scientific lifetime of so young a man as I ann. There is scarce one present here but can remember the days of ample doubt as to the pathogenic properties of any of the bacteria; scarce one but can remember the time winn Pasteur's wonderful series of observations apon anthras and the bacillus of anthrax hardly received credence. From that period one saw passing days of gradually lessening doubt, until K.och's wonderful investigations into, the bacillus of tuberculosis made men rush to the other. extreme, made them absolutely sure that whether the microbe was discovered or no, specific microle exists for every febrile disease, and for a great number of nom-felurile: diseases. Now, at the present time, there is among harteriologists, among those deeply real and acquainted with the subject, as it were a backward swing of the pendulum, to a certain extent. What I mean is that, largely through the teaching of the German school of bacteriologists we had, but a few years ago, come to look upon every discase in which a definite microbe had been diseovered, as being due to the presence within the organism of some microhe whose characteristics were absolutely sharply-detined: There was, for example, an absolutely specific microbe of cholera, possessing constant properties, constant peculiarjties of growth on various media and constant chemical reactions of part of its products, with constime revelopment of special ferments. There was a sharply-detined aiph, coccus of pncumonia, a bacillus of typhoid that could $m$ it be confounded with any other microbe. And so on with regard to all the important diseases whose gern has beyn discovered.

Well, I do not wish now to say that this is false ; all that 1 wish to do in this short paper is to impress upon you the atvisability of erying " Halt" before we unrescrvedly stand to this belief, and it is of especial importance to the: members of this Association that the advisability of 小liberating long and carefully should be keept in mind: inasmuch as it is just in relation to some of the most wide-

