

adherents to historic truth will concur in the verdict, that the stone of Moab, notwithstanding its world-wide glorification, is nothing but 'a stone of stumbling,' and must be consigned to the limbo of marvellous impositions.

ALBERT LÖWY.

XV

ART. II.—FRENCH CANADA.

1. *The Old Régime in Canada*. By FRANCIS PARKMAN. Boston: 1884.
2. *Histoire du Canada depuis sa découverte*. Par F. X. GARNEAU. 4 volumes. Montreal: 1882.
3. *Le Canada sous l'Union, 1841-1867*. Par LOUIS TURCOTTE. Quebec: 1881.
4. *Histoire des Canadiens-Français, 1608-1880*, 8 volumes. Par BENJAMIN SULTE. Montreal: 1882-84.
5. *Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, 1882-1886*. Section I.—1. *Littérature Française, Histoire, etc.* Montreal.
6. *Census of Canada, 1881*.
7. *Songs of Old Canada*. Translated by W. M'LENNAN. Montreal: 1886.
8. *Chansons Populaires du Canada, Recueillies et publiées*, par ERNEST GAGNON. Quebec: 1880.

Over a century and a quarter has passed since the Treaty
A BOUT a century and a quarter has passed since the Treaty of Paris was signed, and France formally ceded Canada to Great Britain. Of all the vast domain she once possessed in North America, there remain to her only some rocky islets on the southern coast of Newfoundland, to which she has always clung as a nursery for her seamen, and as a headquarters for the fishing fleet that has resorted to the waters of the Gulf of St. Lawrence for several centuries. Of all the formidable fortresses which she erected to environ the old English colonies, in pursuance of her ambitious designs in the valleys of the St. Lawrence and Mississippi, only one is now standing to recall her former glory in America. Fort Niagara is no more than a memory, and were it not for a few mounds of earth and stone, we could