

The Free Press.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1869.

TANTARMAR MARSH.

There are some spots of earth that appear to be sanctified by the deeds of heroic valor and the sacrifices and achievements of patriotism. To stand upon spots, that have thus been consecrated, inspires one with awe, and evokes the tribute of enthusiastic admiration. Localities thus aggrandized by the deeds of the great and glorious men of former times, illumine the pages of history. There is something sublimely thrilling in the thought that we are standing on the very ground on which, for the sake of Country and freedom, some patriot "has fought, and bled, and died."

land seems the more probable when we remember the length of time through which England and the Canadas have been looking forward to their separation; that such an arrangement now would but slightly anticipate the early and inevitable future, that it would more comport with England's truest interest to make the transfer of her own free will and with the free consent of the Colonies, and that such an offer, discreetly made although it would not restore our lost Commerce, might be regarded as a proper reparation for our wounded pride, our violated rights and shattered interests. Our people have been displeased, and justly, at the childish unwisdom which has been ready to swell our indebtedness, at a most inconvenient moment, by indiscriminate and needless purchases, from the North Pole to the Equator, of icebergs and earthquakes. But the voluntary cession of the British rule in North America, where it has ceased to be advantageous to England or beneficial to its matured Colonies, would be an imperial gift which England might with dignity tender, and America graciously accept. Such an olive branch from England, healing the past and restoring the good will that has been so rudely broken, would undoubtedly be sought by those who are seeking to embroil the two countries in war, from personal hate or what Gov. Andrew used to call a principle of "general cussedness;" but we think it might be fearlessly accepted in all honor by the masses of our countrymen, who trust, in the language of John Bright, "that the two nations, separated as they are by the ocean, come to be intertwined, and of one stock, may be in future time united in soul, and may work together for the advancement of the liberties and the happiness of mankind."

Late Despatches.

LONDON, March 2.

In the House of Commons last evening Premier Gladstone moved for leave to introduce a Bill to establish the first church, to make provision for its temporalities and to disendow the Royal College of St. Patrick at Maynooth. Mr. Gladstone followed up his motion with a speech in defence and explanation of the provisions of the bill. He explained that the Bill is intended to go into effect on and after the first of January, 1871, as soon as it has received the royal assent. A commission will be appointed to guard the property of the Church and to prevent the creation of any new interests. All ecclesiastical appointments for Ireland are hereafter to be made in such a case that the Queen in Council would recognize newly constituted religious bodies, but would not create them. The result would be the abolition of the Ecclesiastical Courts and Jurisdiction of the rights of Bishops to Pærae. All Ecclesiastical Corporations would be dissolved, and then the disestablishment of the Irish Church would be complete. A provision is made for the Clergy, who are to receive life annuities. All private endowments are to remain intact, and the Church is to be handed over to a Council for religious purposes. Grants are proposed for the support of St. Patrick's and other Cathedrals, these structures being regarded as national property. The church buildings no longer required are to be handed over to the Board of Works, for the benefit of a fund, and the Burial Grounds are to be placed under the charge of the Guardians of the Poor.

The Presbyterian Clergy are to receive life annuities in lieu of the Fegian Donum, and the Roman Catholic College of Maynooth, and the Presbyterian College are to be granted capitalized sums of money. Further Legislation is to be had in regard to Trinity College. A title rent charge will be offered to land owners, at twenty-two and a half years purchase. Church leases are to be sold, tenants having the first option. The capitalized value of Church property is estimated at sixteen million five hundred thousand pounds, of which eight million is to be appropriated to compensation, and the remainder, in the words of the preamble to the Bill, is to be employed for the advantage of the Irish people, not for the teaching of religion, but for relief in cases of unavoidable calamity or suffering, while at the same time it is not to cancel the obligations laid upon property for the relief of the poor. Grants are also to be made for the care of Lunatics, for the training of nurses, and for the support of County Infirmarys.

WASHINGTON, March 4. General Grant was inaugurated President of the United States to-day, with imposing ceremonies. President Grant has appointed the following gentlemen members of his Cabinet, and they have been confirmed by the Senate: Secretary of State, E. B. Washburne, of Illinois; Secretary of the Treasury, A. P. Stewart, of New York; Secretary of the Interior, J. D. Cox, of Ohio; Secretary of the Navy, A. E. B. Vre, of Pennsylvania; Secretary of War, J. M. Schofield, of Illinois; Post Master General, A. G. Casswell, of Maryland; Attorney General, E. R. Hoar, of Massachusetts.

WASHINGTON, March 4. A shocking tragedy occurred here last evening. A young man named Challoner, of this city, deliberately shot Ensign Whitaker with a revolver; he fired two shots at him, both taking effect in the head. Challoner has given himself up to the authorities; he is very young, not over eighteen years of age.

MONTEAL, March 5. Whittaker was alive at a late hour last night. There are no hopes of his recovery. The affair causes intense excitement, but the sympathy is with young Challoner.

It appears that Whittaker seduced Miss Challoner, having first administered chloroform, last August. A short time ago he promised to marry her, but last week refused; thereupon her father preferred a charge of rape against him. Miss Challoner's deposition was being taken on Wednesday, when her brother (a lad of 16 years of age) happened to overhear it. He rushed out, saw Whittaker proceeding in the direction of the Skating Rink, followed him, and as he was slipping on the ice, deliberately shot him. The first ball passed through his nose, the second entered the temple.

WASHINGTON, March 8. It is understood that Mr. Stewart, in view of the uncertainty of Congress suspending the law prohibiting men engaged in commerce holding office in the Treasury, has tendered his resignation, and that Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, will be appointed. Other changes in the new cabinet are rumored, and there is much excitement over the matter.

NEW YORK, March 8th. Money market continues easy. Gold closing at 131 1/2.

Editorial and other matter of interest crowded out by a press of advertisements.

Mr. E. M. McDonald has been disgraced.

SIGNIFICANT RESOLUTION.

At a meeting of the Eastern Annapolis Branch of the Nova Scotia Repeal League at Middleton on Saturday last, the following resolution was passed unanimously:

Whereas, The Hon. Joseph Howe has abandoned the leadership of the anti-confederate party of Nova Scotia, and accepted office, as President of the Privy Council in the Dominion of Canada, and has thereby shown himself deficient in that political candor, so much required by the people of Nova Scotia in this, "the darkest hour of our history," Resolved, That this meeting feels the deepest interest in the decision of the electors of Hants relative to their views on the great question of Repeal; but should their decision prove adverse to what we most firmly believe to be our dearest interests, we should not for a moment indulge the thought of abandoning our position, but only feel we would thereby be called upon to contend with redoubled firmness for those rights of which we have been so cruelly deprived.

Moved by Mr. Joseph Morton, and seconded by Jonathan Woodbury, Esq., M. D.—passed unanimously.

At one of the recent meetings in Hants Mr. Howe intimated that he might cause a dissolution of the Local Legislature in the event of his defeat; and it is now evident that he dares not to run the Hants election at the time he intended, from the fact that the writ for the election in Yarmouth has been recalled—the law requiring the elections to be run simultaneously. The "signs of the times" indicate an early dissolution. Let all be prepared for it. On this subject the Chronicle remarks:—

The Local Government have chosen the wiser part—they have obeyed the will of the people so far. In time the people will be convinced, we believe, that the surest method of ridding ourselves of Canada's incursions will be to embarrass the governments of the Dominion and Canada as much as possible.

Our last trump must soon be played. Should this playing, in the estimation of the people, involve the resignation of the Government, the Government is not unprepared. The electors of the country have this matter entirely in their own hands.—They can instruct their representatives, and we know their representatives will obey their instructions. The Local Legislature will soon meet, and we know its members will sustain the Local Government.

We assert, however, that with the sacrifice of office, in fact with any sacrifice, the present ministry is ready to further the Repeal cause, no matter how much Howe or McDonald may bluster.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—The Local Legislature was opened on the 4th inst., by Governor Wilnot in a wordy address, which is far from serving as an index of the condition of the sister Province. Every body knows that its Government is feeble, inefficient, and without the enjoyment of the popular confidence. Poor New Brunswick! She voluntarily accepted the yoke of Canadian Domination; and now is repenting of her folly. Tilley was her political darling; and he sacrificed her interests to secure for himself a fat office at Ottawa. The infamy that rests upon his reputation, though not so appalling and black as that which has settled upon the name of Howe, should be a warning to corruptly ambitious politicians in all time to come.

THE EVIL DAY DEFERRED.

No doubt when Mr. Howe commenced his present campaign in Hants, he intended to make short work of it. It was his purpose, no doubt, to obtain the seat by a coup de main. He meant to take possession of the County by storm. It is manifest now, however, that he fears to hold the election at once, and hopes by putting it off to deceive and corrupt the electors. The withdrawing of the Yarmouth Writ for election in that County is a high-handed act. That act is his own. It would appear that he has league with Tupper and the Canadian politicians to crush every right of Nova Scotia. He is the bitterest and most inveterate enemy she has to-day.

We learn from a correspondent that some of the Confederates in Hants are boasting of the alleged disunion among the Antis, caused by the defection of Mr. Howe,—that though they despise the man they will take the late Repeal leader, and use him for the purpose of making a party strong enough to beat down the Repealers. No doubt of it; that's the game with some, but will it succeed? Will the Antis fall into the trap? Nay, will the Confederates, as a body, support the man who so lately betrayed his party, and will be only too ready to do the same by them if, perchance, he should be elected? We will see.—Chronicle.

The nomination at Yarmouth, to supply the vacancy caused by the death of Thomas Killam, Esq., which was advertised to take place on the 9th inst., has been postponed by orders from Ottawa, and the Writ of election withdrawn.—The Senate gives the Government no power to withdraw a Writ once issued, and their interference in the present case must be regarded as a gross violation of the law respecting Elections.

We have not yet heard when the Yarmouth Election is to come off, whether, indeed, a new Writ has yet been issued. When Mr. Howe's canvass is completed, and the time is thought auspicious, we presume our Yarmouth friends will be allowed to have their election, and not fill then. Query: Will the Electors of Hants and Yarmouth, under the circumstances, be loyal.—Chronicle.

E. M. McDonald, M. P., has, it appears, convened a series of public meetings in the County of Lunenburg, with the view of justifying his abandonment of the Repeal policy, the first of which came off at Bridgewater on Saturday, with the following result:—

BRIDGEWATER, March 6.—E. M. McDonald held a public meeting here to-day. Vote carried, disapproving of proceedings of Messrs. Howe and McDonald.

(Telegram to Free Press.)

YARMOUTH, March 10.

Election postponed. Immense public meeting yesterday. Passed resolution almost unanimously to persevere for Repeal. Yarmouth strong as ever for Repeal.

REPEAL LEAGUE IN ARICHAU.—A correspondent of the Antigonish "Casket" says a Repeal League was formed in Arichau on the 25th ult. Isaac LeVesconte, Esq., Financial Secretary in Dr. Tupper's Government, was elected President. "The meeting," says the writer, "considering the short notice given, was quite a respectable one, and proved that the Anti-Union party retains a strong hold on the Electors of Richmond."

The editor of the Yarmouth Tribune has remarked somewhat tartly upon some observations of ours on the "Yarmouth election." In reply, we have only to say that while our esteemed contemporary's present political position is not conspicuously compatible with consistency, his advocacy of Mr. Clements, as a candidate for legislative honors, does credit to Mr. Huntington as a man of gratitude.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN ANNAPOLIS.—The Berwick "Star" says a man named Samuel Copeland, who lived about eight miles from Annapolis town, recently fell from a load of hay, and the sled passed over his body killing him almost immediately.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Where this article is known it is a work of supererogation to say one word in its favor, so well it is established as an unfailing remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, as well as that most dreaded of all diseases, Consumption, which high medical authority has pronounced to be a curable disease. Those who have used this remedy know its value; those who have not, have but to make a single trial to be satisfied that of all others it is the remedy.

From W. Y. Archard, Esq., Late Chief Apothecary to the Hospital, Glasgow, Scotland.

BRADFORD, C. W., January 5th, 1864.

Messrs. SEW W. FOWLE & SON.

Gentlemen:—About a year since my wife and children were affected with severe coughs for which I tried many remedies, without benefit. At length by the use of a small quantity of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry they rapidly recovered. I know of several other persons who have used the Balsam with remarkable effect, and I can with confidence recommend it to all suffering from pulmonary complaints. Yours truly, W. Y. ARCHARD.

It Cures Troublesome Coughs.

FORTE HOPE, C. W., Jan. 13, 1850.

Gentlemen:—This certifies that I used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for a troublesome cough of some months' standing, and it effected a speedy and permanent cure. I believe it is an excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints, and with pleasure recommend it as such. Yours truly, THOMAS LITTLE.

Prepared by SEW W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

Married.

At St. James Church, Feb 27th, by the Rev. H. Pryor Almon Rector, Lewis F. Slatyer, of Annapolis, to Annie M., daughter of Satorius Nutter, of Bridgeport.

At Lower Granville, Feb 18th, the Rev. Henry D. DeBios, A. M., Mr. Newsham, Messrs. of the East Indies, and Margaret A., widow of the late Christopher Winchester.

Also, at Lower Granville, by the same, on the 25th inst., Mr. Edward H. Phinney and Sophy, daughter of Andrew Bohaker, Esq., J. P.

Died.

At Hannibal, Missouri, on the 25th Oct., 1868, George Augustus Sinclair, third son of Dr. Thomas Sinclair, for many years a resident physician in this county, aged 39 years, leaving a wife and infant.

FARM AND STOCK

At Auction. ON Saturday, the 24th of April, 10 o'clock a.m., the subscriber will sell that part of the farm he now occupies, lying north of the post road, containing 175 acres, it produces about 40 tons of hay, and 30 to 50 barrels of apples yearly, has a good dwelling house, barn and outhouses on the premises, and never failing water in different parts of the farm; the pasture is excellent, and any amount of wood and poles; it is well adapted to make two farms as a good turnpike road crosses the rear, and about 50 acres are cleared ready to plough adjoining said road.

ALSO—At the same Time and Place 8 cows with calf, 1 yoke oxen, 6 years old; 1 do 4 years old; 2 do, 3 years old; 1 odd steer, 5 years old; 3 do, 1 year old; 1 bull, 2 years old; 6 heifers, 2 years old; 3 do, 1 year old; 4 steers, 1 year old; 3 cows, 2 years old; 10 tons upland hay, 30 masts of timber of sale of FARM—10 per cent to be paid at sale, \$500 on delivery of deed, balance can remain on mortgage on the premises if required.

Terms of stock, &c.—6 months on approved joint notes bearing interest, on sums over \$50.

Granville, March 11, 1869. WM R TROOP.

Sale Positive. WM R TROOP, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

To be sold at Public Auction,

ON Saturday the 29th day of March, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises of the late John Cropley, of Wilnot, deceased, the following Goods and Chattels, viz: 2 Cows, with calf; 1 Mare; 1 yoke 3 year old Steers; 15 Sheep; 3 tons Hay; 1 riding Wagon; 1 horse Sled; 1 ox Sled; 1 Cart; 1 plough; 1 Harrow; Chains and Forks; 1 cook Stove; 1 parlor do.; 1 Looking Glass; 9 Chairs; 1 Loom; 1 Clock; 1 Boat; 20 bushels Potatoes.

TERMS.

The Hay, and all sums under two dollars, cash on delivery; six months credit on all other sums above two dollars—on notes of hand with approved security.

JAMES P. FOSTER, Executor.

Port Williams, March 6th, 1869.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of Charles Suis, master mariner, deceased, of Clements, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within twelve months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to CORY O'DELL, Administrator.

Annapolis, March 11th, 1869—5th.

NOTICE.

STRAYED into the flock of the subscriber, in the early part of the Winter, one ewe sheep and lamb. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.

WALTER RICKETSON, Annapolis, March 11, 1869.

CLEARING

OUT

SALE!

AT COST.

At Cost!

THE SUBSCRIBERS

will offer for sale their

stock of Hardware and other

goods at

COST!

FROM

15th to 30th instant.

300 pairs Boot & Shoes, ass't,

200 Coats, Pants & Vests, "

50 Reams Wrapping Paper.

40 doz. Tumblers & Goblets,

100 Grain Bags,

100 lbs. Shop Twine,

50 doz Lamp Chimneys, ass't,

6 doz. Hats and Caps, "

1-2 " Buffalo Robes, "

1 Lady's Side Saddle and Bridle.

2 Gents' Saddles.

Hardware!

1500 LBS. Griffin's Horse & Ox Nails,

Scotch Helved Iron, Sheet Iron,

Hoop Iron, Spring Steel, Drill Steel, Tyre Steel,

Sleigh Shoe Steel, Horse Cork Steel, Blister

Steel, Plow Moulds, Barn Door Hangers, Circular

Mill Saw Taper Bastard, Half Round and

Tenon Saw Files, Mill Saws, Horse Shoe, Scrob,

White Wash, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Wood

Screws, Cutlery, Brads, Tacks, Iron Shoe Heels,

Brass Ox Balls, Skates, Table & Butt Hinges,

Faucets, Trunk, Chest, Tilt, Closet, Mortoise &

Pad Locks, Silver, Pearl, & Mineral Knobs,

Strap, Barn Door, Gate & T Hinges, Dry Points,

& Dye Stuffs, Grain Saws, Shovels, Spades,

Storks, Malleable Irons, Carriage Butts, Slat

Shove, Shovels, Wheel Heads, Lanterns, Shop

Twine, Kerosene Lamps, Rivets, Parlor, Cook,

& Shop Stoves, Bent Folios, Hickory Spokes,

Hubs, Bent Shafts, Sole Leather, Calf Skins,

Zinc & Hungarian Nails, Eyelets, Shoe Knives,

Pegs, Packard's Ink, Elastic Web, Binding

Skins, Heel Ball, White Wax, &c., &c.

J. E. CHIPMAN & CO.

Middleton, March 11, 1869.