

Quality of life - the general level of comfort, both physical and emotional, experienced by a group or individual.

Recipient - an entity that receives assistance for its own use or to be passed on to other beneficiaries.

Sector - one part of the economy. Example: agriculture, industry, natural resources, finance.

Services - work performed to support production, manufacturing or distribution. Examples are engineering, accounting, banking, freight forwarding, trading.

Third World - the poor countries of the world, ie; LDCs and NICs.

Topography - the features of a country or region, the position of its rivers, mountains, roads, buildings, etc.

Trade - exchange of goods or services for money, or other goods or services.

Trade links - connections or partners through, or with, which one trades.

Transportation - moving things or people from one place to another.

Vegetation - all plants including trees, grass, ferns, moss, etc.

Visa - formal approval for a traveller to enter a foreign country. Usually stamped onto the traveller's passport by a consular official of the host country. Travellers between certain countries, for instance Canadians going to the United Kingdom or to the United States of America, may not require visas.

WID - women in development. Policy of involving women as extensively as possible in development work.

