HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., MPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. St. John and St. Alexis Streets, MONTREAL. AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Agents foil this sale of the sale of Agents foil this sale of Agents food of the sale of t

LIFE ASSURANCE-FIDELITY GUARANTEE

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Empowered by British and Canadian Parliaments. Annual Income, over £300,000 Sterling. HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA-MONTREAL.

EDWARD RAWLINGS, Manager.

1868. 1868. SPRING.

DRY GOODS

T. JAMES CLAXTON & CO.,

Will be prepared to show

A COMPLETE STOCK

BY THE

20th MARCH.

Orders carofully executed.

CAVERHILL'S BUILDINGS.

ST. PETER STREET,

1 ly

MONTREAL

REMOVAL.

WEST BROTHERS Have removed to 144 McGill Street.

ROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGAMS WHOLESALE

JEFFERY BROTHEES & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

44 ST. SACRAMENT STREET,

MONTREAL.

JAMES BAILLIE & CO.,

HOLESALE DRY GOODS.

490 ST. PAUL STREET,

MONTREAL, P-14

WM. McLAREN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS AND SHOES, 15 & 17 Lemoine Street, Montreal. We divide the attention of Merchante and other dealers throughout the Dominion, to our large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes, especially adapted for Fall and Winter. In manufacturing for the Western markets, much care has been bestowed, and having made the width and proper form of the goods a speciality for years, enables us to produce and to offer to our customers Boots and Shoes of the best description. All goods warranted as represented. Personal or Letter Orders will have our prompt and careful attention.

BLACK & LOCKE,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

MONTREAL.

36-ly

NELSON, WOOD & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN European and American FANCY GOODS Paper Haugings, Clooks, Looking Glasses, and Plates, Stationery, Combs, Brushes, Mats, Toys, &o., &o., &o.

MANUFACTURERS OF Brooms, Matches, Painted Pails, Tubs, Wash-Boards, and Dealers in

WOODEN-WARE of every description.

29 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

THE TRADE REVIEW

Intercolonial Journal of Commerce.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1868,

HEWRPAPER POSTAGE.

THE principal argument advanced by the supporters of the newspaper postage measure passed during the first part of this session was that the Government had to raise a revenue and could not afford to give up any source of income. Now, as we have already frequently shown, the revenue derivable from this source is a mere bagatelle, while, at the same time, it is one of the most irritating of all the taxes levied, even in Canada proper, where the people had, to some extent, become accustomed to it. In Kova Scotia and New Brunswick, they have hitherto been free from it, and we look upon the act of our Government in extending to those sections of the Dominion a tax of such an annoying character as one of positive insanity-the greatest political blunder we have ever read or heard of. In Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the enemics of Union have not been slow to take advantage of this blunder, and have out of it made any amount of political capital adverse to the quiet permanence of this newly formed Confederation. The worst feature of the whole affair is this, that the Government did not sin in ignorance. The matter was pressed upon their attention both in and out of Parliament by their friends in all parts of the Union, by the press overy where with an almost entire unanimity, by all clear-headed, honest lovers of the Union which had been obtained after so much difficulty and so many delays; and yet with a degree of stupidity for which we had not proviously given our Ministers credit, for the sake of collecting every year at considerable expense, the paltry amount of some \$80,000, the Union itself has been put in jecpardy, and if those Ministers find themselves held to a very strict accountability, they have only themselves and their short-sightedness to blame for it.
Mr. Dorion has given notice of motion in the House

for a repeal of so much of the last postal act as charges postage on newspapers sent from the office of publicacation, and although he would have no chance what eyer of carrying the messure against the Government still we do hope the Government will see fit to with-draw before it is too late from the ground they have taken in this matter.

taken in this matter.

MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

WHOLEGALE

TRON MERCHANTS.

IMPORTERS OF HARDWAKE

Offices and Warehouse, 885 and 887 St. Paul Birett.

BIONTERNAL.

Manufactories on Lachine Canal. 1-17

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COLY

19 & 20 Corneill, London, England.

CAPITAL £2,000,000 Stg-INVESTED over \$2,000,000

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—Insurance granted on all descriptions of property at reasonable rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT,—The success of this branch has been unprecedented—90 PER CENT. of premiums now in hand. First year's premiums were over \$100,000. Economy of management guaranteed. Perfect security. Moderate rates.

Office 385 & 387 St. Paul Street, Montreal. MORLAND, WATSON & CO.,

General Agents for Canada.

FRED. COLE, Secretary.

Inspector of Agencies—T. C. Livingston P.L.S. 9-ly

FROM THE CAPITAL.

OTTAWA, 30th March, 1868.

THE Capital has almost been besieged, of late, with influential visitors. Deputations have come from Ontario, from New Brunswick, from Quebeo-deputations on banking matters, deputations on insurance, tariff deputations, and deputations regarding Post-Office affairs. The Treasury Board-particularly the fion Mr. Rose, Finance Minister-has enjoyed the. "luxury" of immediate interviews, and if abundance of "good advice" can possibly render the proposed commercial legislation perfect, no doubt it will be faultiess. The presence of so many strangers of wealth and position from different parts of the Dominion, has rendered Ottawa quite lively for the past ten days, and there can be no question that the recommendations of gentlemen so practically acquainted with banking, insurance, currency, &c., are entitled to, and will receive, due consideration at the hands of the Government and Parliament.

WHAT THE BANKERS DID.

The large and very influential meeting of bankers came to a unanimous conclusion in regard.to the questions brought before them. They agreed to drop all proceedings for a renowal of their charters, and to recommend the Government to form a committee composed of leading men of both sides of the House. to take evidence and consider the whole question of banking. Mr. C. Street, Esq., M.P. for Wolland, was deputed to place the result of their deliberations before the Tressury Board, which agreed, on behalf of the Government, that their recommendations should be carried out. It is understood that the Committee will be struck very shortly, that they will immediately go to work, and report before the Session closes. The Government is to embody the result of their deliberations in a bill, before next Session.

THE INSURANCE BILL

does not increase in favour. A good number of membors are ready to oppose it, and before you publish this letter, it will have (in all probability) provoked a lively discussion in Parliament. The report goes that the insurance deputation from Montreal, induced the Pluance Minister to reduce the amount of deposit required to obtain a license, but that gentlemen did not say so when moving the second reading of the messure on Friday evening last. Probably he intends to make the amendment in committee. This bill is reproblement in committee, this bill is reproblement in committee. panies directly clashes with the powers given to some of these companies by the Local Legislatures. This part of the bill is believed to be unconstitutional, for is this Parliament has power to make it possessive top