BOILER INSP. & INS. CO.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS,
OFFICE—Free Library Building.

The Toronto World.

NEW SILK UNDERWEAR
ALL SIZES.
Chas. Macintosh's New "Inverness" Waterproof Coats.
QUINN, the SHIRTMAKER

SIXTH YEAR MONDAY MORNING MAY 17 1886. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE COUNTRY TO DECIDE.

MR. GLADSTONE URGED TO DISSOLVE PARLIAMENT IF DEFEATED.

The Calculations of Home Rule's Opponents—Mr. Chamberlain's Radical Friends Protest Against His Attitude—The G. O. M. Lampooned.

LONDON, May 15.—The developments of the week have been all against Home Rule. At this moment there appears to be no chance whatever of Mr. Gladstone's success, unless he consents to humble himself beyond all precedent. First, in as few words as possible, the situation to-night is this: The total number of Liberals in the House of Commons, including Independents, is 333; Conservatives, 251, and Parnellites 86. The Liberals and Parnellites combined have a majority of 167, without the Speaker, over the Conservatives. The transfer, therefore, of eighty-four votes to the Opposition will, in the event of a full House, defeat the Bill by a majority of one. Now the followers of Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain between them number 104, ninety-three of whom have positively pledged themselves to vote against the second reading. Eleven are not pledged, but are certain to vote against the measure. There are, moreover, eighteen members who are confidently expected to oppose the Government. If the 104 safe votes enumerated above are all cast in accordance with present pledges against the Bill, it will be thrown out by a majority of forty-one. If the whole 122 members vote against the Government the majority will be no less than seventy-seven. Even if some opponents of the Bill adopt a course of abstention a decisive majority against the second reading is secured. Mr. Gladstone is raging, and Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain are perfectly in harmony upon the course they will adopt. Both are equally confident about the result. The Irish members are angry and glum. They cannot find words to express their anger and disgust with the Liberal and Radical bolters from the party.

The G. O. M. in Bad Odor.

LONDON, May 15.—The past week has been specially marked by two things—abuse of Mr. Gladstone and the invasion of society by ancient Greece. As regards the first of these, never within memory has partisan feeling found such bitter expression against anybody as against the Prime Minister during the last few days. At a political soiree on Wednesday evening, Mr. Chamberlain, talking about the situation, began speaking of Mr. Gladstone by saying, "That infernal old—." Then he corrected himself with a smile to "that extremely astute old gentleman." This is a specimen. Then an old epigram of years ago has been revived again to do duty, namely: "Gladstone will sacrifice a principle where he will not give up a penny." Even nonsensical verses about him have been going the rounds. This for example was raising the laugh at a party last night:

"Have you heard of this wicked old man,
Who does all the mischief he can?
His initials are three, and the last is a 'G,'
He's a terribly wicked old man."

But by far the bitterest, cleverest and, in a certain sense, truest thing ever said about Gladstone was said by Labouchere as he came out of the House of Commons on Monday night, on discovering he had been fooled by the Government allowing him to promise in their name concessions they never intended to make. Said he: "That old fox always has two aces up his sleeve. But I wouldn't mind that so much if he didn't always want to make you believe that a higher power put them there."

Will Appeal to the Country.

LONDON, May 15.—An informal Cabinet Council was held last evening and to-day. Mr. Gladstone had conferences with his colleagues. It is reported that, yielding to the urgent advice of Mr. Morley and Lord Spencer, Mr. Gladstone has decided, in the event of defeat, to demand from the Queen an immediate dissolution of Parliament. The Liberal Association leaders in the Provinces have sent a letter to Mr. Gladstone pleading with him not to resign, but to appeal to the country, with a certainty of securing a majority.

Mr. Chamberlain is deluged with Radical protests. To a Birmingham Liberal who had written that Mr. Chamberlain's action had destroyed all chance of his ever attaining the leadership of the Liberals, Mr. Chamberlain replied that he would sooner forsake politics altogether than consent to measures that would prove disastrous to the country. Mr. Gladstone's committee has asked Mr. Chamberlain to formulate a statement of concessions that would reconcile him.

The Parnellites, though assenting to the second reading of the Arms Bill, will oppose the advancing to committee stage until after the division on the Home Rule Bill.

Attacked by Nationalists.

DUBLIN, May 16.—News has been received that a mob of Nationalists attacked a number of Protestant peasants while the latter were returning from market at Cookstown, County Tyrone. A fight took place near Coagh, where the Catholics have a decided superiority in number. The peasants resisted the attack and several of them were roughly handled, two being badly hurt. No arrests have been made.

CABLE NOTES.

The River Trent has overflowed and Nottingham is partly under water.

The English Government has decided to annex the Kermadec Islands in the South Pacific ocean.

M. De Giers, Russian Foreign Minister, has announced his intention of visiting Prince Bismarck in August next.

The German Bundesrath has ratified a convention with England for the mutual protection of artistic and literary works.

The Orangemen of Australia have cabled the Loyalists of Ireland promising to aid them in their endeavors to prevent the adoption of Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule scheme.

The Vossiche Zeitung says that the Bavarian Cabinet has demanded unanimously that the King make an arrangement with his creditors and limit his expenses in the future.

The weather is cold and squally in Europe. Last week storms did great damage to property and caused considerable loss of life. The towns of Montpelier, France, and Lonato, Lombardy, have been partially destroyed.

The World has a larger city circulation than all the morning papers combined. Advertisers should note this fact.

The World of Labor.

The "models" who pose for the pupils at the School of Design, Pittsburg, are the latest strikers in that vicinity. They demand 25c. an hour.

The employes of the Lociede Ges Company, St. Louis, struck Saturday for the adoption of the eight-hour system. There will be no street lights to-night unless the strike is settled.

At a meeting of the Knights of Labor in Pittsburg Friday night the bakers' strike was declared illegal, and the men were ordered to return to work. The employers have consented to the twelve hours' arrangement.

A decree has been promulgated in Germany forbidding public meetings without police authority. The decree is aimed at the suppression of labor meetings. All the papers except the Government organs denounce the order.

The Grievance Committee of the Locomotive Firemen called Saturday upon Supt. Kerrigan of the Missouri Pacific Railroad. The latter accepted the recommendations of the Committee and agreed to reinstate the firemen who were discharged during the late Knights of Labor strike.

THE FIGHT FOR THE FISHERIES.

A Nova Scotian Schooner to Pursue Her Calling in U. S. Waters.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., May 15.—The British schooner Geneva from Lunenburg, N.S., arrived this morning to fit out for the southern mackerel fishery. She has the British ensign flying at the main peak, which is something unusual for fishermen, and which is felt here to partake somewhat of a defiant attitude, as the vessel is here to buy a seine, boat and other supplies to prosecute the mackerel fishing on our shores.

Capt. Lewis, owner of the schooner D. J. Adams, being unable to fight his case in the Admiralty Court at Halifax, the American Fishing Union has taken hold of the matter and will fight it to the bitter end. The Union has employed Meagher, Dryadale & Newcomb of Halifax, three of the ablest lawyers there, and has given bonds in the sum of £240 for the release of the schooner, and she will soon return to this port and refit for a fishing voyage.

Proposed Sale of the Cargo.

DIGBY, N.S., May 15.—An order has been asked for from the Vice-Admiralty Court for leave to sell the perishable cargo of fresh halibut, ice, etc., of the schooner D. J. Adams. All the fish gear, vessel's rigging, sails, furniture, etc., will be stored by instructions from the Solicitor of the Canadian Government. The steamer Lansdowne went on a cruise to-day in search of violators of the fishery laws, but found none. All American vessels have disappeared from these waters.

The Crew in Boston.

BOSTON, May 15.—The crew of the schooner D. J. Adams arrived in Boston yesterday afternoon. A crowd of fishermen and others gathered at the wharf to welcome them. Capt. Lewis, owner of the seized schooner, at once piloted Capt. Kinney and one of the crew to the office of Hon. S. S. Woodbury for examination. Capt. Kinney declared that he went to Digby Basin to visit friends who lived on the west bank, about three miles above Digby, and that he stayed there during the night. He had no other reason for going in shore. He did not go in to purchase bait, and he defied the Canadian Government to prove that he purchased and. Capt. Kinney said that he had on board 112 barrels of herring, purchased in Eastport, Me., and that this was the bait he was charged with buying at Digby.

A Double Lynching.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 16.—Dave and Lon Mann, who murdered Marshall Campbell and wounded Officer McCormick at Bartow Saturday, were lynched that night. A crowd of two hundred surrounded the jail, disarmed the Sheriff, took the keys and took the prisoners to a tree near by. While stringing Dave Mann, Lon got loose and ran. He was promptly winged and strung up to the same limb.

A Fatal Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—John Cameron, aged 28 years, and Charles Archibald, aged 23, both Scotchmen, engaged in a brutal fight yesterday afternoon. Cameron died a few hours later. The men were weavers, and worked in the same mill. They had been drinking together, and the fight was the result of a heated discussion. Archibald and three witnesses to the fight were arrested this evening.

Fired by a Meteor.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The bark Vidette from Cienfuegos, which arrived to-day, reports that on May 5 at 1.30 a.m., in fine, clear weather the vessel was set on fire in the main top by a meteor. By prompt action the fire was put out. The meteor seemed like a firerocket lighting up the vessel throughout, and in less than ten seconds the mast head was in full blaze.

Getting Fun out of a Cyclone.

Coon Rapids Enterprise.

One among the most amusing is told on old Father Minnich. He saw the cyclone approaching as it came over the hill, and, standing in the back door and being beside himself, waved his arms towards it and cried out: "Shoo, shoo, go'way; go'way, go'way." The storm didn't harm him, and no one can prove that his effort was in vain.

Another one is told on our industrious tailor. He made all possible haste to reach his dwelling and save his wife, but the cyclone overtook him, and he had to throw himself on the ground and hold to a fence post. He was terribly shaken up, and as soon as he reached his feet was asked by Attorney Reid if he was hurt. He replied: "I don't know, but I think I am. My head is awful soft right here; please examine it." Reid did so, and found the soft place to be a huge piece of mud which was plastered behind his ear.

J. A. Miller also came in as a subject for a little fun by running away from his store, carefully carrying away an old clothing sign, which was worth more for what it had done than for any future service. J. A. knows the value of advertising, however, and hence his idea was not so laughable after all.

In the country when Mr. Titus was taken out of the wreck, apparently almost dead, one of her little boys, about 4 years old, exclaimed: "Why, papa, you'll have to go us a new mamma now—ours won't be good for anything any more."

The Enterprise quill, too, was a trifle out of his head, and was made fun of because he was inviting some of the homeless to his house for shelter when the roof was off his building and the rain dripping through the ceiling as through a sieve.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

A monument to Schiller, the German poet, was dedicated in Lincoln Park on Saturday by the Germans of Chicago.

It is estimated that the value of the property destroyed by floods and storms in Ohio last week was at least $15,000,000.

The jury for the trial of Maxwell, the murderer of Preller at St. Louis, has been struck and the proceedings will commence today.

Augustin Daly's Comedy Company sailed from New York for England on Saturday. Miss Rehan, Mr. Lewis and John Drew are among the company.

Patrick Reddington, City Marshal of Shannon, Ill., was attacked by Charles Lashell, a barber, Saturday night with a razor, and died almost instantly.

The Enterprise distillery at Pekin, Ill, with all the machinery and contents, was entirely destroyed by an incendiary fire yesterday morning. The total loss is estimated at $200,000.

Ald. Jaehne, of New York, charged with accepting bribes, was found on Saturday "guilty as charged in the indictment." The other aldermanic corruptionists will be arraigned today.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians, in session at St. Paul, Minn. have adopted resolutions condemning the system of alien landlordism in the United States and the Anarchist outbreak at Chicago.

Geo Baum, a farmer living near Volcano, W Va, narrowly escaped being lynched Thursday night by a mob of indignant neighbors. The cause was the outrageous treatment of his wife and feeding her and the children on dog's flesh.

At Chicago on Saturday night James Jamieson's head was almost entirely severed from his body by one slash from a razor in the hands of Charles Jones. The men, who were colored barbers, were engaged in a saloon quarrel over their abilities as whitewashers.

The York Courts.

Before Judge Morgan Saturday: In Dunn v. Bolton, Plaintiff sued on a promissory note for $247. Judgment reserved. Before Judge McDougall: In the case of Jacobbs v. Scott the jury returned a verdict for Plaintiff of $95. Peremptory list for Monday, Judge Morgan: McNiel v. Robertson, McDonald v. Lobb, Busby v. McNeamey. Judge McDougall: Brown v. Andrews.

THE STONE FOR IRELAND.

EMIGRATION THE TORY REMEDY FOR HER ILLS.

Lord Salisbury Repudiates the Idea that His Party Have no Policy—His Lordship Astride of the Protestant Horse.

LONDON, May 15.—A great meeting of the opponents of Home Rule was held in St. James to-night, Mr. Ashmead Bartlett presiding. The side galleries were crowded with ladies. The hall was profusely draped with the national colors, and scrolls bearing the names of Conservative leaders, past and present, were displayed. Lords Salisbury, George Hamilton, Lewisham, Limerick, Sidmouth and Brabourne, and many members of the House of Commons, were on the platform.

The Chairman announced that a new scheme of organization had been ratified to-day, making the Conservative party more a party of the people than it had heretofore been.

Mr. A. B. Forward, member for Lancashire, introduced a series of resolutions to the effect that the meeting represented the Conservative Associations of the Kingdom, and that it had confidence in the ability of Lord Salisbury to maintain Great Britain and Ireland as one United Kingdom, and to guard safely the Union and the greatness of the Empire. The resolutions were carried amid cheers.

Lord Salisbury said that his policy on the burning question of the day was the traditional policy of the Tory party, to maintain the Union. This was the unbroken tradition of the Tories. He would simply try, as an humble instrument, to hand over the burning torch to his successors. He denounced the abominable insinuation that the Conservatives concealed their policy. There was fair ground for hoping that to-day week the proposals of the Government were to be a matter of history, but the question would survive. The loyal party had a fight before it. It would take a long time to root out the poisonous weed, because its seed had been sown with an unsparing hand. In regard to the guarantees alleged to have been made by the Irish members that they would accept this Bill with an amendment providing for Irish representation at Westminster, the speaker said that the very attitude of the Parnellites showed that they did not desire to come to the English Parliament. That would involve criticism of their treatment of their Protestant countrymen, and that was what they did not desire. After criticising Mr. Gladstone's action toward Ireland since the passage of the Irish Church Bill, Lord Salisbury said he did not wish his audience to infer that Mr. Gladstone was not an honest man, but he said the Premier could not be trusted. The speaker contended that Ireland was not a nation, because it contained two different, deeply-divided races. It depended, he said, on the habits of a people whether self-government should be conferred upon them. The habits of the Irish were very bad, They had become habituated to the use of knives and plugs. The question of religion divided them. The peculiar influence of the Catholic clergy, and the manner in which that influence had been used, must be considered before placing such a weapon as a Home Rule in the hands of the Irish. There would be no necessity for coercion if the Irish had abandoned their habits of mutilation, murder and robbery, and of preventing men who were attached to England from earning a livelihood. Ireland wanted a firm, consistent policy — a firm Government. That was the policy of the Tory party. Lord Salisbury recommended that a portion of the money with which it was intended to buy out the Irish landlords be spent in helping the Irish to emigrate. This, he said, would be the best remedy for Ireland. He urged unity and action, and said that the time for using both was close at hand. It remained with the Conservatives to say what would be the result of the present discussion.

Lord George Hamilton moved a vote of thanks to Lord Salisbury. The motion was seconded by Edward James Saunderson, M.P., and was carried with great enthusiasm.

WM. McFARLANE'S SENTENCE.

Six Months at Hard Labor—An Utterer of Forged Notes Gets Two Years.

GUELPH, May 15.—At the close of the Wellington Assizes this morning, Mr. Justice O'Connor sentenced Wm. McFarlane, Grand Trunk ticket agent, to six months in jail, at hard labor, for felony. His Lordship stated he would have given the prisoner five years but the Grand Trunk authorities did not wish for a heavy sentence, and a largely signed petition had been presented in his favor.

Owen G. Martin, Lucknow, was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary for uttering forged bank notes.

Wm. Blackwell, for indecent assault, was fined $100 and costs or six months in jail.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

Nightingale's brickyard hands have struck for fortnightly pay.

49 births, 23 marriages and 40 deaths were registered last week.

Ald. Frankland was Acting-Mayor Saturday. His Worship having taken a forenoon off.

"M. and W."—The wording of your question is too ridiculous to print; but "Yonge Street" is correct.

The police arrested three dissolute women as vagrants Saturday night. A fourth was taken in charge last night.

The C. Featherstonhaugh who absconded from Montreal is no connection of R. L. Featherstonhaugh of this city.

Mr. David Simpson, who resided in Toronto for over half a century, is dead, aged 75. The York Pioneers' flag is flying at half mast for him.

The harbor arrivals Saturday were the M A Hall, Helen, Pandora, Northwest, with stone; the Aurora with coal and the steam tug, W L Proctor, light.

At the Police Court Saturday: Samuel S. Saulter and Frank Gray for breaking into a bonded G. T. R. car, were each fined $5 and costs or 20 days.

Waterworks officials will commence a house to house inspection this week, and make a general re-rating, which will mean an increase in the cost of water.

Rev. Dr. Thomas and Rev. Dr. Potts were at Lorne Park on Saturday afternoon and selected a rising ground in the eastern end of the Park as a site for their cottage.

In the absence of Pastor Pickering, Rev. G W Hawson occupied the pulpit of the Richmond street Methodist Church yesterday morning and evening, delivering powerful addresses on both occasions to large congregations.

The Grand Jury brought in their presentment Saturday to Judge McDougall. The Jury express their gratification that no violence had arisen out of the street car strike, and were well pleased with the various institutions they had visited.

Editor World: I wish the City Commissioner would pay a visit to the alley in rear of Ald. Walker's houses in York street. Two dead cats and other nuisances assail the nostrils of the residents near by. CLEANLINESS.

Ald. James, Chairman of the Markets and Health Committee, took advantage of the late rains and used his idle horses and carts on Eastern Avenue. On Saturday he had twenty-three carts and two double teams hauling cinders from the gas house to the road.

W W Stewart, held for alleged fraud, has been remanded till Tuesday. An order was granted for bail, but the sureties are not yet forthcoming. The complainant, John McIntosh, came from Almonte not long ago, and says that Stewart did him out of $1000 in a partnership transaction.

The World is read all over Toronto every morning, and is the paper for advertisers to make their announcements in.

DEVASTATION IN OHIO.

A Large Section of Country Laid Waste and Many People Killed.

FOREST, O., May 15.—The storm here last night was one of the most fearful that ever visited this section of the country. It came up suddenly about 10 o'clock, the inky black clouds being livid with a brilliant light which made the atmosphere bright as day. A roaring noise accompanied the storm. In this vicinity it swept clean a track half a mile in width and nine miles in length, not striking the town to any extent. Wm. McElree, wife and two children and mother-in-law, Mrs. Higgins, were buried in the ruins of a large brick house and the first named killed. The rest were injured, the last-named fatally. Miss Lease was killed in her house. Isaac Lambert, 80 years of age, was buried under his house and fatally injured. A. L. Packert was fatally hurt by falling timbers. Thomas Moore was buried under the ruins of a large frame house and badly hurt. Charles Packert and J. V. Thompson, sleeping in the same bed in this house, were carried a long distance and landed safely in the bed. Thos. Hart and wife were blown from bed in the second story and the latter perhaps fatally hurt. A 10-year old son of Joseph Rummel had his collar-bone broken and was otherwise hurt. Two churches, the Union Bethel and the Methodist Protestant, were destroyed. The brick school houses were destroyed, a bell of one being carried a quarter of a mile. Large stones and beams were carried long distances. Trees were uprooted by the acre and hundreds of orchards are completely gone. Some farms are swept clean of everything. A large number of sheep and horses were killed.

The village of Lovel is reported destroyed. Great damage is reported in Seneca County. One man says the air was filled with balls of fire, and he saw a strange light. Others corroborate this story. The light under the dark cloud looked like that from a large gas well. A great number of people are without homes, and the sight along the track of the storm is a terrible one.

Shortly after 12 o'clock the storm struck the town of Dunkirk, Hardin Co. Dunkirk has a population of about 1300 souls. The first thing known there of the danger was the terrible roaring noise. Nearly every one was in bed at the time, but few having been awakened. The cyclone lifted many buildings from their foundations and wrecked them completely. Others were unroofed, and the screams of human beings could be heard above the roar of the elements. It is not known yet how many were killed.

MALONEY'S GAMBLING DEN RAIDED.

All the Paraphernalia Seized—Thirty Diligent Newspaper Students.

MONTREAL, May 16.—Mass meetings were held on Champ de Mars and Papineau Square this afternoon to protest against the "poll tax." The speeches were of a violent and anti-English nature.

On Saturday night the police raided M. Maloney's gambling den here on Craig street and confiscated all the gambling tools which were of the newest designs. The rooms were superbly furnished. When the police entered there were over thirty prominent citizens present. After receiving the alarm it was most singular the unanimity with which all parties were engaged in reading papers.

All the Irish Catholic Societies gathered to-day and formed a procession headed by a band and marched to St. Gabriel's Church, where, after service, they presented Bishop Fabre with an address.

The Young Men's Reform Club has received a letter from Mr. Blake thanking the members for their endorsement of his action on the Home Rule question.

All the cigar manufacturers have decided, at the request of the Cigarmakers' Union, to adopt the eight hour system. The employes will arrive at 8 a.m. and leave at 5 p.m., having an hour for dinner.

Our Bankruptcy Laws.

LONDON, May 15.—At the special meeting of the Canadian section of the London Chamber of Commerce yesterday, Mr. Darling, President of the Toronto Board of Trade, detailed the progress of the reform of the bankruptcy laws of Canada, and asked the Chamber not to relax its efforts to obtain from all the Legislatures of the Dominion measures similar to that passed by the Ontario Legislature. A resolution in accordance with the request was carried, with a vote of thanks to Mr. Darling.

Great Distress in Newfoundland.

HALIFAX, May 15.—The distress in Newfoundland continues without abatement. A heartrending story of the death of two men and a boy named Barrett, and another named Sheppard, from starvation and exposure at Criquet, on the French shore, is told. The steamers have all returned from second trips with very few seals. The seal fishery has been a great failure.

Blew Off the Top of His Head.

CHELTENHAM, Ont., May 16.—William Dobson, a wealthy and respected farmer of Chinguacousy Township, blew the top of his head off with a shotgun at an early hour this morning. No cause for the act. He was in Brampton on Saturday and returned home in the evening in good health and spirits.

His Lie in Danger.

LONDON, Ont., May 16.—While George Lowe, a brakeman, was trying to board a freight train at the G. T. R. station here to-night he missed his footing and fell under the caboose, the wheels of which passed over both legs. He is in a very low condition.

A Slight Blaze at Cobourg.

COBOURG, May 15.—W. R. Riddle's residence on College street was found to be on fire this evening. The fire brigade saved the house after an hour's work. The loss will be slight.

Buried Treasure in Silesia.

From the London Times.

Some laborers digging out sand lately near Saoran, in the Oels district, in Silesia, found, about six feet below the surface, in a space hemmed around by large stones, a quantity of valuable objects, including many gold, silver and copper ornaments, with some porcelain, glass and bronze. There was a bronze stand over a meter high, adorned with numerous figures, apparently suited for hanging a kettle or pot; with it some exquisitely polished and engraved glass plates, and some quite rude barbaric gold ornaments. Most probably it was plunder taken in war, hidden away by some one who could never return for it. Some precious articles disappeared during the first few hours after discovery, but the rest has been taken possession of for the Silesian Archæological Museum at Breslau.

The business men read The World for its news and for its Business Advertisements.

"If You Would be Master and Stand at the Head."

"This life is a struggle; a battle at best.
A journey in which there's no haven of rest;
And cranky and steep is the path you must tread,
If you would be master and stand at the head." *Alex. McLachlan.*

It is the pride of some people to "stand at the head" of their particular trade or profession. Dineen—the hatter—"stands at the head" at all times, and under all circumstances. Dineen, corner King and Yonge streets. x

MINISTERS ON STRIKES.

SERMONS BY DR. WILD, REV. HUGH JOHNSTON AND REV. J. E. STARR.

The Knights of Labor—Workingmen Underpaid—The Street Car Troubles—The Company at Fault—Arbitration Advised.

An immense concourse assembled in the Bond Street Congregational Church to hear Dr. Wild's sermon on the all absorbing topic of strikes. The text chosen was Romans xii-17, 18:

Recompense to no man evil for evil. Provide things honest in the sight of all men. If it be possible as much as lieth in you live peaceably with all men.

The text, said the Doctor, never had a grander application and object than in these unsettled times. Such commotion between capital and labor was the cause in a great measure of dull times. Capitalists were afraid to invest their money. Hence business naturally suffered. One party blamed the other and each attempted to retaliate and render evil for evil. The Knights of Labor were not free from defects. They sometimes departed from their proper line of conduct. For instance—when they attempted to have Senator Smith turned out of the Government.

In this great battle of labor and capital there were three different parties interested. The capitalist, the servant and the public. Only two of these parties were generally recognized. The capitalist was the most important factor as society now existed. He had the sinews of war in his hands. He had the power to move trade or to retard it. The servant or workingman was compelled to labor with little compensation until he learned what life really was. The public was not generally recognized. But in reality this third party had an immediate effect upon the labor question. In this country the grocers were willing to shut up their stores at 8 o'clock every evening with the exception of Saturday. Why was this not done? Because they were jealous of the public patronage. If the patrons would buy their provisions before 6 o'clock the stores would be shut at that hour. But the grocers knew that the first part of the clause would not be carried out. Some customers would come lagging down after the specified time, and when they found the stores closed would withdraw their patronage.

The reason of these present unsettled times was the progress of civilization—the enlargement of constitutional labor conducing to the enlargement of present demands by the laborers. In earlier times the laborers were not sufficiently intelligent to strike. They were mere slaves. It was because the workingmen were better off that strikes occurred, and therefore such events were not a sign of evil times. They were like the thunderstorm clearing the air and bringing the sunshine. Every body must in its conduct square itself to two parties if it would be successful—to God and to man. These struggles could not be settled by the contending parties. They were too much interested in the issue. Society had learned this. The proper manner in which to settle the troubles between employer and employe was by arbitration.

As regarded our own Street Railway strike justice was not dealt with an even hand. If the strikers injured any of the Street Railway Company's property they were promptly punished. The police were called out. But when the property of the workingman was exposed to such injury and injury was done to their wages and their home—that corporation destroyed that home and broke it up. [Applause.]

The Knights of Labor would live. They would eventually become adjusted to the form and state of society. Experience would teach them many a valuable lesson. Some years ago the Doctor had conversed with Mr. Powderly and at that time had asked him whether he did not think that wise Hierarchy at Rome would interfere with the Knights of Labor, and had not that Hierarchy already done so? The reverend gentleman wished success to both parties.

A Talk to Business and Working Men.

Rev. Hugh Johnston preached in the Pavilion last night to a large congregation on Plain Talk to Business and Working Men. He announced that their Church would be ready for occupation Sunday after next. At collection time he drew a parallel between the K. of L. vans and the Church. On the vans no person was asked for anything, but the box was passed round, and those who did not put anything in were what was known as deadbeats. The Church regarded those who did not contribute towards its support in the same light. The text was Romans XII., 11:

"Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord."

The preacher pointed out the appropriateness of the text, as applied to this great city. Topics bearing on every day life were too seldom taken up by the pulpit. Religion enjoins work. The idle man sits around and waits for something to turn up, instead of going and turning up something. It was said that the devil baited his hook to catch different persons, but he didn't need any bait to catch the idler, for he would bite at the naked hook. The text taught the relation between business and religion. Business should be secondary. What does fervent mean? It means hot, boiling. Oh, these people who are always saying, "Don't get excited; don't be sensational." The best business men are Christians, and the best Christians are the most busy. Some men chase a dollar so hard all week that they can't bear to hear the chink of the collection on Sunday. It disturbs their devotions.

Mr. Johnston was not involved in the events of business life, and it was his duty to speak out on all questions occupying public attention. There was a conflict going on at present in Toronto between capital and labor. He was in favor of men getting good wages. Workingmen had a right to organize for mutual protection, but there was a danger of them becoming tyrannical. They had no right to ostracize those who did not wish to join them. That was the worst kind of tyranny. The laboring classes were justified in agitating for shorter hours and better pay. Arbitration should settle disputes. Every employer had a right to define the wages he would pay, and whom he would employ, but the time was coming when those who did not pay good wages would be scorned as defrauders of their fellowmen.

Poorly Paid Employes.

At the Berkeley street Methodist Church last evening, Rev. J. E. Starr preached from Galatians vi-2:

"Bear ye one another's burdens."

Touching on the labor question, he asked how it was there were so many in the United States and Canada out of employment. It was because the workingman did not receive a fair wage for his work. Why did women receive a great deal less than men? Many women did more work than men and received less pay. A woman should receive the same wages for her services as a man did. Why was it when men were holding out for their rights that others spiked their guns and were mean enough to take their places. It was because of selfishness. The preacher stated that the reason of so much toil and hardship was owing to the starvation wages paid by employers. Just think of a woman toiling all day for 30 cents, the price paid for making six pair of overalls. The frilling and trimming that you wear, have you ever thought what it cost? Just so many drops of blood. Men and women did not receive nearly enough of what they earn. The cause of business stagnation was not overproduction, but under pay. Men did not receive enough to purchase what they required for their comfort. Did we exercise the spirit of the text towards workingmen and towards our servants? This lesson was going to solve quickly the upheavals in society.

Buried in the Back Yard.

Detective Cuddy and Acting Detective McGrath went to the house of the shoplifting Levy girls, 318 Adelaide street west, Saturday afternoon, with a view of searching the premises. Levy and his wife denied that there was any stolen property in or around the place, but Mrs. Levy finally caved in and admitted that some goods were buried in the back yard. The officers unearthed a lady's hand satchel, four pocketbooks, a black corded jacket, trimmed with beads, two ladies' hats and two parasols. These were rolled up in waterproof cloaks. Tickets for diamond jewelry pawned at Montreal and New York were found in the satchel. The pocketbooks have been identified by W. A. Murray & Co. as their property. The other articles have not yet been claimed.

Large Sunday Arrivals.

There were nearly as many guests registered at the leading hotels yesterday as there were on Saturday. They came on the four passenger trains that arrive in Toronto on Sundays.

Queen Victoria Coming to Canada.

—The Queen wants to pay a visit to Canada (and Toronto specially). The "Marquis of Lorne" has good reason to know Canada well, and Toronto particularly. His Royal Highness mentioned to the Queen that, whatever she did in Toronto, to be sure and see Strathern's refrigerators and lawn mowers, at 179 Yonge street. Toronto people are all the time going for bargains to Strathern's, and when they go they get 'em. ock

THE O'DONOHOE.

Hon. Frank Smith Has a Word to Say to The World About Him.

Hon. Frank Smith was seen yesterday afternoon by a World reporter, and in answer to a question as to whether there was anything new in regard to the O'Donohoe matter the Senator said:

"No, there is nothing much. I left Ottawa Friday night and will return this (Sunday) evening. The debate is adjourned until Monday night. The Government is in no way responsible for the breach between Mr. O'Donohoe and myself. Mr. O'Donohoe hounded me night and day for three years to do something for him. I did the best I could, and you see the way he has launched out against me. I take the entire responsibility of his tirade against the Government on my own shoulders. I repeat, it is none of their funeral. Had I known what kind of a man Mr. O'Donohoe really was, I would never have had anything to do with him."

A well-known and representative Irish Catholic citizen who was in Mr. Smith's company at the time remarked: "Oh, the whole thing about it is that O'Donohoe is 'in the market again.'"

Brother Boyle Smiles.

The reporter afterwards met Mr. Patrick Boyle on Yonge street. Brother Boyle wore a new suit, a neat spring neck-tie, a bunch of Charles the Tenth lilacs and a May-day smile. Mr. Boyle was asked what he thought of the O'Donohoe-Smith affair. [He was present at the council-of-war in Chestnut Park when the compact was ratified that Mr. O'Donohoe was to be taken into the Cabinet.] Mr. Boyle only continued to smile, and thought that Mr. Smith was in close quarters. He also thought that he would probably leave the Government.

THE PADRONE.

Five Prominent Italians Deny Their Existence in This City.

The item in Saturday's World furnished by an Italian citizen, has created a good deal of excitement among his fellow-countrymen. They are quite indignant over the statement. Last night five well-known Italians called at The World office, and over their own signatures handed in this statement:

Editor World: The article in Saturday's World respecting Italian Padroni and their little slaves, permit us to say, is false in every particular. There exists no such state of things, either on Chesnut or on any other street in Toronto. The boys who appear about the streets are either sent out by their own fathers or go of their own free will and responsibility, but in no case to beg or steal. It will thus be seen that the "respectable Italian Citizen" who communicated such intelligence to The World evidently manifested a degree of malice, as well as cowardice, towards his neighbors and countrymen, for he would have signed his name and the names of the offenders.

PASQUALE SETARO,
D. D'ALESANDRO,
F. GLIONNA,
D. MARCIANO,
G. ABATE.

Toronto, May 16.

Bon Voyage to Mr. Manning.

Governor Robinson (in the chair), Col. G T Denison (Vice-Chairman) Hon. Wm. Cayley, Mr. Justice Strong; ex-Mayors J E Smith, W B McMurrich, A R Boswell; Ald. Turner, Shaw, Frankland, Hunter, Saunders, Pepler, Defoe, Walker, Piper; George Leslie, sr., W H Beatty, Walter S Lee, H E Clarke, M.P., the Hon von Heinzelmann, H P Dwight, Richardson, Capt. Mason, Col. Fred. Denison, N. Weatherston, C B Doherty, M. McConnell, J E Mitchell, Thos. McCracken, J G Heard, John MacNab, Thos. McGaw, J J Foy, Q.C., James Tilt, Q.C., John Bain, Q.C., C H Ritchie, Q.C.

These gentlemen all lunched together in the breakfast room of the Queen's on Saturday, and had for their guest Mr. ex-Mayor Manning, who leaves in a few days on a visit to his native city of Dublin, as well as other cities and parts of the old country. The spread was tempting and up to the reputation of the house; while the Baron supplied an abundance of Roederer's Red Label champagne as a vehicle for the toasts. His Honor proposed God speed and safe return to his old friend, a man who had done more than any other to develop Toronto, and the company joined heartily in the tribute. Mr. Manning replied in feeling terms, and said he considered a gathering of such men and the remarks the Governor had made, the greatest testimonial he could receive at the hands of his fellow citizens. Forty-three years ago he came to Toronto; as the boat neared the island he saw a castellated mansion (Holland House) on the shore where the city now is; little did he think then tha the would one day inhabit that house and become its owner. Time had brought it about. He had always tried to do his duty and to push the interests of the muddy little village that was now the thriving capital of the Province. Ex-Mayor McMurrich referred to the active and practical interest Mr. Manning had shown in city charities, especially the Home for Incurables. Old Mr. Leslie indulged in reminiscences; the ex-mayors did the same; Ald. Turner paid a graceful tribute to their guest; and all joined in wishing him a pleasant voyage and a safe return.

Rev. Dr. Potts' Second Term.

The Quarterly Board of the Elm Street Methodist Church has just passed this resolution:

At the close of the first year's pastorate of the Rev. Dr. Potts in Elm street Methodist church (being his second term) the quarterly official board desire to place on record its deep sense of thankfulness to Almighty God for the measure of prosperity, both numerical and spiritual, which the church enjoys. A large increase in membership has been the result of the year's labors and a commendable spirit of liberality has characterized the members of the church in supporting circuit and connexional fund. The Board rejoice in the harmony existing among its members and the kindly spirit which felt towards their pastor, and pray that the Great Head of the church may continue to shine upon the efforts of pastor and people in the great work of spreading gospel truth.

Reform Political Pointers.

Editor World: Speculation is rife as to the part Reformers will play in Toronto. For the East Division the name of Charles Moss has been mentioned. He would run capitally, and make the present representative Small-er.

In the Centre Division it is all but settled that ex-Mayor McMurrich is the one who will get the nomination, and it is generally conceded that he will be elected. He would certainly be a great acquisition to the House of Commons, and the Reformers will make a big mistake if he is not at once "on the list."

In the West Division the name of Sam Blake stands pre-eminent. Previous to the last general election he gave the impression that his services could be counted on at the next election. It should not be a difficult manner to defeat "the boy."

In West York the name of a prominent young Liberal has been mentioned. However, the readers of The World will be informed in good time. SILAS.

A Labor Candidate.

In view of the probable Dominion elections in the fall, the workingmen of Toronto are putting on their armor with a view of bringing out labor candidates. They claim that they could carry one of the three Toronto—the West. Among the names of labor candidates mentioned is that of Ald. Hunter.

A Wise.

Editor World: A bets B Toronto has a larger population than Rochester, N. Y. Which wins SUBSCRIBER.

The Privy Council For Canada.

Editor World: Is Sir Richard Cartwright a Privy Councillor of Canada? What constitutes the Privy Council and what are its functions? REX.

[Sir Richard is a member of "the Queen's Privy Council for Canada," and so is every member of any cabinet, whether that cabinet is now in power or not. Its functions are to advise the Governor-General, and any member has the right to be present at its meetings, though as a general thing only those who are members of the Cabinet of the day attend.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: Germanic, Isis, Spain and Etruria from Liverpool; Wieland from Hamburg; Persian Monarch from London.

At London: Tower Hill from New York.

At Havre: St Laurent from New York.

At Queenstown: Umbria from New York.

At Plymouth: Westphalia from New York.

At Hamburg: Bohemia from London.

At Hinnouski: Parisian from