

## STANDARD MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO

Head Office, - MARKHAM, Ont.

Authorized Capital, - 500,000  
Subscribed Capital, - - 125,000

WM. ARMSTRONG, H. B. REESOR,  
President Man. Director  
F. K. REESOR, FRANK EDMAND,  
Inspector City Agent  
Confederation Life Bldg.

## The Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company

CASH-MUTUAL and STOCK  
HEAD OFFICE, - TORONTO  
Authorized Capital, \$500,000

D. HIBNER, Berlin, Pres. W. G. WRIGHT, Inspector.  
W. H. SHAPLEY, Toronto, F. CLEMENT BROWN,  
Vice President. Manager.

### It Leads Them All.

As applied to the gain in net amount of life insurance in force in Canada for the FIVE YEARS ending December 31st, 1902.

Head Office - WATERLOO, ONT.

*The Mutual Life*  
**OF CANADA**

has once more established its right to the above claim. It stands to-day

### At the Head Of All

life companies doing business in Canada in the NET AMOUNT IN FORCE GAINED OVER all its competitors during the past five years, as shown by the Government Reports.

points off before close of navigation. Linseed oil shows no signs of stiffening, and fish oils remain very dull. Turpentine rules steady to firm. Leads continue to be sold at close prices. Single barrels, raw linseed oil, 47 to 48c.; boiled, 50 to 51c., net 30 days, or 3 per cent. for 4 months' terms. Turpentine, 84 to 85c.; single barrels. Olive oil, machinery, 90c. to \$1; cod oil, 35 to 37½c. tine, 85c.; single barrels. Olive oil, machinery, 90c. to \$1; cod oil, 35 to 37½c. per gal.; steam refined seal, 50 to 55c. per gal.; straw ditto, 45 to 47c.; castor oil, 7½ to 8c., for machinery; pharmaceutical ditto, 8½ to 9c.; lead (chemically pure and first-class brands), \$4.75; No. 1, \$4.50; No. 2, \$4.25; No. 3, \$4; No. 4, \$3.75; dry white lead, 4¼ to 4½c. for pure; No. 1 ditto, 4 to 4¼c.; genuine red ditto, 4 to 4¼c.; No. 1 red lead, 4c.; putty in bulk, bbls., \$1.80; bladder putty in barrels, \$1.90; ditto, in kegs or tins, \$2.65; London washed whiting, 45c.; Paris white, 75 cents; Venetian boxes, \$2.40; 23-lb. tins, \$2.55; 12½-lb. red, \$1.50 to \$1.75; yellow ochre, \$1.25 to \$1.50; spruce ochre, \$1.75 to \$2; Paris green, 14c. in bulk, and 15c. in 1-

lb. packages; window glass, per 100 ft., \$3.25 for first break; \$3.45 for second break, and \$4.20 for third break; per 50 feet, \$1.70 for first break, and \$1.80 for second break.

### TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Nov. 12, 1903.

**Chemicals and Drugs.**—Except for quinine, which is experiencing an upward movement owing to speculation in primary market, there is no special feature worthy of notice. Opium is quiet. A normal business is going on in general drugs.

**Dry Goods.**—The only section of the dry goods trade which has benefited by the long continuance of summer weather conditions has probably been millinery, and this has been quite active. Other lines, especially where heavy woollens are involved, have dragged considerably. Two or three really cold days, however, would serve to reverse this state of things in short order, so wholesalers are not having much complaint. Travellers are now taking orders for spring goods, and are meeting with good success, several fair-sized orders having already come to hand. Prints and gingham seem to be in particularly good demand. There seems to be a prevalent belief that many lines of staple cotton goods will be higher in the spring, and retailers are acting accordingly. Considerable interest is being manifested in the reported negotiations for the amalgamation of cotton manufacturing companies in Montreal. More advances are reported in the raw cotton market owing to recent revised estimates of the southern crop, which place it at about 10,500,000 bales, or slightly over. Wholesalers report good payments.

**Flour and Grain.**—A somewhat easier market prevails for flour, and ninety per cent. patents are quoted now at \$3.07½ in buyers' bags, east or middle freights. Oatmeal is steady, while millfeed is firm. Wheat keeps steady at unchanged prices from those quoted last week. Barley is from 1 to 2c. lower, and is dull at the decline. Rye, oats and buckwheat are nominal. **Little business in grain is being done**, and receipts are light, farmers being engaged, no doubt, on their fall work.

**Fruits and Vegetables.**—Not much business is being done for the moment in fruit circles and no great briskness can be expected until the opening of the Christmas season. One feature is the scarcity of lemons, prices for which are advancing. With the exception of pears and apples but little domestic fruit is coming forward now. A few grapes and tomatoes are still making their appearance, however. Apples sell at \$1.50 to \$2.50 for good stock.

**Groceries.**—Sugars remain at quotations printed last week, and there is little or no change in the situation. Dried fruits are now established on the market, but business in them has scarcely started. In most lines of groceries a fair business

## Workman's Rights

In Canada a workman may proceed against his employer under the Workman's Compensation for Injuries Act, and at common law. That means untold annoyance and inconvenience to an employer. An employer is even liable for damages to an employee for injury resulting from the negligence of a fellow employee. Oft-times a workman will get back at an employer in this way. The employee may or may not win. Whether he does or not it means a great deal of anxiety to you as an employer. Let us relieve you of all this. Our liability policies are designed to do this very thing.

Will be glad to explain our plan.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ASSURANCE CORPORATION  
MONTREAL — TORONTO  
**GRIFFIN & WOODLAND,**  
MANAGERS.

is being done, but new features are scarce. Canned vegetables are beginning to move more freely.

**Hides and Skins.**—The hide market continues weak, with little business passing. The same may be said of Chicago. For sheepskins the demand is fairly good at 70c. Calfskins have experienced no change. Tallow is quiet and unchanged. Leather is quiet, but a change to colder weather is expected to stimulate the demand.

**Live Stock.**—Few export cattle were offered at the cattle market this week, at any rate any of good quality, and the demand was very draggy. Butchers' animals sold more readily. Good grades of stockers and feeders sold readily at prices which had a firmer tendency. Calves were dull. Milch cows of good grades sold well. Trade in sheep was not up to the mark, but lambs were in pretty good request.

**Provisions.**—Really good dairy rolls find no difficulty in selling, but many of the offerings are off flavor. For cheese a fair demand exists, though it is perceptibly easing off. Eggs continue to be maintained at somewhat high prices, but the demand for anything but the choicest is affected by the warm weather. Of poultry the same may be said, but it is in light supply. The hog product trade is in a healthy condition, and sales are brisk. Dressed hogs fetch \$6.75.

**Wool.**—Practically no export demand can be said to exist for fleece, and country holders ask higher prices than dealers feel it safe to pay. Pulled wools are asked for with some degree of freedom.