

Weather Forecast:
Moderately Cold, with
Light Snowfall

52nd YEAR. No. 22251.

TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 26, 1915. TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS

HOME
EDITION

KITCHENER GIVES PRINCESS PATS PROUD NAME

FURIOUS ATTACKS ON THE BRITISH LINES PROVE FAILURE

RUSSIANS WIN INTO HUNGARY

Dispatch Says They Hold Key
To Important Strategic
Position.

POURING INTO BUKOWINA

Evidently With Intention of
Invading Transylvania
In Force.

GERMANY FEELS PINCH

Britain Regards Food Con-
fiscation As Most Significant
News Item.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Jan. 26.—The
sweeping regulations for the con-
servation of the food supply of Germany,
including the confiscation of the entire
grain crop, is regarded in London as
the most significant item of news re-
ceived today from the countries at war.
Berlin announces officially that this
step cuts deeper into the economic life
of the German people than any other
measure adopted since the outbreak of
hostilities, and the Government defends
the regulation on the ground that in
order to meet the plans of Germany's
enemies to starve the empire, it is
necessary to make certain of a regular
supply of foodstuffs until the next har-
vest.

Muscovites In Hungary.

In the war area, the reported
Russian invasion of Hun-
gary by way of Bukovina is at-
tracting interested attention in London,
a special news dispatch from Budapest
setting forth that after a temporary
check the Muscovites actually had pene-
trated Hungary, where they hold the
key to Jozsefvar, an important strategic
position. Russian reinforcements are
reported as constantly arriving in Buko-
wina, a fact which clearly indicates, ac-
cording to the opinion of British observers,
the intention of Russia to invade
Transylvania in force.

Petrograd asserts that, as a counter to this Russian move against Transyl- vania, the German army, which was sent ostensibly to operate against Serbia, is now being directed to the defence of the Carpathian passes in conjunction with the forces of Hungary.

Turks In Danger.

Petrograd reports also that the Rus-
sian-Caucasian army is closing in on
the Turkish Black Sea flank, where the
Ottoman troops are described as in a
dangerous plight. From the same source
comes a report that the British army
in Mesopotamia has met with some
success without advancing on Bag-
dad.

On the sea the presence of submarines near the island of Rugen, off the coast of Prussia in the Baltic, has caused the German mail boat to put back to Trei- leborg, Sweden, when only a few hours out on her regular run to Sassnitz.

The British admiralty has issued a
Bertha claims that in Sunday's naval
fight in the North Sea two British tor-
pedo boat destroyers, as well as a Brit-
ish cruiser, were sunk.

GERMAN STATEMENT.

[Canadian Press.]
Berlin, Jan. 26.—By Wireless to Lon-
don, 3:25 p.m.—The German war office,
in its statement given out this after-
noon, says that the British had been
in the possession of the British
were captured by Germans yesterday
in a general assault near La Bassée.

The text of the communication reads:
"In the western theatre the enemy,
following his custom, placed Middle-
kerke and Westende (in Belgium),
under fire yesterday. A large number
of the inhabitants were killed or in-
jured by this fire, including Bur-
gomaster of Middlekerke.

Claim A Victory.

"Our losses yesterday were small.
Our troops attacked the positions of
the British on both sides of La Bassée
Canal. While the attack to the north
of the canal between Ginchy and the
canal did not lead to the capture of any
British positions, on account of a
strong flanking movement, an attack
of the troops from Baden to the south
of the canal met with complete success.
In this region British positions extending
for over a width of a 1,500 metres
(1,500 yards), were taken by storm and
two strong points of support were cap-
tured. Three officers and 100 men
were taken prisoners and one cannon and
three machine guns were captured.

"The British attempted in vain to
recapture the positions which had been
immediately employed for our own pur-
poses, but they were beaten back with
heavy losses. Our losses were compara-
tively small.

PANAMA SHOCKED BY EARTHQUAKES

No Damage Done by Three
Shocks, But Inhabitants
Frightened.

[Canadian Press.]
Panama, Jan. 26.—Three short, sharp
earthquake shocks shook the Isthmus
of Panama in the last three days, the
third one occurring today. None of the
shocks did any damage, though the in-
habitants were considerably frightened.
Reports from points along the canal
show that the shocks caused no ill ef-
fect.

NO DEFINITE ORDER WHEN SOLDIERS GO

Supplies Will Be Stopped and Long
Route March Coming.

A heading in The Advertiser last
night gave the impression that the
men of the Eighteenth Battalion
were to be moved from the city on
Thursday next. This was incorrect.
An order to stop supplies was
given because a long route march
was to be held. Many of the men
got the idea that they were to be
moved and the story went the
rounds. The Advertiser was defini-
tely informed by several soldiers
that they were to be moved.

The officers have no definite idea
as to when the order for removal
will be received, but they are quite
certain that it will be within the
time stated.

SEVENTH RIFLES NEED TAILOR AND BARBER

More Than 100 Men Enlisted In This
Splendid Body Now.

While recruiting lags in the office
of the Third-Third Infantry, men
continue to come in numbers to the
Seventh Canadian Mounted Rifles'
recruiting office at the other end of
the armories.

A tailor and a barber are about the
only trades not represented in the
Seventh Rifles, and Captain A. E.
Reason, the recruiting officer, will be
entirely satisfied with his body of re-
cruits if he can get two such men to
enlist. A barber is almost an abso-
lute necessity in a body of soldiers,
but so far no barber has offered him-
self for enlistment. Huggers and
cooks and clerical workers are plen-
tiful. Even newspapermen are re-
presented.

More than 100 men, which is a
greater number than were really
called for from this city, are now
enlisted with the Seventh Rifles.
About 65 per cent of the entire force
is composed of Canadian-born men,
while another 15 per cent are Eng-
lishmen who have lived in Canada
for many years. Most of the old
country men are experienced soldiers
and splendid cavalry men. The whole
squadron recruited in London repre-
sents one of the best units in the
country, and, according to officers,
will be singled out for the important
tasks in the third Canadian overseas
contingent.

STAINCH LIBERAL GOES TO "BEYOND"

John A. Stewart, 1409 Dundas Street,
Is Dead.

The death of John A. Stewart, one
of London's oldest and most respected
citizens, occurred at his residence,
1409 Dundas street, Monday morning.
Mr. Stewart, who was well known
as a staunch Liberal, and had been a
subscriber to The Advertiser since its
first issue. Mr. Stewart, who was in
his 76th year, was born in County
Down, Ireland, and came to Canada
when he was 18 years of age, residing
in Smith's Falls. Later he moved to
Cincinnati, Ohio, and later still to Lon-
don, where he had held the position of
superintendent of carpenters at the
asylum for the past 38 years, having
charge of all the architectural work of
the institution.

Mr. Stewart was also prominent in
church work, having been a member of
St. George's Presbyterian Church at
Potterburg, since its inception some
20 years ago. He served on the board
of managers for several years and was
later made an elder.

He was a member of Kilwinning, Ma-
sonic Lodge, for 44 years.

Surviving him are his wife, two sons
and two daughters. W. J. of the City
of Miami, Florida; Mrs. W. J.
Patterson, at home, and Miss Jean, of
Toronto.

The funeral will be held on Wednes-
day afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to Mount
Pleasant Cemetery. The services at
2 o'clock will be conducted by Rev.
John H. H. of St. George's
Presbyterian Church.

NO LONDON MEN WORK ON L. & P. S. R.

Advertiser's Efforts to Secure Any
Falls Utterly.

The Advertiser made an effort today
to secure the names of any Londoners
who have secured employment on the
London and Port Stanley Railway since
construction work began.

No names of Londoners could be as-
certained from anyone connected with the
work in London.

The men now engaged on the work
all live at St. Thomas, while the work
is under way.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest
temperatures recorded in London during
the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last
night: Highest, 26; lowest, 14.

Official temperatures for the 12
hours previous to 8 a.m. today were:
Highest, 18; lowest, 3 above.

TOMORROW—MODERATELY COLD, WITH LIGHT SNOWFALL.

Forecasts.
Toronto, Jan. 26.—8 a.m.

Today—Fair.
Wednesday—Easterly winds and mod-
erately cold, with a light snowfall.

Temperatures.
The following were the highest and
lowest temperatures during the 24 hours
previous to 8 a.m. today:

Sixteen. High. Low. Weather
Victoria 20 - 34 Clear
Calgary 20 - 32 Snow
Edmonton 20 - 32 Snow
Port Arthur 19 - 31 Cloudy
Perry Sound 34 - 38 Cloudy
Toronto 24 - 35 Clear
Ottawa 34 - 38 Cloudy
Montreal 34 - 38 Cloudy
Quebec 34 - 38 Cloudy
Father Point 18 - 25 Snow
Minus (-) means below zero.

Weather Notes.

The Atlantic Coast storm of yester-
day has passed to the eastward of
Newfoundland and the weather is now
clear throughout the Dominion. A heavy
snowfall occurred yesterday in Quebec
and Northern New Brunswick and rain
in Nova Scotia and Southern New
Brunswick. The temperature continues
very low in the western provinces.

Fragments of Shell Fired By German Cruisers at Babes in Scarborough Are Sent to City



The shell fragments pictured above were sent to his wife by Sgt.-Major
Cheney, formerly of Mrs. J. S. Cheney, 347 Wharncliffe road, wife of Sgt.-
Major J. S. Cheney, now chief of the executive force with the Canadian Ex-
peditionary Force, now in Britain (or France).

The shell fragments are probably the first real souvenirs of the war to
reach the city. They are three in number, and each one of sufficient size to
cause a terrible wound. One of them is particularly vicious-looking, having a
rough surface and weighing several ounces. The other two are of a size large
enough to tear a jagged hole in any object which they might strike.

Sgt.-Major Cheney is in charge of the clerical force, and among his clerks
is a young man from Scarborough. Immediately after the raid the latter heard
that someone of his name had been a victim of the "baby-killers," and he was
given leave to return to Scarborough. He discovered that his father's house
had been completely wrecked by a shell, and that a house across the
street had been wrecked by the same shell, and several killed.

The clerk secured a number of pieces of the shell and brought them to
Sgt.-Major Cheney. The latter sent one to Brigadier-General Hodgins, on
whose staff he had been for some years.

He was placed in charge of the enormous task of handling the "business"
of the contingent. He has sixteen automobiles at his beck and call, and there
are scores of clerks on the staff. He was singled out for the important task
because of his splendid reputation made in the local military headquarters.

British Repulse Five Attacks By Germans

[Canadian Press.]
Paris, Jan. 26.—2:56 p.m.—The French
war office this afternoon gave out an
official report on the progress of the
war reading as follows:

On the year front Belgian troops
have made progress in the vicinity of
Pervyse.

At daybreak yesterday the Germans
one battalion strong, delivered an at-
tack against our trenches to the east
of Ypres. This movement was ar-
rested sharply. Three hundred dead
were left on the field of battle. The
company at the head of the German ad-
vance, were left on the field of battle.
This attack was to have been supported
by certain companies from the German
second line, but these men, under the
very exact fire of our artillery, found
it impossible to come out from behind
their shelters.

Repulsed by British.

Not far from La Bassée, at Clichy and
Guinchy, the enemy delivered five
attacks against the British line. After
having made some slight progress, the
Germans were repulsed and left on the
field numerous dead and fifty pris-
oners, including two officers.

This attack was accompanied by ge-

navers at diversion at several points
on our front. Between the road from
Bethune to La Bassée and Aix Nolette,
a detachment of the enemy, which en-
deavored to come out from its trenches,
was at once repulsed by the fire of our
infantry and of our artillery. The rest
of the front between the Lys and the
Oise yesterday saw artillery duels.

Trench Taken.
To the west of Craonne the enemy de-
livered two successive attacks, each
of great violence. The first was repulsed,
but the second penetrated our trenches.
By an energetic counter-attack, how-
ever, our troops succeeded in regaining
almost all of the ground lost by them.
At this point the fighting is still going
on around that part of the trench which
is occupied by the Germans.

In Champagne the artillery of the
enemy yesterday showed less activity
than on preceding days, while our bat-
teries delivered an effective fire against
the German positions.

In Alsace the enemy was active in
the employment of his mine-throwers against
our position at Hartmann; this point
yesterday saw no fresh fighting. The
Germans yesterday bombarded Thann,
Lambach and Sennheim.

The Front Page Editorial

A legitimate use for hydro-
electric. A scheme which
has commended it-
self to citizens as
a legitimate use
for hydro is the
proposal at Hamil-
ton to install a system of hydro-
electric phones.

The idea, as advanced in Hamil-
ton, is to have hydro aid in the
phone system in cities and that
the towers and other lines of the
hydro system should be used for
inter-city communication.

The telephone system in Onta-
rio is an absolute monopoly. Great
as the invention is, it is the
one public service in which
competition does not benefit the
public, but rather injures it. There
are many citizens who believe
that eventually the tele-
phone system will be taken over
by the Government and the Hamil-
ton proposal seems to be the
opening wedge.

A gas company may have a
monopoly on gas, but it has no
monopoly on heat or light. It
must meet the competition of
coal and electricity.

London is likely to own its
street railway when the opportu-
nity arrives. The question is
whether to purchase before the
expiration of the franchise in ten
or more years. Many believe that
the city can maintain a good ser-
vice, with good cars and ade-
quate lines and reduce fares. At
the same time, the railway pays
a considerable sum in taxes,
which would have to be deduct-
ed from municipal earnings, and it
also pays for about one-third of
the paved streets over which it
runs.

However, the street railway is a
city institution, a public utility
in every sense of the word. It
would be supported by citizens
and the earnings and expenses
are not difficult to estimate. They
are not vague and intangible and
of the future as in other schemes.
Hydro phones for the city and
provision of the purchase of the
street railway at proper terms
and at the proper time are plank
in a progressive program for Lon-
don.

ENEMY CENTRING SOUTH OF BRUGES

Villages Are Overflowing With
Troops, Brought Over the
Frozen Roads.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, Jan. 26.—A London Daily
Express dispatch, dated "On the Bel-
gian front, Monday," to the New York
Herald, says:

The continuance of very cold, dry
weather in Western Flanders is en-
abling the Germans to accelerate their
preparations for the next great battle
between Lille and the sea. Refugees
who succeeded in reaching the frontier
this morning state that all the villages
south of Bruges are overflowing with
troops.

An especially large number of
men are concentrated along the Roulers,
Menin, Iseghem and Courtrai roads.

The difficulties of army transport are
lessened now by the freezing of the
ground, which has made the roads pass-
able again.

Heavy firing by the German batteries
continued today from positions facing
the extreme left of the allied armies.

Kielce CAPTURED?
Berlin Dispatch Says Austro-Germans
Have Occupied Capital.

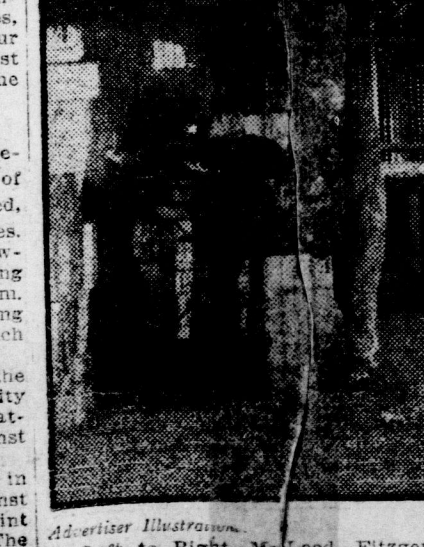
[Canadian Press.]
Berlin, Jan. 26, via London, 12:25 p.m.—
A dispatch received today from Cra-
covie, Galicia, says that Austro-German
forces have occupied Kielce, Russian
Poland.

Kielce is the capital of the Russian
province of that name and lies in South-
ern Poland, about 50 miles north of the
Austrian province of Galicia. In that
region has occurred some of the heavi-
est fighting of the eastern campaign.

Kielce has been a Russian base, and is
of considerable strategic value because
of the fact that it is the most important
railroad junction northeast of Cracow.

Its capture, if effected, follows the in-
itiation of the new offensive movement
by the German and Austrian armies al-
ong the eastern battlefield.

Forest City Boys Who Feed 15,000 Canadians at Salisbury



Left to Right—Mr. Leod, Fitzgerald, Samson, Devall, Gibson, Sgt.-Major
Dunlop (on tall chair), and Capt. Elliott, McDonald, Priker and Cook.

BARNEY McCANN, NEW PRESIDENT OF CANADIAN CLUB



Advertiser Illustrations.
Mr. McCann is one of the most popu-
lar men in London. His being made
president of the Canadian Club was
a well-deserved honor.

PRINCESS PAT MAN RETURNS TO CITY

Charles Summers, 40 Cart-
wright Street, Became
Physically Unfit.

SEVENTH MEN ARE WELL

Canadian Soldiers at Salis-
bury Experience Every-
thing But Battle.

On account of the hardships they
have had to suffer during their stay at
Salisbury Plain, the Canadian troops
will rank second to none in effectiveness
when they are placed on the firing line,
says Charles Summers, who claims he
was discharged on account of sickness
from the Princess Pats and returned
last night from England to his home,
40 Cartwright street.

"With the exception of bursting shells,
whizz of rifle bullets, and actual scenes
of carnage, the Canadian soldiers, sta-
tioned on the Plains have experienced
all there is in the war game," states
Summers, who has been a soldier for
the past 25 years.

"The Canucks have gone through the
most disagreeable weather imaginable.
It's a case of rain, rain and then more
rain and much about two feet deep
through a day's routine," said Summers.

"The Canadian troops are gradually
becoming hardened to the life, and
when they are moved to the scene of
actual fighting, you can be sure that
they will give an account of them-
selves which will make their names go
down in history."

Physically Unfit.
Summers, an Advertiser representa-
tive, bemoaned the fact today that
he was physically unfit to accompany the
Princess Pats into France and to the
firing line.

"If I had not been stricken about two
weeks prior to the Pats' departure I
surely would have been with them
now," said Summers, "but I am growing
(Continued on Page Three)."

Major Becher and Lieutenants Brown, Cronyn, Pope, Mc- Evoy, Thornley, Ashplant.

Col. Wilson, of Seaford, commander
of the Third-Third Battalion, was in
town yesterday in conference with Col.
Shannon, D.C.O., at militia headquar-
ters, regarding the selection of his staff.
The following is announced today:

Commander—Col. Wilson, Seaford.
Major H. T. Rance, Thirty-Third
Battalion, D.C.O., Twenty-
Eighth Regiment.

Adjutant—Lieut. H. de B. Mercer,
C. of G. Guelph.
Quartermaster—Capt. T. L. Haygarth,
Thirty-Seventh Regiment.

Medical Officer—Major A. V. Becher,
Sixty Battery.
Postmaster—Hon. Capt. Charles E.
Dowling, Clinton.

Company officers—Capt. William
Mowbray, Lieut. H. H. Nelles, W. N.
Ashplant, W. N. Cook, Claude Brown,
V. P. Cronyn, J. K. Pope, all of the
Seventh Regiment; W. M. Muir, Percy
Cowell, J. R. Coull, G. E. Scroggie, E.
H. Dicks, T. Kirkham, all of the Twenty-
First Regiment; Windsor; J. A. Clark,
M. R. Henderson, Twenty-Fourth Regi-
ment; Chatham; H. A. Coulter, Twenty-
Fifth Regiment; St. Thomas; J. W. Jay,
V. C. Dowling, A. M. McEvoy, A. B.
Rimer, J. T. M. Hill, all of the Twenty-
Sixth; O. W. Grant, Twenty-Seventh
Regiment, Toronto; J. H. Thornley,
Forty-Fourth Regiment; C. R. Taylor,
Seventh Field Company, C.E.

PETITIONS ASK FOR PROPER BECKER-GLAUBITZ PROBE

Maintained That Not Within
County Judge's Jurisdiction
To Try Case.

Petitions, which are being largely
signed, are in circulation today asking
for a proper investigation of the Beck-
er-Glaubitze case.

It is maintained by those who wish
to have Mr. Glaubitze tried on the
charge of assisting the German re-
volut in the country, that it is not
within the power of the county judge to
try the case when it is referred to him
by the city council. The claim is made
that only as far as Mr. Glaubitze's acts
are concerned, can the judge give a de-
cision.

The petitioners have in mind that the
military authorities or the police magis-
trate should try the case.

In Toronto, where a naturalized Ger-
man has been arrested on a charge of
assisting a reservist from the country,

the charge was laid in the police court,
and the military authorities wired Tor-
onto, stating that this was the proper
procedure when a military reservist was
arrested. It is not known to whom the petition
will be presented, but this afternoon it
was known that many were subscribing
their names to it.

In all probability, from present in-
dications, the Glaubitze case will be
investigated in the manner which the
city council originally intended. It is well
known that Mr. Glaubitze had refused to
appear before the special committee,
and the military commissioners had
refused to take it up. The council asked
for a military investigation. Such re-
quest was not granted, and the military
commission then proposed an investi-
gation before the county judge.

MORE SUBSCRIPTIONS.—The fol- lowing additional subscriptions have been received by the Red Cross Society: Woman's Music Club, \$15; young peo- ple of Moore Centre, per Mr. George K. Sands, \$46.50; the Misses Black- burn, for hospital supplies, \$5.

Pats Premier Regiment Of Great Second Army

Mrs. Gault Says Kitchener Has Given Them This Title —
Canadians Have Taken Their First Prisoners and
Are in Fine Spirits.

[Canadian Press.]
Montreal, Jan. 26.—The Princess Patricia's Light Infantry now in Flanders,
have taken their first German prisoners, according to a statement contained in
a letter from Mrs. Hamilton Gault, wife of Major Gault, one of the founders of
the regiment, to relatives here. Mrs. Gault is acting as a nurse in London,
while her husband is at the front. The story that Captain Newton was killed
by a sentry, is also, apparently, contradicted by Mrs. Gault's account of this of-
ficer's death. Mrs. Gault refers to the fact that her husband was slightly
wounded during an engagement.

Newton Shot at Trench.
Mrs. Gault, describing the Patricia's engagement on January 3, says:
"Three men were killed and six wounded in the fight, which was evidently
successful, as they took their first German prisoners. It was a terrible day.
Constant fire. Poor Densel Newton was shot through the abdomen just as he
was getting out of a trench."

"Premier Regiment."
Mrs. Gault says Lord Kitchener referred to the Patricia's as "the premier
regiment of my second army," when asked whether they were to be considered
as territorials or regulars. Notwithstanding the hardships the men have ex-
perienced, says Mrs. Gault, the men are quite cheerful. They have been up to
their waists in water in the trenches.

Great Cheerfulness.
Mrs. Gault gives several instances of the unquenchable cheerfulness of the
men. One sergeant told an officer he had been reduced to the ranks, and when
asked for an explanation, pointed out that a shell had ripped off the stripes from
his sleeve. Another sang "The Maple Leaf" while being carried away on a
stretcher. He had been very badly wounded. Major Gault himself had his cap
grazed by a bullet while going into a trench.

GERMAN CRUISER REPORTED TORPEDOED BY SUBMARINE

Gazelle Said To Have Been Struck, But Managed To Re-
turn to Port of Sassnitz.

[Canadian Press.]
Malmoe, Sweden, Jan. 26, via London,
4:30 p.m.—It is persistently reported
here that the protected German cruiser
Gazelle was torpedoed yesterday by a
submarine of unknown nationality at a
point in the Baltic near the island of
Rugen, which is off the coast of Prus-
sia. Although the Gazelle was dam-

aged, she was able to return to the
Port of Sassnitz.

The German cruiser Gazelle, a sister
ship to the Niobe, has a displacement
of 2,645 tons, a complement of 294 men,
and is 233 feet long. She was built by
the Krupp in 1898, and her armament
consists of ten 4.1-inch guns, fourteen
one-pounders, four machine guns and
three torpedo tubes.

MAY BE GIVEN GOOD JOB TO GET HIM OUT OF RUNNING

Conservative Party Wants To
Eliminate "Billy" Gray
From Political Contest.

Is there a possibility that William
Gray will be given an appointment in
the gift of the Conservative party as
a means of securing his withdrawal
from the contest for the vacant Domi-
nion seat in London?

It was stated this morning that Mr.

Gray had been called from the city to
a consultation with the higher powers
of the Conservative party, and that it
was probable that he would be given
an important position.

Members of his own side said that
Gray did not need any Government
position, and that he would run for the
seat.

His opponents admit they are anxious
to induce him to withdraw by any
means.

Work toward a second convention is
proceeding today.