THREE HUNDRED MILLION FIGURE ALREADY PASSED

Headquarters Has No Doubt Full Returns Will Show This.

TORONTO, Nov. 8.—Canada is nearing the three hundred million mark in the Victory Loan campaign. In fact, if the figures to hand were up to date, there would be no doubt whatever of it having surpassed it. The total actually reported to headquarters here at midnight tonight is $290,014,400. At this stage last year the total stood at $165,612,350. Ontario has subscribed up to date $150,323,400, as against $93,541,200 for the same period last year.

The most striking feature of today's results was the sensational report from the city of Toronto, which turned in $14,185,850, of which nearly four millions was from the canvassers, who take the smaller subscriptions. Another striking feature of the drive is that up to date no less than sixteen Ontario cities have subscribed an average of $101.17 per capita of their population. Many cities, towns and other canvassing districts have won honor flags.

Ontario Still Leads All.

G. H. Wood, Ontario chairman, makes the following comments upon the campaign in the province:

"Ontario still leads the rest of the Dominion, our total being $150,323,400, against $139,691,000 from all the other provinces combined.

"Hamilton gave us a fine return today of $957,650; also Lincoln with $518,000, and Oxford with $447,000. Three units passed the million mark for the first time, namely, Lanark, Hastings and Port Arthur. Four Ontario cities already exceed $100 per capita, as follows: Sault Ste Marie, $157; Toronto, $129; Sarnia, $108; Chatham, $106.

"Honor flags have been won by eighteen additional places, as follows: Brockville, New Market, Mount Forest, Harriston, Fergus, Elora, Bothwell, Clifford, Drayton, Caledon Township, Cochrane, Bell River, Portsmouth, Ridgewood, Enniskillen, Eganville and Wilberforce."

Ontario's summary by divisions is as follows:

Division.	Subscriptions.	Per Cent.
Toronto	$59,435,450	74.29
Ottawa Valley	10,598,650	55.56
Eastern	12,599,000	70.78
Central	10,346,400	59.81
Western	14,589,250	60.66
Hamilton and Niagara	17,315,200	62.74
London and Southern	16,611,800	66.78
Northern	8,827,650	84.27
Total	$150,323,400	67.97

The results from the other provinces so far as officially reported are:

British Columbia	$12,922,850
Alberta	8,270,000
Saskatchewan	6,610,550
Manitoba	17,722,150
Quebec	72,611,100
New Brunswick	6,850,000
Nova Scotia	13,955,100
Prince Edward Island	739,650

WEST NISSOURI TO REMOVE LID

THORNDALE, Nov. 8.—The churches of West Nissouri will reopen on Sunday, November 10, and public schools and other public buildings on Monday, November 11.

The Woman's Institute will meet on Thursday, November 14, at the home of Mrs. Clarence Brock.

The public library will reopen on Saturday, November 9.

Unusual Responsibility

CONDITIONS brought about by the war have placed many women in positions of unusual responsibility, involving mental strain and anxiety.

Think, for example, of the girls who have been placed in tellers' wickets in the banks, and whose duty it is to handle each day tens of thousands of dollars.

It is not as though such positions had been reached after years of training and development, for in many instances the new teller has had little experience, and the strain thrown on the nervous system is enormous.

But similar conditions apply in many lines of work, and whether the overstrain is mental or physical the result is the same, for vitality is exhausted and sooner or later health gives way.

The rapid spread of influenza and pneumonia is largely due to the low vitality of many thousands of people who have been living under a constant, unusual strain of mind or body.

In a state of continual fatigue you have practically no reserve force left to fight disease, and are, therefore, easy prey.

There is only one way to restore feeble, wasted nerve cells, and that is by supplying to them the vital substances which nourish them back to health and vigor.

This is exactly what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food does, and that is why it is in such enormous demand at this time when so many people are living under such unusual nervous strain.

A dead nerve cell can never be replaced, but an exhausted nerve cell can be restored, and just here is where Dr. Chase's Nerve Food comes in to cure by means of the building-up process.

One of the first indications of trouble is headache, and then sleeplessness—you fail to regain at night the nerve force expended in the day's work and worry.

You get up tired in the mornings, and your work seems a burden to you. You get discouraged and lose confidence in yourself, and as the nervous system weakens the worry increases.

There is no light ahead for the person suffering from nervous exhaustion, but, fortunately, there is help in the use of this well-known restorative — Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Take all the rest you can—get out into the fresh air and use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food regularly, and you will soon find yourself on the way to health.

This is the message we have brought to many thousands who are now enthusiastic in telling their friends about this great food cure. We can only tell you of the experience of others. It remains for you to act if you are to obtain similar benefit. You can get six boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food for $2.75 from any dealer, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

GERMANY'S MIGHTY MILITARY MACHINE IS A HOPELESS WRECK

At No Time Has Such Humiliation Come to Proud Prussia as in the Appearance of the Kaiser's Representatives Before Foch's Tent.

By Frank H. Simonds

Author of "The Great War," "They Shall Not Pass."

(Copyright, 1918, Tribune Association, New York Tribune.).

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Since another Prussian king sent his wife to plead with Napoleon in the far off Tilsit time no such humiliation has ever come to Prussia as that comprised in the appearance of the representatives of Prussianized Germany seeking under a white flag to obtain the terms of armistice from a marshal of France. To sign these terms or to reject them would signify little. The crowning humiliation has come with the confession of defeat. Here was the ultimate demonstration of the fact that a military decision had been had in the war.

Waterloo and Sedan.

And at the hour when the white flag was brought to the French lines, British armies were passing the battlefield of Mons and approaching that of Waterloo, American soldiers stood victorious in Sedan, French armies were sweeping forward from the Oise to the Meuse, and France was all but freed from the invader's armies.

There will be those who will regret it if the ultimate circumstances of victory, the pursuit of the routed army, the repetition of events on the Venetian plain last week, are not permitted, and the German army does not—in fact, as in effect—meet its Waterloo. But contemporary regrets will play no part in the verdict of the future, which will see that the German military power was broken in battle, and avoided supreme disaster, only by ignominious surrender.

How It Must End.

The war will now end in a military decision. It has not ended until German armies have been expelled from France, pursued over 100 miles of conquered territory, compelled to surrender 400,000 men and 3,000 guns, forced to testify by its conduct to the fact that its leadership has been surpassed, its force broken, its power abolished. In a word, before an armistice comes, the military tradition of the German army, the tradition of Waterloo, Sadowa and Sedan, has been destroyed.

Four years and four months ago the German military leadership, confident of its strength, assured of its weapons, arrogant beyond anything in recorded history, challenged the organized and unorganized forces of civilization to mortal combat. They thrust a German sword through all the covenants and commands of civilization and of justice.

Checked and Cornered.

Bursting on an unprepared and unsuspecting world, they were, despite their incredible strength, checked by France on the battlefield of the Marne, encircled by the British fleets, and, like Napoleon, condemned to ultimate defeat when at last the forces of freedom could organize. In that long and terrible period of delay German armies swept Eastern Europe, crushed Serbia, and Rumania as they had broken Belgium, overturned the mighty Russian Empire, and spread ruin in Northern France and Italy. By the sword they created the mightiest military empire since the Roman era, and at the moment of supreme power ruled from Antwerp to Riga, and from Hamburg to Bagdad. But as their empire was built by the sword, it has been destroyed by the sword. As Napoleon's empire crumbled before Leipsic, the German empire fell to ruin after the second battle of the Marne. Austria, Bulgaria, Turkey, marching under German command, have been conquered in three battles, and have surrendered without conditions.

Their Laurels Withered.

The early laurels of the German military chiefs have withered in the frosts of recent defeats. In the second Marne, the third Somme, the battle of the Hindenburg line, and now, in the final struggle between Sedan and the Scheldt, German armies have suffered a cycle of disasters which has destroyed the old legend of invincibility; those who sought to rule the world by the greatness of their military strength have been beaten until the "good German sword" is falling from helpless hands.

More than all else we have been fighting the German military powers. From August, 1914, to November, 1918, it has been a single issue. The world had to choose between being soldiers and becoming slaves; it has fought, it has conquered. The German military machine has been reduced to a complete and hopeless wreck.

"System" Must Surrender.

German leaders have been out-generalled, German soldiers have been outfought, of all the tremendous and arrogant traditions of invincibility there is left nothing. A beaten system must now surrender its weapons; we are liberated by a military decision from the perils of serfdom, and our liberation is as complete as victory can make it. Not even a German can again believe that a German machine can conquer the world. The effort of William II. to achieve world mastery has failed like that of Louis XIV. and of Napoleon.

The ending of the war will bring new horizons; the military aspect must necessarily be forgotten for the time. Yet even in that hour it will be essential to recognize that it is the military decision that makes all else possible. A drawn battle, a peace by negotiation before the German army was broken, would have left the task to be completed by new sacrifices and new sufferings. The German knew only force, could understand only force, and would yield to nothing else.

Peace without victory was impossible, but peace after victory—peace after the German sword has been broken—may open a better future for all mankind.

Sedan 1870—1918.

The entry of American troops into Sedan is something more than the recalling of the bitter memories of forty-eight years ago, now all but abolished by recent events. On the contrary it may be a significant and decisive detail in a new Sedan, ten times greater than that which extinguished the tinsel empire of Napoleon III. and imposed upon France almost half a century of humiliation.

As it stands today the Germans are, for the first time since the tide turned on July 18, facing a situation which is critical from the Scheldt to the outskirts of Metz. In the west the British armies have broken through the last permanent line of German defence, the fourth of their lines stretched from the sea to Metz. Having broken this line where it met the Scheldt the British are advancing astride of it toward Bavai and Maubeuge and nearing their first battlefield of the war, Mons, of unhappy memory.

This British advance is, in reality, down the valley of the Sambre toward Namur; it has already turned the line of the Scheldt, which must be evacuated, and it is approaching the canal and river lines, which supply the last remaining natural obstacle to Allied advance until the line of Antwerp-Namur is reached. This mean, in fact, that the whole northern or right flank of the Germans has been dislocated and is "in the air."

Menaced From South.

In the south, in the centre of the great front from the Scheldt to Metz, the French are pushing forward with great speed, ironing out the great bulge into France which represents the survival of the older salient extending to St. Gobian. Here the German retreat has become almost a flight, owing to the threat coming from the British side.

Finally, in the east, between the Aisne and the Meuse and astride the Meuse, American troops have broken through the second line of German defence and are advancing down the Meuse on either bank, having already eliminated the Maubeuge-Mezieres-Sedan lateral railway and thus brought about complete isolation between the enemy's centre and right and his left.

No one will venture to prophesy that the German army is now immediately to suffer something like the disaster which has in turn overtaken the Turk, the Bulgar and the Austrian upon the battlefield, the sort of disaster which has made Sedan forever memorable in military history. But the unmistakable fact is that the existing conditions permit one to say that it is not only not impossible, but hardly improbable.

Dangerous Situation.

After four months of defeat the German has now to execute a long and difficult retreat, with both his flanks in peril and his centre exposed and requiring to be extricated from an exceedingly dangerous situation. Any local collapse now will inevitably bring general ruin. Any failure on either flank will precipitate a colossal capture of German troops and the substantial elimination of the fighting forces of the German Empire.

It is with this situation in their eyes that the German Government and the German people will receive the armistice terms of nations fighting them. In a similar situation Austria delayed too long and had to make her submission after the destruction of her army in the battlefield. Hesitation in Germany now may remove the last frail barrier which intervenes between the Allies and a complete military decision.

By contrast, if German generals can extricate their armies from the present critical posture, then they will be able to draw them back behind the very solid obstacle which the Meuse River constitutes from Mezieres to the Dutch frontier and extend this position southward behind the Chiers to the Metz-Thionville system of defences. In this latter case they can well expect to hold their new front until the coming of spring, for the end of campaigning weather is certainly at hand and all advantages of position will be with the enemy, if he gets off now.

We have the three possibilities: Immediate military disaster now, with a necessarily prompt surrender, such as Austria has made under similar conditions; a successful escape from the present peril and a diplomatic campaign during the months of military stagnation; finally, after the winter peace offensive, a surrender in advance of the opening of the campaign of 1919. But most depends now upon the events of the next few hours, the greatest Prussian disaster since Jena, the possibility of a new Sedan, German this time, is in full view—and Pershing's army is sure to be in at such a death.

The battle now in progress is the fourth in the Foch series, the three preceding have been the second Marne, the Third Sommen and the Battle of the Hindenburg line. The new battle is the Battle of the Belgian frontier, and it corresponds roughly to that series of battles in the fourth week of August, 1914, which ended in defeat for our Allies and preceded the dash to Paris. In any event it will bring about the clearing of France west of the Meuse, the liberation of at least half of Belgium, and the prelude to the invasion of Germany through Alsace-Lorraine this winter or next spring.

LABOR'S BIG SUBSCRIPTION.

OTTAWA, Nov. 8.—Tom Moore, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, and Thomas Neale, general treasurer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, called upon the minister of finance today with a subscription on behalf of the brotherhood of $25,000 to the Victory Loan.

405,000 Prisoners Taken in West Since January 1

LONDON, Nov. 8.—(British Wireless Service).—Two hundred thousand prisoners were taken by the British on the western front from January 1 to November 5, inclusive, according to an official announcement made in the House of Commons last night.

In the same period the French captured 140,000, the Americans 50,000, and the Belgians 15,000.

The Quick Way to Stop a Cough

This home-made syrup does the work in a hurry. Easily prepared, and saves about $2.

You might be surprised to know that the best thing you can use for a severe cough, is a remedy which is easily prepared at home in just a few moments. It's cheap, but for prompt results it beats anything else you ever tried. Usually stops the ordinary cough or chest cold in 24 hours. Tastes pleasant, too—children like it—and it is pure and good.

Pour 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a 16-oz. bottle; then fill it up with plain granulated sugar syrup. Or use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup, if desired. Thus you make 16 ounces—a family supply—but costing no more than a small bottle of ready-made cough syrup.

And as a cough medicine, there is really nothing better to be had at any price. It goes right to the spot and gives quick, lasting relief. It promptly heals the inflamed membranes that line the throat and air passages, stops the annoying throat tickle, loosens the phlegm, and soon your cough stops entirely. Splendid for bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of Norway pine extract, famous for its healing effect on the membranes.

To avoid disappointment ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money refunded. The Pinex Co., Toronto, Ont.

Men, When in Chicago Come and See for Yourselves

The Dr. Lorenz Electro Body Battery is the greatest invention for debility the world has ever known. No drugs, no medicines, no dieting, no unusual demands of any sort; just cease all dissipation and this invention will do the work. It sends a stream of vital life into your nerves, organs and blood during the time you are asleep.

For the treatment of rheumatism, weak back, nervousness, stomach, liver and kidney disorders, it is incomparable. Dr. Lorenz's Dry Cell Storage Battery is a high grade battery, requires no charging with vinegar or acids, is 300 per cent easier applied, gives 400 per cent greater service, and is sold at a lower price without added cost for fancy books.

Write today for free illustrated factory price list.

A. O. LORENZ ELECTRIC WORKS, 2240 Lincoln Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Will Wonders Ever Cease?

Finds Cure for Rheumatism After Suffering 50 Years! Now 83 Years Old—Regains Strength and Laughs At "Uric Acid," Goes Back to Business—Feels Fine!

HOW IT HAPPENED.

"I am eighty-three years old, and I doctored for rheumatism ever since I came out of the army over fifty years ago. Like many others, I spent money freely for so-called 'cures,' and I have read about 'Uric Acid' until I could almost taste it. I could not sleep nights or walk without pain; my hands were so sore and stiff I could not hold a pen. But now I am again in active business and can walk with ease or write all day with comfort. Friends are surprised at the change."

HOW OTHERS MAY BENEFIT FROM A GENEROUS GIFT.

These statements may seem strange to some folks, because nearly all sufferers have all along been led to believe in the old "Uric Acid" humbug. It took Mr. Ashelman fifty years to find out this truth. He learned how to get rid of the true cause of his rheumatism, other disorders and recover his strength from "The Inner Mysteries," a remarkable book that is now being distributed free by an authority who devoted over twenty years to the scientific study of this particular trouble. If any reader of The Advertiser wishes a copy of this book, that reveals startling facts overlooked by doctors and scientists for centuries past, simply send a postcard or letter to H. P. Clearwater, Ninth street, Hallowell, Maine, and it will be sent by mail without any charge whatever. Send now! You may never get this opportunity again. If not a sufferer yourself hand this good news to some friend who may be afflicted.

Spanish Influenza

The surest way to prevent it is to keep your bowels active by taking every morning a glassful of

"RIGA"

PURGATIVE WATER.

It cleans out and keeps clean the digestive organs and wards off disease. At all druggists—25c the bottle (except in far West).

Distributors for Ontario: National Drug Co., Ltd.; Lyman Bros. Co., Ltd.; Drug Trading Co., Ltd.

Distributors for the West: The Martin Bole, Wynne Co., Ltd., who are also distributors for Dr. Gordon's Foot Soap, Powder and Shampoo Soap.

"SYRUP OF FIGS" CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at Tongue! Remove Poisons From Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious, fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

SORENESS, PAIN, ACHING JOINTS

Don't suffer! Relief comes the moment you rub with old "St. Jacobs Liniment."

Don't stay sore, stiff and lame! Limber up! Rub soothing, penetrating "St Jacobs Liniment" right in your aching muscles, joints and painful nerves. It's the quickest, surest pain relief on earth. It is absolutely harmless, and doesn't burn the skin.

"St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain. It instantly takes away any ache, soreness and stiffness in the head, neck, shoulders, back, legs, arms, fingers or any part of the body—nothing like it. You simply pour a little in your hand and rub "where it hurts," and relief comes instantly. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle now from any drug store. It never disappoints—six gold medal awards.

HORLICK'S

Malted Milk for the Home

A Nourishing Food-Drink. For All Ages. Anywhere at anytime. Delicious. Sustaining. No Cooking. Canada Food Board License No. 14-385.

A tale of two Trade Marks

For over 59 years Turnbulls have been making good knitted underwear in Canada—and underwear exclusively—They came from the Old Country with the knowledge of how to make good underwear bred in them—They brought out expert workers from the Old Country from time to time as their business grew—thus have always kept their products up to the highest standard, being made with that thoroughness and care for which the Old Country workers are famous.

The reason for this tremendous growth and popularity can be summed up in one word "Quality" first and all the time—

You cannot get away from the fact that Canadians appreciate "Quality" more than anything else—

Turnbull's two brands are

Turnbull's PERFECT FITTING and TURNBULL'S UNSHRINKABLE NATURAL WOOL

UNDERWEAR

This brand is on all Turnbull's ribbed underwear which is extremely popular with ladies and children because of its great elasticity and comfortable fitting. Made in all sizes in separate garments and union suits with special closed crotch.

This brand is on Turnbull's plain knitted underwear, all wool — finest and cleanest obtainable, made in separate garments and union suits with special crotch that stays closed and is always comfortable.

Sold by good dealers everywhere.

Made only by

The C. TURNBULL COMPANY of GALT, Limited

GALT, ONTARIO

Also sole manufacturers of the famous "CEETEE" full fashioned underclothing.

ARMISTICE SCENE SHIFTED TEMPORARILY TO THE GREAT GERMAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS

Foch Shows Impatience at German Tendency To "Stall," and Delivers Ultimatum That Answer Must Be Made By Monday Morning.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The question of whether Germany will surrender immediately or wait to be crushed between the advancing Allied and American armies on the west front and revolution at home rested tonight with an extraordinary conference at German great headquarters at Spa, Belgium.

Marshal Foch has given until 11 o'clock (Paris time) Monday morning for the answer.

At the conference the kaiser is reported to be—perhaps appearing for the last time as supreme war lord—and, according to a German wireless report, defying the civilians who are seeking through submission to the inevitable, to save something out of the wreck of an empire.

Courier on the Way.

A German courier was due some time during the night with the text of the Allied armistice terms, handed to the envoys behind the Allied lines this morning by Marshal Foch. The messenger carried the word, sent ahead by wireless, that the Allied commander-in-chief had refused a provisional cessation of hostilities and had demanded an answer within 72 hours.

The American Government was advised from Paris late today of the reception of the Germans by Marshal Foch at 10:35 o'clock in the morning, and its result.

Another Wait Ahead.

Later unofficial information of the movements of the German courier and knowledge of the difficulties of the roads over which he must travel for 100 miles after leaving the Allied lines, led to the conclusion that he could not get back with a reply before tomorrow, even if not kept waiting for a decision.

In the meantime the result is awaited here with entire confidence.

Will Soon Be Ended.

American and Allied military men say the end must come quickly one way or the other; that if the Germans are unable to agree among themselves and accept the Allied terms, the problem will be settled for them with no great delay. Some believe that acceptance is assured, and will be hastened, now that a final effort to quibble with hostilities stopped is ended, on the theory that even the kaiser himself must realize that unless peace is made quickly there will be no government in Germany to make it.

Delegates Have Full Powers.

Secretary of State Lansing announced late today he had been advised that Marshal Foch reported to Paris this morning that the German plenipotentiaries arrived at his headquarters with full powers from the chancellor.

FOCH REFUSES TO SUSPEND FIGHTING.

LONDON, Nov 8.—At Allied general headquarters Friday morning the German plenipotentiaries, according to a French wireless, received the conditions of the armistice, as well as a formal demand that they should be accepted or refused within 72 hours, expiring on Monday morning at 11 o'clock (French time).

The French wireless message picked up here is from the German delegates to the imperial chancellor and the German high command. It concludes by asking that a courier be sent back as soon as possible with instructions.

The German Message.

The message of the German delegates reads:

"From the German plenipotentiaries for an armistice, to the imperial chancellor and the German high command—Friday morning, at Allied general headquarters, the plenipotentiaries received the conditions of an armistice, as well as a formal demand that they be accepted or refused within 72 hours, expiring on Monday morning at 11 o'clock, French time.

"The German proposal for an immediate and provisional suspension of hostilities was rejected by Marshal Foch.

Headed for Spa.

"A German courier bearing the text of the conditions of the armistice has been sent to Spa, no other means of communication being practicable.

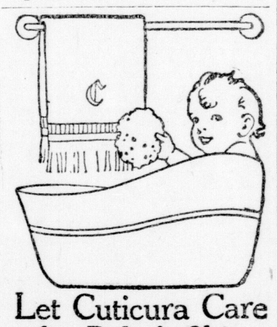
"Please acknowledge receipt and send back courier as soon as possible with your latest instructions. Sending of fresh delegates is not necessary for the moment."

The French wireless service, giving out the dispatch sent by Gen. Winterfield of the German armistice delegation to the German high command, announced Capt. Helldorff, German courier, would cross the lines between 6 and 8 o'clock tonight, and that the French command had taken measures for his safety.

WILL REQUIRE SOME TIME.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—The journey of the German courier to Spa and return will require far more time than the distance indicates, because of the difficulties of the roads under present conditions. Therefore the receipt of the German reply is likely to be delayed a number of hours beyond the time possible under normal conditions.

Stress is laid by the Temps on the presence of Emperor William at Spa, where the terms of the armistice are being examined by the Germans.



Let Cuticura Care for Baby's Skin

It's really wonderful how quickly a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment relieves skin irritations which keep baby wakeful and restless, permits sleep for infant and rest for mother, and points to healment in most cases when it seems nothing would help.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U.S.A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

Died of Starvation

Many a Belgian mother could have these words engraved on her child's gravestone—"Died of Starvation".

Perhaps the child has wasted away with Consumption, or has been twisted into a mockery of happy childhood by Rickets, but starvation is at the root of the tragedy.

What else can be expected for a growing child whose daily ration is the bowl of soup and two pieces of bread provided by the United States loans to the Belgian Government?

The only hope for the destitute children of Belgium is that we who can afford three meals a day will be moved to pity and send help immediately. Even a small contribution will help to take some child, sinking under its load of trouble, over to Holland, where with good milk, nutritious food, medical care and loving treatment, he or she may regain health, strength and the wish to live.

GIVE—give until you feel the pinch! Don't wait until someone asks you personally. THIS is personal!

Make cheques payable and send contributions to

Belgian Relief Fund

(Registered under the War Charities Act) 116

to your Local Committee, or to

Ontario Branch Belgian Relief Fund, 95 King Street W., Toronto