kouropatkin preceded his repor Keller lost over 1,000 in killed and with a lengthy statement of skirmishes by patrols, which brings events up to The following dispatch from General Kouropatkin to the Emperor, dated July 17th, was given out to-night: "After the occupation by Gen. Kuroki's army of by patrols, which brings events up to July 16th. He does not mention any imoccupation by Gen. Kuroki's army of ment of which the Japanese fell back.

chain, our information concerning his BRITISH WARSHIPS

GONE TO ALEXANDRIA. London, July 19 .- The Daily Expres ports his army has been reinforced, and ports his army has been reinforced, and this morning prints the following dis-he had even extended his forces towards patch, dated July 18th, from its corre-Saimatszu. Other reports stated that a spondent at Malta: "The British Medidisplacement of his troops had been made terranean fleet left her to-day for Alexdisplacement of his troops had been made in the direction of Ta pass and Siuyen. There were even indications that Kuroki had transferred his headquarters from the presence of the Russian volunteer fleet steamers in the Red Sea. The Brit-

The Daily Mail's Aden correspondent

Gen. Count Keller had been instructed not to start with the object of capturing the pass, but to act according to the strength of the force that he would had opposed to him.

The Daily Mail's St. Fetersburg respondent says that two more steamers of the Russian volunteer flow wat Odessa, have received confidence in the feet Sea and the leaves the start with are alleged.

battalions with 12 guns, was destined to attack Siaokao pass, the highest summit, attack Siaokao pass, the highest summit, by the temple and Waftakin pass.

"The right column, one battalion strong, occupying points where the road leading to Sinkia and Lakho passes

St. Petersburg, July 18.—Russia does not foresee international complications on account of the passage of the volunteer fleet steamers through the Dardanelcross, in order to cover the right flank of Gen. Kashtalinsky's column. The general reserve was left at Akhavuen and a portion of the force occupied. eral reserve was left at Akhavuen and a portion of the force occupied a position at that place.

The serve was left at Akhavuen and a treaty of Paris, in seeking to close the Black Sea to the ingress and egress of Russian warships, evidently did not expectation.

"The head of the column advanced from Ikhavuan, At 11 o'clock a bat-talion of the second dislodged the Jap-the Dardanelles as warships, but as anese outpost at the point of the bayonet at the crossing of the Lakho and Sinkia roads. The details of this engagement have not yet been verified, but its general course, according to telegrams sent in by Gen. Keller, were as ment. With their subsequent conversion of follows. Device the close of the partial sent and the conversion of the second distorder the partial sent and subsequent conversion.

Wafalkwan, a pass on the mountainous bluffs to the south, on the flank of Gen. Kashtalinsky's columns. From this position and from the crest of the moun tains to the east of the heights, sur mounted by the temple, the enemy directed a heavy artillery and rifle fire.

"Gen. Kashtalinsky advanced to oc

turned to Ikhavuan.

"The Japanese advance was stopped above the valley of the Iantakhe river at a position occupied and maintained by us. In consequence of a sleepless night and the heat of the day, out troops were

"Our losses have not yet been exactly ascertained, but Gen. Keller reports that they exceed 1,000. The gallant 24th Regiment suffered most. General Keller especially mentions the activity, conrage and coolness shown-by its commanding officers. Colonel Koschitz was severely wounded in the leg, but remained in the ranks until the end of the

Tskaakhekan to Touinpu.

"On the strength of this information received and on the basis of reconnaissances which had been made, the Britain."

left steamers in the Red Sea. The Britain culture of the curier Terrible is said to have sailed from Suez to-day for the purpose of looking after the interests of Great Britain."

hypothesis was formed that the forces hypothesis was formed that the forces of the enemy were concentrated around Lianshanki with advanced guards strengthening the passes of Siaokio, Wankawan, Sonkia, Lakho and Papau, as well as at Sybery pass, two and a half miles north of the road, and half the height of Siaokao pass.

"On July 17th in order to determine" the height of Siaokao pass.

"On July 17th, in order to determine Port Said that he would seize any Bri the strength of the enemy, it was de ish steamers bound for the East if their cided to advance against his position in papers were not clearly shown on their e direction of Laishankiwan. Lieut.the direction of Laishankiwan. Lieut.

Gen. Count Keller had been instructed

The Daily Mail's St. Petersburg cor-

opposed to him.

"The left column of this expeditionary force, consisting of three horts."

"In left column of this expeditionary to seize British vessels which are alleged to be carrying contratant or war.

"In left column of this expeditionary to seize British vessels which are alleged be carrying contratant or war.

"In left column of this expeditionary to seize British vessels which are alleged be carrying contratant or war.

"RUSSIA BELIEVES SHE

IS WITHIN RIGHTS. the right or sups to several course, according to teleparams sent in by Gen. Keller, were as follows: During the night the Japanese had evacuated Siaokao pass and the heights surmounted by the temple, leaving only ourselves there. Gen. Kashtalinsky's columns occupied these passes, driving back the Japanese advance driving back the Japanese driving back the Japanese driving back the British advanced by the driving back the Japanese driving back the Japa "At 5.30 o'clock on the morning of July 17th, the Japanese, in considerable in order to ascertain whether the comand with numerous guns, occupied | mander of the St. Petersburg in the case exceeded his powers.

INSTRUCTIONS TO

CORRESPONDENTS St. Petersburg, July 18.-Copies of supplementary regulations for the gov-ernment of foreign newspapers' corres-pondents at the front, dated Mukden, July 10th, have arrived here. They re-

The second

tery was brought into position in the Wangsi, the French government has Yansee pass, the Japanese battery was finally reduced to silence. The fight ceased at 3 p.m., and the itroops re-

> LACK OF NEWS AT PORT OF CHEFOO.

Chefoo, July 18 .- No craft has arrived here from Port-Arthur for several days past. The Japanese consul at this port has not received any information of any was informed that such was the purpose nature for four days. The storm which of the admiralty. has prevailed for the last two days is

FINAL ASSAULT IS SOON EXPECTED.

Chefoo, July 18 .- No news whatever has come out from Port Arthur recently, but the belief that the final assault will be this week is growing. Newspaper

JAPANESE SHOWED

THEIR SUPERIORITY. Gen. Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, via Fusan, July 18.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The Russian force enransmission.)—The Russian force engaged in yesterday's battle at Motien Pass consisted of more men than have been engaged in any previous battle since the battle of the Yalu, while opposed to them were only one brigade and one battalion of the Japanese forces. The Russian bases are estimated at The Russian losses are estimated at 2,000. The burial of the dead continu

The Japanese casualties aggregated 300. The engagement has conspicuously demonstrated the wonderful efficiency of the Japanese infantry. They proved in-comparably the better marksmen, with more initiative, and they outfought and outgeneraled the Russians on every

CONFIDENT THEY CAN

WITHSTAND SIEGE. Mukden, July 19.-A letter received here from Port Arthur shows that the besieged have implicit confidence in the ability of Lieut. Gen. Stoessel to keep out the Japanese. The writer says:
"Lieut.-Gem. Stoessel's certainty of victory has imparted equal confidence to all
the troops and inhabitants. Major-Gen.

Fock government of the pressure or in Japanese at our advance positions, and the siege will drag on for a long time. Gen. Kondratteff is adding the property of the property o to the fortifications of Port Arthur, making them stronger daily. On hills previously considered impossible to fortify, batteries and entrenchments have now been constructed and guns of both large

CHINESE STEAMER Shanghai, July 19:-The British steamer Lien Shing, which armived bere from Wei Hai Wei to-day, reports that she was signalled by the steamer Pei Ping, owned by the Chinese Engineering BRITISH FLEET

TO WATCH RUSSIA.

London, July 19.-5.35 p.m. The for statement that Great Brifain has informed Germany of the dispatch of a British fleet to Alexandria with the intention of checking Russian integalities in the Red Sea. The foreign office also says there is no foundation for the belief

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1904.

ever, be outfitted as commerce destroyers, and six weeks ago the Associated Press

DRAWING NEARER TO NEWCHWANG.

Tientsin, July 19 .- About 1,500 Russian troops returned to Newchwang on Monday night. The Japanese forces are reported to be six miles distant. The Russian gunboat Sivoutch is now high and dry in the upper reaches of the

AGENT PREVENTED

FROM GOING ON BOARD. Suez, July 19. — The Peninsular & Oriental Company's steamer Malacca, captured by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg in the Red Sea, while bound for Japan, entered the canal to-day on her way to Libau, on the Baltic. The company's agent attempted to board the vessel, but the Rusturned to the Baltic.

SEIZURE REGARDED

AS SERIOUS AFFAIR. London, July 19 .- In British official circles the recent seizure and overhauling of British ships in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamers. Smolensk and St. Petersburg, are regarded as very grave international incidents. The seizure of the Peninsular & Oriental steamer Malacca by the St. Petersburg, and the arrival in the Suez canal as a prize of war on her way to Libau, on the Baltic, has come as a climax, and the Baltic, has come as a climax, and the cabinet to-day is considering the course to pursue. The British law officers acknowledge the right of the Russians to seize and detain mails, provided that only official communications are taken, but they take the most serious view of the status of the two Russian ships the status of the two Russian ships patrolling the Red Sea, and if any official action or protest ensues it will be chiefly in regard to the passage of these east while merchant ships through the boundanelles and their subsequent transformation into ships of war.

PRIZE CREW IN

HAS BEEN REPORTED.

London, July 19.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Mail, in a dispatch dated July 18th, says: "A Russian cruiser has just passed through the call action or protest ensues it will be chiefly in regard to the passage of these east while merchant ships through the pointed also thet an engagement began simultaneously at Taitchekko, from which the Japanese for some days had been only six miles distant.

The Associated Press correspondent of the Russian cruiser has just passed through the canvas on her deck. She also carried to the Suz canal correspondent of the Daily Mail, under date of July 19th, was in the height of GREAT BRITAIN.

nd of Russian naval offic ries a prize crew from the volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg. The Mulacca will pass through the canal.

IS TURKEY NOW THE

ALLX OF RUSSIA? London, July 19.—In. official circles strong comment is made in regard to Rus-sia's policy in this matter. It is regarded as impossible that the commanders of the Smolensk and St. Petersbung were given full power, and the officials, there-fore, are inclined to the grave conclusion that the Russian government gave implicit instructions to the two commanders. The effect on the stock eachings to-day was seen in a heavy fall in con-

to day was seen in a heavy failt in con-sols and other gilt-edged securities on fears of international complication.

The danger and difficulties of the situation are being commental upon in the newspapers, which are practically unanimous in denouncing: the "dubious and inregular character" of the wolunteer "If their actions are proved, as we be-

lieve, to be those of vulgan fillimsters," says the St. James Gazetta, "they must be necalled by Russia or the skull and cross bones must be rum up, and they will be fired upon whenever sighted."

Another element adding to the dangers of the situation is the antitude Japan

Wangsi, the French government has threatened to land troops and put it down. The Chinese government is much perturbed in consequence. A feeling prevails in Tientsin that the Japanese have suffered a terrible reverse at Port Arthur. If they have not, it can be sufficiently as a possible to the sum of the mails yes terday was made without instructions infantry and a squadron of cavalry as suffered a terrible reverse at Port Arthur. If they have not, it is thought that the Japanese of the sum of the sum

in the Red Sea to search for contraband of war would not give rise to international of infantry and a company of engineers complications is being superseded by the impression that, instigated by Great Britain, it will at least to an interchange of views between the powers signatory to the treaty of Paris regarding the status of the remaining ships of the valunteer fleet now.

As a forcible reminder of what stopping British ships involves, it is likely that enumerate the troops captured. He esti-Great Britain's preliminary move may be mates the Russian losses as exceeding the presentation of claims for demurrage addition to the claims for the ship stopped RUSSIANS ADVANCED by the Smolensk and St. Petersburg, it is not improbable that claims may also be presented for ships detained at Port Arthur at the opening of the war and for those held in the Red Sea by Admiral

DENIAL COMES FROM Berlin, July 19.-The foreign office denies the report circulated by a news agency that Great Britain has informed Germany that lantly advanced to the attack, and after

lately traversed the Feng Huang Cheng road, which was in the height of

quently there was a large call for Red ground that to allow more Rus Cross trains to proceed to Tattchekiae.

The activity of the Japanese in the northeast caused a wider dispersion of troops and the consequent movement of the centure of the strength a little further north in order to meet the Japanese demonstrations.

The foreign office informs the Associated Press that the seizure included mails and Italian baggage. The foreign

Tokio, July 19, 5 p. m.—The Russian attempt to retake Metien pass on July 17th was not productive of a general engagement, nor was it marked with serious loss. There was, however, a series of desperate small encounters. The Japanese guarded their positions about the pass with a company composed of one outpost. These men stubbornly resisted the Enssian advance and awaited the arrival of reinforcements. When these arrived they juined in the general

burg and the Orel, the latter now being fitted out as a hospital ship, only the Kherson, Saratoff and Moska have a speed of nineteen to twenty knots.

The other vessels of the fleet register about 13 knots. Some of the recent purchased trans-Atlantic liners might, however, he artificity the extension of the Russian piracy. The first impression in diplomatic circles here that the extension of the Russian interests and the Russian since of Russian interests and the Russian interests The first impression in diplomatic circles noon eight companies of Russian inhere that the action of the Russian volunteer fleet vessels in stopping neutral ships the Japanese position at Chiaton. The

> remaining ships of the volunteer neet now in the Black Sea. Thus the old question of the Dardanelles may again become the of the Dardanelles may again become the and 39 men killed, and 15 officers and 200 men wounded. The casualties Siberian sharpshooters, and an infantry with the commander of the British gundivision. The Japanese lost four officers boat Hussar while passing out of the all occurred in the second division. General Kuroki mentioned, but he does not

UNDER COVER OF FOG.

London, July 19.—The Morning Post's correspondent at General Kuroki's headquarters, telegraphing under date of July 17th, says: "A Russian force, apparently about 20,000 strong, attacked the front and left of the Japanese position." COMES FROM

GERMAN QUARTER.

tions on the western slope of the Motien
pass at 2 a.m. to-day under cover of a dense fog. The sudden onslaught drove in the Japanese posts, but as soon as reshe is sending a squadron to check Russian irregularities in the Red Sea.

Russia has not yet answered the German protest against the seizure of the mails of the Prinz Heinrich by the Smolensk, but the foreign office is confident of a disavowal of the action of the commander of

ANOTHER SEIZURE

Suez, July 19.—The Peninsular and Oriental steamer Malacca, captured in the Red Sea, has arrived here flying the Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command of Russian naval flag. She is now in command to the flag of the

the centure of this strength a little further north in order to meet the Japanese demonstrations.

A Cossack report of an examination of the Japanese camp shows that the Japanese troops are suffering from dysentery, which new is at its worst stage.

On account of the Japanese preparations the rainy season have become the subject of mathematikal interest.

RUSSIANS ATTEMPTED

The foreign office informs the Associated Press that the seizure included mails and Italian baggage. The foreign office points out that the diplomatic situation creatment by Germany and Great Britain, since the acts of the Russian vessels toward each counting its too different. Germany is conducting her case independently of Great Britain. The officials say that much more excitement prevails in the country than when Great Britain seized two German vessels during the Boer war. TO RETAKE PASS: German vessels during the Boer war.
Nevertheless the officials emphasize the

> Russia's treatment. The newspapers refer bitterly to Russia's action as specially ungrateful, since Germany allowed her to leave her western frontier practically unprotected against the Japanese.

LONDON PRESS DEMANDS

The National property and the residual property of the propert

BETWEEN WARSHIPS.

London, July 20.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Morning Post says that the commander of the Russian guardship Chernomoretz, which passed through the Bosphorus from the Black Sea last Sunday morning, had a parley Bosphorus, and that the Hussar's com-mander has reported the conversation to the British ambassador at Constanti

The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says it is now stated that the Russian guardship Chernomoretz has gone to relieve a gunboat at the Piraeus. Other powers effect the relief of their guardships by sending vessels here to meet them. The correspondent continues: "The infractions of the treatics of Paris and London by the Smolensl and the St. Petersburg are causing astonishment. Only a month ago a British yacht was compelled to disembark two cannon before being allowed to pass through the Dardanelles."

MORE JAPANESE TROOPS ARE BEING LANDED.

London, July 20 .- The Daily Chronicle this morning prints a dispatch from its Yinkow correspondent, under date of July 19th, saying that the reinforcements for which Gen. Oku has been waiting are now being disembarked under the protection of seven Japanese cruisers. A fresh landing of troops, the dispatch says, is also being effected to the north of Port Arthur, and important events may be looked for this week.

ARMORED CRUISERS HAVE PASSED OUT TO SEA.

eruisers Rossia, Rurik and Gromoboi, of the Russian Vladivostock squadron, passed through the Tsugaru strait into the Pacific ocean to-day.

ADMIRAL TOGO IS WILL AND CONFIDENT.

London, July 20 .- The Standard's correspondent, who was on board the steamer Manchuria, says, under date of July 19th: "Vice-Admiral Togo met us on his flagship, the Mikasa. He is well and confident."

Chefco, July 19.—Chinese from Port Arthur report that the night before they left a Russian torpedo boat sank a merchant ship near Port Arthur mistaking agents of Hipsing say they believe the steamer has been lost.

statement that Germany cannot submit to JAPANESE PICKETS BEING SHOT DOWN.

Taitchekiao, July 19.—(Delayed in ransmission.)—All is quiet in this region. Neither side is moving. The only activity is at the outposts. The Russian sharpshooters are having good practice sniping the Japanese from the mountain sides. Small detachments creep out at night and steal up to the Japanese pickets in the darkness, hide themselves

ne, 1904. MAREL BLACKMORE