Major throwing down his forage cap, addressed us in the following words:

"Now, Gentlemen, you are aware that I command this regiment. (Here he sneered.) There is a matter that I would rather pass over, but I must call your attention to one fact,—as civilians you are civilians. I see before me a few gentlemen in your midst, a number of distinguished gentlemen; all the liberal professions are here represented; you are barbers, hostlers, barristers, doctors, bar-tenders and authors, (here he referred to me). I repeat, gentleman, you are all confoundedly clever men, in fact, dam clever men as civilians, but here you are NOT civilians. No, bang it, gentlemen, you are all under the mutiny act; and gentlemen, if you give me the smallest trouble, I will try every man jack of you by General Court Martial, I will by ——(here he wriggled his lips,) that is all gentlemen, thank you."

And now having got through my preface, I commence the story of my campaign. As I write I hear the fierce blast of the bugle, the rattle of the musketry, the shouts of the Frederictoners, and the anguish of the Woodstockers. Since we arrived at St. Andrews, on the Snoose, the weather has seemed to damp the military ardour, nor have our wonderful shells caused the expected flutter in the female breast; Jones lied to me about this. Attended by my orderly, I made the best of my way to my tent. It was not a large apartment, as arrangements had evidently been made by the designer to obtain the minimum of utility, combined with the maximum of discomfort. I found subsequently that it was fond of coming down bodily in a midnight storm. It was provided with holes looking like watch-pockets, admirably adapted for collecting and disseminating moisture in heavy drops. A bedstead constructed on the scissors pattern under the least encouragement collapsed under you, a chair warranted to come to pieces at a moments notice when you sat on it, a comic washstand, and a yard of cocoa-nut matting were the works of art that adorned my fairy-like den. I was just composing myself in this homelike apartment when my orderly entered, "Beg pardin', Sir," said he, pulling out a portion of his forelock, "but you are hordered for duty to-day, sir; Lieut. Hume Horsefancier is took down with a kind of sickness known as the Woodstock fever; he's been hunder the whisky treatment here, and wants to go back to the fresh water." Hastily assuming my assaulting and martial garb, and stumbling over ropes and pegs, I found my way to the rear guard, who at my approach went through a kind of spade and shovel pantomine with the Snider, which I afterwards discovered to be a "present arms." 'Any prisoners, sergeant?" "One, Sir." "Let me see him." I was escorted to the tent containing the captive, who was stirred up with a pole on my entrance, and I asked him the usual question, "Any complaints." "Yes sir, I want to see the Doctor." "Why, what's the matter with you?" "Well, sir," says the man, "I am that dry that I think I could toss off a pint of physic." Leaving the would be medical toper to his fate, I marched to the sentries and directed them to give their orders; which are I believe somewhere about this style: To take charge of all government property in view, behave in a soldierly manner at my post, salute all officers according to their rank, challenge everybody leaving the lines from tattoo to revielle, in case of fire to alarm the guard. However, the first sentry preferred to give a version of his own. "Your orders," said I severely. The man at once came to attention, and went through as much of the manual exercise as he could before being checked, and was at last got to port arms. "Your orders," I repeated. "Bedad, your honor, its to larm the guard that I am, and I will when its dark and they're not lookin. I've got to salute the officers when I find 'em in the ranks, but divil a one have I found yet. I am to take charge of the entoire government and them knapsacks, and if I catch any beggar (bad luck to him) making a tattoo in the valley, I am to charge him, and faith so I will. So you can be aisy sur, its all right. With this he went through some more manual exercise and marched away, with the repeated assurance that "I might be aisy."

The next morning as the sun rose over the town of St. Andrews (on the Snoose) and over the long interval of clam-flats, (which Jones says with its freshets twice a day remind him of his beloved Fredericton,) my slave called me from a refreshing slumber, and whispered in my unwilling ear, "rations." You must get up, sir, the old horse is here and they're sounding for the orderlies. I rose with an unsavoury kind of a prayer, assumed a kind of composite uniform, consisting of a night-shirt, sword-belt, forage cap and slippers, and inspected the cutting up of some hundred weight of uncooked beef. "This ere is starvation, this is," says one of the men, "there's an ounce of bone to every pound of meat!" "Well, if it will starve you Williams, you can leave it, there's no necessity to waste good meat on dying men." "And look here," cried another, "not a bit of lean. I don't call this meat." Miles, said the sergeant, "you're from St. Stephen and no judge of meat. Now, if it was work-house gruel, I would take your opinion before anyone's" This forenoon my attention was called to a slight unpleasantness, which in the beginning threatened to assume quite a serious aspect. The squad detailed for target practice to a man, refused to perform duty, unless an orderly was detailed to bore auger-holes in the bulls-eye after each man fired. They were head by Captain Politics, who has a grievance relative to the cut of his company's pants, and has been obliged to use stable pails in lieu of arm chairs in his pavillion. To have acceeded to this request, would at once have produced an injurious effect on the general morale of this fine corpse; however, our young Napoleon was equal to the emergency, and issued the following

PROCLAMATION.

SOLDATS! (this is French for soldiers,) You bore me to death, you have bored me with your drills, you now want augers. I find nothing in the articles of war relative to augerorderlies or brace-bit corporals; but as the Judges say, "I will take a rule." I will issue gimblets; after delivering his fire, each man will move on to the target and bore his own hole. By order of

LIEUT. COL. FEET, Com'dg. Officer.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, which was a constant mizzle, in fact "it rains, it raineth every day," (Dryden,) it was wonderful how the battalion kept up their spirits, in fact, you could not see a sober face among them. Corporal Lollypop, who was observed lying on the ground, apparently engaged in an exhaustive analysis of its relative humidity, being questioned by his commanding officer what he was doing there, and his future rheumatic prospects, replied, "Look here, old hoss, (hic) I'm detailed for ticular duty, (hic) I'm spirit-level for the big bugs of this ere brigade." Hi! there, says Jones, at the moment, (advancing towards me, odorous with the perfume of a private distillery,) "heard the last general orders, haven't you?" No, says I. Well, says he, "owing to the smash up of the canteen, and the water being pronounced poisonous by the Doctor, each man will be required to produce his flask on parade, officers double rations." By Gad, sir, I think there's a tendency to promote Camp Tilley into a portable gin mill. Well, says I, "my Pythian oracle in such promotion you're sure of a Brigadier Generalship, and a medal with four clasps," says he "you're just whistlin." "Would you lend me your ear?" said a mild-eyed smooth-faced Lieutenant. Yes, I said, "but I wasn't aware you had been docked for your family resemblance to a ——." Oh, its not that, its more serious, I wish to speak with you in the privacy of your tent. Oh! certainly, I shall be too happy. When we entered, he sat down on a black bottle, and remarking mum's the word, delivered himself as follows: Brown, I've got a sneaking affection for a young lady in St. Andrews with a high pedigree. She showed me the family tree, with a curtain painted over the bottom, inscribed with these words, "my roots won't bear inspection." She said her Mama told her her ancestors were low people, and wept because she had no lady-like Grandmother's grave to lavish geraniums on. Now, says he, I want to leave this angel something to remember me by, something she can frame. When I offered her my picture, she said, oh no, that would be too extravagant, and besides, I would prefer a song-ballid of your composition, to play on the piannier. Now the worst of it is, I can write three lines of first-class poetry, but to save my soul, I get stuck on the fourth, now I want you like a good fellow, to fill in the fourth line for me; he here produced a roll of room paper from his bosom, and read as follows:—

THE SOLDIER'S FAREWELL,
In the Key of G;
For the charming young lady
With the high pedigree.

Sweet maid, farewell! your soldier boy
Is muchly grieved that we must part;
I really think my gorgeous shell
What will I put in now? Well, let's see, put in
Cramps me, as if 'twould buttons start.
Oh no, says he, that's too heavy, I want something light. Well then, say
Has left an impress on your heart.
Ha! that's it, that's nice and light, the heart you know is connected with the lites; its vulgar but its deeply sentimental.
When thinking of your soft blue eye,
Your features calm and tender;
I'm lost to all the sordid world
Now I'm stuck again, now give us a Byronic line
—Your blank look I remember.
No, by Gad! no, that's too true, that's personal. Well then, say
Your Bank-book I'll remember.

Yes, said he, gleefully, that's just the thing; if she's got one, by Gad, sir, its the only thing worth remembering about her. I should liked to have added another verse about her helping her mother wash, and her charity and gentility, and her womanly traits, but she's got none. I can write poetry, but I haven't got the material. She's the girl of the period, and I must come to a halt.

CHEAP MARRIAGES.—On and after the 1st of July, marriage in the Province of Ontario, Canada, will be an easy, cheap, and expeditious process. A license can be obtained for two dollars. A certificate that the banns have been duly proclaimed once before or after service, in the church of the district where either the gentleman or his intended spouse have resided for fifteen days, next preceding the proclamation, will have all the effect of the license. With either document parties contemplating matrimony can go before a clergyman and they twain be made one. There are some minor restrictions, but they do not affect the bold simplicity of the main plans. The clumsy devices of old law and custom, which were formerly erected, have disappeared, as if by magic, before those who desire a life union "for better or worse."

The school boards of Scotland and the taxpayers, in several instances, have not worked together harmoniously. The present difficulties will, however, be overcome in time. Formerly the schools were supported by indirect taxation, and by individual effort to a certain extent voluntary. It is natural that a special tax for the educational wants of a district should appear more onerous, even though it were not so in reality. School boards, also, have made the mistake of conducting their deliberations in private, and presenting simply the conclusions they had arrived at to the public. The information necessary to form an opinion, regarding the expediency of a certain outlay to secure adequate school premises has thus been withheld, and the bare statement that so much a pound has to be paid, comes home to the rate-payers in an aggravating way. However, all this will remedy itself; and the public will take great care that they receive full returns for the money expended. Direct taxation has a wonderful influence in stimulating people to enquire not only where, but how the money goes.

Mr James A. MacMasters, editor of the N. Y. Freeman's Journal, who is said to be about to become the American Cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church, is the son of a Presbyterian clergyman, and was himself for a time in training for the clerical office in that church. His claims to recognition by the ecclesiastical authorities of his church are his services as a writer and his efforts to secure money contributions for the support of the Pope since he lost his temporal dominions. He has been an extreme pro slavery man, and did all in his power to further the Southern rebellion.

RISE IN COFFEE.—The rise in the price of coffee, in the face of the abolition of the tariff on that article, now turns out to have been the result of a vast speculative combination, having its center in Rotterdam, Antwerp and Hamborg. From these cities the most elaborate and ingenious calculations were circulated alleging short crops and increased consumption. Meanwhile the ring kept on buying, and holding for higher prices. Late reports are to the effect that 800,000 bags are stored at Antwerp, with more to arrive, and that the yield everywehre the present year will be enormous. Most of the speculators are already ruined, having staked their entire capital on the risk.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JULY 8, 1874

Address to Gov. Tilley.

On Tuesday afternoon a large number of the principal inhabitants of St Andrews, met in the Court House, to present His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor, Hon. S. L. TILLEY, C. B., with an address of congratulation upon his appointment as Lieut. Governor of the Province. The Commandant and Officers in Camp were also present in full uniform. Alex. T. Paul, Esq., Sheriff of the County, read the Address, to which His Honor made an appropriate reply.

A LEVEE was held immediately after in the Sessions Room, Lt. Col. Inches acting as A.D.C to the Governor, and introduced the gentlemen. It was apparent, that apart from his high office, the Governor is decidedly popular here as well as in other parts of the Province.

The following is a copy of the address with His Honor's reply.

ADDRESS:

To His Honor, the Honorable SAMUEL LEONARD TILLEY, C. B., Lieutenant Governor of the Province of New Brunswick.

We the undersigned Magistrates, and other Inhabitants of St. Andrews, avail ourselves of the first opportunity afforded us, to tender to your Honor, our sincere congratulations upon your elevation to the distinguished position of Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick.

Your long and faithful services in the councils of your native Province, as well as in those of the Dominion, since the Union of the Provinces, and the earnest endeavors made by you during your public career, to promote the material prosperity of the country, as well as the consistent and unblemished nature of your private life, are all well known to us, and in your appointment to the high and honorable station which you occupy, we recognise the fact, that the highest position in the Province may be attained by any of its sons, who may be stimulated to follow the praiseworthy examp'e set by you.

Feeling assured that if your Honor should be spared to administer the duties of your important trust, to the end of your term, you will be enabled to perform the same in such a manner that the estimation in which you are now held will be thereby increased; trusting that the country may still thereafter have the benefit of your abilities and experience, and sincerely wishing for yourself, Mrs. Tilley and family, many years of good health, comfort and happiness, we have the honor to be,

Your Honor's

Most ob't Servants.

James W. Street, W. Whitlock, Geo. F. Stickney, John S Magee, Chas. Bradley, S. H Whitlock, J. R Bradford, T.T. Odell, C. M. Gove, A W. Smith, C. E. O. Hatheway, Robert Stevenson, Esqrs., Justices of the Peace.

Geo Swift, G. F. Campbell, W. Q. Ketchum, Rector, Geo. D. Street, H. H Hatch, R. Glenn, Chas. C. Ludgate, John Balson, D Green, W. J. Foley, P. P, C. Lockhart, Wesleyan minister, S. T. Gove, Coroner, H Gove, M. D., J. F. Mulligan, Jeremiah Meagher, W. B. Morris, Donald Clark, W. D. Foster, W. D Hartt, W. H. Williamson, Henry O'Neill, John J Jones, James McKinney, Geo. E. Elliot, P. Quinn, E. Lee Street, Michael Clark, Angus Stinson, Hon. C. Tupper, and others.

REPLY:

GENTLEMEN,

I thank you sincerely for your congratulations upon my appointment as Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick.

Your healthy climate, and the unsurpassed beauty of your scenery, has of late years, induced me to make St. Andrews my home, during a portion of each year, and should I be spared until the close of my term of office as your chief magistrate, the probabilities are, that the evening of my days will be spent amongst you; under those circumstances, your words of kindness and expressions of confidence are most acceptable.

As a member of the Local and Dominion Governments, it was ever my earnest desire to secure the comfort and happiness of our people; and I am not without the hope, that my efforts, have to some extent, been successful; the same desire will influence me in the discharge of my duties as the head of the Government of this province; and I will consider myself fortunate indeed, if at the close of my term of office, it is found that your anticipations, in this respect have been realized.

You have truly said, that the highest position in the province is now attainable by any of its sons The Imperial authorities have granted to the people of Canada the largest share of self government possible consistent with our connection with the Empire; and I know I express the sentiments of every gentleman present, when I say, that I trust the day is very far distant, when anything will occur to sever the connection now so happily existing between the Mother Country and our young but vigorous Dominion.

I thank you, gentlemen, for your good wishes for the health and happiness of myself, Mrs. Tilley and family; they join me in the hope that you may all long enjoy the blessings with which a kind providence has surrounded you.

ARRIVAL OF THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.—His Honor Governor Tilley, Mrs. Tilley and family arrived here by train from Fredericton, on Thursday evening last. A guard of honor composed of one company of the volunteers now doing camp duty, with the Band, and officers were at the station. Upon landing the troops presented arms, and the band played the National Anthem The Governor and Col. Maunsell, inspected the troops. A large number of citizens were present, who, upon the Governor and family leaving in their carriage cheered loudly. It is probable that the Governor's family will reside here in their summer residence, for some weeks.

SERIOUS AFFRAY AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A report reached here last evening, of a serious row and loss of life, on Monday evening, at Fredericton, where Lent's Circus was performing; owing to some difficulty at the ticket waggon in returning wrong change an altercation took place, when one of the Circus employees fired a revolver four or five times among the crowd, killing one young man and wounding three others.

THE SCHOOLS were all dismissed on Friday, for their summer holidays of five weeks, (short enough time). The children who have done so well during the past six months, will now have leisure for recreation, as will also their Teachers who have worked so earnestly and faithfully,—for without their influence, constant care and attention, and unwearied efforts to impart instruction, the School Law would be inoperative. The Chief Superintendent, and his efficient aid the Teacher of the Training School, are doing a good work for the education of the rising generation in the Province. Under their supervision a thoroughly trained and competent class of teachers are fitted for the laborious profession, and the labors of these gentlemen are seen in the progress made in the schools. The results must be satisfactory to all who take any interest in education.

THE CAMP.—The unprecedented wet weather of the past week seriously interfered with the drill and manœuvres at the Camp, but nevertheless, the officers were unremitting in their duties, and every fair hour was improved. Target practice has been engaged in daily; we have not heard anything of the Score, as the Brigade Musketry Instructor makes his return to the Militia Department.

The Brigade is composed as follows: Brigadier: Lieut. Col. Maunsell, D. A. G.

Lieut. Colonel Inches, Brigade Major.
Captain T. McKenzie, Supply Officer,
T. H. Hogg, Esq., 71st Batt., Musketry Instructor.

Qr. Master H. Emery, 67th Batt., Camp Quartermaster.

Cornet F. P. Robinson, 8th Regt. of Cavalry, Orderly Officer.

The "St. John Globe" has been enlarged and appears in a new and handsome dress of type from a celebrated Scotch foundry,—evident tokens of prosperity. Our contemporary will not be outdone in enterprise, whether news, size or outfit. It cannot now be sneeringly termed the "little Globe" as it equals in size any of its larger brethren. We have not always agreed with the views expressed by the "Globe," but believe its proprietors were honest in their expressions; they never yet have deserted a political party because a change of rulers was approaching, nor are they guilty of appropriating items without credit, and they evince a spirit of fairness by copying from all sides having no personal favorites. The fact is they own and control their paper, and are not bound to the skirts of any man or party. We trust that they will receive a continuance of that patronage which they have earned and are justly entitled to.

VISITORS.—During the past week several visitors arrived here; among whom were the Hon J. J. Fraser, Prov. Secy, Sheriff Temple and family, Professor Bailey and family, Charles Campbell, Esq., and family; Z. Chipman, Esq., and Mr. J Chipman.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE.—The August number of this substantial magazine of 100 pages is already issued, and can be found at all the periodical depots in the country. It is a superb number, and will bear critical examination, for it is filled with stories of a high order of merit, and the illustrations of scenes on the Connecticut River are alone worth the price of the Magazine, which is only 15 cents single copies or $1.50 per year, and a pretty little chromo given to each subscriber. Thomes & Talbot, 36 Bromfield street, Boston.

SUMMARY.

The Band of the 71st York, arrived here by train last evening.

His Honor the Lieut. Governor, entertained the Staff and officers in Camp at Lunch to day.

There is to be a Review and Field Day of the troops in Camp to-morrow, Thursday, at 3 o'clock

Strawberries are now for sale at only 25cts per quart.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.—The Conference has appointed the Rev. Wm. Tweedy, to preside over the Wesleyan Church in St. Andrews.

SHARP PRACTICE.—It is stated that the practice of putting people out of the way by means of poisoned needles is growing to be quite prevalent in India, this method being less liable to detection than the administration of internal doses It seems odd to sever the thread of life by means of a needle. It is to be supposed that needles used for the purpose are not "warranted not to cut in the eye." At any rate the practice may be called bringing the science of murder down to a fine point, and is perhaps what is meant by "sowing crime."

LONDON, July 7.

The French and English press generally consider that the manifesto of Chambord makes it impossible for him to become king of France.

A rumor is current that Count de Chambord has been in Versailles for several days.

An attack upon the Portuguese possessions in Senegambia was made by the native chiefs, who are said to have captured 300 prisoners.

NEW YORK, July 7.

A terrific tornado passed over a portion of Pennsylvania on Saturday night, destroying considerable property. Seven persons were killed and five wounded Others were wounded in Washington, D C. The loss is estimated at one million dollars.

The local train running between New London and New Haven, was thrown from the track to day by a mis-placed switch. William Wilcox Superintendent of the road, was killed and 52 passengers injured; one lady probably fatally; none of the others dangerously injured.

Gold 110¼.

—The Comptroller of Currency is already making arrangement to carry out the provisions of the finance law. He proposes to make a draft of $5 000,000 upon the New England States, to start with, and will call upon other States as their quota is required. There is a large number of applications already filed for new banks, mainly from Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. It is not believed that any great demand will be made for banking facilities for some time.

Ship News

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS

ARRIVED.

July 2, Little Minnie, Dines, Pembroke, 200 kegs nails.
Lydia, Wilson, Lubec, ballast.
Emerald, Harvell, Calais, plaster.
6, Bqe. Hesperus, Waycott, St. Thomas, ballast.

CLEARED.

July 2, Lydia, Wilson, Lubec, 28M. plank.
3, Jane, Clark, St. Stephen, ballast.
6, Harriett, Sheehan, St. Stephen, ballast.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Wednesday, 3rd day of June, 1874.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the provisions of the "Merchant's Shipping Act, 1854," and the Acts amending the same, and of the Act passed in the 36th year of Her Majesty's Reign intituled "An Act relating to Shipping, and for the registration, inspection and Classification thereof,"

His Excellency the Governor General, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Port of St. Catherines, in the Province of Ontario, a Port for the Registration of Shipping, and such Port is hereby constituted and appointed accordingly.

His Excellency, under the authority aforesaid, has further been pleased to constitute and appoint the Collector of Customs at the said Port to be Registrar and Measurer of Shipping thereat.

W. A. HIMSWORTH
Clerk Privy Council.
June 24 3i

SELLING OFF.

Closing up Business.

THE Subscriber is now closing his business in St. Andrews, and requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle their accounts prior to the 10th of July, as after that date they will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

All those having bills against him will please present them for adjustment.

He is now SELLING OFF his stock at very low prices for prompt payment.

June 24. W. B. MORRIS.

Government House, Ottawa,
Saturday, 6th day of June, 1874.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority given by the 23rd Section of the Act 31st Vic., Cap. 6 intituled: 'An Act respecting the Customs,"

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Prince Arthur's Landing, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby created into and constituted a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, for all the purposes of the said Act.

His Excellency, has been further pleased to Order that the Outports of Silver Isle and Fort Williams, now attached to the Port of Sault Ste. Marie be and the same are hereby, detached from that Port and placed under the Supervision of the said Port of Prince Arthur's Landing.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.
june 24 3i

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy availat