

attend to, and made a plea that the members, instead of making up election disputes, should get down to the essential work.

Scene in the House.
Mr. D. D. McKenzie, in closing the debate, insisted that he had proof that there had been ballot-switching at the election. The carrying out of the terms of the Meighen telegram, he said, could not be performed in an honest way.

The "at large" votes of the soldiers, he said, were put in a pile and divided just one night into a bushel of potatoes.

"There was quite a scene in the house when Mr. McKenzie produced the telegram which he said was the original of the telegram sent to the prime minister.

The telegram was passed across the floor of the house by Mr. Meighen.

The minister of the interior immediately declared that the telegram was not in his writing, that it was not signed by him, that he had not initiated it.

Mr. McKenzie quoted from Hansard, and proved to the satisfaction of the house that the telegram was practically admitted that the telegram had been sent.

Mr. Meighen asked for the floor, but Mr. McKenzie would not give it to him.

Mr. Meighen shouted that he had said before that there was nothing wrong about the telegram, except that it had been stolen. He would now say there was nothing wrong with it except that it was a forgery.

When Mr. McKenzie closed Mr. Meighen desired to ask him a question, but Mr. McKenzie declined to grant the request, and the vote was taken.

At two o'clock this morning the commons on a division of 79 to 56, a government majority of 23, rejected Mr. D. D. McKenzie's motion demanding the appointment of a parliamentary committee to inquire as to the manner of the taking of the soldiers' vote at the last general election as well as into the sending of a code telegram under the signature of Hon. Arthur Meighen to Sir Robert Borden in regard to the apportioning of one thousand soldier votes in Manitoba.

After the division Hon. C. J. Doherty claimed that the telegram produced by Mr. McKenzie had become the property of the house. He maintained that the documents so far as it could be determined were those of Mr. McKenzie claimed it to be in so far as the signature of Mr. Meighen was concerned.

At a late hour the debate on Mr. D. D. McKenzie's motion, asking for the appointment of a committee to go into the matter of the Meighen code telegram and the taking of the soldiers' vote at the last general election was resumed.

Hon. Jacques Bureau continued his speech of yesterday and read affidavits from two privates who claimed that they had been ordered to vote for the Union government under a threat of being transferred to infantry battalions if they refused.

Brig-Gen. Griesbach quoted Mr. McKenzie having said that officers threatened men under their command with the front line. The only officer who would draw affidavits was a threat was a man who was a coward himself. Such a threat could be addressed advantageously to cowards.

Mr. McKenzie angrily jumped to his feet. "Does the honorable gentleman called out, 'direct the charge of cowardice to me as a member of this house'?"

"If the cap fits the honorable gentleman he can wear it," Gen. Griesbach sharply retorted, and again there were loud cries of "Direct the charge to McKenzie."

Mr. Bureau broke into the fray. "I have just read two affidavits that do not read as you have made. Does the reading of those affidavits constitute cowardice?"

"I am speaking of the Canadian corps in France," Gen. Griesbach replied. "The affidavits refer to England and not to France. The affidavits are statements contained in them are absurd. I don't believe them even if they are affidavits."

Mr. Bureau in the charge that those who read such affidavits in the house are guilty of cowardice? That is what I want to know. Then we can have it out."

Claims Argument Cowardly.
Gen. Griesbach's statement is that no officer would dream of making a threat of that sort unless he is a coward. No person would use such a threat to a soldier unless that person believed the soldier to be a coward. The whole argument is a cowardly argument, and can only be used by people who believe in cowardice, who believe that these men could be influenced by cowardice. It is a coward's argument, and can only be used by cowards."

Mr. Bureau demanded a retraction of this statement, and on his demand being sustained by the deputy speaker, Gen. Griesbach withdrew it.

The debate was then continued by Mr. G. B. Nicholson, who characterized the remarks of the opposition speakers as slanders on the Canadian troops who had fought for the freedom of this country.

Mr. Lucien Cannon, who followed him, declared that the question at issue was the freedom and sacredness of the ballot, and demanded an investigation.

Deni's Nickel Correspondence.
Questioned by Mr. Pedlow this afternoon, Hon. Arthur Meighen said it was not correct that the government had been advised during the war by Mr. Rathbone of the Providence Journal that evidence existed indicating that Canadian nickel was finding its way to Germany. There was no such correspondence.

Sir Edward Kemp gave particulars of the number of Canadian soldiers still undergoing terms of imprisonment overseas. The figures showed, he said, that the conduct of Canadian soldiers was most exemplary and the discipline excellent. He gave the following figures as reported by Judge Denton of Winnipeg, deputy judge advocate-general:

Total number of members O.M.P.C. in prison on July 1, 1919, undergoing

sentences imposed by military tribunals, 170; sentenced by military tribunals between July 1, 1919, and Sept. 1, 1919, 29. Total 199. Total number of members of O.M.P.C. in prison on July 1, 1919, 29; undergoing sentence imposed by civil authorities, 46; sentenced by civil authorities between July 1, 1919, and Sept. 1, 1919, 29; total 75; grand total, 274.

Military Sentences.
Number of military sentences: (a) Remitted, 86; (b) commuted in part from imprisonment to detention barracks, 90; number of cases in which no action in respect to sentence was recommended, 10; number of cases reserved for future consideration, 16; number of civil sentences for the commutation of which, application to the home secretary has been made, 5; total, 274.

Number of prisoners who have been released from imprisonment between July 1, 1919, and Sept. 1, 1919, 74. Numbers of prisoners to be released during months of September, 1919, 22; October, 1919, 24; November, 1919, 24; December, 1919, 33; January, 1920, 42.

Number of prisoners whose sentences expire after January 31, 1920: Where sentenced by military courts, 21; 2 where sentenced by civil courts, 26; total 274. Those cases are where convictions are for murder, manslaughter, rape, burglary, larceny. Number of cases not yet reviewed, 5. These cases have been tried in the civil courts within the past few weeks.

To Change Civil Service.
Speaking on the second reading of his bill to amend the civil service act, Hon. A. K. Maclean stated that the most important feature of the measure was that it asked ratification for the new civil service classification. He pointed out that several changes had been made in the classification submitted at the last session, and these were embodied in the new classification to be introduced in the house. He was aware of the fact that the old classification had been the subject of much criticism. That was inevitable when one considered that there were 60,000 civil servants affected by it. There were two ways for parliament to deal with the bill. It might accept the classification as it stood, or second, it might refer it to a special committee which would have the benefit of the advice of the civil service commission.

The civil service act of 1919, said Mr. Maclean, was truly revolutionary inasmuch as it gave the power of making appointments into the hands of the civil service commission. Parliament should either stand behind the civil service commission or abolish it. If the commission was to be reclassified, the commission had not been able to find men of sufficient experience in Canada. It had got the most experienced men it could get. It had been found, he said, that there was a serious lack of uniformity of salaries paid to people who were doing identical work. There were also men holding insecure, and drawing a salary for doing practically nothing.

Makes Way for Soldiers.
The bill, said Mr. Maclean, which provided that the classification should go into effect on the first of January next, was somewhat different from the bill introduced last session. The present bill contained one clause to provide for engaging the personnel of the civil service commission so as to allow the appointment of a returned soldier on the board. The civil service commission had to him the 25 per cent. of the new appointments were made from returned soldiers.

Mr. Hocken urged that the new classification be examined closely. In the present classification the maximum salary for a translator was \$1,500 a year, while for a driver the wages paid for driving a street car.

Criticisms by Hocken.
He asked and who would carry the civil service commission had spent a hundred thousand dollars on the classification.

Dr. Charles Sheard expressed himself as in favor of the abolition of patronage and the adoption of promotion by merit in the civil service. The civil service commission, he thought, should not have control over the appointment of certain men such as the purchase of works in the Toronto Custom House.

Others Oppose.
Hon. T. W. Crothers, ex-minister of labour, said that the bill was in theory as well as in practice. It was contrary to the first principles of responsible government, because the government is supposed to be responsible for appointments. The best men in the civil service today, he said, were named under the old system, when the appointments were made by the members. This was because no conscientious member seeking re-election would seek to recommend a scoundrel to the service.

Mr. Thomas Foster of East York said that the more the bill was discussed the more unpopular it became. The examination system did not produce the most efficient men. The bill was both unpopular and unsatisfactory.

Dr. Steele favored the bill. No move, he said, which brought about a revolution in the civil service could be expected to be free from criticism in a year or two.

Mr. Frank S. Cahill asked the government whether it proposed to see the bill through at the present session.

HAMILTON
Hamilton, Oct. 2.—The Prince of Wales has accepted an invitation to be present at a royal ball to be held by the Women's Wentworth Historical Society in the Royal Connaught Hotel on the night of October 17.

Laborers of Hamilton tonight nominated W. R. Rollo to contest the riding in the election, and Controller G. C. Halcrow to contest the east riding.

The library board decided to have the library opened one hour earlier.

Hamilton, Oct. 2.—Hamilton sports woke up tonight and packed the board of control, to lead support to Controller Peeler's scheme of laying out a modern enclosed athletic field at Scott Park.

Hamilton, Oct. 2.—It has been announced by Secretary Morris that a town-planning conference, to take place here on Oct. 27 and 28, has been postponed until Nov. 27 and 28.

Hamilton, Oct. 2.—If four pence up the price of bread will also take a jump, according to local bakers, The staff of life now sells for 11 cents a small loaf, but if there is an increase it will likely be one cent a large loaf.

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

NORTH TORONTO RATEPAYERS ASK FOR FAIR PLAY

North Toronto Incensed at Further Delay Re Mount Pleasant Line.

The plans for the Mount Pleasant car line have been given another three weeks' hold by the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board, an application having been made by the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

At a meeting of the executive of the Mount Pleasant Ratepayers' Association last night the feelings of those present were expressed in the following resolution:

"The Mount Pleasant Road Ratepayers' Association prefers to rely upon the absolute justice of its demands for a street car service for the large working class district, rather than upon the familiar but unproven and untested method of the Metropolitan Railway to be near regarding them. This delay has stirred up the ire of the North Toronto people, who were counting on getting the line thru this fall.

RIVERDALE NOT ONE FOR BAR

Two ladies connected with Simpson Avenue Methodist Church, who made a recent house to house canvass in the interest of prohibition stated yesterday that having called at every house on Victor avenue, Simpson ave. (part way), and Broadway avenue, they found that not one woman called upon wished for a return of the bar.

TO PREACH ON PROHIBITION.

Governor Dickinson of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

According to the statement of Rev. J. R. Patterson, pastor of the state of Michigan, U.S.A., will address the congregation at the evening service in the Simpson Avenue Methodist Church on Sunday next. His subject will be "Prohibition."

CHARGE TAMPERING WITH VOTERS' LIST

Liberty Leaguer Alleges 5400 Wounded Soldiers Omitted in This District.

The referendum committee's methods in the plan of campaign was scored in no uncertain language at a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting of the Citizens' Liberty League, Ward Four branch, in the Occident Hall, corner of Bathurst and Queen streets, last night. Archie Dralmin, who presided, strongly reprobated the insulting remarks alleged to have been made in reference to the Citizens' Liberty League by Rev. C. A. Williams in the Eaton Memorial Church last Sunday, and offered to put up \$200 if he could not prove that there are thousands of dollars in the pockets of the members of his own congregation, and also stated that he would give the name of two of the most prominent members.

"I don't ask the two of the most prominent members," said Mr. Dralmin, who emphatically declared that the Citizens' Liberty League will not be imposed upon by man who has gone one better than the "imported stunk" Billy Sunday in his statements. He was entitled to his own personal views, but an organization which has on its roll of membership such men as Sir J. F. Helmuth, A. E. Dymally, A. O. Beardmore and hosts of other representative citizens will not allow themselves to go unchallenged," said the speaker, who declared that the open bar was no more desired by the members than by Premier Hearst, but urged the marking of the ballot with four "Yes" in the same manner as the referendum committee wants four "Noes. Loud applause greeted the speaker's remarks.

That the people behind the referendum movement allow misstatements to be circulated was the statement of the next speaker, Sgt. C. E. Haight, C.E.F., who pointed out that the extensively gotten up literature freely circulated in this district contained inaccurate statements regarding the marking of the ballot. He also stated that there are thousands of names on the voters' list who were not considered a prohibitionist and the wife's name put on. "There could be no accident in this action, which is thieving," said Sgt. Haight, who added that it is the duty of every citizen to see that the soldiers fought for overseas and will not permit to be filched from them in Canada.

"They cannot see a glass of beer, but they imagine a brewery, and they cannot see a man drinking a glass of whiskey, but they see him murdering his wife. If I have to receive my freedom from the pulpit I will go back to South Africa or to the country where the British flag originated."

Not One Approves.
"There is not in existence today in Ontario an solitary organization that approves of the return of the bar," said C. Wood. "When Premier Hearst states that the affirmative answer in the majority would do that he speaks as a private citizen, or as a politician, and not as a statesman. It is playing the political game. We are not to be taken in by the so-called temperance vote, and it is an attempt to hoodlum the people with the threat of return of the bar," but it did not suit his purpose to place the question so simply. "Are you in the Army? You are in the Red Triangle, St. John's, Spadina, Toronto, and other hospitals and similar soldiers' institutions, where a total of 5400 names were put on the voters' list. The referendum committee are evidently not desirous of these men recording their votes, well taking such a risk from active work as would enable him to regain his usual health and vigor."

The caucus broke up with enthusiastic cheers for Sir Robert Borden, for the minister who had spoken and for the Union government."

MOOSE JAW FIRMS OBSERVE COMMERCE BOARD'S ORDER

Canadian Press Despatch.
Moose Jaw, Sask., Oct. 2.—Evidence of four local firms was before the board of commerce inquiry before Commissioner Rankin and showed that all were observing recent orders, whilst the Moose Jaw wholesalers, the Regina firm claiming that the five per cent. profit was inadequate. The statement of John Crawford that his operating expenses were only 4-2 per cent, was in great contrast to the seven to nine per cent. of Regina's wholesale business houses. This difference was accounted for by witness' policy of utilizing few travelers.

HARDSHIPS IN FIUME

Rome, Oct. 2.—Advice from the report considerable hardships among the people from the effect of the blockade of the city. The dock workers are idle as a result of the strict enforcement of the public from all parts of the city and many of the shops are closing for lack of supplies of merchandise.

PRINTING PLANTS CLOSE

New York, Oct. 2.—With more than 250 printing plants closed as the result of a lockout instituted by employers printing printers against non-affiliated with the international union, the situation was further complicated today when in order to avoid the technicality of striking, 150 compositors in some of