The sick were only separated from the well by a thin wall. There was no attempt to separate the sick and well from October 3rd to October 14th. The disease was recognized as small-pox on October 9th. The rash was confluent on the head and face in first case. Fox could be seen under nails of fingers and toes during convalescence. There were pox in mouth and pharynx. In second and third cases the rash appeared first on lower third of legs, and was more marked in this situation than elsewhere.

Treatment.—No special treatment was adopted. Liq. ammon. acet. was given freely at first, and six ounces of whiskey were used for the four cases. During pustular stage a mixture of equal parts of carbo ligni, ac. boric and acetanilid was freely dusted on over the entire body. This seemed to be useful as a deodoriser, and also relieved the soreness of the raw surfaces. The ventilation was such by means of doors and windows that the patients were practically treated in the open air. The diagnosis was very easy in the first three cases, there being present the characteristic temperature, the intense nausea, and the umbilication of the vesicles. The fourth case was so slight as to be almost unnoticed had it not occurred during an outbreak.